Heaven and Hell

by Emanuel Swedenborg

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HEAVEN & HELL

a. On the close of the age as the last time of the church: 4535, 10672 *[10622].*
b. For explanations of what the Lord said in Matthew 24 and 25 about the close of the age, his coming, and thus the gradual destruction of the church and the Last Judgment, see the material prefaced to chapters 5–24 *[26–40]* of Genesis. In particular, see 3353–3356, 3486–3489, 3650–3655,
3751–3759 *[3751–3757],* 3897–3901, 4056–4060, 4129–4231 *[4229–4231],* 4332–4335, 4422–4424,
[4535,] 4635–4638, 4661–4664, 4807–4810, 4954–4959, 5063–5071.

[Author's Preface]

IN the twenty-fourth chapter of Matthew, we find the Lord[1] talking to his disciples about the close of the age, the last time of the church.[a,*,2] At the end of his prophecies concerning the sequence of states of its love
and faith,[b,3] he says:

Immediately after the suffering of those days, the sun will be darkened and the moon will not give its light, and the stars will fall from heaven, and the powers of the heavens will be shaken. And then the sign of the Human-born One[4] will appear in heaven, and then all the tribes of the

earth will lament. And they will see the Human-born One coming in the clouds of heaven with power and great glory. And he will send his angels with a trumpet and a loud voice, and they will gather his chosen ones from the four winds, from one end of the heavens all the way to the other end. (Matthew 24:29–31)5

When people understand these words according to their literal meaning,
they can only believe that all these things are going to happen just as this meaning describes them, at that end of time called the Last Judgment.

6 This does not mean only that the sun and moon will be darkened and that the stars will fall from heaven, that the sign of the Lord will appear
in heaven, and that he will be seen in the clouds with angels blowing trumpets. It also includes matters prophesied elsewhere, statements that
the whole visible world is going to be destroyed and that afterward a new
heaven and a new earth will come into being.

* Swedenborg's footnotes, indicated by superscript letters, comprise references to his previously
published *Secrets of Heaven* (1749–1756). Endnotes, containing information helpful to the reader,
are indicated by superscript numbers. Text citations in both series of notes refer to Swedenborg's
section numbers. See the list of short titles and other conventions on pages 79–84 above. [GFD]

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c. There is deeper meaning in every detail of the Word: 1143, 1984, 2135, 2333, 2395, 2495, 4442,
9049, 9086.
d. The Word is composed using pure correspondences, so that its every detail points to something
spiritual: 1404, 1408, 1409, 1540, 1619, 1659, 1709, 1783, 2900, 9086.
e. The sun in the Word means the Lord in respect to love, and therefore love for the Lord: 1529, 1837, 2441, 2495, 4060, 4696, 4996 *[4966],* 7083, 10809.
f. The moon in the Word means the Lord in respect to faith, and therefore faith in the Lord: 1529, 1530, 2495, 4060, 4996 *[4696],* 7083.
g. Stars in the Word mean insights into what is good and true: 2495, 2849, 4697.
h. Tribes mean all true and good elements in a single complex, or all elements of faith and love: 3858, 3926, 4060, 6335.
i. The Lord's coming is his presence in the Word, and revelation: 3900, 4060.
j. Clouds in the Word mean the Word in the letter or its literal meaning: 4060, 4391, 5922, 6343,
6752, 8106, 8781, 9430, 10551, 10574.
k. Glory in the Word means divine truth as it is in heaven and in the inner meaning of the Word: 4809, 5292 *[?],* 5922, 8267, 8427, 9429, 10574.
l. The trumpet or horn means divine truth in heaven and revealed from heaven: 8815, 8823, 8915.
"Voice" has the same meaning: 6971, 9926.

Many people in the church these days are of this opinion.7 However, people who believe such things are not aware of the hidden depths that lie within the details of the Word.8 There is in fact spiritual meaning in

these details, for they intend not only the outward and earthly events that we find on the literal level but spiritual and heavenly events as well.

This holds true not just for the meaning of phrases but even for each word.[c]

The Word is in fact written in pure correspondences[d,9] so that there may be deeper meaning in the details. Questions about the nature of this meaning can be resolved by all the things I have set forth about it in *Secrets of Heaven.*[10] A selection of these may be found also in my explanation of the white horse in the Book of Revelation.[11] It is in this deeper sense that we are to understand what the Lord said in the passage just cited about coming in the clouds of heaven. The sun that will be darkened means the Lord in respect to love,[e] the moon means the Lord in respect to faith.[f] The stars mean insights into what is good and true, or into love and faith.[g] The sign of the Human-born One in heaven means the appearing of divine truth. The wailing tribes of earth mean all the elements of what is true and good, or of faith and love.[h] The Lord's coming in the clouds of heaven with power and great glory means his presence in the Word, and revelation.[i] The clouds refer to the literal meaning of the Word[j] and the glory to the Word's inner meaning.[k] The angels with a trumpet and a loud voice mean heaven, which is where divine truth comes from.[l]

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This enables us to see what these words of the Lord mean. They mean that at the end of the church, when there is no longer any love and therefore no longer any faith, the Lord will open the Word by disclosing its deeper meaning and will reveal the heavenly contents hidden[12] within it. The particular hidden contents to be disclosed in the pages that follow have to do with heaven and hell and with our own life after death.

Church people these days[13] know practically nothing about heaven and hell or their life after death, even though there are descriptions of everything available to them in the Word. In fact, many who have been born in the church deny all this. In their hearts they are asking who has ever come back to tell us about it.

To prevent this negative attitude—especially prevalent among people who have acquired a great deal of worldly wisdom—from infecting and corrupting people of simple heart and simple faith, it has been granted me to be with angels and to talk with them person to person. I have also

been enabled to see what is in heaven and in hell, a process that has been
going on for thirteen years. Now I am being allowed therefore to describe
what I have heard and seen, in the hopes of shedding light where there is
ignorance, and of dispelling skepticism.
The reason this kind of direct revelation is taking place today is that this is what the Coming of the Lord means.[14]

The Lord is God of Heaven

FIRST and foremost, we need to know who the God of heaven is, since everything else depends on this. Throughout the whole of heaven, no one is acknowledged as God of heaven except the Lord.[15] Angels
say what he himself taught, namely that he is one with the Father, that the Father is in him and he in the Father, that anyone who sees him
sees the Father, and that everything holy emanates from him (John 10:30, 38; 14:9–11;[16] 16:13–15). I have often talked with angels about this,
and their consistent testimony has been that in heaven they cannot divide
the Divine[17] into three because they both know and perceive that

a. In the other life, Christians have been examined to find out what kind of concept of God they had, and it has turned out that they had a concept of three gods: 2329, 5256, 10736, 10738, 10821.
On the recognition in heaven of a trinity within the Lord: 14, 15, 1729, 2005, 5256, 9303.
the Divine is one and that this “one” is in the Lord. They have also told me that when people arrive from earth with the idea of three divine beings
they cannot be admitted to heaven. This is because their thinking vacillates between one opinion and the other, and in heaven they are not
allowed[18] to think “three” and say “one.”[a,19]
In heaven people actually speak directly from their thought, so that we have there a kind of thoughtful speech or audible thought. This means that if people have divided the Divine into three in the world and held a separate image of each one without gathering and focusing these three into one, they cannot be accepted. In heaven, there is a communication
of all thoughts, so if people arrive who think “three” and say “one,” they are recognized immediately for what they are and are sent away.
Still, it needs to be realized that in the other life any people who have

not put “good” in one compartment and “true” in another—who have not separated faith from love—accept the heavenly concept of the Lord as God of the universe once they have been taught. It is different, though, with people who have separated their faith from their lives, that is, who have not lived by the guiding principles of true faith.

If people within the church have ignored the Lord and recognized only the Father and have closed their minds to other thoughts, they are outside heaven. Since they do not receive any inflow[20] from heaven, where the Lord alone is worshiped, they gradually lose their ability to ponder the truth of one thing after another. Eventually they either become speechless or inarticulate. They walk around aimlessly with their arms hanging down loosely as though all the strength had gone from their joints.

On the other hand, people who have denied the Lord’s divine nature and have recognized only his human nature (like the Socinians)[21] are also excluded from heaven. They are taken a little way forward to the right[22] and are let down into the depths, which completely separates them from the Christian realm. Then too, there are people who claim to believe in an invisible Divine called the Being of the Universe and reject any faith in the Lord. When they are examined, it turns out that they do not believe in any god at all, since this invisible Divine of theirs is actually like the first principles of nature. This is incompatible with faith and love,

b. A Divine Being that cannot be grasped in any concept cannot be accepted by faith: 5110, 5633 *[5663],* 6982, 6996, 7004, 7211, 9359 *[perhaps 9356],* 9972, 10067.

c. The whole of heaven belongs to the Lord: 2751, 7086. Power in the heavens and on earth belongs to him: 1607, 10089, 10827. Because the Lord governs heaven, he also governs everything that depends on heaven, which means everything in this world: 2026, 2027, 4523, 4524. Only the Lord has the power to banish the hells, restrain people from evils, and keep them engaged in what is good—the power therefore to save: 10019.

because it eludes [actual] thought.[b] These people are banished to the company of those called materialists.[23]

Things happen differently for people who are born outside the church, the ones we call non-Christians. We will discuss them later.[24]

All little children (and these make up a third part of heaven) are led first into an acknowledgment and belief that the Lord is their father. Later they are brought into an acknowledgment and belief that he is Lord of all, which means God of heaven and earth. It will be made clear below that little children mature in heaven and by means of insights[25] are

brought into full angelic intelligence and wisdom.[26]

There can be no doubt among church people that the Lord is God of heaven, because he himself teaches that everything of the Father's belongs to him (Matthew 11:27; John 16:15; 17:2) and that he has all power in heaven and on earth (Matthew 28:18). It says "in heaven and on earth" because the ruler of heaven rules earth as well, the one actually depending on the other.[c] His "ruling heaven and earth" means our accepting from him everything good that is intrinsic to love and everything true that is intrinsic to faith. It therefore means accepting all intelligence and wisdom, and thus all happiness—in short, eternal life.

This too the Lord teaches when he says, "Whoever believes in the Son has eternal life; but whoever does not trust the Son will not see life" (John 3:36). Or again, he says, "I am the resurrection and the life. Whoever believes in me, even though he dies, will be alive, and whoever lives and believes in me will not die to eternity" (John 11:25–26).[27] Or again, "I am the way, the truth, and the life" (John 14:6).

