WO

CHOOSE THE CORREC

THE LETTER OF YOUR

Excellent | **c** | 1. Which of the follow

A. Erosion

B. Weathering

C. Earth quake

D. Plant and animal a

| | 2. Folding is the blenc

A. Earth movements f

B. Human s movemer

C. The formation of la

D. The occurrence of

3. Which of the follow

A. Andes

B. Alps

C. Rockies

D. Atlas

4. Why do faults occu

A. Human force

B. Biological force

C. Compressional anc

D. Gravitational force

5. Which of the follow

A. South American rif

B. East African rift val

C. North American rift

D. North African rift v

6. Rift valleys and blo

A. Folding

B. Faulting

C. Volcanism

D. Earthquake

7. Which of the follow

A. Mount RasDejen

B. Mount Everest

C. Mount Ziquala

D. Mount Choke

8. Which of the follov

A. They may erupt in

B. They are not expe

C. The can cause fev

D. They are likely to

9. Which of the follow

A. Providing hot wate

B. Providing hard roc

C. Providing fertile sc

D. Resulting threats

10. The point at whicl

A. Epicenter

B. Focus

C. Richter scale

D. Kelvin

11. Which of the follo

A. Wind----------

B. Rainfall----------

C. Temperature-------

D. Earthquake---------

12. A sudden movem

A. Volcanism

B. Earth quake

C. Syncline

D. Anticline

13. Which of the follo

A. Temperature chan

B. Frost action

C. Animal action

D. Dormant volcano

14. How does sheet e

A. When surface wate

B. when surface wate

C. When floods cut de

D. When surface wate

15. Which of the follo

A. Denudation

B. Chemical weatheri

C. Sand dune

D. Desert land

16. What is the strong

A. Water

B. Wind

C. Moisture

D. Altitude

17. Which of the follo

a diagram from upper

A. Troposphere, strat

B. Mesosphere, Tropo

C. Thermosphere, Me

D. Stratosphere, Mes

18. What is the most

A. Argon

B. Helium

C. Carbon dioxide

D. Nitrogen

19. The transfer of en

A. Air pressure

B. Radiation

C. Conduction

D. Convection

20. The difference be

A. Daily range of tem

B. Daily average temp

C. Monthly average te

D. Annual average te

21. Which of the follo

A. It is genetically tra

B. It is the common w

C. It is static in its nat

D. It is limited to tang

22. Which of the follo

A. Tools

B. Clothing

C. Houses

D. Beliefs

23. Identify the langu

A. Amharic

B. Afan Oromo

C. Agewigna

D. Afarigna

24. Which of the follo

A. The spread of tech

B. The loss of cultural

C. The access to new

D. The access to new

25. Which of the follo

A. Agriculture

B. Forestry

C. Fishery

D. Transportation

26. What can tourism

A. To create job oppo

B. To meet basic nee

C. To avoid smokeles

D. To obtain minerals

27. The process of bu

A. Market

B. Trade

C. Manufacturing

D. Demand

28. An exchange of a

A. When the brokers

B. when buyers and s

C. When buyers and s

D. When the major ac

29. Which type of trad

A. Export trade

B. Import trade

C. Retail trade

D. Wholesale trade

30. What is the value

A. Hospitality and pat

B. Prejudice and disc

C. Considering the el

D. Extreme sentimen

31. The movement of

A. Tourism

B. Transportation

C. Communication

D. Leisure

32. Which one is the

A. Forestry, Fishing, M

B. Mining, Manufactu

C. Communication, H

D. Manufacturing, Co

33. Let say there are

Which economic activ

A. Agriculture

B. Mining

C. Support services

D. Money

34. A system of comm

A. Value

B. Race

C. Language

D. Religion

35. Which of the follo

A. The extraction of r

B. The processing of r

C. The provision of di

D. The production of

36. Which of the follo

A. Selling products af

B. Providing better pr

C. Selling products in

D. Avoiding the probl

37. The amount of a g

A. Equilibrium

B. Supply

C. Producer

D. Demand

38. Who are the main

A. Occupational group

B. Mobile products

C. Consumers and pro

D. Quality and Quanti

39. A compulsory pay

A. Trade

B. Tax

C. Charity

D. Duty

40. Why does the gov

A. to ensure absolute

B. to ensure economi

C. to provide social se

D. to discourage capit

41. The first tax syste

A. King ZeraYacob

B. King Menelik II

C. King AmdeTsiyon

D. King Yishaq

42. Which of the follo

A. Taxation in the forı

B. The tax proclamati

C. The first birr 105 fr

D. The elements of th

43. The resources tha

A. Renewable resourc

B. Non Renewable res

C. Resource Utilizatio

D. Resource Conserva

44. Which of the follo

A. Air

B. Water

C. Coal

D. Soil

45. One of the followi

A. Planting trees

B. Reducing emission

C. Practicing crop rota

D. Wastefulness

46. Why is the sustain

A. to promote extrava

B. the inexhaustible r

C. to ensure sustainal

D. to increase govern

47. Which of the follo

A. the Availability of r

B. the availability of u

C. the unwise use of t

D. the absence of infr

48. The impact of hur

A. the availability of i

B. the consumption le

C. the creativity level

D. the policy of the g

49. When the consum

A. products that are c

B. products that are p

C. products that are c

D. products those are

50. A careful, efficien

A. Saving

B. Conservation

C. Consumption

D. Exploitation

51. If the members of

surrounding farmers,

A. Afforestation

B. crop rotation

C. Check dams

D. Reforestation

52. The Konso people

A. Strip cropping

B. Terracing

C. Contour ploughing

D. Shelter belt

53. Which method is

A. Use of traditional i

B. minimizing forest c

C. Protection of wate

D. Use of pesticides

54. What is the impor

A. to supply raw mate

B. to maintain ecolog

C. to increase enviro

D. to promote utilizat

55. Which of the follo

A. Wild life resource i

B. Wildlife resource is

C. Wildlife resource ir

D. Wildlife resource c

56. Which of the follo

A. Deforestation

B. Illegal hunting

C. Drought and famin

D. Afforestation

57. What measures c

A. Killing domestic an

B. Educating people a

C. Destruction of nati

D. Burning of forests

58. If people don’t us

A. Water shortage

B. Ecological balance

C. Mineral conservati

D. Soil fertility

