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Grade 11

Unit One

1. Which of the following is right of an Ethiopia child?
   A. Right to vote in parliamentary election
   B. Right to own property in his own name?
   C. Right to have a job
   D. Right to have shelter
2. According to the principle of universal suffrage which group of people is entitled to vote?
   A. All citizens of a country
   B. All people living in the country
   C. All legally able citizens of a country
   D. All people who showed interest in voting
3. The demand for universal suffrage in the past was a demand for
   A. All citizens of a county the right to vote
   B. Legally able citizens of a country the right to vote
   C. People born and living in a country the right to vote
   D. People who suffered injustice special privilege in voting
4. The principle of the supremacy of the constitution dictates that
   A. Elected officials should be accountable to their electorate
   B. Other laws in the country should conform to the constitution
   C. The constitution should have separate provisions for state and religion
   D. The constitution should respect the democratic right of the citizens

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Grade 11

Unit One

1. How many seats shall be reserved for all minority nationalities and people in the House of people's Representatives as provided by the FDRE Constitution?
   A. 40 Seats B. 20 seats C. 30 seats D. 10 seats
2. The members of the House of Federation of FDRE are elected by the:
   A. Regional state council
   B. Executives the regional states
   C. Presidents of the regional states
   D. Electros in the regional states
3. Which of the following is NOT true about democratic constitution?
   A. It paves the way for constitutionalism and democracy
   B. It limits the power of government
   C. It does not allow extra-constitutional authorities
   D. It does not stipulate directly the rights and duties of citizens
4. What is the major advantage of federalism?
   A. Creating regional autonomy
   B. Promoting cultures and languages
   C. Unifying different peoples of a country
   D. Creating interregional economic cooperation
5. Because human rights are inalienable and inviolable birth rights governments should:
   A. Grant them to their peoples
   B. Recognize and respect them
   C. Bestow them on their peoples
   D. Include them in their constitutions
6. Democratic mode of governance is preferred over other modes of governance because it:
   A. Insures equality of citizens in everything
   B. Guarantees equitable distribution of wealth
   C. Creates equal opportunities for citizens
   D. Assures economic prosperity of a nation
7. What are the two major categories of rights stated in the constitution of FDRE?
   A. Group and individual Rights
   B. Human and Democratic Rights
   C. National and Regional Rights
   D. Civil and Social Rights
8. Democratic and non-democratic states widely differ in terms of the use of authority and power. Which of the following statements is correct in this regard?
   A. Non-democratic states use their power to enforce their authority
   B. Power is the source of the authority of democratic state
   C. Democratic states lack legitimate authority to enforce their power
   D. Non-democratic states use their authority to enforce their power
9. According to the modern understanding of freedom a person is not free until he/she is free from
   A. foreign occupation and oppression
   B. lack of all basic necessities of life
   C. cruel and oppressive local governments
   D. Restriction on democratic and human rights

FALCON ACADAMY

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Grade 11

Unit One

1. Which right is different from the others?
   (A) Right to Life.
   (B) Right to Liberty.
   (C) The right to the security of persons.
   (D) The right to the assembly and demonstration.
2. Which one of the following can best define a democratic constitution?
   (A) It gives ultimate power to the concerned people.
   (B) It establishes different social classes of a given society.
   (C) It reflects the psychological and moral values of the society.
   (D) It is a legal law subjugated to some other laws of the country.
3. What is the correct constitutional name for one of the member states in the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia?
   (A) The Afar Regional State.
   (B) The Afar National State.
   (C) The Afar Regional National State.
   (D) The Afar National Regional State.
4. What types of rights are exclusively reserved only to citizens in a state?
   (A) Civil rights. (B) Moral rights. (C) Human rights. (D) Political rights
5. Why is constitutionalism valued as a fundamental constitutional principle? Because it
   (A) makes citizens subservient to government.
   (B) enables a government to exercise its will over the people.
   (C) binds the government to act in accordance with the constitution.
   (D) allows government to exercise extra-constitutional authorities.
6. Which of the following is correct about the conduct and accountability of the Government as stipulated in Article 12 of the Current Ethiopian Constitution?
   (A) The conduct of affairs of government shall be secretive.
   (B) The government shall defend the failure of public officials.
   (C) An elected representative has the right to access national secret.
   (D) In case of loss of confidence, the people have the right to recall an elected representative.
7. What form of government best represents the commonness of extra-constitutional power by those who assume state power?
   (A) Aristocracy. (B) Democracy. (C) Oligarchy (D) Dictatorship
8. Which of the following statements can best describe the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia?
   (A) Ordinary laws at the Federal level are made by the Parliament.
   (B) At the Federal level, the higher executive powers are given to Parliament.
   (C) Ordinary laws at the Regional level are made by the State Administration.
   (D) At the Regional level the State Council is the highest organ of executive power.
9. What does state sovereignty imply?
   (A) Superiority of one state over the other.
   (B) Non-interaction among sovereign states.
   (C) Non-intervention in the domestic affairs of states.
   (D) Unquestionability of domestic rules and decisions.
10. What is the principle of the constitution of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia in relation to religion?
    (A) There shall be state religion.
    (B) State and religion are inseparable.
    (C) All religion of the land are equal in status.
    (D) Government shall intervene in the affairs of religion.

FALCON ACADAMY

11. Which the following powers and function belongs to the Regional Governments of Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia?
    (A) Formulation of foreign policy.
    (B) Declaring state of emergency in the country.
    (C) Negotiating and ratifying international agreements.
    (D) Formulating policy on land use and natural resources.
12. What is the primary justification for adopting the federal system in Ethiopia?
    (A) To avoid tyrannical rule from the center.
    (B) To suppress local initiatives and interests across the state.
    (C) To accommodate all the centrifugal forces within one nation.
    (D) To look for ways of having greater weight against external force.
13. Which of the following is correct about human rights?
    (A) They are acquired after birth.
    (B) They are created and maintained by states.
    (C) They are natural and enjoyed by all human kind.
    (D) They are exercised based on one's political achievement.

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Grade 11

Unit One

1. Which of the following is a democratic right?
   A. Rights to life and liberty.
   B. Freedom of religion and belief.
   C. Rights of assembly and demonstration.
   D. The right to the security of person.
2. One of the following indicates the importance of a democratic system. Which one is it?
   A. It upholds absolute equality among citizens.
   B. It gives people's representatives unlimited political power.
   C. It allows citizens to have a little participation in policy debate.
   D. It promotes economic, cultural and political equality.
3. Direct democracy can be:
   A. Used to pass proclamations in a parliamentary system.
   B. Practiced to make important decisions through a referendum.
   C. Considered as a modern form of democracy widely practiced all over the world.
   D. Easily practiced in small countries in the process of policy making.
4. Which of the following is correct in the current Ethiopian context?
   A. Both direct democracy and indirect democracy are exercised in today's Ethiopia.
   B. There is no opportunity to exercise direct democracy in the country.
   C. The country exercises parliamentary and peresidential democracies.
   D. As compared to group rights, the country gives priority to individual rights.
5. Which of the following is correct in a democratic system?
   A. Elected representatives are not accountable for failures in official duties.
   B. Government officials are protected from legal scrutiny during their term of office.
   C. Diversity of political views are appreciated and managed in a civil manner.
   D. High government officials shall inform the people about military strategies of the country.
6. Which of the following is INCORRECT about a federal state?
   A. It is characterized by the decentralization of political power.
   B. It may have parliamentary or presidential form of government.
   C. It shall have a single constitution that governs the federal and regional states.
   D. It could be organized based on geography or population settlement.

FALCON ACADAMY

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Grade 11

Unit Two

1. According to the provision of current Ethiopian constitution all sovereign political power rests on:
   A. The Judiciary
   B. The House of peoples Representatives
   C. Matins, Nationalities and peoples of Ethiopia
   D. The prime Minister and the Council of Ministers
2. Which one of the following could be considered as one of the reasons for the prevalence of corruption in many countries?
   A. Existence exemplary ethical leadership
   B. Power monopoly by certain ethnic group
   C. Absence of legal system in many countries
   D. Existence of greediness among many leaders
3. The rule of law above everything else indicates a country has
   A. A written constitution
   B. A democratic government
   C. Highly organized judicial system
   D. Well educated judges and lawyers
4. Individual right is the right to _____.
   A. Own property
   B. Self-governance
   C. self determination
   D. develop one's won culture
5. Legal limitations could be laid down on the right to freedom of expression if that rith is used for
   A. Damaging the reputation of individuals
   B. Criticizing the government and its actions
   C. Publishing documents purely about officials
   D. Writing about that are not important to the society
6. A constitution of a state will be declared null and void if it is found to be in contradiction with the FDRE constitution because the latter
   A. Is written by highly qualified people and is not susceptible to errors
   B. Is the expression of the will of nations, nationalities and peoples
   C. Has no article that provides for amendment or revision by anyone
   D. Has to be copied directly in the former constitutions without change
7. Which one of the following is true based on article 61 of the FDRE constitution?
   A. The House of Federation is the supreme authority in the country
   B. The house of federation shall have members elected by the state council
   C. The house of federation consists of representatives of the major ethnic groups in the country
   D. The House of federation consist of only 1 representative for each one million members of its population
8. Identify the incorrect statement from the given alternatives:
   A. The rule of law promotes arbitrary judicial practices
   B. The rule of law prohibits violation of human rights
   C. The rule of law restricts both the governor and the governed
   D. The rule of law obliges citizens to behave in accordance to the constitutional principles
9. Which of the following is true about the state and Federal constitutions in Ethiopia?
   A. The state constitution is equivalent to specific laws
   B. The Federal constitution has supremacy over the state one
   C. The state constitution can be a substitute for the Federal one
   D. The Federal constitution does not share similar provision with the state constitution
10. Which of the following statements is logically correct?
    A. Rule of law prevails in highly literate society irrespective of its political and cultural tradition
    B. If a nation has democratic constitution that is respected by the government in power, rule of law prevails
    C. Rule of law prevails in any country where there is a constitution that has articles for its respect
    D. If a country's constitutions has provisions for human and democratic rights then rule of law prevails
11. There has been a mass uprising against governments that occupied political power for many decades in different Arab countries. The uprising costs the lives of many innocent civilians and many others socio – economic problems. What major lesson can be drawn from the situation about democracy?
    A. There are no democratic regimes in the Arab world.
    B. Democracy is at its infancy in many parts of our world
    C. Democracy is perfectly practiced in the western world only
    D. Mass uprising is the only way to remove dictatorial regimes and establish democratic ones

FALCON ACADAMY

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Grade 11

Unit Two

1. Of the following which one is among the prerequisites for political, social and economic development of a country?
   A. Rule of law
   B. Transfer of power
   C. Periodic election
   D. Multi party system
2. Which of the following gives a general definition of corruption in a better manner?
   A. Corruption is taking bribes for official services
   B. Corruption is the misuse of public property and money
   C. Corruption is the abuse of public office for private gain
   D. Corruption is forceful act of obliging people to pay for official services
3. Which of the following is true?
   A. Ethiopia's constitution gives priority for individual rights
   B. Ethiopia's constitution gives priority for collective rights
   C. Ethiopia's constitution gives priority collective rights at the expense of individual rights
   D. Ethiopia's constitution gives priority both collective and individual rights
4. According to Ethiopian law the responsibility of signing international conventions and agreements is given to:
   A. the executive branch
   B. the Judiciary branch
   C. the Legislative branch
   D. the House of Federation
5. A government that respects the rule of law in its functions will be able to:
   A. Stay in power whatever it does to the people
   B. Win the confidence and acceptance of the people
   C. Exercise supreme and absolute power over the people
   D. Conceal any type of human right abuse of citizens
6. Which of the following is one of the major functions of the government of FDRE?
   A. Implementing foreign policy
   B. Managing primary education
   C. Ratifying regional constitution
   D. Appointing regional presidents
7. The democratic values in the constitution of FDRE can be part of social structures and practices of the people only if they are:
   A. approved by the House of people's Representatives
   B. part of the Universal Declaration in Human Rights
   C. able to win the trust and confidence of the society
   D. approved by an elected constituent assembly
8. There is a need for the regional states of FDRE to grow and develop together because the regional states are:
   A. endowed with identical natural resources
   B. capable of fulfilling their economic needs
   C. found at various stage of economic development
   D. engaged in developing similar economic capacities

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Grade 11

Unit Two

1. Which of the following is correct about a federal state structure?
   (A) It is conducive to too small states.
   (B) It is suitable for multi-ethnic society.
   (C) It is characterized by centrally controlled power.
   (D) It is impossible to organize units based on natural boundaries.
2. What constitutional rights are given to the regional states of the FDRE?
   (A) The right to have their own anthem as a symbol of their state.
   (B) The right to recruit and train their own defense force to keep security.
   (C) The right to formulate and establish their own external relations.
   (D) The power to control the Supreme Court of the central government.
3. Which of the following statements is correct about the principle of rule of law?
   (A) All laws have equal power.
   (B) Every citizen is subject to the law.
   (C) No a law is superior to another law.
   (D) Laws are monopolized by a government.