There were some spirits who had acknowledged the Father but whose only concept of the Lord had been that he was a human being like everyone else. This meant they did not believe that he was the God of heaven. As a result, they were allowed to travel here and there and to ask at will whether there was a heaven that did not belong to the Lord. They asked around for some days without finding any.

a. Angels recognize that everything good comes from the Lord and nothing from themselves, and that the Lord dwells within them in what is his own and not in anything that they can claim as their own: 9338, 10125, 10151, 10157. Consequently, "angels" in the Word mean something that belongs to the Lord: 1925, 2821, 3093, 4085, 8192, 10528. Because of their acceptance of the Divine from the Lord, angels are called gods: 4295, 4402, 7268, 7873, 8301, 8192. In fact, the Lord is the source of everything that is really good and everything that is really true—of all peace, love, thoughtfulness, and faith: 1614, 2016, 2751, 2882, 2883, 2891, 2892, 2904. He is also the source of all wisdom and intelligence: 109, 112, 121, 124.

They were people who placed happiness in glory and in being in control, and since they could not get what they craved and were told that such feelings were not part of heaven, they felt insulted. They wanted a

heaven where they could lord it over others and excel in the kind of glory
they had had in this world.

It Is the Lord's Divine Nature That Makes Heaven

WHILE we call the total assemblage of angels heaven because they do make it up, what really makes heaven overall and in every specific instance is the divine nature that emanates from the Lord, flowing into angels and accepted by them. The divine nature that emanates from
the Lord is the good intrinsic to love and the truth intrinsic to faith. The amount angels accept from the Lord of what is good and what is true determines
the extent to which they are angels and are heaven.

Everyone in the heavens knows, believes, and even perceives that nothing good is intended and done by the self and that nothing true is thought and believed by the self. Everything comes from the Divine, which means from the Lord. Anything good and true from the self is not good or true, because there is no life from the Divine within it. Angels of
the central[28] heaven perceive and feel the inflow distinctly. The more they accept, the more they seem to be in heaven, because they are more
fully absorbed in love and faith, in the light of intelligence and wisdom, and in the heavenly joy that results. Once we see that all these qualities emanate from the Lord's divine nature, we can see that the Lord's divine
nature makes heaven. It is not anything the angels do with a sense of ownership.[a]

b. People in heaven are described as being in the Lord: 3637, 3638.

c. Good from the Lord has the Lord within it, but good attributed to oneself does not: 1802, 3951,
8478.

This is why in the Word heaven is called the Lord's dwelling and his throne. It is why the people who live there are described as being "in the
Lord."[b] We will explain later how the divine emanates from the Lord and fills heaven.[29]

In their wisdom, angels press on even further. They say that it is not just everything good and true that comes from the Lord, but every bit of life as well. They support this by pointing out that nothing can come into being from itself. Everything presupposes something prior. This means that everything has come into being from a First, which they call

the essential reality of the life of everything. Everything endures in the same way, too, because enduring is a constant coming into being.[30] If anything were not kept in constant connection with the First,[31] through intermediate means, it would instantly collapse and disintegrate. They add that there is only one single wellspring of life, with human life as one
stream flowing from it. If it were not constantly supplied from its wellspring,
it would immediately peter out.

[2] Still further, they say that nothing flows from that unique wellspring of life, the Lord, that is not divinely good and divinely true. These affect every individual according to the way they are accepted. People who accept them into their faith and life are in heaven, while people who
reject or stifle them transform them into hell. They actually change what
is good into evil and what is true into falsity—life into death.

Angels also support their belief that the Lord is the source of eve ry bit of life by observing that eve rything in the universe goes back to what is good and true. Our volitional life, the life of our love, goes back to what is good, while our cognitive life, the life of our faith, goes back to what is true. Since eve rything good and true comes to us f rom above, it follows that this is the source of all of our life.

[3] Because angels believe this, they decline any thanks offered them for the good they do. In fact they feel hurt and withdraw if anyone gives them credit for anything good. It bewilders them to discover that people can believe they are wise on their own or do good on their own. Doing good for one's own sake, in their language, cannot be called "good," because
it stems from self. Doing good for its own sake is what they call "good from the Divine." This, they say, is the kind of good that makes heaven, because this kind of good is the Lord.[c]

Spirits who during their earthly lives had convinced themselves that they were the sources of the good they did and the truth they believed, or
who had claimed these virtues as their own, are not accepted into heaven.

This is the belief of all those who place merit in good deeds and claim to be righteous. Angels avoid them. They regard them as stupid and as thieves—stupid because they are constantly looking at themselves and not at the Divine, and thieves because they take from the Lord what is actually his. They stand in opposition to heaven's belief that the Lord's divine nature in angels is what makes heaven.

If people are in heaven or in the church, they are in the Lord and the

Lord is in them. This is what the Lord taught when he said, “Abide in me, and I in you; as the branch cannot bear fruit by itself, unless it abides
in the vine, neither can you unless you abide in me. I am the vine, you are the branches. Those who abide in me and I in them will bear much fruit; because without me you can do nothing” (John 15:4–7 *[4–5]*).
This allows us finally to conclude that the Lord dwells in angels in what belongs to himself, and therefore that the Lord is the sum and substance
of heaven. This is because the good from the Lord is the Lord within and among them, since what comes from him is himself. Accordingly,
the good from the Lord, and not anything of their own, is heaven for angels.

The Lord’s Divine Nature in Heaven Is Love for Him and Thoughtfulness[32] toward One’s Neighbor

In h e a ven, the divine nature that emanates from the Lord is called divine
t ruth, for reasons that will be given below. This divine truth flows into h e a ven from the Lord, out of his divine love. Divine love and the divine
t ruth that derives from it are like the sun’s fire and the light that comes
f rom it in our world. The love is like the sun’s fire, and the deriva t i ve tru t h

a. In the Word, fire means love in both senses [that is, love for good and for evil]: 934, 4906, 5215;
holy and heavenly fire means divine love and every affection that belongs to it: 934, 6314, 6832;
the derivative light means the truth that flows from the good of love, and light in heaven is divine
truth: 3395 *[3195],* 3485, 3636, 3643, 3993, 4302, 4413, 9548, 9684.
b. Love is the fire of life, and life itself actually comes from love: 4906, 5071, 6032, 6314.

is like the light from the sun. By reason of correspondence, fire means love
and light means the truth that flows from it.[a]
This enables us to determine the character of the divine truth that emanates from divine love: in its essence, it is divine good united to divine
truth, and because it is united, it gives life to everything in heaven the way the warmth of the sun, united to its light, makes everything

fruitful on earth in spring and summer. It is different when the warmth is
not united to light, when the light is therefore cold. Then everything slows down and lies there, snuffed out.
The divine good we have compared to warmth is the good of love within and among angels, and the divine truth we have compared to light is the means and the source of this good of love.
The reason the Divine in heaven (which in fact makes heaven) is love is that love is spiritual union. It unites angels to the Lord and unites them with each other. It does this so thoroughly that in the Lord's sight they are
like a single being.[33] Further, love is the essential reality of every individual
life. It is there for the source of the life of angels and the life of people here.
Anyone who weighs the matter will discover that love is our vital core. We
grow warm because of its presence and cold because of its absence, and
when it is completely gone, we die.[b] We do need to realize, though, that it
is the quality of our love that determines the quality of this life.[34]
There are two quite distinguishable loves in heaven—love for the Lord and love for our neighbor. Love for the Lord is characteristic of the
third or central heaven, while love for our neighbor is characteristic of the second or intermediate heaven.[35] Both come from the Lord, and each
one makes a heaven.
In heaven's light, it is easy to see how these two loves differ and how they unite, but this can be seen only dimly in our world. In heaven, "loving
the Lord" does not mean loving him for the image he projects[36] but loving the good that comes from him. Further, "loving one's neighbor" does not mean loving companions for the images they project but loving the truth that comes from the Word. Loving the truth is intending and

c. Loving the Lord and our neighbor means living according to the Lord's laws: 10143, 10153, 10310, 10578, 10648.
d. Loving one's neighbor is not loving the image he or she projects but loving what is within one's neighbor and is therefore one's neighbor's source, namely the good and the true: 5025 *[5028],* 10336; if people love the individual and not what is within the individual and is therefore
the source of the individual, they love the evil as much as the good: 3820; thoughtfulness is intending
what is true and being influenced by things true for their own sake: 3876, 3877; thoughtfulness

toward one's neighbor is doing what is good, fair, and honest in every task and in every office: 8120, 8121, 8122.
e. On angels as forms of thoughtfulness: 3804, 4735, 4797, 4985, 5199, 5530, 9879, 10177.
doing it. We can therefore see that these two loves differ the way "good"
and "true" differ and unite the way these two unite.c
All this, though, will not conform to the notions of anyone who does not know what love is, what the good is, and what the neighbor is.d
I have talked with angels about this on a number of occasions. They have expressed their astonishment that church people do not know that to love the Lord and to love one's neighbor is to love what is good and true and to do them intentionally. They should realize, though, that we demonstrate our love by intending and doing what someone else wants. This is how we become loved in return—not by "loving the other" and not doing what that other wants; in essence, that is not loving at all. They should also realize that the good that comes from the Lord is the Lord's own likeness because he is within it. We become likenesses of him
and are united to him when we make what is good and what is true matters
of our lives by doing them intentionally, since intending something is loving to do it. The Lord teaches that this is true when he says, "Those
who have my commandments and do them are the ones who love me, and I will love them and make my dwelling with them" (John 14:21, 23);37 and again, "If you keep my commandments, you will abide in my love" (John 15:10, 12).38
All my experience in heaven bears witness to the fact that the divine nature that comes from the Lord, affects angels, and constitutes heaven,
is love. In fact, all the people there are forms of love and thoughtfulness.
They look indescribably beautiful. Love radiates from their faces, from their speech, from every detail of their behavior.e
Further, there are surrounding auras39 of spiritual life that emanate from every angel and from every spirit and envelop them. By means of these auras one can recognize even from a distance the quality of the affections of their loves, since these auras flow out from the life of their affection and consequent thought—that is, from the life of their love and

f. A spiritual aura that is an aura of life flows out in waves from every person, every spirit, and every angel and clings to them: 4464, 5179, 7454, 8630. It flows out from the life of their affection
and consequent thought: 2489, 4464, 6206.

g. Spirits and angels are constantly turning in the direction of their loves, which means that people in the heavens are constantly turning toward the Lord: 10130, 10189, 10420, 10702. Geographical regions in the other life depend for particular individuals on the direction they are facing; this is what draws their boundaries, unlike the situation in the physical world: 10130, 10189, 10420, 10702.

h. Love includes countless elements, and welcomes into itself everything that is in harmony with it: 2500, 2572, 3078, 3189, 6323, 7490, 7750.

consequent faith. The auras that emanate from angels are so full of love that they touch the deepest reaches of life of the people they meet. I have been aware of them a number of times, and they have moved me deeply.[f]

I have been able to see that love was the source of angels' life because all the people in the other life turn in a direction determined by their own love. People engaged in a love for the Lord and a love for their neighbor are constantly turning toward the Lord, while people who are engaged in self-love are constantly turning their backs to the Lord. This holds true no matter which way they turn, since in the other life spatial relationships are determined by people's inner natures. These also determine geographical regions, whose boundaries are not drawn the way they are in the physical world but depend on which way people are facing. Actually, it is not angels who turn to the Lord but the Lord who turns toward himself the people who love to do whatever has its source in him.[g,40] But there will be more on this subject below, when we discuss geographical regions in the other life.[41]

