Sewing technology exit exam

Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

1. Which seam class is most advisable for bulky fabrics?
   A. Lapped seam C. Flat seam
   B. Bound seam D. Supper impose seam
2. Which stitch class is not appropriate the sport wear?
   A. Stitch class 500 C. Stitch class 400
   B. Stitch class 300 D. Stitch class 600
3. Assume you are the expert of the sewing machine type so which type of sewing machine bed is appropriate for foot wear.
   A. Post bed C. Cylinder bed
   B. Side bed D. Feed-off-the-arm bed
4. Which one of the following is not the function of work aid?
   A. Simplify an operation C. Increase training time
   B. Reduce handling D. Minimize fatigue for the operator
5. As technical person, which type of stitch types is most advisable for T-shirt products?
   A. Blind stitch C. Dabble needle lock stitch
   B. Over lock stitch D. Single needle lock stitch
6. Which parts of machine is not feed mechanism?
   A. Throat plate C. feed dog
   B. presser foot D. Reveres stitch
7. Which one of the following the correct about the class 500/over lock?
   A. Greater thread consumption C. Excellent stretchable
   B. The most bulky stitch D. The most security stitch
8. Assume that, you the manufacturer of shirts so what type of seam used for collar preparation.
   A. close superimposed seam C. open superimposed seam

B. French seam D. Edge finishing seam

9. What is the meaning stitch per inch (SPI)?
   A. Distance between the upper and lower surface of the stitch
   B. The distance from the edge of a fabric to the stitch line
   C. The line on which the seam is sewn
   D. The number stitch between in one inch
10. Which is the basic parameter of pressing?
   A. Heat
   B. Pressure
   C. Moisture
   D. Padding
11. Which one of the following the function of pressing?
   A. Removal of wanted creases and wrinkles
   B. Hiding the perfections
   C. To apply creases where necessary
   D. Apply of unwanted creases and wrinkles
12. ---------- is the operation of removing these extra hanging threads.
   A. Stain removing
   B. Trimming
   C. Repairing
   D. Pressing
13. Assume you are the expert of the sewing machine type so which type of sewing machine bed is appropriate for tubular parts such as cuffs sleeves and trouser legs.
   A. Cylinder bed
   B. Feed-off-the-arm bed

C. Post bed

D. Side bade

14. Which types of pressing equipment is appropriate to remove fished product crease but not add crease?

A. Buck pressing

B. Steam irons

C. Foam pressing

D. Steam pressing iron

15. ----------is a loop structure of thread.

A. Stitch

B. Stitching

C. Seam

D. Sewing

16. Which one of the following the characteristics 300 stitch class?

A. The most thread consumption

B. The most stretchable

C. The most secured

D. The most productivity

17. What is the seam allowance?

A. The distance between the outermost lines of stitches.

B. The distance between the upper and lower surface of the stitch

C. The distance between the needle insertion

D. The number of the needle insertion in one inch

18. What is the correction action of the seam slippage defects?

A. Decrease seam allowance

B. Use low stitch density

C. Use the flat seam

D. Use the lapped seam

19. ----------stitch length is inconsistent, possibly appearing as double the normal stitch length.

A. Skipped Stitches

B. Seam Slippage
C. Seam Puckering
D. Broken

20. Which seam types appropriate for very fine and high slippage fabric?
A. Lapped seam
B. Superimposed seam
C. Flat seam
D. Ornamental seam