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Grade 11

Unit Two

1. The sovereignty of the Ethiopian constitution is expressed by the:
   A. Power of the Council of ministers.
   B. Existence of several opposition parties.
   C. Parliament with elected representatives.
   D. Country's rapid economic development.
2. Which of the following is correct about constitutionalism?
   A. It shows the prevalence of the parliamentary democracy.
   B. It shows that actions of citizens and government are governed by the supreme law.
   C. It indicates the existence of a modern written constitution.
   D. It prevails in all forms of political system in the modern world.
3. One of the following is among the rights of citizens. Which one is it?
   A. Observing the law of the land. C. Respecting the rights of others.
   B. Running for political office. D. Acting ethically and responsibly.
4. The obligations of citizens include:
   A. Building a democratic culture. C. Creating a conflict free society.
   B. Paying tax regardless of age. D. developing a homogeneous world view.
5. The power and function of the FDRE president include:
   A. Supervising the implementation of the country's domestic and foreign policies.
   B. Leading and coordination the activities of the council of Ministers.
   C. Ensuring the implementation of policies adopted by the House of Representatives.
   D. Granting pardon based on the conditions and procedures established by law.

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Grade 11

Unit Three

1. What do the green, yellow and red colors of the Ethiopian? National flag represent respectively
   A. Sacrifices, hope and prosperity C. Hope, sacrifices and prosperity
   B. Prosperity, hope and sacrifices D. Hope, prosperity and sacrifices
2. You will be considered to tolerant person if you primarily have the ability to:
   A. Always accommodate the wishes and interests of others
   B. Accept and respect differences that exist between you and others
   C. Change your views and beliefs in accordance with interests of others
   D. Give up your own rights for the sake of creating peace with others
3. Ethiopian women in general had been economically dependent on their spouses mainly because they were:
   A. Forced to marry at an early age
   B. Deprived of the right to own property
   C. Required to produce and raise children
   D. Prohibited from participating a agriculture
4. Among the following types of rights, which one is democratic right?
   A. The right to live C. The right to assembly
   B. The right to liberty D. The right to security of person
5. Which of the following is NOT true about the situation of women in Ethiopia?
   A. Women are the backbone of Ethiopia society
   B. Positive discrimination is used to compensate women for the past injustice
   C. Ethiopian women were victims of forced, unwanted marriage and abduction
   D. Domestic violence has come to an end following the promulgation of a new family law in Ethiopia

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Grade 11

Unit Three

1. A state where religion and state are separate is called
   A. Erastian B. Theocratic C. Secular D. Neutral
2. Which of the following group of people were considered inferior to others in the traditional Ethiopian society?
   A. Priests B. Teachers C. Farmers D. Singers
3. The most vocal opposition to the regime of Haile Sellassie I, particularly during its last stage came from:
   A. general officers in the army C. industrial workers and teachers
   B. Dissatisfied ordinary peasants D. students and the educated elite
4. How and when do multicultural societies like Ethiopia exist in peace?
   A. When there is mutual respect for one another C. When there is written constitution
   B. When there is strong military government D. When there is strong, independent judiciary
5. The period of the degree was characterized by all the following negative experiences, EXCEPT:
   A. ted terror C. forced military service (Afesa)
   B. literacy campaign D. absence of religious freedom
6. Many people have little understanding that while enjoying the right to equality they are required to:
   A. Ensure that they are capable of enjoying it.
   B. Earn it through their struggle
   C. Enter into identical obligations with others
   D. Enjoy similar and identical rights with others
7. Tolerance to differences among peoples demands primarily one's ability to:
   A. identify major differences C. accept difference as natural
   B. do away with differences D. learn about national differences
8. Which of the following is true according to Article 29 of the FDRE constitution?
   A. Everyone has the right to freedom of expression without any interference
   B. Everyone has the right to follow any religion of his/her own choice
   C. Anyone has the right to form opposition political party
   D. Anyone has the right to be elected
9. In what language can all the members of the federation execute their public functions according to the FDRE constitution?
   A. Language of their own preference C. Their mother tongue or home language
   B. Language that is common for all of them D. The working language of the Federation

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Grade 11

Unit Three

1. Which of the following is an inclusive term?
   A. Good governance B. Transparency C. Accountability D. Responsibility
2. The American Foreign secretary, John Kerry facilitated a peace talk between Israel and Palestine recently. What was the role of Mr.Kerry?
   A. Arbitration B. Negotiation C. Mediation D. Resolution
3. Which one of the following is IN CORRECT about conflict resolution in Ethiopia?
   A. All Ethiopian peoples have indigenous conflict resolution mechanisms
   B. Elders /Shimagle are highly respected in the indigenous conflict resolution process
   C. Elders /Shimagle cannot resolve conflicts that involve homicide
   D. Arbitration and mediation are employed to resolve conflicts
4. Which one of the following is NOT among the peoples of Southern Ethiopia?
   A. Ari B. Hammer C. Nuer D. Surma

FALCON ACADAMY

5. Identifying the commonly shared values, interests and goals of the Ethiopian nations, nationalities and peoples and respecting them is important to:
   A. Facilitate national assimilation.
   B. Bring national consensus
   C. Celebrate festivals together.
   D. Appreciate the disparity among them.
6. Article 20/7 of the FDRE constitution stipulates that an accused person has a right to:
   A. Be tried in a court that uses language of the accused.
   B. Request for assistance of an interpreter at government expense.
   C. Keep silent and refuse to give testimony against oneself.
   D. Not to appear in court and not to be accused of contempt of court.

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Grade 11

Unit Three

1. Which of the following is correct about the features of federal form of states, such as Ethiopia?
   A. The power of the central government is indivisible.
   B. The regional governments are supreme in their own spheres.
   C. The power of the regional government is given by the national government.
   D. The existence of the local units depends on the willingness of the central government.

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Grade 11

Unit Three

1. The author of the declaration o independence is:
   A. Abraham Lincoln.
   B. George Washington.
   C. John f. Kennedy.
   D. Tomas Jefferson.
2. Which of the following has a negative implication for gender equality in Ethiopia?
   A. Current legal provisions on property rights.
   B. Legal provisions against harmful traditional practices.
   C. Affirmative actions aimed at empowering girls and women.
   D. Customs that force women to undergo female genital cutting
3. Which of the following is correct about affirmative action?
   A. It is a practice widely implemented by poor countries.
   B. It gives excessive advantage to one group against another.
   C. Some people consider it as another form of discrimination.
   D. It is criticized for giving an enormous power to rich people.
4. One of the following is correct about equity of benefits and burdens. Which one is it?
   A. Minority groups are entitled to fewer benefits.
   B. Those who shoulder heavy burden should gain more benefit.
   C. Burdens, not benefits, should be distributed equally.
   D. Those who work less should be generously subsidized.
5. Which of the following is correct about gender issues in Ethiopia?
   A. The current regime is the first to raise the question of gender equality.
   B. Gender equality has been respected throughout the history of the country.
   C. Currently Ethiopian women are benefiting from affirmative actions.
   D. Women were exclusively removed from political power in the history of Ethiopia.
6. In most countries the term “government benefits” are related to,
   A. payment of wages.
   B. collection of taxes.
   C. protection of public properties.
   D. social welfare provisions.

FALCON ACADAMY

7. Which of the following is quite different from all others?
   A. Racial discrimination B. Affirmative action C. Reverse discrimination D. Positive discrimination
8. Which of the Regional States of the FDRE uses a camel as an emblem on its flag?
   A. The state of Afar.
   B. The state of Benishangul/Gumuz.
   C. The state of the Gambela peoples.
   D. The state of Somale.

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Grade 11

Unit Four

1. What does the principle of 'Horizontal Equity' in taxation state?
   A. People who have more income should pay more tax
   B. People who earn equal income should pay equal tax
   C. People should be taxed according to their ability to pay
   D. People should pay the same tax regardless of their income
2. Which of the following can be taken as a good example of social injustice injuring the imperial regime?
   A. Prohibition of interracial marriage
   B. Prohibition of free production of artistic works
   C. Prohibition of involvement in the political affairs of the country
   D. Marinating some regions and social groups in the distribution of resources

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Grade 11

Unit Four

1. The regional state of Afar has full authority to do all of the following, but:
   A. collecting taxes
   B. establishing regional police force
   C. establishing independent diplomatic relations with Djibouti
   D. using its natural resources for regional development
2. Identify the WRONG statement from the given alternatives
   A. Payment of taxes should be based on people's capacity to pay
   B. Tax payers have the right to get social services from the government
   C. Tax payers have the right to be informed about about, not to demand budget
   D. The duty of tax payers is just to pay taxes, not to demand social services

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Grade 11

Unit four

1. Which government body is responsible for appointing judges of the Federal Courts of Ethiopia?
   A. The Head of the state.
   B. The Council of Ministers.
   C. The President of the Supreme Court
   D. The House of Peoples Representatives.
2. Which of the following statements agrees with the principle of fairness?
   A. Everybody should benefit according to his/her age.
   B. It is unfair to consider ageism when sharing benefits.
   C. Benefits should be distributed as per burdents discharged.
   D. Benefits should be shared regardless one's responsibilities.
3. What can be an outcome of fair distribution of benefits and budens among citizens of a state?
   A. The cultivation of the sense of 'weness' among citizens.
   B. The elimination of economically and socially stratified groups.
   C. The development of citizens' subordination to the government.
   D. The cultivation of shared feeling towards international politics.

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Unit four

1. The principle that says people earning the same amount of income should pay the same amount of tax is called:
   A. ability to pay.
   B. democratic taxation.
   C. horizontal equity.
   D. progressive taxation.
2. Collecting different amount of tax from different amount of income is reflected in:
   A. circular equity.
   B. vertical equity.
   C. parallel equity
   D. generalized equity.

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Grade 11

Unit Five

1. Which of the following is accepted as an indicator or poverty?
   A. Small family size
   B. High illiteracy rate
   C. High traffic accident rate
   D. Low rate of infant mortality
2. One of the targets of the millennium development Goals to be achieved by all states by the year 2015 is
   A. Put an end to mortality of children under the age of five
   B. Ensuring equitable distribution of wealth among citizens
   C. Eradication inequality between boys and girls in access to education
   D. Enabling their people to get rid of dire poverty and get modest income
3. Nationalism differs form patriotism mainly by the fact that it strongly
   A. Shows dedication for a country's cultural heritage
   B. Preaches the superiority on one's county to others
   C. Teaches love for ones country and its national symbol
   D. Requires peoples of one country to live in peace and harmony
4. One of the following does NOT belong to the so called ;Millennium Development Goals:
   A. Creating economic equality,
   B. Expanding primary education
   C. Reducing infant mortality rate
   D. Eradicating gender inequality
5. Voluntary organizations that focus on various social, economic and environmental issues are different form purely social groupings because they
   A. are non-profit organizations
   B. function independent of government control
   C. have some degree of formal organizational setup
   D. depend on their own resources to run their activities
6. It is fact that Ethiopia is one of the poorest countries of the world while having
   A. Abundant natural and cultural resources
   B. Peace and social stability in the country
   C. Well educated and hardworking manpower
   D. International economic and political support

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Grade 11

Unit Five

1. The Millennium Development Goals include all of the following, except?
   A. Providing primary education for all children of the world
   B. Reducing Infant mortality by ninety percent
   C. Making the poor rich
   D. Eradicating gender inequality in education
2. The present flag in green, yellow and red probably became the national flag of Ethiopia during the time of:
   A. Lij Iyasu
   B. Emperor Yohanned IV
   C. Empress Zewdittu
   D. Emperor Menelik II

FALCON ACADAMY

3. As an Ethiopia student why do you learn your history and culture?
    A. In order to build ethnocentric feelings
    B. In order to appreciate past achievements
    C. In order to bring about Cultural Revolution
    D. It order to learn from the past and shape your value and beliefs
4. Development of a certain country is finally judged by the improvement it brought to the:
    A. Country's natural and manmade resources
    B. Nation's health and education facilities
    C. Lives of peoples of the country
    D. Communication infrastructure of the country
5. Which of the following is the major reason that made Addis Ababa one of the diplomatic hubs of the world and the seat of Africa Union (the former OAU)?
    A. Because it is one of the few big, beautiful cities in the world
    B. Because it is the place where cultural diversity and tolerance are well cultivated
    C. Because Ethiopia had played commendable role in Africa and international politics
    D. Because Ethiopia is a good example of wonderful hospitality
6. Many of the communicable disease in Ethiopia could be eradicated by:
    A. Enabling people to have easy access to modern hospitals
    B. Assigning doctors and other professionals in rural areas
    C. Making people put simple hygiene rules into practice
    D. Distributing medicines for the diseases periodically

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Grade 11

<u>Unit Five</u>

1. When did Ethiopia become the member of the League of Nations?
    A. 1920 B. 1921 C. 1923 D. 1925
2. Which African countries joined the Langue of Nations besides Ethiopia?
    A. Kenya and Tunisia C. Algeria and Etgypt.
    B. Liberia and South Africa D. Ghana and Nigeria.
3. When was the organization of African Union (OAU) transformed into Africa Union (AU)?
    A. 2002 B. 2004 C. 2006 D. 2009
4. Where did Ethiopia play a role in peace keeping mission?
    A. Angola. B. Congo. C. North Korea. D. South Africa.
5. Who used the Crowned Lion of Judah as the emblem of the Ethiopian flag during his reign?
    A. Haileselassie I B. Menelik II C. Tekle-Giorgis D. Yohannes IV
6. In democratic society a "good citizenship is the active side of one's character". Which of the following statements best reflects the message of the phrase in the quotation mark?
    A. One must apply the principles of citizenship in his or her conduct.
    B. The character of good citizenship cannot be acquired through learning.
    C. Theoretical knowledge is the science aspect of good citizenship.
    D. Good citizenship is an art to be practiced through civic commitment.
7. Which of the following is an expected duty of a patriot citizen?
    A. Sacrificing personal interest for the common good.
    B. Giving access state's secret to neighboring countries.
    C. Avoiding of criticizing government policies based on evidence.
    D. Keep away from taking part in voluntary activities so as to save time.
8. Which of the following is correct about the Ethiopian flag?
    A. It is a recent fabrication. C. It is a purely colonial legacy.
    B. It serves as symbol of unity. D. It has insignificant historical value.