The reason the Lord's divine nature in heaven is love is that love is what is receptive of every heavenly quality—that is, of peace, intelligence, wisdom, and happiness. Love is receptive of everything that is in harmony with it. It longs for such things, it seeks them out, it absorbs them spontaneously because it has the constant purpose of uniting itself with them and being enriched by them.[h] People actually recognize this fact, since the love within them surveys memory, so to speak, and draws out from it the items that agree with it. It gathers these together and arranges them within and beneath itself—within itself so that it may possess them and beneath itself so that they may serve it. It discards and eradicates, though, the items that do not agree with it.[42]

I have been able to see very clearly that love has a full, intrinsic ability to accept elements of truth that suit it and has also a desire of uniting them to itself. This has become clear from observing people who have

been transported into heaven. Even people who were simple folk in this world have arrived at angelic wisdom and heavenly happiness in the company of angels. This was because they loved what is good and true for the sake of what is good and true. They had grafted these qualities into their lives and had thereby become capable of accepting heaven and
all its indescribable riches.
People caught up in love for themselves and for the world, however, have no such receptive ability. They turn away from such things, discard
them, and at their first touch or inflow try to escape them. They ally themselves with people in hell who are caught up in loves like their own.
There were some spirits who doubted that love was so full and wanted to know whether this was really true. In order that they might find out, they were let into a state of heavenly love with all obstacles removed
and were brought forward a considerable distance to an angelic heaven. They talked with me from there and told me that they felt deeper happiness than words could express, sorrowing that they would have to return to their former state. Other people as well have been raised
into heaven, and the deeper or higher they have been taken, the deeper and higher they have penetrated into intelligence and wisdom, becoming
able to grasp things that were incomprehensible to them before. We can
see from this that the love that emanates from the Lord is open to heaven
and all its riches.
We can conclude that love for the Lord and love for our neighbor embrace within themselves everything that is true from the Divine because
this follows from what the Lord himself said about these two loves: “You shall love your God with all your heart and with all your soul: this is the greatest and first commandment. The second, which is like it, is that you should love your neighbor as yourself. On these two commandments
depend the Law and the Prophets” (Matthew 22:37–40). The Law and the Prophets are the whole Word, which means all divine truth.

a. There is an infinite variety, and nothing can ever be identical to anything else: 7236, 9002. There is an infinite variety in heaven as well: 684, 690, 3744, 5598, 7236. The varieties in heaven

are varieties of what is good: 3744, 4005, 7236, 7833, 7836, 9002. By this means all the communities
in heaven and every angel in a community are distinguishable from each other: 690, 3241, 3519, 3804, 3986, 4067, 4149, 4263, 7236, 7833, 7836. Still, they all form one entity by means of
love from the Lord: 457, 3986.
b. Overall, heaven is divided into two kingdoms, a heavenly kingdom and a spiritual kingdom: 3887, 4138. Angels of the heavenly kingdom accept the Lord's divine [nature] in their volitional side, and therefore more deeply than do spiritual angels, who accept it into their cognitive side: 5113, 6367, 8521, 9935 *[9915],* 9995, 10124.
c. The heavens that constitute the heavenly kingdom are called "higher," while those that consti-
tute the spiritual kingdom are called "lower": 10068.
d. Deeper matters are expressed as higher, and higher matters as deeper: 2148, 3084, 4599, 5146,
8325.

Heaven Is Divided into Two Kingdoms

SINCE there are infinite varieties in heaven—since no community and
in fact no individual is just like any other[a]—heaven is therefore divided overall, more specifically, and in detail. Overall, it is divided into two kingdoms, more specifically into three heavens, and in detail into countless communities.[43]We will now discuss the details. They are called
"kingdoms" because heaven is called "the kingdom of God."
There are angels who accept the divine nature that emanates from the Lord on a deeper level and angels who accept it less deeply. The ones
who accept it more deeply are called heavenly angels, and the ones who accept it less deeply are called spiritual angels. Heaven is therefore divided
into two kingdoms, one called the heavenly kingdom[44] and the other called the spiritual kingdom.[b]
Because the angels who make up the heavenly kingdom accept the Lord's divine nature on a deeper level, they are called more inward or higher angels. The heavens they constitute are therefore called more inward
or higher heavens.[c]We use the words "higher" and "lower" as a way of referring to more inward things and more outward things.[d,45]
The love that envelops people in the heavenly kingdom is called heavenly love, and the love that envelops people in the spiritual kingdom
is called spiritual love. Heavenly love is love for the Lord, and spiritual love is thoughtfulness toward one's neighbor. Further, since all "good" is

e. The good of the heavenly kingdom is the good of love for the Lord, and the good of the spiritual kingdom is the good of thoughtfulness toward one's neighbor: 3691, 6435, 9468, 9680, 9683, 9780.
f. Heavenly angels are far wiser than spiritual angels: 2718, 9995. On the nature of the difference between heavenly angels and spiritual angels: 2088, 2669, 2708, 2715, 3235, 3240, 4788, 7068, 8121 *[8521],* 9277, 10295.
g. Heavenly angels do not reason about truths of faith because they grasp them within themselves, while spiritual angels do reason about whether they are true or not: 202, 337, 597, 607, 784, 1121, 1387 *[1384],* 1398 *[1385, 1394],* 1919, 3246, 4448, 7680, 7877, 8780, 9277, 10786.

a matter of love (since whatever we love is good in our estimation), the good of the one kingdom is called heavenly and the good of the other, spiritual. We can see from this the way in which these two kingdoms are distinguished from each other: namely, that it is like the way the good of love for the Lord is distinguished from the good of thoughtfulness toward our neighbor.[e] Since the former good is a deeper good and the former love is a deeper love, heavenly angels are more inward angels, and are called "higher."

The heavenly kingdom is also called the Lord's priestly kingdom—in the Word, "his dwelling"; and the spiritual kingdom is called his royal kingdom—in the Word, "his throne." The Lord in the world was called "Jesus" because of his heavenly divine nature, and "the Christ" because of his spiritual divine nature.

The angels in the Lord's heavenly kingdom far surpass the angels of the spiritual kingdom in regard to wisdom and splendor because they accept the Lord's divine nature on a deeper level. They live in love for him, and are therefore more intimately united to him.[f] The reason for their excellence is that they have accepted divine truths directly into their lives and continue to do so, rather than taking them into memory and thought first, the way spiritual angels do. This means they have them engraved on their hearts and grasp them, virtually see them, within themselves. They never calculate whether or not they are true.[g] They are like the people described in Jeremiah,

> I will put my law in their mind and engrave it on their heart: no longer will one person teach a friend or a bro t h e r, saying, "Know Je h ova h" ;[4 6] f rom the smallest to the greatest, they will know me. (Je remiah 3 1:3 3, 3 4)

In Isaiah, they are called "the people who have been taught by Jehovah"

(Isaiah 54:13). In John 6:45–46, the Lord himself teaches that those who are taught by Jehovah are the ones who are taught by the Lord.

h. The Lord's inflow is into the good and through the good into the true, and not vice versa. So it is into volition and through it into discernment, and not vice versa: 5482, 5649, 6027, 8685, 8701, 10153.

i. Our volition is the substance of our life and is what receives the good of love, while our cognitive ability is the consequent manifestation of life and is what receives true and good elements of faith: 3619, 5002, 9282. Therefore our volitional life is our primary life, and our cognitive life issues from it: 585, 590, 3619, 7342, 8885, 9285 *[9282],* 10076, 10109, 10110. It is the things that are accepted into our volition that become matters of life and are assimilated to us: 3161, 9386, 9393.

A person is a person by virtue of volition, and secondarily by virtue of cognitive abilities: 8911, 9069, 9071, 10076, 10106, 10110. People who intend good and think well are loved and valued by others, while people who think well but do not intend good are rejected and disparaged: 8911, 10076. After death, we continue to have the character of our volition and of the discernment that follows from it. Whatever is a matter of cognition only, and not of volition, disappears because it is not really within us: 9069, 9071, 9282, 9386, 10153.

j. There is a communication and union between the two kingdoms by means of angelic communities called "heavenly-spiritual": 4047, 6435, 8787 *[8796],* 8881 *[8802].* On the inflow of the Lord through the heavenly kingdom into the spiritual: 3969, 6366.

We have stated that they have more wisdom and splendor than others because they have accepted divine truths directly into their lives and continue to do so. The moment they hear them, they intend them and live them out. They do not refer them to memory and consider whether they are true. People like this know instantly, from an inflow from the Lord, whether the truth they are hearing is actually true. The Lord flows directly into our intentions, and indirectly, through our intentions, into our thinking. In other words, the Lord flows directly into what is good within us, and indirectly, through that good, into what is true.[h] That is, we call "good" whatever is a matter of intent and therefore of action, while we call "true" whatever is a matter of memory and therefore of thought. However, as long as any truth is in memory and therefore in thought, it is neither good nor living. It is not assimilated into the person, because a person is a person by virtue of intent primarily and cognitive abilities secondarily—not by virtue of cognitive abilities apart from volition.[i,47]

Since there is such a difference between angels of the heavenly kingdom and angels of the spiritual kingdom, they do not live together or associate

with each other. They are granted communication only through intermediate angelic communities, communities called “heave n l y - s p i r i t u a l”: it is t h rough them that the heavenly kingdom flows into the spiritual kingdom.[j] The result of this is that while heaven is divided into two kingdoms, they still make a single whole. The Lord always provides intermediate angels like these through whom there can be communication and union.

a. All the elements of the divine design are gathered into the human, and by creation the human is, structurally, the divine design: 4219, 4220 *[4222],* 4223, 4523, 4524, 5114, 5368 *[3628, 5168],* 6013, 6057, 6605, 6626, 9706, 10156, 10472. Within the human individual, the inner person is structured in the likeness of heaven and the outer in the likeness of earth, which is why the ancients called the human a microcosm: 4523, 5368 *[3628, 5115],* 6013, 6057, 9279, 9706, 10156, 10472. So by creation, the human being is a miniature heaven as to inward things, a mirror of the macrocosm, and so too is the person who has been created anew or regenerated by the Lord: 911, 1900, 1982 *[1928],* 3624–3631, 3634, 3884, 4041, 4279, 4523, 4524, 4625, 6013, 6057, 9279, 9632.

Since there will be a good deal of material on the angels of each kingdom in the pages that follow, I forego details at this point.

There Are Three Heavens

THERE are three heavens, very clearly distinguished from each other. There is a central or third heaven, an intermediate or second one, and an outmost or first.[48] These follow in sequence and are interdependent, like the highest part of the human body, the head; the middle, or torso; and the lowest, or feet; or like the highest, middle, and lowest parts of a house. The divine life that emanates and comes down from the Lord is in this kind of pattern as well. It is this necessity of design that determines the tripartite arrangement of heaven.

