GEOGRAPHY



Chapter three: Transport, Communication and Trade

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

1. Define the following words:
   a. **Transport** : is the act of moving items and people from one place to another place...
   b. **Communication** : is the process of transforming information from one person to another.
   c. **Trade** : is a buying or selling; or [Exchange of Goods and services]
   d. **Mode of Transport** : the way in which goods or people move
   e. **Pipelines** : movement of mainly fluid, gas products such as:- water, gas, and oil through pipes from place to another.
   f. **Containerization** : Paking goods in large standards .
   g. **International trade :** is Conducted beyond the bordus of the country .
   h. **Home trade** : is Carried out with country boundaries. [Local tarde]

2. What is difference between Transport and Communtion ?

TRANSPORT	COMMUNICATION
• Deals with movement of items and people	• Deals with movement of information
• Physical carriages	• Non physical carriages
• Uses Vehicles, Airplanes and ships	• Uses Computers, Telephones and Satellite
• Take long time	• Take short time

3. What are modes of Transport ?
   - Land Transport
   - Water Transport
   - Air Transport

4. What is the role of Transport and communication ?
   - Transport Facilities Trade and commerce by carrying good from Producer to Consumer .
   - Good from the areas that have surplus are shifted to those area which are deficient in those terms.
   - Movements of people from one place to another place in search of Jobs, Education, Health E.t.c
   - Communication keep us in formed about the world Events and Trade...

5. Name types of Land Transport ?
   - Human & Animals

6. What is the Advantage and Disadvantage of Human & Animal ?

Advantage of Human and animals	Disadvantage of Human and animals
• cheapest	• Can be stolen or destroyed by wild animals
• No fuel is used	• Very slow
• Low maintenances	• Can't transport Large quantities
• Relativdy safe	• Extreme weather conditions

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7. Name three Railway links in Africa ?
- Tazara Railway ((connect Zambia – Darusalam)
- Benguela Railway (connected Zambia – Angola)
- Kenya & Uganda railway (Connected Mombasa – Kisumu)

8. What is the advantage and disadvantage of Railway Transport ?

Advantage of Railway transport	Disadvantage of Railway Transport
• Very suitable to carrying heavy Goods	• it is slow
• It is cheapest	• it is not flexible
• Accidents are minimal	• there is use for varied ganges
• Railway follow a regular time table	

9. Why there are few Railway links among Africa ?
- Because :-
- Administration by different Colonial governments who constructed railway link
- Political differences which led to mistrust
- Countries have Railways of different ganges making connection to be difficult
- Countries lack sufficient capital to Establish

10. What is the Advantage and disadvantage of Road transport ?

Advantage of Road Transport	Disadvantage of Road Transport
• it's faster	• Traffic congestion and Jams there are many vehicles on roads
• it's cheaper	Vehicles pollute the Environment
• Available at one Convenient time	• it's adversely Effected by weather
• road can be constructed in stages improved and even Repaired	• vehicles can carry a limited number of people and amount of goods

11. What is the Advantage and disadvantage of Pipelines ?

Advantage of Pipelines	Disadvantage of Pipelines
• cost of maintenances of Pipelines is lower	• can cause population when they burst
• they are not Affecting bad weather	• selective in that they can be used to transport fluids and gases and can be Transport only one type of commodity
• there are low operation cost in the minimal labour is Required	• In Security
• No decay as there is a constant supply of commodity	

12. What is the Advantage and disadvantage of Water Transport ?

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Advantage of Water Transport	Disadvantage of Water Transport
• the route is free	• may be very expensive some areas
• the Accident are minimal	• it's slow Transport
• there is no Traffic jams	• port congestion may be lead to delay of delivery.
• it's cheapest	

13. What is the Problems Facing water transport in Africa ?
- Lack of Political cooperation
- Inadequate capital to Establish
- In Security