FALCON ACADAMY

9. Which of the following is an obligation of a citizen as per the constitution of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia?
   A. Valuting gender disparity.
   B. Respecting the government as the source of power.
   C. Respecting the constitution as the supreme law of the land.
   D. Fighting for and upholding the inequality of groups and individuals.
10. Which of the following goes with the nation of constitional patriotism in the current Ethiopian context?
   A. Citizens' commitment to the state's development.
   B. Citizens' commitment to conquer neighboring countries.
   C. Citizens' indulgence to cultural and religious fundamentalism.
   D. Citizens' determination to fight the virtue of tolerance in the state.
11. Which of the following is an attribute of patriotism?
   A. Developing rent-seeking behavior.
   B. Playing the role of whistle blowers.
   C. Recognizing and accepting cultural indifferences.
   D. Respecting heritages on the basis of ethno-centrism.

Civic EUEE 2007 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Five

1. Identify the correct statement regarding Ethiopia's relation with international organization from the given alternatives.
   A. Ethiopia was a founding member of the League of Nations
   B. Ethiopia hosts the Economic Commission for Africa along with AU and several UN regional bodies
   C. Ethiopia signed the UN Charter in 1950
   D. Ethiopia joins OAU two years after its formation

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Five

1. Which of the following is correct about the League of Nations?
   A. It accepted most of the African countries as its members.
   B. It accepted Ethiopia as its member without any opposition.
   C. If failed to protect Ethiopian from the Italian invasion.
   D. It was a global organization established before World War I.
2. Which of the following is true about the Organization of African Unity (OAU)?
   A. Its headquarter was changed three times.
   B. It was founded by independent African countries.
   C. Its first headquarter was in Dakar, Senegal.
   D. It was established by former British colonies.
3. Which of the following is an indication of poverty?
   A. Low mortality rate.
   B. High level of literacy.
   C. income below one dollar per day.
   D. High average life expectancy.
4. One of the following is true about voluntary organizations. Which one is it?
   A. Controlled by government authorities.
   B. Focus on social, economic, or environmental issues.
   C. Mainly interested in political activities.
   D. Aim at maximizing the economic benefits of their founders.
5. The traditional meaning of patriotism is:
   A. Fighting for the territorial integrity of one's country.
   B. Serving communities to promote the common good.
   C. Respecting the law and upholding constitutional values.
   D. Promoting the development of democracy and peaceful co-existence.

FALCON ACADAMY

6. Which of the following is a negative impact of globalization?
   A. Availability of cheaper goods and products.
   B. Weakening the sovereignty of developing countries.
   C. Easy transfer of knowledge and technology.
   D. Better access to communication technologies.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Six

1. Which one of the following is NOT among the obligations of citizens in a democratic system?
   A. Promoting political tolerance
   B. Respect for the right of others
   C. Membership in a political party
   D. Respect for the national emblem
2. Free access to know the activities of government officials implies:
   A. Transparency B. Responsibility C. Accountability D. Good governance
3. In democratic system power is diffused and mutual accountability is instituted in order to
   A. Enable the society to be free from government officials
   B. Help smaller parties to mutually compete and take power
   C. Stop the society for dominating the politics of a country
   D. Prevent dominion of a country by an individual or party
4. One of the following is not the behavior of responsible citizens:
   A. Breaking promises
   B. Involvement in public affairs
   C. Refusing to pay unreasonable taxes
   D. Protecting the culture an heritages of the country
5. What is the relationship between family responsibility and social responsibility?
   A. Family responsibility is a pre-requisite for social responsibility
   B. Social responsibility has no connection to family responsibility
   C. Social responsibility is pre-requisite for family responsibility
   D. Family responsibility plays insignificant role in the social system of a community
6. Why are the victims of HIV/AIDS discriminated among different societies? HIV/AIDS victims are discriminated because of:
   A. Wrong religious teachings
   B. The fact that the disease is incurable
   C. The fear that the victims of the disease may intentionally transmits it
   D. The wrongly held view that the disease can be transmitted through body contact
7. The newly launched construction of the Grand Millennium Dam on the Abay river is an indication of:
   A. Ethiopia's long awaited wish to utilize her natural resources for socio-economic development
   B. Ethiopia plan to foster her economic advantage at the expense of Egypt and Sudan
   C. Ethiopia's readiness to put into danger the 'acquired right of Egypt'
   D. Ethiopia's total dependence on the hydro-electric power for her development
8. One of the following Ethiopia intellectuals is the author of a famous book, "Mengistina Yehizib Astedader"
   A. Afework Tekle
   B. Teklesadik Mekuria
   C. Bejrond T/Hawriat T/Mariam
   D. Negadras G/Hiwot Baykedagn

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Six

1. Which of the following cultural, manmade heritages of Ethiopia is recently registered by UNESCO as world Heritage?
   A. The Wolaita Folk dance
   B. The Evangadi ceremony
   C. The Gedeo Megalithic stones
   D. The Konso Cultural Landscape
2. Which of the following is NOT true about HIV/AIDS?
   A. It is a global problem that needs global intervention
   B. It is number one killer disease n the developed world
   C. It conspires with inventions such as tuberculosis, malaria, typhoid and hepatitis
   D. Improving the living standards of poor nations is one way of combating HIV/AIDS
3. Which of the following is NOT true?
   A. HIV/AIDS is incurable disease
   B. HIV/AIDS is transmitted mainly through careless sexual intercourse
   C. HIV/AIDS has nothing to do with the economic situations of a nation

FALCON ACADAMY

D. HIV/AIDS creates a serious socio-economic challenge in today's world

4. Societal development is better achieved under a transparent democratic government than otherwise because such a government will have:
   A. ability not to make mistakes that seriously hamper development
   B. resources useful for economic development at is disposal
   C. better chance of winning support of the people for its endeavors
   D. no opposition and critiques of its work from among the people
5. Which of the following is true about Ethiopia's development projects on her rivers?
   A. Ethiopia has started to use her rivers primarily for the production of hydro-electric power
   B. Ethiopia has fully utilized her rivers for irrigation
   C. Ethiopia did not need to use her rivers because she has a lot of mineral deposits
   D. Ethiopia's development policy focuses more on agriculture ignoring the question of utilization he rivers

Civic EUEE 2006 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Six

1. Treating citizens fairly in the distribution of benefits and burdens implies
   A. Constitutionalism B. Justice C. good governance D. the rule of law
2. Social harmony exists in a country where there is
   A. Educated people B. Strong police force C. presidential system D. rule of law
3. In the execution of his responsibilities as head of government, the prime Minister of FDRE is accountable to the
   A. President of the country C. House of federation
   B. House of people's representatives D. Council of ministers
4. What is morally acceptable in one culture could be immoral in another. This is because
   A. There is no universally acceptable definition of culture
   B. Morality is culture specific and could very form one to another
   C. Morality has standard definition that is acceptable to all cultures
   D. Moral values determine the culture of specific groups of people

Civic EUEE 2007 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Six

1. The tendency to consider one's own culture as the ONLY right one and believe it to be superior to that of others is called
   A. Stereotyping B. Ethnocentrism C. Egocentrism D. Uniculrurism
2. Which of the following is generally taken as "female oriented" job in the Ethiopian tradition?
   A. Grazing cattle C. Agricultural activity
   B. Collecting firewood D. Participation in house contractions
3. What does unity in diversity mean in a multicultural society?
   A. Accepting and respecting cultural differences
   B. Disregarding importance of cultural differences
   C. Striving to create one acceptable uniting cultures
   D. Subscribing to one among the different cultures
4. Which of the following is true about ethical relativism?
   A. It assumes ethical values to be universal
   B. It assumes ethical values to be culture specific
   C. It gives emphasis to the consequences of actions rather than motives
   D. It gives emphasis to the motives rather than the consequences

FALCON ACADAMY

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Grade 11

Unit Six

1. An international climate change convention adopted in 2015 is:
   A. The Oslo Protocol.
   B. The Vienna Agreement.
   C. The Beijing Declaration.
   D. The Paris Agreement.
2. Which of the following is INCORRECT about globalization?
   A. It strengthens the interconnectedness of countries around the world.
   B. It affects developed and developing countries in a similar way.
   C. It has economic, political and cultural implications for world countries.
   D. It brings opportunities as well as challenges for developing countries.
3. The consequence of unfair distribution of benefits and burdens can be manifested in:
   A. strengthening cooperative attitude.
   B. encouraging hardworking people.
   C. spreading violence and conflict.
   D. accelerating the development process.
4. Which of the following is correct about global relations and concerns?
   A. Issues like poverty are concerns of a few countries of the world.
   B. The world is increasingly becoming bigger enabling countries to ignore globalization.
   C. Competition between countries has to be supported by cooperation to ease tension.
   D. Possession of nuclear weapons by several countries is a guarantee for global peace.
5. Which of the following is INCORRECT about labour discipline?
   A. Proper dressing style.
   B. Practicing religion in the work place.
   C. Respecting working hours.
   D. Building good working relationship.
6. The protection and preservation of the environment includes:
   A. clearing the existing forest areas to expand mechanized farming.
   B. replacing small-holders' farming by mechanized and large-scale farming.
   C. enhancing environment-friendly development plans and activities.
   D. expanding agricultural practices that use a large amount of chemical fertilizers.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Seven

1. Which one of the following is an institution that shaped the modern day era of globalization?
   A. The world Tourist organization
   B. The international Monetary Fund
   C. The Global forum for Social Justice
   D. The Global Alliance Against Corruption
2. Why are handicraftsmen despised in the long established of Ethiopia?
   A. Because of their ethnic identity
   B. Because of their poor professional skills
   C. Because they are dangerous to the social will being
   D. Because of backward belief attached to their personality
3. Which of the following statements is true about the Blue Nile/Abay?
   A. The Blue Nile can be an element of co-operation between Ethiopia and Egypt
   B. The Blue Nile is an element of conflict and hatred between Ethiopia and Egypt
   C. The Blue Nile does not have any implication on the Ethio-Sudanese and Egyptian relations
   D. The Blue Nile cannot be used for the economic development of Ethiopia without the approval of Egypt

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Seven

1. Which of the following professions (occupations) has long been the most undermined one among many Ethiopian communities?
   A. Teaching B. Shoe shining C. Pottery D. Wood work

FALCON ACADAMY

2. To which of the following activities should the emerging regions of Ethiopia give priority while allocating resources?
    A. Construction of big irrigation schemes
    B. Provision of basic health care and basic education
    C. Construction of a network of asphalted high ways
    D. Expansion of mechanized farms and industries
3. One true measure of a person's greatness could be her/his:
    A. readiness to criticize the works of others always
    B. ability to identify errors made by productive people
    C. tangible accomplishment to solve societal problems
    D. social position and ability to socialize with others

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Grade 11

Unit Seven

1. The fight against corruption could bear fruit if the government in power
    A. Pays high salaries for its officials to deter them from taking bribe.
    B. Manages to make all its officials honest and truthful.
    C. Is fully committed to root out corrupt practices in the country.
    D. Works with international anti-corruption organizations.
2. Great scientists and thinkers of all times contributed great things driven primarily by their desire to
    A. Attain self-fulfillment through knowledge
    B. Eradicate poverty and injustice.
    C. Transform their country and the world.
    D. Earn respect for their creations and thoughts

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Grade 11

Unit Seven

1. Alex is a self-centered man and his personality is known to all people he knows. Which of the following tasks would be difficult for him to accomplish?
    A. Securing a gainful employment
    B. Renting a house to live in
    C. Understanding the needs of other
    D. Responding elderly people
2. Women were unable to contribute for the socio- economic development of our county mainly because they
    A. Were deprived of the opportunity to develop themselves and utilize their potentials
    B. Are weak to engage in development works compared to their male counterparts
    C. Fear to take part in activities that are physically and mentally demanding
    D. Prefer to do household work to involvement in development activities
3. What strategy is devised to achieve the development of Ethiopia?
    A. The tourism sector must develop first and then the industrial sector.
    B. Both the agricultural and the industrial sectors must develop together.
    C. The agricultural sector must develop first followed by the industrial sector.
    D. The industrial sector must develop first followed by the agricultural sector.
4. Which of the following is correct about the millennium Goals of Ethiopia?
    A. Federating Ethiopia with Djibout.
    B. Finding solution for Sudan-South Sudan civil war.
    C. Decreasing the death of mother's and child on birth.
    D. Making the Horn of Africa free from any war and conflict.
5. Which of the following is an indicator of poverty in a country?
    A. Low illiteracy rate
    B. Low infant mortality rate.
    C. Very low population size.
    D. Low average life expectancy.