The deeper levels of the human mind and disposition[49] are in a similar pattern as well. We have a central, intermediate, and outmost nature. This is because when humanity was created the whole divine design was

gathered into it, to the point that as to structure, the human being is the
divine design and is therefore a heaven in miniature.[a] For the same reason
we are in touch with heaven as to our inner natures and come into
the company of angels after death—of angels of the central or the intermediate
or the outmost heaven depending on our acceptance of divine
good and truth from the Lord during our earthly lives.
The divine nature that flows from the Lord and is accepted in the
t h i rd or central heaven is called heave n l y, and the angels there are

b. There are three heavens, a central one, an intermediate one, and an outmost one, or a third, a
second, and a first: 684, 8594 *[9594],* 10270. The different kinds of good also follow in the same triple sequence: 4938, 4939, 9992, 10005, 10017. The good of the central or third heaven is called
heavenly, the good of the intermediate or second is called spiritual, and the good of the outmost or first is called spiritual-natural: 4279, 4286, 4938, 4639, 9992, 10005, 10017, 10068.

consequently called heavenly angels. The divine nature that flow s
f rom the Lord and is accepted in the second or intermediate heaven is
called spiritual, and the angels there are consequently called spiritual
angels. The divine nature, though, that flows from the Lord and is accepted
in the outmost or first heaven is called natural. Howe ve r, since
the "n a t u r a l" of that heaven is not like the "n a t u r a l" of our world, but
has something spiritual and heavenly within it, that heaven is called
"s p i r i t u a l - n a t u r a l" or "heavenly-natural," and the angels there are
called "s p i r i t u a l - n a t u r a l" or "heave n l y - n a t u r a l . "[b] The angels called
spiritual-natural are the ones who accept an inflow from the intermediate
or second heaven, which is the spiritual heaven, while the angels
called heavenly-natural are the ones who accept an inflow from the
central or third heaven, which is the heavenly heaven. Sp i r i t u a l -
natural and heavenly-natural angels are different from each other, but
they constitute one heaven because they are all on the same leve l .
There is an outside and an inside to each heaven. The angels who are
in the inner region are there called "inner angels," while the ones in the
outer region are called "outer angels." The outside and the inside in the
heavens (or in each particular heaven) are like our own volitional side

and its cognitive aspect. Everything volitional has its cognitive side—neither
occurs without the other. The volitional is like a flame and the cognitive like the light that it sheds.[50]
It needs to be quite clear that it is the inner nature of angels that determines
which heaven they are in. The more the deeper levels have been opened, the more inward the heaven they are in. There are three inner levels of every angel and spirit, and of every person here as well. The people
whose third level has been opened are in the central heaven, while the people whose second or first only has been opened are in the intermediate
or the outmost heaven.
The deeper levels are opened by our acceptance of divine good and divine true gifts. People who are actually affected by divine true gifts and
let them directly into their lives—into their intentions and therefore into act—are in the central or third heaven, located there according to their

c. There are as many levels of life within the human individual as there are heavens, and these are
opened after death depending on the way the individual has lived: 3747, 9594. Heaven is within us: 3884. So people who have accepted heaven within themselves in the world enter heaven after
death: 10717.
d. More inward things are more perfect because they are closer to the Lord: 3405, 5146, 5147. There are thousands and thousands of things within that outwardly appear to be only a single generality: 5707. To the extent that we are raised from outer concerns toward more inward ones,
we come into light and therefore into intelligence, and this ascent is like coming from the fog into clear air: 4598, 6183, 6333 *[6313].*

acceptance of what is good in response to truth. People who do not let such gifts directly into their intentions, but into their memory and from there into their discernment, intending and doing them as a result of this
process, are in the intermediate or second heaven. People who live good
moral lives, though, and believe in the Divine with no particular interest in learning, are in the outmost or first heaven.[c] We may therefore conclude
that the state of our inner natures is what constitutes heaven and that heaven is within each one of us, not outside us. This is what the Lord teaches in saying,

> The kingdom of God does not arrive when we are looking for it, nor do they say, “Here it is,” or “There it is.” Behold, you have the kingdom of God within you. (Luke 17:20–21)

All perfection increases as we move inward and decreases as we move outward, because more inward things are closer to the Lord and intrinsically purer, while more outward things are more remote from the Lord and intrinsically cruder.[d] Angelic perfection consists of intelligence, wisdom, love, and everything good, with happiness as their result. It does not consist in happiness without these former qualities, since happiness without them is merely superficial, with no depth.

Since the inner reaches of angels of the central heaven are opened at the third level, their perfection far surpasses that of angels in the intermediate heaven, whose inner reaches are opened at the second level. By the same token, the perfection of angels of the intermediate heaven surpasses that of angels of the outmost heaven.

Because of this difference, an angel of one heaven cannot gain admission to angels of another heaven: someone from a lower heaven cannot come up, nor can someone from a higher heaven come down. Anyone who comes up is seized by anxiety even to the point of pain and cannot

e. The inflow from the Lord is directly from himself and also indirectly through one heaven into another, and the same holds true for us in regard to our more inward processes: 6063, 6307, 6472, 9682, 9683. On the direct inflow of divine [life] from the Lord: 6058, 6474–6478, 8717, 8728. On the indirect inflow through the spiritual world into the natural world: 4067, 6982, 6985, 6996.

see the people who are there, let alone talk with them. Anyone who comes down from a higher heaven loses his or her wisdom, stammers, and loses confidence.

There were some people from the outmost heaven who had not yet been taught that heaven is a matter of angels' deeper qualities, but believed that they would find greater angelic happiness if only they were admitted to the heaven where these angels lived. They were allowed to visit them, but when they arrived, even though there were a great many angels there, they did not see anyone no matter where they looked. The deeper levels of the newcomers had not been opened at the level where the more inward angels lived, so they had no sight. Before long, they were seized by heart pain and eventually could scarcely tell whether they were still alive or not. So they quickly made their way back to the heaven they had come from, and were delighted to be among their own people.

They vowed that they would never again crave conditions that were higher than the ones that suited their own way of life.
It is different when the Lord raises people from a lower heaven into a higher one so that they can see its splendor, which happens quite often. Then they are prepared in advance and provided with mediating angels who serve as agents of communication.
We can see from all this that the three heavens are quite distinct from each other.
However, people who live in the same heaven can associate with anyone
there, and their delight in getting together is in proportion to the similarity of the values they are devoted to. There will be more about this, though, in later chapters.[51]
Even though the heavens are so distinct from each other that angels of one heaven cannot have regular dealings with angels of another, still the Lord unites all the heavens by means of a direct and an indirect inflow.
The direct inflow is from him into all the heavens, and the indirect is through one heaven into another.[e] In this way, the Lord brings about a
unity of the three heavens. They are all linked together, from the First[52] to the last, so that nothing exists that is not connected. Anything that is

f. All things come into being from things prior to them and therefore from a First. They are maintained in being in the same way, since continuance in being is constant coming into being. Therefore, nothing unconnected exists: 3626, 3627, 3628, 3648, 4523, 4524, 6040, 6056.

g. More inward and more outward realities are not on a continuum, but are arranged in distinct and discrete levels, with each level having a boundary: 3691, 4145 *[5145]*, 5114, 8603, 10099. Each
level is formed from another, and things formed in this way are not on a continuum from finer to
cruder: 6326, 6465. Anyone who does not understand the difference between more inward and more outward realities according to levels of this kind cannot understand the inner and the outer
person or the more inward and more outward heavens: 5146, 6465, 10099, 10181.

not connected to the First by some intermediary does not endure, but disintegrates and becomes nothing.[f]
Anyone who does not know how the divine design is arranged in levels cannot grasp how the heavens are distinguished from each other, or for that matter, what the inner person and the outer person are (in an individual).
The only idea most people in this world have about inner and outer things is one of continuity, or of a coherence along a continuum from the finer to the coarser. Inner and outer things are not arranged in a
continuum, though, but with definite boundaries.

There are two kinds of levels, continuous and noncontinuous. Continuous levels are like decreasing levels of light from a flame, all the way to darkness, or like decreasing amounts of sight from objects in the light to objects in the shade, or like levels of density of the atmosphere from the lowest to the highest. These levels are measured by distance.

[2] Noncontinuous or distinct levels, though, are separated like prior and posterior, cause and effect, producer and product. Anyone who looks closely will discover that there are these kinds of stages of production and composition in everything in the world, no matter what, with one thing arising from another, and a third from that, and so forth.

[3] People who do not acquire a grasp of these levels have no way of knowing how the heavens are arranged or the arrangement of our own deeper and more outward abilities, or the difference between the spiritual world and the natural world, or the difference between our spirit and our body. This also means they cannot understand what correspondences[53] and images[54] are or what inflow is like. People who are attentive only to their physical senses do not grasp these differences, but regard them as instances of increase and decrease on the model of continuous levels.[55] As a result, they cannot think of the spiritual except as a kind of purer natural; so they stand outside, far removed from intelligence.[g]

107 COUNTLESS COMMUNITIES §41

Lastly, let me disclose a particular secret about the angels of the three heavens that people have not been aware of until now because they have not understood levels. It is this, that within every angel—and within every one of us here—there is a central or highest level, or a central and highest something, where the Lord's divine life flows in first and most intimately.

It is from this center that the Lord arranges the other, relatively internal aspects within us that follow in sequence according to the levels of the overall design. This central or highest level can be called the Lord's gateway to the angels or to us, his essential dwelling within us.

