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D. Fairness and equality are the main principles in order to bringing social justices.

3. **Except** one all are the main role of state in minimal state?
   A. Protecting individuals from coercion and theft.
   B. Defending the country from foreign aggression.
   C. Ensuring whether the agreements made between individuals are enforced or not.
   D. states intervene with a view to bringing about broader social restructuring
4. All of the followings are the reasons why should we value democracy ***except one.***
   A. To treat all citizens equally
   B. To meet popular needs
   C. Resolving differences through discussion and compromise
   D. Protecting human rights
   E. All F. None of the above
5. Which of the following rights are not included under non-derogability of human rights according ICCPR?
   A. Freedom from slavery C. Freedom from torture
   B. Right against arbitrary deprivation of life D. The right to movement
6. Which one of the following is true about republican school of thoughts regarding citizenships?
   A. It emphasis on both individual and group rights
   B. Taking equality of citizenship rights as a starting point
   C. Identity and culture are not a priori foundations for citizenship.
   D. Identity and culture are prior foundations for citizenship
7. All of the followings are the roles of media in democratization process **except one.**
   A. Informing the public
   B. Providing broad policy options and programs to the people
   C. Providing a forum for political debate
   D. Acting as channel for public opinion and popular pressure
   E. None of the above.
8. Which one of the following is **false** about the 1987 PDRE constitution?
   A. It recognized equality of nationalities and respect for languages and cultures.
   B. It introduced secularism
   C. It introduced multi-party system
   D. It aimed at the principles of Marxist and Leninist ideology

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9. Emperor Haile Selassie revised the first modern constitution of Ethiopia for the following reasons **except one.**
   A. Socio-economic changes and progresses
   B. Incorporation of Eritrea under Ethiopian crown
   C. Strong demands of Emperor to share his power to provinces
   D. Strong pressure from educated persons of Ethiopia
10. Among the following options which one is **odd** regarding a foreigner who is married to an Ethiopian national to acquire Ethiopian nationality by law if:
   A. The marriage is concluded in accordance with the Ethiopian law
   B. There is a lapse of at least two years since the conclusion of the marriage
   C. The marriage is concluded in accordance with the laws of any other country where the marriage is contracted
   D. He has to live in Ethiopia for at least three years preceding the submission of his application
   E. Renunciation and letter of releasing the previous country nationality of the foreigners
11. According to substantive view of democracy,
   A. The outcome of elections is representative of the people.
   B. Everyone should participate in government decision making
   C. Government policies should guarantee civil liberties and civil rights
   D. Focuses on the principle of political equality.
   E. A and C F. B and D
12. Which of the following is **true** about first generation rights?
   A. The realization of first generation rights require state abstention
   B. The realization of first generation rights require state intervention
   C. The state has only positive obligation to realizing this rights
   D. The state has retrogressive measures to protecting this rights
13. In any society, people are bound to have a difference of opinions and interests. Which is a better way of dealing with these conflicts?
   A. By brutal power exercised by the government
   B. By allowing one group to dictate terms to others
   C. By providing equal opportunities to all
   D. By opting for a strong leader who should have all the powers.

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14. According to Liberal citizenship thought:

A. Individuals should be free to decide on their own conception of the good life

B. Individual citizens act rationally to advance their own interests

C. Citizenship cannot be defined based on shared identity or a common culture

D. Privileging individual autonomy is seen as destructive of communities

E. All except 'D' F. None of the above

15. In which category of human rights do the full realization of rights depends on the available resources and favorable conditions of the state?

A. Civil and political rights. C. Economic, social and cultural rights.

B. Peace, environment and developments rights. D. Fraternity rights.

16. According to pro.No.378/2003 of Ethiopian Nationality Law, any Ethiopian national can lose his/her Ethiopian citizenship right if

A. He/she is citizenship of other country

B. He /she returns to domicile in Ethiopia

C. He/she applies to the authority for re-admission

D. He/she has not attained the age of majority

17. Which one of the following is **not** the common feature of the 1931 and 1955 constitution?

A. Both have legalized the Solomonic dynasty as a means of power

B. Both have recognized absolute power of the king over the others

C. Both have vested the Emperor power over the local provinces

D. Both have inculcated the wide range of human rights of subjects

18. The 1995 FDRE Constitution is different from previous constitution in terms of all of the followings except,

A. Structure of the state- unitary system

B. Structure of the state-federalism

C. Form of government- presidential system

D. Human rights provision-very limited discussion

Hypothetical Case

***Question 19-20* are based on the following Hypothetical Case**

Fabianski Antonio is an Engineer who is working in Great Ethiopian Renaissance Dam (GERD) hydroelectric power project being constructed by an Italian Company, Salini Construction. Engineer