FALCON ACADAMY

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Grade 11

Unit Seven

1. The major purpose of interest groups is:
   A. Taking political power.
   B. Supporting the ruling party.
   C. struggling against government.
   D. influencing government policy.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 11
Unit eight

1. Identify the statement that does NOT imply assertive behavior:
   A. Sharing experiences
   B. Criticizing others and hasty generalization
   C. Playing a positive role during conversation
   D. Questioning meaningless traditions and practices

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 11

Unit eight

1. Many youngsters fall victim to the habit of smoking mainly because they:
   A. live far from their parents and relatives
   B. have income of their own at an early age
   C. realized that smoking is mark of modernity
   D. lack courage to resist their peers' influence
2. Which of the following is NOT true about dependency?
   A. It will create unbalanced economic relationship
   B. It will create free market accesses to wealthy nations
   C. It will make poor countries import manufactured goods, obsolete or used
   D. It will result in sustainable economic growth

Civic EUEE 2006 E.C

Grade 11
Unit Eight

1. The ability to bear with unpleasant and annoying situation is known as
   A. Assertiveness B. Arrogance C. Lenience D. Tolerance
2. One of the following Ethiopian rivers is different from others:
   A. Abay B. Awash C. Tekeze D. Baro
3. Which of the following is correct about budget allocation for different regions of Ethiopia?
   A. The federal government allocates and distributes money reasonably based on the specific situations of different regions
   B. The federal government allocates equal amount of money to all Nations, Nationalities and peoples of Ethiopia
   C. The federal government allocates less amount of money to less developed regions
   D. The federal government allocates large amount of money to better developed regions
4. Assertive behavior includes all of the following, EXCEPT:
   A. Questioning
   B. Positive Thinking
   C. Critical arguments
   D. Hasty generalization
5. A self-reliant person is one who is
   A. Self-sufficient in everything and requires no help from others.
   B. Dependable to find solutions for serious social problems.
   C. Refuses to accept the opinion of others at any time.
   D. Aware of her/his own strengths and weaknesses.

FALCON ACADAMY

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Grade 11

Unit Eight

1. What strategy is devised to achieve the development of Ethiopia?
   E. The tourism sector must develop first and then the industrial sector.
   F. Both the agricultural and the industrial sectors must develop together.
   G. The agricultural sector must develop first followed by the industrial sector.
   H. The industrial sector must develop first followed by the agricultural sector.
2. Which of the following is correct about the millennium Goals of Ethiopia?
   E. Federating Ethiopia with Djibout.
   F. Finding solution for Sudan-South Sudan civil war.
   G. Decreasing the death of mother's and child on birth.
   H. Making the Horn of Africa free from any war and conflict.
3. Which of the following is an indicator of poverty in a country?
   C. Low illiteracy rate
   D. Low infant mortality rate.
   C. Very low population size.
   D. Low average life expectancy.

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Eight

1. In terms of morality, which of the following is the best way of earning a better income?
   A. Disregarding some professions.
   B. Looking for easy ways of making money.
   C. Working hard in the area of one's profession.
   D. Creating friendship with wealthy persons.
2. Which of the following is INCORRECT about a genuine source of job satisfaction?
   A. Gaining social recognition as a result of a good work.
   B. Achieving success through collaboration with colleagues.
   C. Maximizing economic benefits using public resources.
   D. Achieving top performances and getting career development.
3. Self-awareness can be improved by:
   A. developing an attitude of superiority.
   B. evaluating our strengths and weaknesses.
   C. imitating the behavior of other people.
   D. focusing on our strengths and good qualities.
4. The behavior of a passive person can be observed in his/her:
   A. Listening to others without challenging their biased arguments.
   B. Playing an active role in public debate and contributing ideas.
   C. Sharing opinion without disregarding the views of other people.
   D. Challenging practices that violate the right and dignity of people.
5. The character of an assertive person is manifested in:
   A. little or no expression during discussions.
   B. an unfair demands and biased point of views.
   C. a good eye contact during conversation.
   D. moving away from group discussions and deliberation.
6. Which of the following is INCORRECT about the behavior of aggressive persons?
   A. Speaking too loudly and staring at others.
   B. Standing rigidly and invading personal boundaries.
   C. Forwarding threating expressions and looking down others.
   D. Having an open and polite expression
7. The most difficult activity in the process of decision making is:
   A. looking into alternative options.
   B. showing certain level of flexibility.
   C. gathering information about the issue.
   D. avoiding risks and uncertainties.

FALCON ACADAMY

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 11

Unit nine

1. Why do many Ethiopians prefer to use imported products than the local ones?
   A. Because all local products have poor qualities
   B. Because all imported products have good qualities
   C. Because there is a bad habit of giving low value for local products
   D. Because Ethiopians have very little knowledge of making local products
2. Which of the following institutions has no role in shaping globalization?
   A. World Bank Group
   B. Transparency International
   C. World Trade Organization
   D. International Monetary Fun
3. In theory, Markets in free-market economic are regulated by:
   A. relationship between demand and supply
   B. amicable relationship between sellers and buyers
   C. freedom given to merchants to fix prices honestly
   D. abundance of goods and services in the market
4. Which one of the following is true about modern saving institutions in Ethiopia?
   A. Modern saving institutions include Banks and Insurance companies
   B. Modern saving institutions are inaccessible to the majority of the people
   C. Modern saving institutions have completely replaced the traditional ones
   D. Modern saving institutions are owned by the government alone
5. Which of the following mechanisms can be suggested to improve saving habits in Ethiopia?
   A. Avoiding leisure activities at all
   B. Avoiding social interactions and commitments
   C. Increasing salaries of government workers every year
   D. Limiting one's interests to one's income amount
6. To improve the life of their peoples governments of developing countries should:
   A. Allocate greater budget for expansion of social services
   B. Fix the price of basic necessities like food and clothing
   C. Give economic subsidies to the poor so that they can compete
   D. Provide food and material aid to the needy people
7. Ethiopian farmers are encouraged to produce and use organic fertilizers, as much as possible, mainly because these fertilizers are:
   A. proved to give much greater yield than the inorganic ones
   B. sought after by exporters and could bring foreign exchange
   C. easily produced in large quantities and sell to other farmers
   D. environmentally friendly and do not harm the land

Civic EUEE 2006 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Nine

1. Which of the following is true about the Abay River?
   A. It is the most utilized river in Ethiopia
   B. It is the bond that links Ethiopia, Egypt and Sudan
   C. It is the only cross-boundary river in Ethiopia
   D. It is the only river that has never attracted the attention of Eruopeans

Civic EUEE 2007 E.C

Grade 11

Unit nine

1. What benefit can be gained from utilizing locally produced goods than the exported ones in a country?
   A. Promoting imbalance import-export trade.
   B. Proper and efficient exploitation of resources.
   C. Keeping country's domestic factories out of business.
   D. Alienation of a given country from an international trade.

FALCON ACADAMY

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 11

Unit nine

1. The habit of saving can be improved by:
   A. worrying much about the present time than the future.
   B. Iicreasing the amount of saving by cutting expenses for basic needs.
   C. limiting desires and purchases to the level of one's income.
   D. borrowing money to satisfy the desire of spontaneous purchases.
2. Which of the following is INCORRECT about international Monetary Fund (IMF)?
   A. It is established by rich countries of the western world.
   B. It supports developing countries to promote command economy.
   C. It requests developing countries to privatize state enterprises.
   D. It influences developing counties to liberalize their economy.
3. Which of the following is the least important to address dependency at a country level?
   A. Relying on domestic resources and institutions.
   B. Developing indigenous knowledge and wisdom.
   C. Detaching the country fro international trade.
   D. Encouraging local innovations and technologies.
4. The advantage of using quality goods produced locally:
   A. encourages the development of domestic factories.
   B. promotes imbalance between import-export trades.
   C. alienates domestic producers from an international trade.
   D. allows domestic factories to produce poor quality goods.
5. Saving habit can be improved by:
   A. increasing savings during old ages.
   B. increasing saving as income decreases.
   C. avoiding extravagant behavior.
   D. decreasing saving when income increases.
6. Which of the following is true about saving and saving institutions in Ethiopia?
   A. Modern banks are the best options of saving for the majority of the people in most part of Ethiopia.
   B. The majority of the people in Ethiopia use Iddir as a means of getting credit to start small businesses.
   C. Traditional institutions of saving do not help people accumulate initial capital to start a new business.
   D. Equb is considered as a means of forced saving because persons involved in it cannot quit easily.
7. Which of the following is true about saving?
   A. Saving does not require short-term and long-term planning.
   B. Careful evaluation of one's income and expenses is essential to make decisions regarding saving.
   C. We need to avoid spending on vacation and holidays in order to save.
   D. Thinking about saving is not essential for people who do not aspire to be rich.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Ten

1. What is the significance of effective leadership in a democracy?
   A. Strengthening multi-party system
   B. Strengthening the power of individuals
   C. Enhancing good governance and transparency
   D. Strengthening the authority of the ruling political party

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Ten

1. Students Bezawit treats people with respect both in school and outside unlike many of her close friends. Which of the following civic virtues explain her best?

FALCON ACADAMY

A. Fairness B. Truthfulness C. Civility D. Courage

2. A lawful gathering of people to protest, support or create awareness on a certain issue implies:
   A. Civic campaign
   B. Peaceful demonstration
   C. popular participation
   D. political freedom
3. During election campaigning political parties should devote much of their time and energy for
   A. Collecting money contributions from their supporters
   B. Defaming opposition political parties and their leaders
   C. Winning as much support as possible for their policies
   D. Promising rewards for their members and supporters
4. Civic societies can play vital role in building a democratic system in a country by:
   A. Standing against a government that they believe to the undemocratic
   B. Encouraging constructive participation of people in public affairs
   C. Organizing a democratic party and participating in elections
   D. Supporting a government disregarding the will of their members

Civic EUEE 2006 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Ten

1. Which one of the following is true about illegal human migration in the current Ethiopian context?
   A. All illegal migrants are from Southern Ethiopia
   B. The major destination of women migrants is South Africa
   C. Illegal migration has become the major socio-cultural problem
   D. Illegal migration is assisted by government agencies
2. Ethiopian students like you come from different social, economic, cultural and linguistic background. which of the following is the most essential virtue that you need to live in harmony in such a situation?
   A. Civility
   B. Tolerance
   C. Open mindedness
   D. Civic mindedness
3. Which of the following National Holidays is associated to the identities and cultures of Ethiopian peoples?
   A. National Flag Day
   B. Nations and Nationlities Day
   C. National Day of Unity
   D. National Day of Ethiopian Workers

Civic EUEE 2007 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Ten

1. Which of the following is INCORRECT about the role played by governmental and non-governmental organizations in promoting citizens participation in policy making?
   A. They raise awareness of the community.
   B. They organize venue for expressing views.
   C. They arrange and facilitate discussions to identify local problems.
   D. They arrange debates which promote unsubstantiated judgment of policies.
2. What is the advantage of citizens' participation in making and evaluating public policies?
   A. It develops a sense of betrayal among citizens.
   B. It promotes suspicion between government and citizens.
   C. It enables citizens to formulate and implement sustainable and effective policies.
   D. It enables government to know the feeling and reactions of citizens towards various issues.

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 11

Unit Ten

1. Which of the following is INCORRECT about the benefits of active community participation?
   A. Empowering communities to solve their problems.
   B. Creating a bridge between government and people.
   C. Promoting the interest of opposition political parties.