It is this central or highest level that makes us human and distinguishes us from the lower animals, since they do not have it. This is why

we, unlike animals, can be raised up by the Lord toward himself, as far as
all the deeper levels of our mind and character are concerned. This is why
we can believe in him, be moved by love for him, and therefore see him.
It is why we can receive intelligence and wisdom, and talk rationally. It is
also why we live forever.
However, what is arranged and provided by the Lord at this center does not flow into the open perception of any angel, because it is higher than angelic thought, and surpasses angelic wisdom.
These, then, are some of the general facts about the three heave n s . In the following pages, we will need to say more about each heaven in p a rt i c u l a r.[5 6]

The Heavens Are Made Up of Countless Communities

THE angels of any given heaven are not all together in one place, but are separated into larger and smaller communities depending on differences
in the good effects of the love and faith they are engaged in. Angels engaged in similar activities form a single community. There is an

a. There is an infinite variety, and there is never anything the same as anything else: 7236, 9002.
There is an infinite variety in the heavens: 684, 690, 3744, 5598, 7236. The infinite varieties that
exist in the heavens are varieties of the good: 3744, 4005, 7236, 7833, 7836, 9002. These varieties
arise by means of truths, which are manifold, and which provide individuals with their good: 3470, 3804, 4149, 6917, 7236. As a result, all the communities in the heavens, and all the angels in
the communities, are differentiated from each other: 690, 3241, 3519, 3804, 3986, 4067, 4149, 4263, 7236, 7833, 7836. Still, they all act in concert because of love from the Lord: 457, 3986.
b. All the communities of heaven have permanent locations depending on differences in their state of life, therefore depending on their differences in love and faith: 1274, 3638, 3639. Remarkable
information about distance, location, place, space, and time in the other life or in the spiritual world: 1273–1277.

infinite variety of good activities in heaven, and each individual angel is, so to speak, his or her own activity.[a]
The distances between angelic communities in the heavens also vary as their activities vary, in general and in detail. This is because the only cause of distance in the spiritual world is the difference of the state of our
more inward natures—in the heavens, then, differences in the state of

love. When communities are very different, the distance between them is
great; when the difference is slight, the distance is slight. Likeness makes
for unity.[b]
All the individuals in a single community are distanced from each other by the same principle. The better ones, that is, the ones who are more complete in goodness and therefore in love, wisdom, and intelligence,
are in the center. Those who are less outstanding surround them at distances graded in proportion to their lessened perfection. It is like the way light decreases from a center toward a circumference. The ones
who are in the middle are in the greatest light, while the ones who are toward
the perimeter are in less and less.
Kindred souls gravitate toward each other spontaneously, as it were, for with each other they feel as though they are with their own family, at
home, while with others they feel like foreigners, as though they were abroad. When they are with kindred souls, they enjoy the fullest freedom
and find life totally delightful.
We can see from this that the good gathers everyone together in the heavens, and that angels are differentiated by what good they do. Still, it
is not the angels who gather themselves, but the Lord, the source of all that is good. He leads them, unites them, differentiates them, and keeps them in freedom to the extent that they are engaged in what is good. So

c. All freedom is a matter of love and attraction, because whatever we love we do freely: 2870, 3158, 8907 *[8987],* 8990, 9585, 9591. Since freedom is a matter of love, it is the source of life and
joy for every individual: 2873. Nothing seems to be our own unless it comes from freedom: 2880.
The very essence of freedom is to be led by the Lord, because in this way we are led by a love for
what is good and true: 892, 905, 2872, 2886, 2890, 2891, 2892, 9096, 9586–9591.

d. In heaven, all matters of proximity, family, kindred, and apparent blood relationship arise from what is good and depend on its affinities and differences: 695 *[685],* 917, 1394, 2739, 3612,
3815, 4121.

he keeps every individual in the life of his or her own love, faith, intelligence,
and wisdom—and therefore in happiness.[c]

Further, people of similar quality all recognize each other there just the way people in this world recognize their neighbors and relatives and friends, even though they may never have seen each other before. This happens because the only relationships and kinships and friendships in the other life are spiritual ones, and are therefore matters of love and faith.[d]

I have often been allowed to see this when I was in the spirit and therefore out of body and in the company of angels. Then some of them looked to me as though I had known them from infancy, while others seemed totally unfamiliar. The ones who looked as though I had known them from infancy were the ones who were in a state like that of my own spirit, while the unfamiliar ones were in dissimilar states.[57]

All the individuals who make up a particular angelic community have a general facial resemblance, but differ in detail. I could grasp this general similarity and particular difference to some extent on the basis of similar situations in this world. We know that every race has a general similarity about the face and eyes that enables us to recognize it and distinguish it from other races, and that the same is even more true from one family to another. This holds true much more perfectly in the heavens, because there all the deeper feelings are visible and shine forth from the face, the face there being their outward and graphic form. It is not possible in heaven to have a face that differs from our feelings.[58]

I have also been shown how this general similarity is varied in detail in the individuals of a single community. There was a kind of angelic face that appeared to me, and this was varied according to the qualities of affections for the good and the true that were characteristic of the individuals in a particular community. These variations lasted quite a while, and through it all I noticed that the same general face remained

e. A spiritual aura, which is an aura of life, flows out from every person, every spirit, and every angel, and surrounds them: 4464, 5179, 7454, 8630. It flows out from the life of their affection and thought: 2489, 4464, 6206. In angelic communities, the outreach of these auras is proportional to the quality and intensity of their love: 6598–6613 *[6598–6612],* 8063, 8794, 8797.

constant as a basis, with everything else being simply derivations and elaborations from it. In this way, too, I was shown the affections of the whole community that occasioned the differences in the faces of its members, for as already noted, the faces of angels are their deeper qualities

taking form, which means they are forms of the affections proper to their love and faith.

This is also why an angel of outstanding wisdom sees the quality of others instantly, from their faces. In heaven, no one can conceal inner character by facial expression and pretend, much less lie and deceive others by guile and hypocrisy.

It does sometimes happen that hypocrites steal into [heavenly] communities, hypocrites trained in hiding their inner nature and arranging their outward appearance in the benevolent form they present in public, thereby misleading angels of light. However, they cannot stay around very long. They begin to feel inner discomfort and torment, their faces start to turn blue, and they almost faint—changes caused by their opposition to the life that is flowing in and affecting them. So they promptly cast themselves back into the hell of people like themselves and no longer dare to climb up again. These are the people meant by the man who was discovered among the dinner guests without a wedding garment and was thrown out into outer darkness (Matthew 22:11[–14]).

All the communities communicate with each other, but not through open interaction. Actually, not many individuals leave their own community to go to another, because leaving their community is like leaving themselves or their life and crossing over into another that does not suit them. Rather, they all communicate by the outreach of the auras that emanate from the life of every individual.[59] An aura of life is an aura of affections based in love and faith. This reaches out far and wide into surrounding communities, farther and wider as the affections are deeper and more perfect.[e] Angels possess intelligence and wisdom in proportion to this outreach. The ones who are in the most inward heaven and therefore at the center have an outreach into all of heaven, so that there is a communication of everyone in heaven with each individual and of each

f. There is a sharing of everything good in heaven because heavenly love shares everything it has with others: 549, 550, 1390, 1391, 1399, 10130, 10723.

individual with everyone.[f] We will have more to say about this outreach below, though, when we discuss the heavenly form in which angelic communities are arranged (and also when we discuss the wisdom and intelligence
of angels), for all the outreach of affections and thoughts follows this form.[60]

We have noted above that there are larger and smaller communities in the heavens. The larger ones consist of tens of thousands of individuals,
the smaller of some thousands, and the smallest of hundreds. There are even people who live alone, house by house, so to speak, and family by family. Even though they live apart, they are still arranged in the same
pattern as those who live in communities, with the wiser of them in the center and the simpler at the periphery. They are very closely under the Lord's guidance, and are the best of angels.

Each Community Is a Heaven in Smaller Form and Each Angel a Heaven in Smallest Form

THE reason each community is a heaven in smaller form and each angel a heaven in smallest form is that the activity of love and faith is what makes heaven. This good activity is in every community of heaven and in every angel of a community. It does not matter that this activity is
different and distinctive everywhere, it is still the activity of heaven. The
only difference is that heaven has one activity here and another there. So
whenever anyone is raised into any community of heaven, they say that he or she has arrived in heaven. They say of those who are there that they
are in heaven, each in his or her own. All the people who have arrived in
the other life realize this; so individuals who are standing outside or below
heaven and looking off into the distance where there is a gathering of angels say that heaven is there—and over there as well.

a. In the Word, the Lord is called an angel: 6280, 6831, 8192, 9303. A whole community is called
an angel, and Michael and Raphael are angelic communities so named because of their functions:
8192. Angelic communities and individual angels do not have particular names, but are identified

by the quality of their goodness and by some concept of it: 1705, 1754.

It is rather like the situation of officials and functionaries and servants in a royal palace or court. Even though they live individually in their dwellings or in their rooms, some higher than others, still they are in a single palace or a single court, each one involved in a particular function in the service of the king. We can see from this what is meant by the Lord's saying that "in my Father's house there are many dwellings" (John 14:2) and by "the stories of heaven" and the "heavens of heavens" in the prophets.[61]

We may also gather that a community is a heaven in lesser form from the fact that the heavenly form in each community is of the same nature as it is in heaven overall. In heaven overall (as noted above in §43), the most outstanding individuals are in the center, and around them, in decreasing order all the way to the circumference, are those who are less outstanding. It follows also from the fact that the Lord leads all the people in the whole of heaven as though they were a single angel, and does the same for those who are in any particular community. As a result, sometimes a whole angelic community appears as a single entity in the form of an angel, a sight that the Lord has allowed me to see. Further, when the Lord appears in the midst of angels, he does not appear surrounded by a crowd but as a lone individual in angelic form. This is why the Lord is called an angel in the Word, as is also a whole community: Michael, Gabriel, and Raphael are nothing but angelic communities that are given these names because of their functions.[a]

Just as a whole community is a heaven in lesser form, so too an angel is a heaven in least form. For heaven is not outside angels but within them. Their deeper levels, the levels of their minds, are arranged in the form of heaven and therefore are arranged to accept all the elements of heaven that are outside them. These elements they accept according to the quality of the goodness that is within them from the Lord. As a result, an angel is also a heaven.[62]

It can never be said that heaven is outside anyone. It is within; because every angel accepts the heaven that is outside in keeping with the heaven that is within. We can see, then, how mistaken people are who

b. Heaven is not granted out of sheer mercy, but according to our life; and every trace of the life

through which we are led into heaven by the Lord is from mercy, which is what “mercy” means: 5057, 10659. If heaven were given by sheer mercy, it would be given to everyone: 2401. Information
about some evil people who had been rejected from heaven, and who believed that heaven was granted to everyone out of sheer mercy: 4276 *[4226].*
c. Heaven is within us: 3884.

think that getting into heaven is simply a matter of being taken up among the angels, regardless of the quality of their inner life, who believe
that heaven is granted merely because of [the Lord’s] mercy.[b] On the contrary,
unless heaven is within an individual, nothing of the heaven that is outside flows in and is accepted.

There are many spirits who hold this opinion and who, because of their faith, have been taken up into heaven. However, once they arrived,
because their inner life was contrary to the life angels are engaged in, they
began to be blinded in their understanding to the point that they became
virtually idiotic, while in regard to their self-control they began to be so tormented that they carried on like people gone mad. In short, people who have lived evil lives and who arrive in heaven bring their souls with them and are tormented like fish out of water, in the air, or like animals in the vacuum in air pumps once the air has been pumped out.[63] It stands to reason, then, that heaven is within us and not outside.[c]

Since everyone accepts the heaven that is outside according to the quality of the heaven that is within, angels accept the Lord in the same way, because it is the Lord’s divine nature that constitutes heaven. Consequently,
when the Lord renders himself present in any particular community, his appearance depends on the nature of the good activity that community is engaged in. It is therefore not exactly the same in one community as in another.[64] It is not that this difference is in the Lord: it is in the individuals who are seeing him from their own goodness and therefore in keeping with it. They are affected by the sight of him according
to the quality of their own love. The ones who love him deeply are deeply moved, while the ones who love him less deeply are less deeply moved. Evil people, who are outside of heaven, find his presence intensely
painful.