59. The study of inter

A. Diplomacy

B. Hydro politics

C. Political power

D. Shared Power

60. From historical pc

the countries in the N

A. Rwanda and Burun

B. Ethiopia and Entre

C. Egypt and Sudan

D. Uganda and Congo

Result

1
60

Study Hard !!

SOCIAL STUDIES

RKSHEET FOR GRADE EIGHT STUDENTS

CT ANSWER FROM THE GIVEN OPTIONS AND WRITE

CHOICE ON THE PROVIDED BOX

ving is an internal force that shapes the earth’s surface?

ction

ding of rock layers duet to

from one or two sides

nt in the environment

ind features largely in Africa

global warming

ving is a fold mountain in Africa?

r?

l tensional forces

ving is the largest rift valley in the world?

t valley

lley

t valley

alley

ock mountains are the major land features formed by

ıing is a good example of cone shaped volcanic mountain in E

wing is convincing about active volcanoes?

the future

cted to erupt in the future

ers fault mainly in Ethiopia

erupt again

ving is the disadvantage/s of volcanic eruption?

er for bathing

ks for building

oil for farming

to health

h an earth quake originates is called

wing is correctly matched?

---- Anemometer

------- Seismometer

------- Rainguage

-----Thermometer

ent in the earth’s crust is called

wing is NOT the cause of physical weathering?

ge

erosion occur?

er moves in a wide flow

r cuts relatively small channels

ep wide gorges

er able to move in a narrow way

wing types of landform/s formed by wind erosion and deposit

ng

gest force of erosion in the desert area?

wing would be correct if a student wanted to put the atmospl

r to lower in a notebook?

osphere, mesosphere and thermosphere

osphere, stratosphere, and thermosphere

sosphere, stratosphere and troposphere

osphere, troposphere and thermosphere

abundant gas in the earth’s atmosphere?

nergy from one body to another by means of electromagnetic

tween the maximum and minimum temperatures in a day is

perature

perature

emperature

mperature

wing BEST explains culture?

nsmitted and shared

ays of life shared by a group of people

ure and developed by individuals

jible heritages

wing belongs to non-material culture?

age that belongs to the Semitic language family?

wing is the challenge of globalization?

nology and innovation

identity

cultures

markets

wing economic activities is NOT classified as primary econom

contribute to a country like Ethiopia?

rtunity and income

ds directly

s industry

from the earth

lying, selling, or exchanging of commodities is

product is taken place

can agree on the price of commodities

ellers can agree upon a price

sellers can generate income

tors of market allows marketing

de involves the purchase and selling of goods in large quantit

or good thing that the Ethiopian people have in common?

:riotism

imination

ueny as social burdens

t of Ethnicity

: goods or people from one location to another is termed as

correct relationship that can show secondary economic activit

Mining, support services

ring, Trade, Administration

ealth, Education, Fishery

nstruction, Power production

developing countries in the world that have not secured their

vity can be recommended to meet their food needs directly?

nunication which consists of sounds and written symbols is

wing refers to a tertiary economic activity?

esources from the environment

aw materials

herent services

craft objects

wing is an action that violates the consumer’s rights?

ter expiry date

oducts in both quality and quantity

a reasonable price

em of supply

good that buyers are willing and able to purchase is

ı actors in a market system?

ɔs

ɔducers

ity

ɣment or fee that is made by citizens to the government is

vernment of a country collect taxes from its citizens?

economic equality

c instability

ervices

tal accumulation

em was introduced during the reign of

wing is TRUE about the historical development government re

m of crops and livestock was impossible

ons of different periods were similar

om monthly personal income was exempted from tax

ıe tax system during the Derge didn’t comprise state farm

ıt can be generated again once they are used are

:es

sources

ıı

ation

wing is different from the others?

ng has a negative impact on the conservation of natural reso

s

ation

nable utilization natural resource necessary?

agance

nature of resources

ble development

ment expenditure

wing factors that determine the utilization of natural resource

esources and capital

nskilled power

echnology

astructures

nans on the environment depends on

ndustrial products

evel of resources

of humans

overnment

nption behaviors change, people generally shift towards

commonly available in the area

produced in the required quantities in the area

over utilized in the area

not commonly available in the area

t, wise and sustainable use of natural resources is known as

the environmental protection club at school replanted the fo

what kind of soil conservation method can be called?

e are known for

useful for the conservation of water?

rrigation

:over

r from pollution

tance of forest resource?

erial

ical imbalance

imental pollution

ion of resources

wing is FALSE about wild life resources?

nclude all animals and birds which grow naturally

s important to balance ecosystem

nclude animals which grow with human interference

an be source of medicine

wing doesn’t affect wild life?

e

an be taken to conserve wild life resource?

imals

bout wild life

onal parks

e natural resources properly, what problem can happen?

on

-state politics regarding the management of shared water res

oint of view, which African countries havebeen the most benef

lile basin?

thiopia?

ion?

ıeric layers in

waves is called

ic activity?

ies?

ty?

food security.

evenue and tax?

urces?

es?

rest cut by the

sources is called

fited of all

or more !!

ne/Ethio_Teachers