FALCON ACADAMY

D. Engaging citizens to promote a holistic development.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 11

Unit eleven

1. Which of the following is true about objective judgment?
   A. Objective judgment is the base for reasoning
   B. Objective judgment is the about decision making
   C. Objective judgment does not required reasoning ability
   D. Objective judgment is the outcome of knowledge and reason

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 11

Unit eleven

1. Which of the following is NOT among the components of knowledge?
   A. Truth B. Evidence C. Data D. Myth
2. Which of the following is true about myths?
   A. Myths are unscientific stories that people would like to tell and believe
   B. Myths are scientific stories based on empirical evidences
   C. Myths are found in the traditions and cultures of African peoples only
   D. Myths can help us transform our knowledge

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 11

Unit eleven

1. Which of the following true about the purpose of civic knowledge?
   A. Making citizens politically motivated.
   B. Empowering citizens to make an informed decision.
   C. Promoting abstract and theoretical knowledge.
   D. Encouraging people to be extremely religious.
2. Which of the following is correct about myths?
   A. They are facts transmitted from generation to generation.
   B. They may serve the purpose of enhancing social unity.
   C. They do not have social, cultural and historical significance.
   D. They should be dismissed as they have no practical importance.
3. The focus of academic reading is:
   A. Getting pleasure. C. enjoying creative works.
   B. Developing a hobby. D. acquiring knowledge.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 12

Unit One

1. The transfer of power from the federal to regional governments is known as _____ of power.
   A. Dispersion B. Division C. Separation D. Devolution
2. One similarity between parliamentary and presidential democracies are that:
   A. The head of state is elected by direct vote of the population
   B. Governments is formed by the party that won majority of votes
   C. The judiciary branch has more effective power than the executive branch
   D. The judiciary branch has more effective power than the executive branch
3. Which of the following principles is a basis for the present foreign policy of Ethiopia?
   A. Sending peacekeeping forces to countries in conflict or civil war
   B. Forging an promoting economic union with neighboring nations
   C. Seeking and supporting peaceful solutions to international disputes
   D. Respecting international agreements irrespective of their implications

FALCON ACADAMY

4. In presidential Democracy such as the UAS, the president is
    A. The head of the Judiciary branch of government
    B. Member of both Executive the Legislative branches
    C. Elected from among the members of the wining party
    D. Elected by the popular vote independently from representatives
5. Which of the following is true about the pre 1991 Ethiopia?
    A. There was no written constitution in the country
    B. There was no civil war except the case of Eritrea
    C. The rights of Nation and nationalities were undermined
    D. Government officials were elected through free, fair and periodic election system
6. According to the FDRE constitution, who is responsible for signing international conventions and agreements?
    A. The Judiciary
    B. The house of Federation
    C. The council of ministers
    D. The House of people's representative
7. In Ethiopia, any proclamation shall come into force on the date of
    A. Ratification by the parliament
    B. Endorsing by the prime Minister
    C. Publication on the Negarit Gazeta
    D. Signing by the president of FDRE
8. Why is building democratic system very essential in today's world?
    A. Because it promotes secularism
    B. Because it promotes a multi-party system
    C. Because it makes all citizens equal in terms of economic benefit
    D. Because it upholds values like freedom, equality and human rights
9. Which of the following is NOT true about parliamentary Democracy?
    A. The president is the head of state
    B. The prime minister is the chief executive
    C. The president will have nominal representation
    D. The prime minister is not a member of the legislative organ
10. The federal state structure is chosen over the unitary one for Ethiopia because it
    A. enables the country to be respected by other nations
    B. guarantees equal economic development for all peoples
    C. enables the various peoples to become independent of each other
    D. provides equal opportunities for peoples to develop themselves
11. What is the main difference between the federal and regional constitutions of the FDRE?
    A. The former can replace the latter in case of emergency while the latter can be annulled by federal decree
    B. The former is binding in all regional states while the letter will not have full legal force in other regions
    C. The former respects the basic rights of all citizens while the latter respects only the rights of those living in the region
    D. The former provides for rules for transition of power while the latter does not have such provisions of their own
12. Check and balance system is more strong in presidential democracy because the:
    A. Executive and the Legislative have power of vetoing a bill forwarded by the other
    B. Judiciary had to approve all bills introduced by the other two branches before they become law
    C. Members of all three branches of government are directly responsible for their electorate
    D. Legislative has to seek the agreement of other other branches before introducing a ball

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 12

<u>Unit One</u>

1. Who is the source of the legitimate power of the FDRE?
    A. The parliament B. Supreme Court C. The people D. The Army
2. Who has the power to introduce laws at regional state level in FDRE?
    A. State administration
    B. State council
    C. State president
    D. State supreme court
3. Why did Ethiopia remain to be the only African country that never Colonized?
    A. Because of her geographical location
    B. Because Europeans were not interested in it
    C. Because she had successfully defended foreign aggressions
    D. Because she had a very strong foreign policy from the beginning

FALCONACADAMY

4. Ethiopia's foreign policy is based, primarily, on the country's:
   A. geographical location
   B. strong military power
   C. benefits and interests only
   D. mutual benefits and cordial relationship
5. Identify the county that has combined both parliamentary and presidential systems of democracy together
   A. South Korea
   B. England
   C. South Africa
   D. France
6. Which of the following is true about cross-boundary rivers?
   A. Ethiopia does not have cross-boundary rivers
   B. Cross-boundary rivers are found only in the Middle East
   C. Cross boundary rivers create the condition for countries to have a special relationship
   D. Cross-boundary rivers cannot be used for common development projects
7. Whose appointment should be approved by the parliament of FDRE?
   A. President of the Federal supreme court
   B. Chair person of the House of Federation
   C. President of a Regional state council
   D. Ethiopian Ambassadors and Envoys
8. Which of the following countries has ancient relations with Ethiopia?
   A. Italy B. Sudan C. Greece D. Egypt

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Grade 11

Unit One

1. Which of the following groups were the most undermined ones in the long history of Ethiopia?
   A. Potters B. Peasants C. Merchants D. Women
2. Who is the Author of the famous Ethiopian Novel, "Oromay"?
   A. Kebede Mikael B. Be'alu Girma C. Haddis Alemayehu D. Mamo Wudneh
3. Accountability of state requires a government to:
   A. Consult elected representatives before making any decision.
   B. Settle its accounts and make them for auditing on time.
   C. Take responsibility for all its decisions and functions.
   D. Build modern and trustworthy financial system
4. One of the following personalities is associated to the 1st written constitution of Ethiopia:
   A. Bejrond teklehawariat Teklemariam
   B. Dejaazmach Kebebe Tesema
   C. Ras Desta Damtew
   D. Ras Abebe Aragay
5. How do we ensure equality between men and women in a democratic system?
   A. By assigning women to all key positions in the government
   B. By creating equal chance and opportunities for both men and women
   C. By increasing the number of women politicians
   D. By providing free chance of education for women

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 11

Unit One

1. Which of the following country is considered as a model of the parliamentary democracy?
   A. United Kingdom
   B. South Korea.
   C. Russia Federation.
   D. United States of America.
2. Which of the following is correct about the Ethiopian federal system?
   A. Devolution of power to the regional states moderates the power of the federal state.
   B. Members of the House of the Federation are directly elected by the people.
   C. Collection of revenue and tax is the exclusive power of the federal state.
   D. The federal state monopolizes power by controlling foreign, national and local affairs.

FALCON ACADAMY

3. Which of the following is correct about the democratic system exercised in Ethiopia?
   A. The system of checks and balances of Ethiopia and the United states is quite similar.
   B. The country has begun developing the culture of democracy in the recent decades.
   C. The country exercises a democratic system similar to the French political system.
   D. The country's President can cancel bills approved by the House of Representatives.
4. One of the following is correct about the federal system of Ethiopia. Which one is it?
   A. It allows the federal system to interfere in every aspect of regional affairs
   B. It strengths the authority of the center by weakening the power to regional states.
   C. It gives the federal state an exclusive power to control economic matters in the regional states.
   D. It allows regional states to develop an implement their own development programs.
5. Which of the following is correct about the hybrid democratic system practiced in countries like France?
   A. The President is assigned as a powerful head of the government.
   B. The Prime Minister leads the government under a close supervision of the President.
   C. The President serves as the head of the state wit nominal political power.
   D. The Prime Minster is elected by a popular vote through a separate electoral process.
6. The purpose of division of power in a federal system is to:
   A. empower regions by reducing the concentration of power at the center.
   B. give more authoritative powers to the central government.
   C. subordinate regional governments to the central government.
   D. make regional governments free from the control of the federal state.
7. The main purpose of having the three braches of government is:
   A. promoting a socialist style of governance.
   B. following international standard of governance.
   C. adapting the Western structuring of administration.
   D. maintaining the system of checks and balances

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 12

<u>Unit Two</u>

1. Which of the following peaceful conflict resolution methods could be undertaken without involving a third party?
   A. Arbitration B. Mediation C. Litigation D. Negotiation
2. One of the approaches that include bringing corrupt officials to justice is called
   A. Curative approach C. Preventive approach
   B. Remedial approach D. Rehabilitation approach
3. Which of the following hierarchical order is properly entered?
   A. Regulations --------- specific laws --------- constitution
   B. Constitution --------- specific laws ---------regulations
   C. Regulations--------- constitution--------- specific laws
   D. Constitution --------- regulations--------- specific laws
4. Which of the following is NOT among the rights of an accused person?
   A. The right to appeal
   B. The right to access for informant ion.
   C. The right to be considered innocent even after he is found guilty
   D. The right to be communicated in the language he/she understands well
5. Two communities could resolve disagreement on the use of grazing land through legal means and established procedures provided that
   A. The constitution has provision on usage of that particular grazing land
   B. There is enough grazing land for both communities to feed their cattle on
   C. The communities adhere to the values and principles of the constitution
   D. The is strong longstanding social relationship between the communities
6. No man is above the law'. This quotation is designed to show the:
   A. Existence of powerful law C. Supremacy of peoples' power
   B. Preeminence of rule of law D. Incomparability of people to law

FALCON ACADAMY

7. Egypt and Sudan closely follow any Ethiopian attempt to use Abay River for development because
    A. This river contributes 85% of the water of the Nile River
    B. They are afraid that such move would make Nile River dry
    C. They produce 80% of their electricity form dams on this river
    D. They fear that Ethiopia would be developed and a threat to them
8. The principle due process of law refers to
    A. Petition to free oneself from an illegal arrest
    B. Right of the accused to presumed innocent until proven quality
    C. Right to be tried by a court that non-partisan to the disputing parties
    D. Conduct of legal proceedings purely on established rules and principles
9. Which of the following is NOT true about negotiation?
    A. Negotiation requires open mindedness
    B. In negotiation outside parties do not make decisions
    C. Negotiation is a conflict resolution mechanism that involves third party
    D. Negotiation involves direct discussion between the parties that are in conflict
10. Article 79 of the FDRE constitution states the:
    A. Supremacy of the Rule of law
    B. Independence of courts and judges
    C. Supremacy of the Federal High court
    D. Independence of the legislative organ
11. According to article 19(2) of the FDRE constitution the defendant has
    A. no right to appeal
    B. the right to remain silent
    C. no right to prove his innocence
    D. the right to know why is accused
12. Litigation differs from other types of peaceful conflict resolution mechanisms in that it is
    A. Carried out by direct negotiation between the parties to the dispute
    B. A non-binding mechanism that involves a neutral third party in the process
    C. Resolving controversy within limits agreed upon by the disputing parties
    D. Formal and binding mechanism that is based on rules, customers or practices
13. Group right are different from human rights in that they:
    A. Do not apply to all human beings in a similar way
    B. Are nor ratified by the united Nations organization
    C. More complex and difficult to respect in all countries
    D. Have to be respected by all nations in a uniform manner
14. Which of the following statement is true regarding rights?
    A. the FDRE constitution gives priority to individual rights
    B. there is harmony between group rights and individual rights
    C. group rights facilitate realization of equality among different groups of people
    D. there is agreement between affirmative action and equal rights for citizens
15. Now days, the international community pays huge attention to the threat of the HIV/AIDS pandemic expansion due to the:
    A. Fact that all attempts to find medication for the diseases have failed
    B. Fact that globalization has created opportunities for interracial marriages
    C. Fact that the disease has became a great obstacle against the socio-economic development of countries
    D. Fear that the victims of the disease can no longer contribute to the development endeavors of their nations

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 12

<u>Unit Two</u>

1. Identify a conflict resolution mechanism in which the third party makes decisions
    A. Negotiation B. Arbitration C. Mediation D. Litigation
2. What is the major possible motive for corruption in countries like Ethiopia?
    A. Poverty
    B. Resource scarcity and competition in the economy
    C. Absence of the rule of law and constitutionalism
    D. Greediness and searching a short-cut for accumulation of wealth

FALCON ACADAMY

3. Where ever there is a strong and independence judiciary it is safe to expect
    A. Complete Eradication of corruption
    B. Presence of Federal system of government
    C. Prevalence of respect for rule of law
    D. The Executive to be afraid of the courts
4. Which of the following is NOT true according to Article 18 of the FDRE constitution?
    A. No one shall be held in slavery or servitude
    B. Trafficking in human beings for whatever purpose is prohibited
    C. Everyone has the right to protection against inhuman
    D. Everyone has the right to assemble or demonstrate
5. Which of the following is NOT among the rights of persons who are accused of any criminal offense?
    A. The right to be considered innocent until the final verdict is given
    B. The right to choose judges
    C. The right to be tried in the language they understand better
    D. The right to fair justice
6. The conduct of legal proceedings according to established rules and principles for the protection of and enforcement of private rights is known as:
    A. Procedural justice
    B. Due process of law
    C. protection of civil rights
    D. Fair justice
7. Democratic system of government is the preferred system in many countries of the world because it:
    A. eliminates all social, political and economic problems of a country
    B. accepts the principle that majority decisions are always right
    C. assures absolute social, economic and political equality in a country
    D. addresses the interests of citizens in a relatively better way