When the Lord does appear in any community, he appears there as an angel, but he is identified by the divine quality that shines through. Further still, heaven is where the Lord is recognized, trusted, and loved. The different ways he is worshiped—in variations that stem from

d. Every whole arises from a harmony and agreement of many elements, and otherwise would have no quality: 457. The whole heaven is a single entity: 457. This is because all the people there
are focused on a single goal, namely the Lord: 9828.
e. If goodness were the essential characteristic of the church and not truth apart from goodness,
the church would be one: 1285, 1316, 2982, 3267, 3445, 3451, 3452. Further, all the churches constitute
a single church in the Lord's sight because of their quality: 7395 *[7396],* 9276.

the difference of activity from one community to another—do not cause harm but bring benefit, because they are a source of heaven's perfection.

It is hard to explain this in such a way that it can be grasped without resorting to expressions usually found in academic circles and using them
to explain how a perfect whole is formed from a variety of elements. Every perfect whole arises from a variety of elements, for a whole that is
not composed of a variety of elements is not really anything. It has no form, and therefore no quality. However, when a whole does arise from a
variety of elements, and the elements are in a perfected form in which each associates with the next in the series like a sympathetic friend, then
it has a perfect quality. Heaven is, then, a single whole composed of a variety
of elements arranged in the most perfect form; for of all forms, the form of heaven is the most perfect.

We can see that this underlies all perfection from every instance of beauty, charm, and delight that moves both our senses and our spirits. Such instances arise and flow invariably from a harmonious agreement of
many things that are in sympathetic concord, whether they are together simultaneously or follow in a sequence. They do not flow from a single unit that lacks plurality. So we say that variety delights, and recognize that the delight depends on the quality of the variety. We can see from this, as though in a mirror, how perfection stems from variety in heaven as well, since things that happen in the natural world offer us a reflection
of things in the spiritual world.[d]

We can say the same of the church as we have of heaven, since the church is the Lord's heaven on earth. It also has many components, and yet each is called a church and is a church to the extent that the qualities
of love and faith rule within it. In it, the Lord forms a single whole out of

the varied elements, and therefore makes a single church out of many churches.[e]

Much the same can be said of the individual member of the church as has been said about the church in general, namely that the church is

f. The church is within the individual and not outside, and the church in general is made up of people who have the church within themselves: 3884.

g. The individual who is a church is a heaven in least form, in the image of the greatest, because the deeper levels of his or her mind are arranged in the form of heaven and are therefore arranged for the acceptance of all the elements of heaven: 911, 1900, 1982 *[1928],* 3624–3631, 3634, 3884, 4041, 4279, 4523, 4524, 4625, 6013, 6057, 9279, 9632.

h. We have an inner and an outer nature, our inner formed from creation in the image of heaven, and our outer in the image of the world, which is why the ancients called the human being a microcosm: 4523, 4524, 5368 *[3628],* 6013, 6057, 9279, 9706, 10156, 10472. Consequently we have been so created that the world serves the heaven in us, which actually happens in good people: however, the opposite holds true for evil people, in whom heaven is subservient to the world: 9283, 9278.

i. The Lord is order because the divine good and truth that emanate from the Lord constitute order: 1728, 1919, 2201 *[2011],* 2258, 5110, 5703, 8988, 10336, 10619. Divine truths are laws of order: 2247, 7995. To the extent that we live according to order—that is, to the extent that we are engaged in what is good as determined by divine truths—to that extent we are human and have the church and heaven within us: 4839, 6605, 8067 *[8513].*

within and not outside, and that anyone is a church in whom the Lord is present in the qualities of love and faith.[f]

Much the same can be said of the individual who has the church within as has been said about the angel who has heaven within, that such an individual is a church in least form as the angel is a heaven in least form. Even more, we can say that the individual who has the church within is a heaven just as much as an angel is, for we have been created to enter heaven and become angels. So anyone who has the quality of goodness from the Lord is an angel-person.[g]

It is worth noting what we have in common with angels and what we possess that they lack. We have in common with angels the fact that our deeper levels are formed in the image of heaven and that we also become images of heaven to the extent that we participate in the qualities of love and faith. What we have that angels lack is that our more outward levels are formed in the image of this world; and that to the extent that we are

engaged in what is good, the world within us is subordinated to heaven and serves it;[h] and that then the Lord is present with us on both levels as
he is in his heaven. He is actually present on both levels in his divine order,
for God is order.[i]
It should be noted in closing that people who have heaven within themselves have heaven not only in their larger or shared aspects but also
in their smallest or most specific ones, with the smallest ones in them

j. The ruling or controlling love in every individual is found in every single detail of that individual's
life and therefore in every single detail of thought and intent: 6159, 7648, 8067, 8853. The quality of each of us depends on the dominant quality of our life: 918, 1040, 1568, 1571 *[?],* 3570,
6571, 6934 *[6935],* 6938, 8854, 8856, 8857 *[8858],* 10076, 10109, 10110, 10284. When love and faith
rule, they are within the details of our lives, even though we are not aware of this: 8854, 8864, 8865.

reflecting the largest. The reason for this is that as individuals we are our
love and have a quality that depends on the quality of the love that is ruling.
Whatever rules flows into the specifics and arranges them, and imposes everywhere an image of itself.[j] In heaven, it is love for the Lord that rules, because the Lord is loved there above all else. As a result, the Lord
is the sum and substance of everything there, flowing into absolutely everything, arranging everything, clothing everything with his likeness, and making heaven to be where he is. So an angel is a heaven in least form, a community a heaven in greater form, and all the communities together a heaven in greatest form. On the Lord's divine nature as constituting
heaven, and on his being the sum and substance of heaven, see above, §§7–12.

The Whole Heaven, Grasped as a Single Entity, Reflects a Single Individual

IT is a secret not yet known in this world that heaven, taken in a single all-inclusive grasp, reflects a single individual. In heaven, though, nothing is better known. Knowing this, knowing particulars and details about it, is the hallmark of angelic intelligence there. In fact, many other
things follow from it and do not come clearly and distinctly to mind without this as their general principle. Since angels do know that all the

a. Heaven in a single grasp appears in the form of a person, and therefore heaven is called the universal
human: 2996, 2998, 3624–3649, 3636–3643, 3741–3745, 4625.
b. Our intent is the essential reality of our life, and our intellect is the ensuing manifestation of that life: 3619, 5002, 9282. The life of our volition is our principal life, and the life of our intellect
flows from it: 585, 590, 3619, 7342, 8885, 9282, 10076, 10109, 10110. A person is a person because of
volition and consequent intellect: 8911, 9069, 9071, 10076, 10109, 10110.

heavens, like their communities, reflect a single individual, they refer to heaven as *the universal and divine human*[a]—"divine" because the Lord's
divine nature constitutes heaven (see above, §§7–12).[65]

People who do not have an appropriate concept of spiritual and heavenly realities cannot grasp the fact that heavenly and spiritual realities
are arranged and connected in this form and image. They think that the earthly and material elements that make up their outmost form[66] really
make them what they are, and that without them they would not be human. Let them know, though, that they are not human beings because
of these elements but because they are able to understand what is true and will what is good. These are the spiritual and heavenly realities that make them human.

People do recognize that the humanity of every individual depends on the quality of his or her understanding and intentions. They can also realize that the earthly body is formed to serve them in this world and to
perform useful actions in a suitable manner in this outmost sphere of nature.

This is also why the body does not do anything on its own, but acts in complete obedience to the bidding of our understanding and intentions.

This holds true even to the point that our tongue and mouth say whatever we think, and the body and its limbs do whatever we intend. The actor is therefore our understanding and intention, not the body on its own. We can see from this that matters of our understanding and intention are what make us human, and that these are in a similar form because they act into the very details of the body just the way an inner reality
acts into an outer one. It is because of these facts that we are called inner and spiritual humans. Heaven is this kind of person in the greatest
and most perfect form.

This is the angelic concept of person, so angels never pay attention to

what someone's body is doing, but rather to the intent from which the body is acting. They call this the essential person, together with the intellect
to the extent that it is acting in unison with the intent.[b]

Actually, angels do not see heaven in a single overview in this kind of form, since the entire heaven does not lie within the scope of any angel's
sight. However, they do consistently see particular communities that are
made up of many thousands of angels as single units in this kind of form;
and from the community as a sample they draw their inference about the
totality that is heaven. This is because in the most perfect form the greater elements are arranged like the parts, and the parts like the greater
elements. The only distinction is between what is greater and what is lesser. Therefore they say that the entire heaven looks like this in the Lord's sight, because the Divine sees everything from the very center and
summit.[67]
Since heaven is of this nature, it is also governed by the Lord as though it were a single individual and therefore a single unit. We ourselves
consist of countless different things, both overall and in our parts. We are made up *overall* of our limbs, organs, and viscera, and *in our parts*
of series of nerves, fibers, and blood vessels—made up of members within members, then, and parts within parts. Still, we do of course recognize
that when we do anything, we do it as whole individuals. This is what heaven is like, too, under the Lord's guardianship and guidance. The reason so many varied elements act as one in an individual is that there is nothing whatever there that does not contribute something to the common good and do something useful. The inclusive body serves
its parts and the parts serve the inclusive body because the inclusive body
is made up of parts and the parts make up the inclusive body. So they provide for each other respectively, they focus on each other mutually, and they are united in the kind of form that gives every single component
a relationship to the inclusive entity and its well-being. This is what

enables them to act as a unit.
[2] It is the same with assemblies in the heavens. People there unite in this kind of form in pursuit of any worthwhile activity. As a result any individuals
who do not serve some use for the larger body are cast out of heaven because they are misfits. To "serve some use" is to intend well to
others for the sake of the common good, while "not to serve some use" is
to intend well to others not for the sake of the common good but for the sake of oneself. People who act in this latter fashion are people who love
themselves above all, while people who act in the former fashion are the
ones who love the Lord above all. This is why people in heaven act in unison
not from themselves but from the Lord. They in fact focus on him as the unique source of all, and on his kingdom as the commonwealth that

c. In the Word, "righteousness" refers to the good and "judgment" to the true, so "to do justice and judgment" is to do what is good and true: 2235, 9857.
d. In the highest sense, the Lord is our neighbor, and so loving the Lord is loving what comes from him, since he is present in everything that comes from him, and therefore what is good and
true is also our neighbor: 2425, 3419, 6706, 6711, 6819, 6823, 8123. Therefore, everything good that
comes from the Lord is our neighbor, and intending and doing that good is loving our neighbor: 5028, 10336.

is to be cared for. This is the meaning of the Lord's words, "Seek first the
kingdom of God and his righteousness, and everything will be given you
in addition" (Matthew 6:33). To "seek his righteousness" is to seek his
good.c
[3] There are people who in this world love the good of their country more than their own and the good of their neighbor as their own. They are the ones who love and seek the kingdom of the Lord in the other life,
since there the kingdom of the Lord takes the place of one's country. Further,
people who love to do good to others not for self-centered reasons but for the sake of the good itself are people who love their neighbor,

since in the other life the good is one's neighbor.[d] All individuals who are
of this quality are in the universal human—that is, in heaven.
Since heaven in its entirety does reflect a single individual, and is in fact the divine spiritual person in its greatest form and image, heaven is therefore differentiated into members and parts like a person, and these
are given similar names. Angels know what member one community or another is in and say that this community is in the member or province of the head, that one in the member or province of the chest, that one in the member or province of the genitals, and so on.
In general, the highest or third heaven forms the head down to the neck, the middle or second forms the torso as far as the genitals and knees, and the lowest or first forms the feet to the very soles and also the
arms all the way to the fingers, since the arms and hands are among our
"lowest things" even though they are at our sides. We can see from this again why there are three heavens.
Spirits who are below heaven are amazed when they hear and see that heaven is both below and above them. They have had the faith and opinion
common to people in this world that heaven is only overhead. They do not really know that the locations of the heavens are like the locations
of the members and organs and viscera in a human being, with some above and some below, and that it is also like the locations of the parts

within each member and outer or inner organ, with some within and some outside. This is the reason for their confusion about heaven.
We have presented these statements about heaven as the universal human because without them as preface there can be no comprehension
whatever of the things about heaven that are to follow. No clear concept
of heaven can be gained, either, no clear concept of the union of the Lord with heaven, of the union of heaven with us on earth, of the inflow of the spiritual world into the natural world, and none whatever of correspondence,
all of which must be discussed in sequence in the pages that
now follow. This material has been presented first, then, to shed light on
these matters.