14. What is the Advantage and disadvantage of Air Transport ?

Advantage of Air Transport	Disadvantage of Air Transport
• Last speed and Efficiency	• Expensive
• Comfort	• Limited carry capacity
• Low risk damage	•Required highly trained personal
• Fixed time schedule	• High risk accidents
• safety	
No physical barriers	

15. What is the Advantage and disadvantage of containerization ?

Advantage of Containerization	Disadvantage of Containerization
• save space in a ship	• lack of employment the work is done by machine
• it speed the process of handlings of goods hence save time	• it is Expensive
• it reduces loss of goods	• lack of valuable income to the government

14. What is major sea routes in Africa ?
- Panama canal sea route
- North Pacific
- North Atlantic sea route
- Mediterranean

16. What are the types of Communication ?
- Verbal communication [Telephone, face to face, Radio]
- Written Communication [Letters, newspaper]
- Audio visual communication [Picture, beating drum]

17. State in three Telecommunication Services ?
- Using Cables or Wireless communication
- Telephone (fax)
- Internet Global network computer

18. What is the Role of Land transport and Communication ?

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- Development of Trade because buyer are able to move to markets
- Development of infrastructure by making tourist Attraction
- promotion of industrial developments
- settlement developments

19. What are the problems facing transport and communication in Africa ?
- In adequate capital to Establish Transport and Communication
- Wars which discourage movements through certain areas
- High cost of fuel
- Political instability

20. What is the important of Trade ?
- It's source of Government revenue
- Trade eare country foreign exchange
- Creates employment
- Provide a market for surplus goods

21. What are the types of Trade ?
- International trade (External trade)
- Home Trade (Internal trade)

22. What are the types of International trade ?
- Export trade
- Import trade
- Bilateral trade
- Multilateral trade
- Visible Trade (direct)
- Invisible trade (indirect

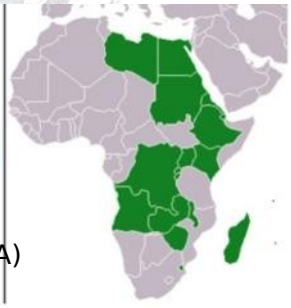
23. What are the types of Home trade ?
    - Retail trade (tafaariiqle)
    - Whole sale Trade (Jumladle)

24. What is factors influence Trade ?
    - Transport and Communication
    - Capital (money)
    - Government policy
    - Climate

25. What is the Importance of Trade to Somaliland ?
- Transfer of Technology
- Source of revenue (isha dakhliga)
- Development of Urban Settlements
- Employment (shaqo Abuur)
- Foreign Exchange

26. Problems facing trade in Somaliland ?
- Scarcity of goods
- Poor infrastructure
- Wide spread poverty
- in adequate capital





27. State three African Trading Blocs
- Common market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA)
- Southern Africa Development Cooperation (SADC)
- Economics Community of west African States (ECOWAS)

28. What are Aims and Objectives of COMESA ?
- To Attain sustainable growth and development among members states
- To faster closer relations among it's members

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To Cooperate in the operate in the promotion peace, Security and stability

- To rise the standards of living of its people

29. What is the Achievements of COMESA ?



Comesa have :

- Led to a more reliable Transport and Communication
- More emphasis Or regional exploitation of Natural resources
- Increased agricultural production
- Increased productivity among the members states.

30. What are Aims and Objective of SADC ?

- To reduce the dependence of the regions on outside world.
- To promote and coordinate regional cooperation in development projects
- To mobilise resources in the region in order to Uplift the standards of living of the people of the members...
- To faster International Cooperation...

31. What is Achievements of SADC ?

- Expanded the market for good of member states
- Holds trade fairs in exhibitions with in its regions and participate other regions

32. What are the Aims of ECOWAS ?

- To Eliminate trade restrictions among member states
- To promote mutual trade

33. What is the Achievement of ECOWAS ?

- It has promoted intra-West African trade among member countries
- Improvement of the road network in the region
- Contributed to economic growth in sub-region

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End Chapter...

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