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Grade 12

Unit Two

1. Which of the following characteristics could be a guarantee for individual freedom?
    A. Rule of law B. Trial by jury C. Right to trial D. Human rights
2. An amendment to a constitution is
    A. Replacing old constitution by a new one.
    B. Additional article to a constitution
    C. Declaring a constitution null and void
    D. Emphasizing an article of a constitution
3. What is the principle of constitutional law, that protects the life, liberty and property of a person?
    A. Criminal law
    B. Civil law
    C. Due process of law
    D. procedural law
4. In the FDRE, Interpreting law is the responsibility of the judiciary organ, where as interpreting the constitution is the responsibility of:
    A. The Executive Organ
    B. The Legislative organ
    C. The House of peoples representatives
    D. The House of Federation
5. Which of the following is correct according to article 10 of the FDRE constitution?
    A. Human rights are inviolable and inalienable
    B. Human rights do not emanate from the nature of mankind
    C. Human rights emanate from the good will of governments
    D. Human rights do not have any relation with democratic rights
6. Which of the following countries combine both presidential and parliamentary government systems?
    A. USA and England
    B. Ethiopia and USA
    C. Russia and South Africa
    D. South Africa and USA
7. Why are elected officials accountable to their electorate? It is because
    A. They should listen to the grievances of the electorate.
    B. The electorate is the source of their political power.
    C. They need to have constant contact with their electors.
    D. The electorate can replace them with another if anytime.
8. In democratic countries officials are expected to be non-partisan while performing their duties. This means?
    A. They should not be prejudiced in any way.
    B. They should not be party members.
    C. They should not belong to an ethnic group.
    D. They should not belong to a religious group.

FALCON ACADAMY

9. One similarity between parliamentary and presidential democracies is that in both cases:
    A. The bead of state is elected by the members of parliament.
    B. The head of state is elected directly by popular vote.
    C. There is a smooth and peaceful transition of state power.
    D. Government is formed most of the time by coalition of parties.
10. Any law that contradicts a constitution of a country is
    A. Initiates action for constitutional amendment.
    B. Considered to be revolutionary.
    C. Automatically made null and void.
    D. Replaces some articles in the constitution.
11. Which of the following functions is exclusively given to the Federal Government of Ethiopia by the Constitution?
    A. Administration of Secondary education
    B. Administration of taxes
    C. Establishing a police force
    D. Formulation of foreign policy
12. Who is the commander in Chief of the FDRE armed forces?
    A. The president.
    B. The minister of Defense
    C. The prime Minister.
    D. The chief of staff of the army.
13. Which of the following statements is correct regarding the prevalence of rule of law?
    A. It forms a state dominated and ruled by judges.
    B. It hinders the smooth functioning of courts.
    C. It establishes rule by law courts and judges.
    D. It guarantees the safety and security of citizens.
14. Which of the following factors essentially necessitated the revision of the 1931 constitution in 1955?
    A. The promulgation of Universal Declaration of Human Rights
    B. The Federation of Eritrea with Ethiopia.
    C. The outbreak of peasant rebellions
    D. The expansion of modern education

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Grade 12

<u>Unit Two</u>

1. Which of the following is correct about the Council of Constitutional Inquiry?
    A. It examines constitutional disputes and submits recommendations to the House of the Federation.
    B. It has the power to make decisions on matters of constitutional disputes.
    C. It is established by a law enacted by the House of the Federation.
    D. It undertakes its activities under the supervision of the Council of Ministers.
2. Which of the following is correct about the nature of a modern democratic constitution?
    A. It requires a permanent Constitutional Assembly to draft relevant amendments.
    B. The responsibility of drawing up a constitution is given to the parliament.
    C. It is subject to amendments to accommodate rapidly changing circumstances.
    D. The existence of constitutional law guarantees the prevalence of the rule of law.
3. Which of the following is INCORRECT about corruption?
    A. It erodes public confidence in government offices.
    B. It hinders the development process of a country.
    C. It discourages domestic and international investment.
    D. It includes all sorts of illegal and criminal activities.
4. Which of the following is correct about corruption?
    A. It is an abuse of public office for private gains.
    B. It is a problem of some developing countries.
    C. It can be eradicated through harsh penalities.
    D. It has been eliminated from developed nations.

FALCON ACADAMY

5. One of the following contradicts the rule of law and procedural justice in relation to accused persons. Which one is it?
   A. Allowing accused persons to have access to any evidence presented against them.
   B. Arresting accused persons without informing the charges against them.
   C. Giving the charges against them in writing with sufficient particulars.
   D. Informing the charges against them in the language they understand well.
6. Which of the following is INCORRECT about legal provisions?
   A. They must be impartial and free of bias.
   B. They must be free from ambiguous jargons.
   C. They shall not contradict constitutional laws.
   D. They shall be complex and abstract.
7. Which of the following is correct about the protection against double jeopardy?
   A. A person convicted for an offence shall not be convicted again for the same offence.
   B. A person changed for a crime has the right to a quick public trial.
   C. An accused person has the right to be represented by a legal counsel.
   D. A person charged for an offence has no burden to prove his/her innocence.
8. Which of the following is true based on due process of law?
   A. Judges in the court of law are expected to support the defendant.
   B. Arrested persons can appeal for habeas corpus after forty eight hours.
   C. Arrested persons are presumed criminal the moment they are apprehended.
   D. The defendant has the burden of providing evidence to prove innocence.
9. Which of the following is correct about the rule of law?
   A. It manifests itself in all forms of government an political systems.
   B. Its existence has no connection with the prevalence of democracy.
   C. It establishes restrictions on government officials to protect the rights of citizens.
   D. It sets citizens free to enjoy their rights without legal restrictions.
10. The best way of fighting against corruption is:
   A. waiting for the good will of government officials.
   B. accepting corruption as a problem existing everywhere.
   C. adapting to the situation and tolerating corrupt officials.
   D. mobilizing active and informed public movements.
11. Which of the following is correct about governments abiding by the rule of law?
   A. Exercising unlimited authority the run government business.
   B. Application of the principle of “no man is above the law”.
   C. Exposing individuals to arbitrary actions of elected officials.
   D. Allowing government officials to make decisions as they wish.
12. One of the following is among the rights of citizens. Which one is it?
   A. Observing the law of the land.
   B. Running for political office.
   C. Respecting the rights of others.
   D. Acting ethically and responsibly.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Three

1. One of the following was the motto of the Ethiopian student Movement:
   A. “IdgetBehibret” B. “ItiyopiaTiqdem” C. “MereLearashu” D. “ThmihirtLehulum”
2. What was the immediate cause for the Gojjam peasant rebellion?
   A. Religious injustice
   B. Corrupt administration
   C. Unfair distribution of land among peasants
   D. Imposition of forced taxes and contribution
3. What is the major manifestation of the equality of Ethiopia Nations, Nationalities and peoples?
   A. The right to participate in local elections
   B. The right to receive equal amount of annual budget
   C. The right to self-governance and promotion of their culture and history
   D. The right to participate in various music and dancing shows, particularly in the Day of Nations, Nationalities and peoples of Ethiopia

FALCONACADAMY

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Three

1. How was the derg overthrown?
   A. Through mass revolution
   B. Through armed struggle
   C. Through political dialogue
   D. Through peasant rebellion
2. Which of the following is true about positive discrimination?
   A. It is used to make women equal to men
   B. It is used to stop domestic violence
   C. It is used to restrict women at home
   D. It is used to compensate women for the past injustice
3. One of the following peasant rebellions was crushed by the joint efforts of the Imperial government and British forces
   A. The Bale peasant Rebellion
   B. The First Woyane movement
   C. The second Woyane movement
   D. The Gojjam peasant rebellion
4. Which of the following statements is true regarding Ethiopia in relation to the League of Nations?
   A. The League failed Ethiopia when she was invaded by Italy
   B. Ethiopia was a founding member of the League of Nations
   C. Ethiopia represented African Nations in the League of Nations
   D. The Ethiopia withdrew from the League when Italy invaded her

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Grade 11

Unit Three

7. Which of the following is an inclusive term?
   B. Good governance B. Transparency C. Accountability D. Responsibility
8. The American Foreign secretary, John Kerry facilitated a peace talk between Israel and Palestine recently. What was the role of Mr.Kerry?
   B. Arbitration B. Negotiation C. Mediation D. Resolution
9. Which one of the following is IN CORRECT about conflict resolution in Ethiopia?
   E. All Ethiopian peoples have indigenous conflict resolution mechanisms
   F. Elders /Shimagle are highly respected in the indigenous conflict resolution process
   G. Elders /Shimagle cannot resolve conflicts that involve homicide
   H. Arbitration and mediation are employed to resolve conflicts
10. Which one of the following is NOT among the peoples of Southern Ethiopia?
    B. Ari B. Hammer C. Nuer D. Surma
11. Identifying the commonly shared values, interests and goals of the Ethiopian nations, nationalities and peoples and respecting them is important to:
    C. Facilitate national assimilation.
    D. Bring national consensus
    E. Celebrate festivals together.
    F. Appreciate the disparity among them.
12. Article 20/7 of the FDRE constitution stipulates that an accused person has a right to:
    E. Be tried in a court that uses language of the accused.
    F. Request for assistance of an interpreter at government expense.
    G. Keep silent and refuse to give testimony against oneself.
    H. Not to appear in court and not to be accused of contempt of court.

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Grade 12

Unit Three

1. Which of the following peoples' movement was the first to join the Tigray Peoples' Libration Front to create the Ethiopian Peoples' Revolutionary Democratic Front
   A. The Oromo Peoples' Democratic Movement.
   B. The Ethiopian Peoples' Democratic Movement.
   C. The South Nations, Nationalities, and Peoples' Movement.
   D. The Ethiopian Democratic Officers' Revolutionary Movement.

FALCON ACADAMY

2. What kind of party system is currently followed by Ethiopia?
   A. Single party System.
   B. Two Dominant Party Systems.
   C. Multi-party System.
   D. One Dominate Party.
3. Which of the following is correct about Ethiopian languages as stipulated in the constitution of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia?
   A. Amharic Shall be the state language of the country.
   B. Amharic shall be the working language of member states.
   C. Regional States can have their own respective working language.
   D. All Ethiopian languages shall be recognized based on the size of their speakers.
4. Which of the following statements is correct about group rights in the current Ethiopian context?
   A. They are not treated as universal rights.
   B. They are made to eliminate rights belonging to an individual.
   C. They are made to favor the disadvantaged groups at others' expense.
   D. They are made to facilitate the realization of discrimination among peoples of the State
5. Which of the following statement goes with the principle of equality with in diversity?
   A. Equality with diversity erodes national unity.
   B. Ethnocentrism promotes equality within diversity.
   C. Equality with diversity is an obstacle for national development.
   D. All citizens are equal before the law regardless of cultural backgrounds.
6. Which of the following ideas agrees with the principle of multiculturalism?
   A. It undermines peoples to promote their cultural distinctions.
   B. It believes that the prevalence of diversity is an obstacle for unity.
   C. It believes that no culture is superior or inferior to any other culture.
   D. It underscores that the very purpose of politics is to affirm group indifferences.
7. What is true about cultural relativism?
   A. Societal norms form the basis of morality.
   B. Morality does not differ from culture to culture.
   C. The moral values of one culture can be judged to be better than that of the other.
   D. There are universally agreed moral principles by which we judge our action.
8. Which of the following is the reason for adopting the principle of equality for the current Ethiopian society?
   A. To encourage gender discrepancy.
   B. To eradicate citizens' economic inequality
   C. To enable the society to have a similar culture.
   D. To develop the different cultures of the country.

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Three

1. Which of the following is correct about Ethiopia during the period of Emperor Haile Silassie?
   A. Ethiopia defeated the Italian army at the battle of Adwa.
   B. Ethiopia was invaded by a two Western colonial power: Italy and Germany.
   C. Ethiopia became a member of the League of Nations and the United Nations.
   D. Ethiopia had a strong relationship with socialist countries of the time.
2. A belief in the superiority of one's cultural groups refers to
   A. ethnocentrism
   B. prejudice
   C. cultural relativism
   D. cultural universalism
3. Which of the following is true about the Derg period?
   A. "Land to the Tiller" was declared.
   B. Multi-party system was encouraged.
   C. A democratic system was promoted.
   D. A civilian government ruled the country.
4. Which of the following is correct about peasant revolts in Ethiopia?
   A. The Gojam Peasant Rebellion was crushed by British forces that used aircrafts.
   B. Except Gojam, Tigrai and Bale there were no other peasant uprisings in Ethiopia.
   C. The Bale Peasant Rebellion was caused by government demand of contributions to erect the statue of the Emperor.
   D. The first Woyane Movement was partly triggered by the corruption of the army stationed in Raya an Azebo.