Each Community in the Heavens

Reflects a Single Individual

SEVERAL times I have been allowed to see that each community of heaven reflects a single individual and is in the likeness of a human being as well. There was one community that was infiltrated by a number
of spirits who knew how to assume the guise of angels of light. They were hypocrites. As they were being set apart by some angels, I observed
that the whole community first looked like something cloudy, then gradually
took on a human form, though still a cloudy one, and finally appeared in the light as a person. The individuals who were in that person and made it up were the ones who participated in the benevolence of that community. The others, who were not in the person and did not make it up, were the hypocrites. These latter were cast out, while the former
ones were retained. This is how the separation was accomplished. Hypocrites are people who speak well and even behave well, but who are focused on themselves in specifics. They talk like angels about the Lord and heaven and love and heavenly life and they also behave well, so
that their character seems to be in accord with their speech. However, they are thinking differently. They do not believe anything or will well to
anyone but themselves. Any good they do is done in their own interests.

If it is in the interest of others, it is for the sake of appearance, and therefore
in their own interest.

I have also been allowed to see that a whole angelic community appears as a single entity in human form when the Lord makes himself
p resent. High up tow a rd the east, there appeared something that looked
like a cloud, white at first and then reddening, surrounded by little stars.

It came down, and as it gradually did so, it became brighter and finally took on a perfect human form. The little stars that surrounded the cloud we re angels, who looked like that because of the light from the L o rd .

We do need to realize that even though all the individuals in a community
of heaven look like a single entity in human likeness when they

are all together, still one community is not the same person as any other.

They are differentiated like the faces of individuals of one lineage. The reason for this is the same as that given in §47 above, namely that they differ depending on the various good activities that they participate in and that give them their form. Those communities that are in the central or highest heaven and are at its center appear in the most perfect and lovely human form.

It is worth noting that the more members there are in a single community and the more united they are in action, the more perfect is their human form. This is because variety arranged in a heavenly form makes perfection, as explained above in §56; and variety occurs where there are many individuals.

Every community in heaven is growing in numbers daily, and the more it grows, the more perfect it becomes. In this way, not only is the community perfected, but heaven in general is perfected as well, since the communities constitute heaven.

Since heaven is perfected by its numerical growth, we can see how mistaken people are who believe that heaven will be closed to prevent overcrowding. Actually, it is just the reverse. It will never be closed, and its ever increasing fullness makes it more perfect. So angels long for nothing more than to have new angel guests arrive there.

The reason each community appears in human likeness when it is seen all together as a unit is that heaven as a whole has this likeness, as may be seen in the preceding chapter; and in the most perfect form, like the form of heaven, there is a likeness of parts and whole, of lesser and greatest. The lesser elements and parts of heaven are the communities of which it consists, each of which is a heaven in lesser form, as may be seen above in §§51–58.

a. “Jerusalem” is the church: 402, 3654, 9166.

b. A wall is truth protecting from the assault of false and evil things: 6419.

The reason for this constant likeness is that in the heavens all the

qualities stem from a single love and therefore from a single source. The
single love that is the origin of everything good in heaven is love for the Lord from the Lord. This is why all heaven is a likeness of him on the grand scale, every community a likeness on a less grand scale, and every
angel in specific. See what has been said on this matter above in §58.

Therefore Every Angel Is in Perfect Human Form

IT has been explained in the two preceding chapters that heaven as a whole reflects a single individual and that the same holds true for each community in heaven. From the chain of causes presented there, it follows
that each single angel reflects the same as well. As heaven is a person in greatest form and a community of heaven is a person in lesser form, so
an angel is a person in least form; for in the most perfect form, like the form of heaven, there is a likeness of the whole in the part and of the part
in the whole. The reason for this is that heaven is a commonwealth. In fact, it shares everything it has with each individual, and individuals receive everything they have from the commonwealth. An angel is a recipient
and therefore a heaven in least form, as has been explained in the relevant chapter above.

To the extent that they accept heaven, people here too are receptacles and heavens, and are angels (see §57 above).

This is described in the Book of Revelation as follows: “The wall of the holy Jerusalem was measured, a hundred and forty-four cubits, the measure of an individual, that is, of the angel” (Revelation 21:17). “Jerusalem” in this passage is the Lord’s church, and in a more elevated sense, heaven.[a] The wall is the truth that protects it from the assault of false and evil things.[b] “A hundred and forty-four” refers to all good and

c. Twelve refers to all true and good things taken together: 577, 2089, 2129, 2130, 3272, 3858, 3913.

The same holds for seventy-two and for a hundred and forty-four, because a hundred and fortyfour
is twelve multiplied by itself: 7973. All the numbers in the Word mean something: 482, 487, 647, 648, 755, 813, 1963, 1988, 2075, 2252, 3252, 4264, 4495, 5265. Multiples have the same meaning
as the simple numbers that produce them: 5291, 5335, 5708, 7973.

d. Measurement in the Word means the quality of an entity in regard to truth and good: 3104, 9603.

e. On the spiritual or inner meaning of the Word, see the expository work *The White Horse Men*
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tioned in the Book of Revelation, and the appendix to *The New Jerusalem and Its Heavenly Doctrine.*

true things as a whole.[c] "Measure" refers to its quality.[d] The human being is where all these things are found, in general and in specific, and therefore where heaven is found; and since an angel is a person as well because of these characteristics, it says "the measure of an individual, that is, of the angel." This is the spiritual meaning of these words. Apart from this meaning, who would understand that the measure of the wall of the holy Jerusalem would be the measure of an individual, which was the measure of the angel?[e]

But let us turn to experience now. As for angels being human forms, or people, this I have seen thousands of times. I have talked with them face to face, sometimes with just one, sometimes with several in a group, and as far as their form is concerned, I have seen in them nothing different from that of a human being. At times I have felt surprised that they were like this; and to prevent it being said that this was some illusion or hallucination, I have been allowed to see them while I was fully awake, or while I was in full possession of my physical senses and in a state of clear perception.

I have often told them that people in the Christian world are in such blind ignorance about angels and spirits that they think of them as minds without form, as mere thoughts, and can conceive of them only as something airy with something alive within it. Further, since they attribute to them nothing human except a capacity for thought, they believe angels cannot see because they have no eyes, cannot hear because they have no ears, and cannot talk because they have no mouths or tongues.

[2] Angels have replied that they know many people on earth have this kind of belief and that it is prevalent among the learned and—strangely!—among the clergy. They have told me that it is because some of the learned who were particularly eminent and who came up with this kind of concept of angels and spirits thought about them on the basis of the sensory faculties of the external person. If people think on this basis

f. Unless we are raised above the sensory faculties of the outer person, we have little wisdom: 5089. A wise person thinks on a higher level than that of these sensory faculties: 5089, 5094. When we are raised above these sensory faculties, we are in a clearer light and ultimately in a heavenly light: 6183, 6313, 6315, 9407, 9730, 9922. Being raised above and freed from these sensory faculties was a familiar experience for the ancients: 6313.
g. As to our inner levels, we are spirits: 1594. The spirit is the essential person, and it is from the spirit that the body lives: 447, 4622, 6054.

and not on the basis of a more inward light and the common idea native to everyone, they cannot help constructing images like this, because the sensory faculties of the external person grasp only matters that are within the bounds of nature and not things that are higher. So they do not grasp anything at all about the spiritual world.[f] From these eminent people as leaders, false thoughts about angels spread to people who did not think independently but relied on others; and people who let their thinking rely primarily on others and then form their faith, and later look into these matters with their minds, have a hard time giving these ideas up. As a result, many of them cooperate in confirming these false notions.

[3] Angels have also told me that people of simple faith and heart are not caught up in this concept of angels, but have an image of them as people in heaven. This is because they have not let erudition snuff out the image implanted in them from heaven and because they do not grasp anything unless it has some form. This is why the angels we see sculpted and painted in churches are invariably represented as human. As for this "image implanted in them from heaven," angels tell me that it is something divine that flows into people who are intent on goodness of faith and life.

