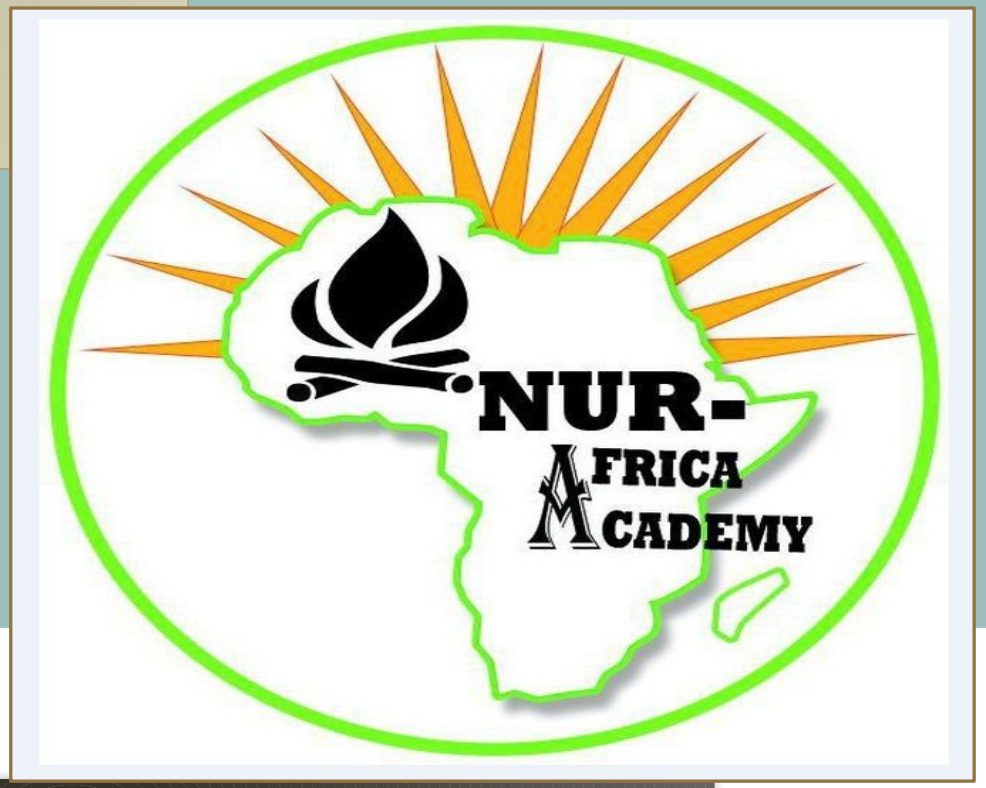
SOCIAL STUDIES GRADE3

Nur Africa Academy



Revision Note

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Petroleum Processing

oil is taken from the ground.

Refinery machine make the oil pure.

Rail ways, Trucks and ships and tankers are used to transport petroleum.

Oil in Ethiopia

Ethiopia does not produce oil inside the country.

Many scientists believe that Ethiopia had rich deposit of oil in the eastern part of Ethiopia.

Resource Conservation

The most important resource

- Water
- Soil
- Air
- Forest

Natural vegetation

Factors of Natural Vegetation

Natural factors

Human factors

Natural factors

A. Wild fire

High temperature in forest areas may cause forest fire.

B. disease

It may destroy vegetation on large areas.

Human factors

Deforestation

Overgrazing etc.

Conservation of Natural vegetation

protection the existing forest

Reforestation

Afforestation

Wise use of forest production

Educating the people

Unit Seven

Ethiopia

Ethiopia located in the eastern part of Africa.

Neighboring Countries of Ethiopia

Djibouti to the east

Kenya to the south

North Sudan to the west

Eritrea to the North east

Somalia to the south east

Land forms of Ethiopia

The land forms in Ethiopia vary from highland to lowlands.

The highest mountain is Ras Dashen/4,620 meters above sea level/found in Gonder.

The lowest place is Dallol(116 meters below sea level) found in Afar region.

Some of the mountains

Mount Ras Dashen

Mount Amba

Mount Guna

Mount kolo

Mount Abuye meda etc.

Some of the low lands

The Tekeze low land

The Baro akobo low land

The Gibe low land

Wabishebele low land

Water Bodies of Ethiopia

The water bodies are classified in to oceans,seas,lakes and rivers etc.

Oceans

Oceans are very large and widely distributed on the surface of the earth.

Seas are smaller compared to oceans.

Lakes and Rivers

A lake is water that is collected in a low lying area and totally surrounded by land.

A river on the land is water flowing in a natural channel from a higher area to lower area.

Major rivers of Ethiopia

Abbay Ghenale

Tekeze Baro

Wabishebele Awash

Ghibe

Uses of Rivers

Irrigation

Hydro electricity

Fishing

Recreation

Lakes of Ethiopia

Lake shalla

Lake Wunchi

Lake ziway

Lake Ashenge

Lake Abaya

Lake Tana

Lake Tana is the largest lake in Ethiopia

Unit Eight

The Government and The people

The Constitution right and responsibility

The Constitution states how the country should be governed lays do the powers of the government. Ethiopia is a sovereign country.

Democratic Government is "a Government of the people and for the people. Democracy is based on the principles of freedom and Equality.

The fundamental rights of a citizen are:-

The freedom of expression of our views and opinions

The right to Assembly and holding meetings peacefully

The right to form and become members of association and unions

The fundamental duties of a citizen are:-

Follow the ideas set by the constitution

Respect the national flag and anthem

Protect public property etc.

Some of the duties of government are:-

Should provide improve the standard of living of the people providing better amenities

Should ensure that a few people do not become rich the cost of others

Should get equal payment for equal work etc.