FALCONACADAMY

5. Which of the following is correct about equality?
   A. Equality refers to the provision of equal opportunity for all concerned.
   B. Remedial actions for past injustices contradicts the principle of equality.
   C. In exercising equality the use of rights cannot be conditioned by obligations.
   D. Providing equal opportunity can be considered as an affirmative action.
6. Which of the following was a civil rights activist struggled against racial discrimination in the United States of America?
   A. Martin Luther King Junior.
   B. Nelson Mandela.
   C. Mohandas Gandhi.
   D. Thomas Jefferson.
7. Which of the following is INCORRECT about cultural relativism?
   A. It encourages people to appreciate cultural diversity.
   B. It encourages ethnocentric feelings and practices.
   C. It minimizes conflicts among different cultural groups.
   D. It helps us to understand cultural values in their context.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Four

1. Which one of the following is true about apartheid?
   A. Apartheid was a colonial program that did not segregation
   B. Apartheid was the policy of separate treatment of blacks and whites in solute Africa
   C. Apartheid was a political system that helped south Africa to be economically well developed
   D. Apartheid was a racially based segregation system practiced by the white minorities is south Africa
2. Which of the following has become a serious threat to our globe these days?
   A. Terrorism
   B. Nuclear weapons
   C. Environments degradation
   D. Tsunami flooding and earth quake
3. For good governance and justice to prevail in a country the fulfillment of which condition is more important?
   A. Prevalence of respect for rule of law
   B. Existence of many civic organization
   C. Level ground for completion between parties
   D. Existence of a written democratic constitution

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Grade 12

Unit Four

1. Which of the following is a crime that is mainly committed for the purpose of gaining personal wealth?
   A. Homicide B. Corruption C. Treachery D. Torture
2. Identify the WRONG statement about nuclear weapons
   A. Any war involving nuclear weapons could bring and end to human race
   B. The number of countries that possess nuclear weapons is increasing from time to time
   C. Nuclear weapons do not have long term effects
   D. Hiroshima and Nagasaki are good examples of the danger that can be caused by nuclear weapons
3. Progressive taxation system is a method of:
   A. Levying equal tax on all irrespective of their income
   B. Collecting tax at a rate proportionate to payer's income
   C. Encouraging investors by reducing their tax rate progressively
   D. Making rich people pay high rate of taxation than poor people

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Grade 12

Unit Four

1. Which of the following was the most negative experience in the period of the derg?
   A. "Qey Shibir"
   B. "Meret Le'arashu!"
   C. "Idget Behibret!"
   D. "Meserete Timihirt"

FALCON ACADAMY

2. Which one of the following women was very famous for her political career in the modern history of Ethiopia?
   A. Empress Zewditu
   B. Empress Menene
   C. Empress Taitu
   D. Yodit Gudit
3. Which of the following is true about benefits and burdens?
   A. Benefits and burdens must be shared equally among all peoples in a society
   B. Benefits and Burdens must be shared based on the education level of individuals
   C. Individuals who carry more burden should get less benefits
   D. Individuals who carry less burden must not enjoy their political right
4. One of the following problems was the most serious one that aggravated socio-economic problems and consequent opposition against the imperial regime of Ethiopia and brought about its downfall:
   A. The war with Eritrean rebel groups
   B. Land problem
   C. The question of Nationalities
   D. Marginalization of Occupational groups

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Grade 12

Unit Four

1. Which of the following is INCORRECT about tolerance?
   A. Accepting and valuing cultural diversity.
   B. Appreciating diversity of beliefs and views.
   C. Promoting extreme loyalty to one's own culture.
   D. Rejecting stereotypes about cultural groups.
2. Tolerance of diversity contradicts:
   A. respecting different viewpoints.
   B. appreciating religious pluralism.
   C. respecting the right of cultural groups.
   D. promoting a single political identity.
3. Which of the following is correct about national security and international community?
   A. Rich countries reduced development aid to poor countries to deal with security matters related to terrorism.
   B. Terrorist activities attacking the USA do not pose a threat to African countries.
   C. National security can be achieved in the absence of international security.
   D. Absence of security n Ethiopia would not affect the Horn of Africa and the Middle East.
4. Which of the following is true about morality?
   A. It is also called ethos and moral philosophy.
   B. It is a system of principles that guides human conduction.
   C. It is the philosophical study of human behavior.
   D. It studies how moral standards affect human behavior.

Civic EUEE 2004 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Five

1. The rotating members of the United Nations Organization security council are chosen of the basis of their
   A. Geographical location
   B. Economic development
   C. Democratization process
   D. Commitment to fight injustice
2. The system of rule that was based on rigid race division in former South Africa was known as
   A. Fascism B. Apartheid C. Totalitarian D. Authoritarian
3. "I have a dream ….." This inspiring quotation is associated with:
   A. Rosa parks
   B. Abrham Lincoln
   C. Mahatma Ghandi
   D. Martin Luther king
4. In the present world democracy world democracy is becoming more and more a preferred mode of governance because it:
   A. is one requirement for becoming full-fledged member of the UNO
   B. insures social, economic and political equality among citizens
   C. is believed to be better in creating equal opportunities for citizens
   D. guarantees a just and equitable distribution of national wealth in a country

FALCON ACADAMY

5. Why do whistle blowers expose wrong doings privately and anonymously?
    A. They are afraid of reprisal by their bosses or those exposed
    B. They know that what they are doing is unethical an immoral
    C. They know that their actions are usually harmful to the people
    D. They know that their action wrong and do not want to be known
6. It is apparent that Ethiopia contributed peacekeeping forces to Korea, Congo Darfur and now Sudan. What does this imply?
    A. The strength of Ethiopia's military power
    B. The fact that Ethiopian solders are good fighters
    C. The ability of the UN to mobilize its member states
    D. Ethiopia's readiness to play hr part in the
7. Which of the following is true about scientific research?
    A. Data collection and analysis are the easiest tasks in the process
    B. A theory or hypothesis is the final finding of any research activity
    C. The results of scientific research are irreversible at any circumstances
    D. Collecting and analyzed data involves a very careful testing to arrive at conclusion

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Five

1. Which of the following gives a general definition of corruption in a better manner?
    A. Corruption is taking bribes for official services
    B. Corruption is the misuse of public property and money
    C. Corruption is the abuse of public office for private gain
    D. Corruption is forceful act of obliging people to pay for official services
2. Which of the following is NOT true about direct democracy?
    A. It works among communities of small size
    B. It is represented today in the form of referendum or plebiscites
    C. It allows all participants to pass decisions on their own affairs
    D. It was practiced by ancient Greeks where by both men and women were active participants
3. Which of the following is NOT true about voluntary organizations?
    A. They are profit making agencies
    B. They are independent of government
    C. They usually work towards social well being
    D. They cooperate with governments and others organizations to tackle common problems
4. "I have a dream that my four little children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character. I have a dream today!" This famous quotation is associated to:
    A. Martin Luther B. Rosa Parks C. Abraham Lincoln D. Martin Luther king

Civic EUEE 2006 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Five

1. Who was the American Civil Rights Activist sent to prison for refusing to give up her seat in a bus for a white man?
    A. Rosa Luxemburg C. Clara Zeitkin
    B. Particia Goldman D. Rosa Parks
2. In what way did Ethiopia protect her independence from foreign aggressions in the past few centuries?
    A. Through diplomatic negotiations
    B. Through patriotic resistance struggle
    C. Through peaceful submission
    D. Through the support of western Great powers
3. In democratic countries obligations of citizens arise from their
    A. Rights that they enjoy C. Gender Identity
    B. Duties and responsibilities D. Position in society

FALCON ACADAMY

4. Which of the following statements is true about progressive taxation?
    A. Varying tax rates are levied on people who earn equal income.
    B. People are expected to pay tax at a rate proportionate to their income.
    C. People who earn more pay equal tax with those who earn less.
    D. Rich people are taxed more while the poor are exempted from it.
5. Any place where the Ethiopian flag is flown, be it in embassy or on ship, is considered as:
    A. Part of Ethiopian sovereign territory.
    B. Territory free from any international obligations
    C. Free transit area for Ethiopian trade with others.
    D. An integral part of the host country or area.
6. For citizens to understand their rights and duties properly laws and rules should be
    A. Willingly agreed to by citizens
    B. Attractive enough in design.
    C. Amended periodically
    D. Clear, easy and well designed
7. Which of the following is NOT among the moral values of Ethiopian societies?
    A. Supporting the poor
    B. Respect for elderly people
    C. Conflict resolution through indigenous mechanisms
    D. Ethnic based violence
8. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights is incorporated in the FDRE constitution. This is significant because it:
    A. Guarantees full respect of the stated rights for the peoples of Ethiopia.
    B. Compels future governments to respect them for the people of Ethiopia.
    C. Will serve as a standard for respect of human rights in the country.
    D. Enables the UN to take action against a government that abuses them.

Civic EUEE 2008 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Five

1. Which of the following is true about Ethiopia?
    A. It was one of the founding members of the World Trade Organization.
    B. It joined the Legue of Nations when most of the African countries were under colony.
    C. It sent peacekeeping forces to South Korea immediately after the First World War.
    D. It became the member of the United Nations before the Second World War.
2. Which of the following is true about professional ethics?
    A. Principles that guide persons in performing their job.
    B. Guiding standards motivated by political ideology.
    C. Behaving based on religious principles and doctrines.
    D. Guiding values of personal conduct in everyday life situation
3. Which of the following is INCORRECT about Ethiopia?
    A. It became a member of the League of Nations in 1923.
    B. It became a member of the United Nations in 1945.
    C. It sent a peacekeeping force to North Korea in 1945.
    D. It contributed a lot to the foundation of the OAU in 1963.
4. Duties of a patriotic citizen include:
    A. refraining form criticizing government policies and strategies.
    B. being skeptical about the symbolic importance of the national flag.
    C. striving to promote individual interests at the expense of the public good.
    D. fighting against enemies to defend the national security.

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Grade 12

Unit Six

1. The tendency to consider one's own culture as the ONLY right one and believe it to be superior to that of others is called
    A. Stereotyping
    B. Ethnocentrism
    C. Egocentrism
    D. Uniculrurism

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2. Which of the following is generally taken as "female oriented" job in the Ethiopian tradition?
   A. Grazing cattle
   B. Collecting firewood
   C. Agricultural activity
   D. Participation in house contractions
3. What does unity in diversity mean in a multicultural society?
   A. Accepting and respecting cultural differences
   B. Disregarding importance of cultural differences
   C. Striving to create one acceptable uniting cultures
   D. Subscribing to one among the different cultures
4. Which of the following is true about ethical relativism?
   A. It assumes ethical values to be universal
   B. It assumes ethical values to be culture specific
   C. It gives emphasis to the consequences of actions rather than motives
   D. It gives emphasis to the motives rather than the consequences

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Six

1. What is the major advantage of fulfilling our obligations as Ethiopian citizens?
   A. Socialization
   B. Getting spiritual satisfaction
   C. Enjoying our right in return
   D. Getting financial reward
2. One of the following is NOT the behavior of responsible citizens:
   A. Treating people as equals
   B. Protecting cultural and natural heritages
   C. Working hard to improve living conditions
   D. Charging extra payment for official services
3. Which of the following is the most advisable, safe way of protecting yourselves from HIV/AIDS infection as young students?
   A. Using condoms
   B. Avoiding boy/girl friends
   C. Avoiding pre-marital sexual contact
   D. Having only one partner for sexual contact

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Grade 12

Unit Seven

1. One of the following is NOT among the factors that can positively affect working environment:
   A. Getting reasonable salary
   B. Observing professional ethics
   C. Cooperation with fellow workers
   D. Isolating oneself form fellow workers
2. Which of the following is true about job satisfaction?
   A. The degree of job satisfaction is high in Ethiopia
   B. Job satisfaction did not have any effect on industriousness
   C. Job satisfaction implies the provision of community service
   D. Job satisfaction can help individuals commit themselves
3. Which of the following is a negative impact of globalization?
   A. Competition on markets
   B. Advancement of technology
   C. Transfer of global information and knowledge
   D. Dependence of economically weak nations on others

Civic EUEE 2005 E.C

Grade 12

Unit Seven

1. Which of the following is generally taken as 'male oriented' job in the Ethiopia tradition?
   A. Cooking
   B. Looking after children
   C. Collecting firewood
   D. Long distance trade

FALSON ACADAMY

2. Education enables the educated first and foremost to:'
    A. become a politician and community leader
    B. honestly serve country and people one day
    C. become successful and lead comfortable life
    D. have better understanding of self and society
3. An unbiased employer should select workers for any type of joy by taking into account the applicant's:
    A. experience and ability
    B. family social position
    C. race and religious affiliation
    D. age and marital status
4. Medical Ethical standards include all of the following EXCEPT:
    A. giving loyalty and support to fellow physicians
    B. treating all patients equally
    C. giving assistance to those who wanted to commit suicide
    D. keeping the secretes of patients confidentially
5. The role assigned to women by traditional societies impeded national development by?
    A. depriving the country the chance to fully exploit their potentials
    B. Causing irreconcilable differences with their male partner.
    C. making them mentally weak and emotionally sensitive
    D. encouraging them to demonstrate their skill and ability publicly