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,bianski Antonio was pleased with beauty and cultural diversity of Ethiopian societies and he has a good relations and interactions with local communities in Guba woreda in Benshangul Gumuz National regional state. In the meantime, Engineer **Fabianski Antonio**, married Ethiopian national named **'Hawi Roba'** and they got birth of one female and leading a happy and a joyful life. Now Mr. **Fabianski** is working as outstanding Engineers' and he can speak 'Amharic' language as Ethiopian citizens.

19. *Which of the following is* **correct** about **Engineer Fabianski Antonio** according to the above case?
   A. He can acquire Ethiopian citizenship by Principles of '*Jus sanguineous*'
   B. He can acquire Ethiopian citizenship by Principles of '*Jus soli*'
   C. He can acquire Ethiopian citizenship by marriage
   D. He cannot acquire Ethiopian citizenship because he is an Italian
   E. A and B

20. Assume that Engineer **Fabianski** is granted Ethiopian citizenship due to his permanent residence in Ethiopian territory while working in Great Ethiopian Renaissance Dam (GERD) hydroelectric power project, this way of acquiring citizenship is called?
   A. Appointment as gov't official
   B. Acquisition of domicile
   C. Grant (giranti) on application
   D. Citizenship by Political Case

Part III: Human rights have several features that are used to determine human right difference from others rights. Therefore, match the basic features of human under column `A` with their appropriate descriptions under column `B` (1.5 pts each)

Column "A"	**Column "B"**
1. Universal	A. human right cannot taken away
2. Inalienable	B. human rights cannot be treated in isolation
3. Eternal	C. human rights belong to all human being
4. Not absolute	D. human rights should be treated without prejudice
5. Non-discrimination	E. human rights dependent one anther
6. Indivisible	F. human Rights are subjected to restrictions
7. Intereonnected	G .human rights continue to exist from born to death

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Part II: Match the theories and roles of the states under column 'A' with the most appropriate characteristics of each state under column 'B' (1.5 pts. Each)

"A"	"B"
1. Minimal States C	A) The state brings not only the economy, but also education, culture, religion, family life under direct state control.
2. Developmental States K	B) The states intervene to bringing about broader social restructuring, usually in accordance with principles such as fairness, equality and social justice.
3. Social democratic State B	C) The state acts as a night watchman, (protective body)
4. Collectivized States D	D) The states that bring the entirety of economic life under state control.
5. Totalitarian States A	E) State is seen as a neutral arbitrator amongst the competing groups and individuals in the society.
6. Pluralist states B E	F) The state cannot be understood separately from the economic structure of the society that depends on Marxist approach.
7. Capitalist states F	G) The state pursues the interests that are separate from the interests of the society that are demand side pressures to it.
8. Leviathan states G	H) The state is seen as an instrument to seize control of politics through moral and spiritual views.
9. Patriarchal states I	I) The state power reflects a deeper structure of oppression that men dominating the public affairs by excluding women
10. Religious states H	J) Rights entail the absence of a power in other party to alter the right-holder's normative situation in some way.
	K) The state that intervenes in economic life with the specific purpose (promoting industrial growth and economic development)

V: Write a short answer for the following questions (7 pts total)

What are the main actors of the democratization process based on your course module? (3pts)

Mention the four components of the rights according to Hohfeld 1978? (4pts)

Answer Sheet

Name: FEYERI ALEMU AZAGNI ID. No. 3928 Stream S-1 Sec. 2 Exam R 122

Part I True/False

1. False
2. True
3. True
4. True
5. False
6. False
7. False

Part II Multiple Choice

1. D
2. A
3. D
4. E
5. F
6. C
7. D
8. A
9. A
10. A
11. D
12. D
13. C
14. C

Part III Matching Item

1. C
2. K
3. B
4. D
5. A
6. E
7. F
8. G
9. I
10. H

Part IV Short Answer

1a. political Parties
1b. Civil Societies and
1c. mass Media
2a. liberal
2b. claim
2c. immunity and
2d. power

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