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Grade 12

Unit Seven

1. Which countries benefit most from the new world order of globalization?
    A. Developing countries
    B. Developed countries
    C. under developed countries
    D. less developed countries
2. Which of the following is one of the key institutions that fashioned globalization?
    A. Amnesty International.
    B. Transparency International.
    C. International Labour Organization.
    D. International Monetary Fund.
3. Which of the following is true about foreign aid in Ethiopia?
    A. Ethiopia is fully dependent on foreign aid
    B. Foreign aid is the base of Ethiopia economy
    C. Ethiopia's goal is to be self-reliant in the near future
    D. Ethiopia is the major beneficiary of foreign aid in Africa
4. One of the following Declarations was promulgated following the humanitarian crisis of the Second World War:
    A. Universal Declaration of Human Rights
    B. World Health Day
    C. Declaration of Environment protection
    D. March Against HIV/AIDS
5. Identify the INCORRECT statement from the given alternatives:
    A. Industriousness leads to self-reliance
    B. Self-reliance leads to self-confidence
    C. Addictions could affect the working habits of the youth
    D. Male-oriented jobs make individuals more industrious
6. What was the objective of the Non-Aligned movement?
    A. To become an alternative force for the East and West in the Cold war.
    B. To promote economic cooperation between developing countries.
    C. To advocate solutions to global social and political problems
    D. To be neutral in the East and West confrontation of the Cold War.
7. Which of the following is a characteristic feature of the demography of developing nations?
    A. High birth rate and High death rate.
    B. High birth rate and low death rate
    C. Low birth rate and High death rate
    D. Low birth rate and low death rate
8. Which of the following is INCORECT?
    A. Ethiopia is the seat of many international organizations
    B. Ethiopia is a member of many international organizations
    C. Ethiopia is the set of ECOWAS

FALCON ACADAMY

D. Ethiopia is a founding member of OAU

9. What could be the essential base for Ethiopia's development endeavors?
   A. Better education and fostering socio-cultural values
   B. The Grand Millennium Dam which is under construction
   C. The expansion of global information centers
   D. Opening new legal migration opportunities to citizens
10. Read the following data carefully and answer the question that follows.

Country	Literacy rate	Infant mortality rate	Life expectancy rate	GDP/person (USD)
A	44.6%	94.4%	45 years	146.8
B	98%	5.6%	80 years	4,000.00

From the table above it can be safely concluded that

   A. Literacy rate has positive relation with infant mortality
   B. Literacy rate has positive relation with life expectancy
   C. Infant mortality has positive relation with life expectancy
   D. Infant mortality rate has positive relation with GDP growth

11. League of Nations has indirectly encouraged the 1935 Italian invasion of Ethiopia by:
   A. Forbidding Russia to come to the support of Ethiopia
   B. Impeding British and French support to Ethiopia
   C. Passing arms embargo on both Ethiopia and Italy
   D. Refusing to send peace keeping troops to Ethiopia

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Grade 12

Unit Seven

1. Which of the following is ethically correct in providing services in the medical profession?
   A. Giving priority to people from the upper economic class.
   B. Giving priority to one's relatives, friends, and colleagues.
   C. Disclosing medical statuses and private matters of patients.
   D. Giving priority to patients who are in a critical situation.
2. The following require moral sensitivity in the medical profession EXCEPT,
   A. choosing an area of specialization.
   B. making decision related to abortion.
   C. facilitating medically assisted death.
   D. communicating HIV status of a client.

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Grade 12

Unit eight

1. Proper recognition of our abilities, strengths and weaknesses implies:
   A. Self-esteem B. self-reliance C. Self-respect D. self-awareness
2. Identify the correct statement from the given alternatives:
   A. Self-reliance will normally lead to self-confidence
   B. Self-confidence does not influence decision making
   C. Self-confident individuals are not necessarily self-reliant

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Grade 12

Unit eight

1. Self-confident individuals are always ready to:
   A. hold back from telling the truth about others
   B. flatter others in order to gain their good will
   C. accept logical arguments and learn from them
   D. avoid challenging situations or arguments

FALCON ACADAMY

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Grade 12

Unit eight

1. Which one of the following social groups is the most disadvantaged group in Ethiopia?
   A. Artisans B. Women C. Children D. Persons with Disabilities
2. Which of the following is an attribute of a person who is self-confident?
   A. Readiness to accept criticism C. Reluctance to take on challenges
   B. Determination to help other people D. Having personal role models

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Grade 12

Unit eight

1. Which of the following is true about self-reliance?
   A. Self-reliant persons reject any kind of support from other people.
   B. Self-reliant persons have limited interactions with in the society.
   C. Building self-confidence is essential to lead a self-reliant life.
   D. Self-reliant persons do not consider the comments of other persons.

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Grade 12

Unit nine

1. The developing countries of the world are highly dependent on rich nations. This practice has brought about
   A. Speedy economic and social development in the developing nations
   B. Improvement in the ability of the poor nations to stand for their interests
   C. Increased interference of rich nations in the internal affairs of the poor nations
   D. Equitable and mutually beneficial relationship between the poor and rich nations
2. Chewing Chat, smoking Cigarettes and drinking alcohol are no advised as leisure activates, particularly for young students like you because:
   A. They are expensive for students
   B. Of the problem of addiction and consequent effects
   C. Such practices would retard the memory of students
   D. Such practices are out of the norms and values of Ethiopians

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Grade 12

Unit nine

1. Which of the following true about Idir and Equb?
   A. Both are traditional saving institutions in Ethiopia
   B. Both are practiced only in the rural pars of Ethiopia
   C. Idir is not associated with saving
   D. Equb is a backward saving system which is now being totally replaced by modern banking
2. The FDRE government can nationalize privately owned property provided that:
   A. the property is owned by a suspected criminal
   B. the owner failed to pay taxes or bank loans
   C. the owner is amply or adequately compensated
   D. the property is found to be unproductive under the owner
3. The principles of free market economy include all the following except:
   A. freedom of decision to economic agents
   B. less government involvement in the market
   C. letting market forces determine the extent of transactions and prices
   D. having prices fixed for commodities by the government

FALCON ACADAMY

4. What are the two major international monetary institutions?
    A. IMF and WHO
    B. World Band and WHO
    C. World Bank and IMF
    D. IMF and FAO
5. Which of the following is true about Macro economics?
    A. It deals with the behavior of individual economic agents
    B. It deals with the working of the overall economy
    C. It deals with the activities of industrial sector
    D. It deals with traditional saving mechanisms

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Grade 12

Unit Nine

1. Which of the following is true?
    A. There is no relationship between saving and development
    B. Idir and Iqub are backward saving mechanisms that do not help individuals improve their lives
    C. Saving plays a crucial role in the development endeavors of countries like Ethiopia
    D. World Bank is the only global monetary organization
2. What does wise saving mean?
    A. Saving money even before satisfying your basic needs.
    B. Saving money after satisfying all your personal wants.
    C. Saving money after satisfying your basic needs.
    D. Saving money by reducing from your basic needs.

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Grade 12

Unit Nine

1. An international organization established after the Second World War to assist the reconstruction of Europe is:
    A. World Bank
    B. World Trade Organization
    C. Intergovernmental Development Authority
    D. International Monetary Fund
2. Economic policy is:
    A. a perspective derived from academic research.
    B. an annual plan of action of a particular project.
    C. a specific guideline for a day-to-day economic activity.
    D. a general direction for the economy of a country.
3. Which of the following assertion is correct about dependency?
    A. Wise economic policies and effective utilization of resources are essential to overcome dependency.
    B. Dependency at the individual level cannot affect the economy of a nation.
    C. Dependent persons have ample opportunities to socialize and gain prestige in society.
    D. The current world order does not allow poor countries to minimize their level of dependency.
4. Micro economics deals with:
    A. average per-capita income.
    B. the behavior of consumers.
    C. gross domestic product of a nation.
    D. rate of inflation in a given country
5. Which of the following is less important to promote a sustainable development in developing countries?
    A. Relying on Western innovation and technology.
    B. Promoting the culture of hardworking.
    C. Investing on human resource development.
    D. Developing effective policies and strategies.
6. The saving of a nation can be enhanced by:
    A. increasing the country's Gross Domestic Product.
    B. increasing the level of domestic consumption.
    C. encouraging the consumption of imported goods.

FALCON ACADAMY

D. discouraging the use of locally available products.

7. Which of the following is true about the command economy?
   A. Government plays an important role in controlling market transactions.
   B. Market forces play the major role in determining market prices.
   C. Producers and consumers have freedom of economic decision making.
   D. Economic principles uphold free trade and the removal of trade barriers.

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Grade 12

Unit Ten

1. A leader is said to be a motivating one if he/she is
   A. Feared and respected by all employees
   B. Willing to accept criticism made by employees
   C. Capable of doing a job wrongly done by employees
   D. Able to give employees a reason to work efficiently
2. What is the ultimate goal of Agriculture-led Industrialization /ADLI/ policy of the current Ethiopia government?
   A. Making Ethiopia self-reliant, developed country
   B. Making Ethiopia leading nation in industrial technology
   C. Making Ethiopia a leading country in the production of cereals
   D. Making Ethiopia the major producer of cash crops like coffee and chat

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Grade 12

Unit Ten

1. When do countries usually form closer relationship and create a forum for cooperation?
   A. When they have commonly shared objectives
   B. When they have strong, charismatic leaders
   C. When they have developed economies
   D. When they face social crisis
2. To motivate followers and effective leader should:
   A. be flexible enough to learn from works of others
   B. design plan of action and force others to accept it
   C. have vision and manage to impose it one followers
   D. have commitment for the objective of the task

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Grade 12

Unit Ten

1. A person who refuses to give military service on grounds of religion or other belief is
   A. Conscientious objector.
   B. Whistle blower
   C. Unpatriotic citizen
   D. Secret intelligence officer
2. Which of the following is a negative impact of globalization?
   A. Transfer of global information and knowledge
   B. Dependence of economically weak nations on the developed ones
   C. Market competition between economically weak and strong nations
   D. Advancement of technology
3. In what possible ways can students like you protect themselves from peer influence?
   A. By avoiding relations with peer groups
   B. By studying hard always
   C. By making planned activities
   D. By staying at home after school
4. Civic minded citizens serve their community wholeheartedly mainly to get
   A. Fame and recognition
   B. Monetary reward
   C. Appointment to public office
   D. Personal satisfaction
5. Identify the correct statement concerning HIV/AIDS from the given alternatives:
   A. HIV/AIDS has become a great obstacle against socio-economic development among societies
   B. The victims of HIV/AIDS can no longer contribute to the development endeavors of their respective nations
   C. Globalization and human mobility played their part in the expansion of HIV/AIDS

FALCON ACADAMY

D. HIV/AIDS is the only incurable disease

6. "In theory, markets in free market economies are regulated by the relationship between demand and supply". What does this statement imply?
   A. There could be other practical factors that regulate free market economy.
   B. Demand and supply exist only in the markets of free market economy.
   C. Other types of economies do not have a theory that regulates them.
   D. Free market economy is healthy because Demand and Supply grow equally.

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Grade 12

Unit eleven

1. What possible recommendation can be suggested to reduce the negative? Impacts of the widely known extravagant practices in Ethiopia?
   A. Avoiding traditional religious practices
   B. Introducing modern saving mechanisms
   C. Avoiding arbitrary, unplanned expenditure
   D. Prohibiting all traditional ceremonial practice
2. Scientific truth differs from other theories of truth in that they are
   A. Objective facts and remains of for everyone
   B. Accepted by society so far as they are desirable
   C. Derived from personal views about the universe
   D. Measured by their utility to individuals or groups
3. Which of the following is true about scientific research?
   A. Data collection and analysis are the easiest tasks in the process
   B. A theory or hypothesis is the final finding of any research activity
   C. The results of scientific research are irreversible at any circumstances
   D. Collecting and analyzing data involves a very careful testing to arrive at conclusion

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Grade 12

Unit eleven

1. According to pragmatic theory, truth:
   A. works for a given time and space
   B. has universal acceptance at a certain time
   C. transcends space but not time
   D. never changes from time to time

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Grade 12

Unit eleven

1. An assumption that serves as the basis of research is known as a,
   A. paradigm.
   B. perspective.
   C. hypothesis
   D. philosophy.
2. Which of the following matches the pragmatic theory of truth?
   A. Truth is measured based on its usefulness for a person other times.
   B. What is true at one time may not remain the same at other times.
   C. What is true in a given society may not be true in other societies.
   D. Truth depends upon objective facts that remain the same in space and time.
3. Which of the following is correct about the relativity of truth?
   A. Truth depends on objective facts.
   B. Truth is a universally accepted truth.
   C. Truth depends in time and space.
   D. Truth is measured based on it utility.

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