On the grounds of all my experience, which has lasted for several years now,[69] I can say with full confidence that in their form, angels are completely human. They have faces, eyes, ears, chests, arms, hands, and feet. They see each other, hear each other, and talk to each other. In short, they lack nothing that belongs to humans except that they are not clothed with a material body. I have seen them in their own light, which is far, far greater than noonday on our earth, and in that light I have seen all the details of their faces more crisply and clearly than I have seen the

faces of people here in the world.
I have also been allowed to see an angel of the central heaven. His face was more glorious, more radiant, than that of angels of the lower heavens.
I looked at him very closely, and he had a human form in full perfection. It does need to be realized, though, that we cannot see angels with our bodily eyes, only with the eyes of our spirit,[g] because they are in the

h. All angels, being recipients of divine order from the Lord, are in a human form whose perfection
and beauty are proportional to their receptivity: 322, 1880, 1881, 3633, 3804, 4622, 4735, 4797,
4985, 5199, 5530, 6054, 9879, 10177, 10594. Divine truth is the means of order and divine good is
the essence of order: 2451, 3166, 4390, 4409, 5232, 7256, 10122, 10555.

spiritual world while everything bodily is in the natural world. Like sees like because it is of like substance. Further, the body's visual organ, the eye, is so crude that as everyone knows it does not even see the smaller elements
of nature without a lens, much less things that are above the sphere of nature, as are all the realities of the spiritual world. These can
be seen by us, though, when we are released from bodily sight and the sight of our spirit is opened. This happens instantly when it pleases the Lord that we should see. It then seems to us exactly as though we were seeing with our bodily eyes. This is how angels were seen by Abraham, Lot, Manoah, and the prophets. This is how the Lord was seen by the disciples after the resurrection. This is the same way, too, in which I have
seen angels.
Because this was how the prophets saw, they are called "seers" and "ones whose eyes are opened" (1 Samuel 9:9; Numbers 23:3 *[24:3]*); and
the act of enabling them to see this way is called "opening the eyes." This
is what happened to Elisha's ser vant, of whom we read, "Elisha prayed, 'Jehovah,[70] open his eyes, I pray, so that he may see,' and as Jehovah opened the eyes of his servant, behold the mountain was full of horses and fiery chariots surrounding Elisha" (2 Kings 6:17).
Some honest spirits I talked with about this were distressed at heart that there was such ignorance in the church about the state of heaven and about spirits and angels. They kept insisting that I should take back the message that they were not formless minds or ethereal breath but human
in form, and that they saw and heard and felt just as much as people in this world do.[h]

It Is Owing to the Lord's Divine Human That Heaven, in Its Entirety and in Its Parts, Reflects a Person

THIS conclusion—that it is owing to the Lord's divine human that heaven, in its entirety and in its parts, reflects a person—follows from all the things that have been presented in the preceding chapters: (1) the Lord is God of heaven [§§2–6]; (2) it is the Lord's divine nature that makes heaven [§§7–12]; (3) the heavens are made up of countless communities, and each community is a heaven in smaller form and each angel a heaven in smallest form [§§41–58]; (4) the whole heaven, grasped as a single entity, reflects a single individual [§59–67]; (5) each community in the heavens reflects a single individual [§§68–72]; (6) therefore every angel is in perfect human form [§§73–77]. All these propositions lead to the conclusion that because the Divine is what makes heaven, the Divine is human in form. It may be seen with somewhat greater clarity that this is the Lord's divine human from the references to *Secrets of Heaven* at the close of this chapter, since this collection provides a condensation. It can also be seen from these references that the Lord's human is divine, contrary to the belief in the church that it is not. This may be seen as well from the material about the Lord at the close of *The New Jerusalem and Its Heavenly Teaching.*[71]

The truth of this has been witnessed to me by an abundance of experiences, some of which now follow.

None of the angels in the heavens ever sees the Divine in any form except the human form. Even more remarkably, angels in the higher heavens cannot think about what is divine in any other way. They are led into the necessity of thinking this way because of the essential divine that

is flowing into them and also because of the form of heaven, which determines
how their thoughts reach out around them. In fact, all the thought that angels have spreads out in heaven, and they have intelligence and wisdom in proportion to this outreach. This is why everyone there acknowledges
the Lord, since the divine human exists only in him. I have
not only been told this by angels, I have been allowed to perceive it when
I was raised into a more inward sphere of heaven.

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We can see, then, that the wiser angels are, the more clearly they perc e i ve this, which is why the Lord is visible to them. The Lord does appear in
a divine angelic form, which is a human form, to people who acknow l e d g e
and trust in a visible Divine Being, but not to people who acknowledge and
t rust in an invisible Divine Being. The former can see the Lord's divine [form], but the latter cannot.

Since angels do not perceive an invisible Divine Being (which they call a formless Divine) but a visible Divine Being in human form, it is common practice for them to say that only the Lord is a person, and that
they are people because of him. They also say that each of us is human in
proportion to our acceptance of him. By "accepting the Lord" they understand
accepting what is good and true that comes from him, because
the Lord is present in everything good and true that comes from himself.

Angels call this wisdom and intelligence. They say everyone knows that intelligence and wisdom are what make us human, not simply the outward
form by itself.

The truth of this is actually visible to angels of the inner heavens. Si n c e
the Lord keeps them engaged in what is good and true and there f o re in wisdom
and intelligence, they are in the loveliest and most perfect human form; while the angels of lower heavens are in a less perfect and lovely form.

Everything is inverted in hell. In heaven's light, the people who are

there hardly look human at all. They look like monsters. They are caught
up in what is evil and false and not in what is good and true, and are therefore in the opposite of wisdom and intelligence. As a result, their life
is not called life, but spiritual death.
Since heaven in its entirety and in its parts does reflect a person because
of the Lord's divine human, angels say that they are "in the Lord" and even that they are "in his body," meaning that they are in the very substance of his love. This is also what the Lord is teaching us when he says, "Abide in me, and I in you. As the branch cannot bear fruit on its own unless it abides in the vine, so neither can you unless you abide in me; for without me you can do nothing. Abide in my love. If you keep my precepts, you will abide in my love" (John 15:4–10).
Since this is how the Divine Being is perceived in the heavens, it is instinctive in everyone who accepts any inflow from heaven to think of the Lord in a human guise. The ancients did so and even modern people do, both outside and inside the church. Simple people see him in thought as an ancient one, in glory.
But this instinct has been stifled by all the people who have distanced themselves from the heavenly inflow by pride in their own intelligence

and by evil lives. The ones who have stifled it by pride in their intelligence
prefer an invisible God, while the ones who have done so by evil lives prefer no God at all. Because this instinct is not in them, neither type knows that it even exists, although this is the essential heavenly divine
nature that flows into us first and foremost from heaven because we are born for heaven; and no one enters heaven without some concept of the Divine Being.
This is why people who do not share in heaven's concept (that is, in the concept of the Divine Being who makes heaven) cannot be raised even to the first threshold of heaven. The moment any such individuals arrive, they feel a perceptible opposition and forceful resistance. This is because the deeper levels of such people, levels that are intended to accept
heaven, are actually closed because they are not in heaven's form. In fact, the nearer such people come to heaven, the more tightly their deeper levels are closed.
This is the lot of people within the church who deny the Lord and who, like the Socinians, deny his divinity.[72] The lot of people who have

been born outside the church and who have not acknowledged him or possessed the Word will be seen below.[73]

We can tell that the ancients had an image of the Divine as human from the way the Divine appeared to Abraham, Lot, Joshua, Gideon, Manoah and his wife, and others. Even though they saw God as a person, they still worshiped him as God of the universe, calling him "God of heaven and earth" and "Jehovah." In John 8:56, the Lord himself teaches that it was he whom Abraham had seen. We can see that it was the Lord whom others saw from the Lord's words, "No one has seen the Father or his appearance, or heard his voice" (John 1:18; 5:37).

But people who judge everything on the basis of their outward senses have great difficulty grasping the fact that God is a person. In fact, the only way sense-centered people can think about the Divine Being is on the basis of this world and what it contains, so they can think about a divine and spiritual person only as they do about a physical and natural one. This leads to the conclusion that if God is to be a person, he must be as big as the universe, and if he does rule heaven and earth, it must be through many underlings the way kings on earth rule. If such individuals are told that in heaven there is not the kind of extended space we have in this world, they do not grasp it at all. People who think on the basis of nature and of its light alone cannot help thinking in terms of the kind of extended space that lies before our eyes. However, they are sadly mistaken when they think the same way about heaven. The "extension" that

exists there is not like that in our world. In our world, it is fixed and therefore measurable, while in heaven it is not fixed and therefore not measurable. There will, though, be more about extension in heaven below, in the chapters on space and time in the spiritual world.[74]

Further, everyone knows how far our eyesight reaches—all the way to the sun and stars, which are so very far away. Anyone who thinks more deeply also knows that the inner sight that pertains to thought reaches even farther, and that still deeper sight reaches still farther. What must we say, then, of the divine sight, which is the deepest and highest of all?

Since thoughts do have this kind of extension, everything of heaven is communicated to everyone there. This means all of the divine nature that
makes heaven and fills it, as I have explained in the preceding chapters.
People in heaven are amazed that people here believe they are intelligent
when they think of something invisible in the process of thinking about God, something that cannot be comprehended in any form, and that they call people who think otherwise unintelligent and even simpleminded,
when the opposite is in fact the case. They assert that if people who regard themselves as intelligent on this account would examine themselves, they would find nature in the place of God—for some, the nature in front of their eyes, for others, a nature they cannot see with their eyes. They would find that they are so blind that they do not know what God is, what an angel is, what a spirit is, what the soul is that will live after death, what the life of heaven is for us, or many other things that are matters of intelligence. Yet all the people whom they call simple
know these things in their own way. They have an image of God as a Divine
Being in human form, an image of an angel as a heavenly person, a concept of their soul that will live after death as being like an angel, and a
concept of the life of heaven for us here as living by the divine commandments.
Angels refer to these people as intelligent and fit for heaven,
but the others they call unintelligent.

References to Passages in *Secrets of Heaven* Concerning the Lord and His Divine Human

[2] The Lord had a divine element from his very conception: 4641, 4963,
5041, 5157, 6716, 10125. Only the Lord had a divine seed: 1438. His soul
was Jehovah: 1999, 2004, 2005, 2018, 2025. So the inmost of the Lord was
the Divine itself, and its clothing was from his mother: 5041. The Divine itself was the very reality of the Lord's life, and his human nature then emerged and became the manifestation from that reality: 3194, 3210, 10270 *[10269],* 10372.
[3]Within the church, where there is the Word and where the Lord is known through it, there must be no denial of the Lord's divine nature or of the holy emanation from him: 2359. People within the church who do

not acknowledge the Lord have no union with the Divine; it is different for people outside the church: 10205. The essence of the church is to acknowledge
the Lord's divine nature and his oneness with the Father: 10083, 10112, 10370, 10738 *[10728],* 10730, 10816, 10817, 10818, 10820.
[4] The Word has a great deal to say about the Lord's glorification: 10828. This is everywhere in the inner meaning of the Word: 2249, 2523,
3245. The Lord glorified his human nature but not his divine nature, because
the latter was intrinsically glorified: 10057. The Lord came into the world to glorify his human nature: 3637, 4286 *[4287],* 9315. The Lord glorified
his human nature by means of the divine love that was within him from conception: 4727. The Lord's love for the whole human race was the Lord's life in this world: 2253. The Lord's love transcends all human understanding: 2077. The Lord saved the human race by glorifying his human: 4180, 10019, 10152, 10655, 10659, 10828. Otherwise, the whole
human race would have perished in eternal death: 1676. On the Lord's states of glorification and humiliation: 1785, 1999, 2159, 6866. When "glorification" is attributed to the Lord, it means his human becoming one with the Divine, and "glorifying" means "making divine": 1603, 10053, 10828. When the Lord glorified his human, he laid aside the human
he had received from his mother so completely that he was no longer her son: 2159, 2574, 2649, 3036, 10829 *[10830].*
[5] The Son of God from eternity was the divine truth in heaven: 2628, 2798, 2803, 3195, 3704. The Lord also made his human nature

divinely true from the divine good that was in him when he was in the world: 2803, 3194, 3195, 3210, 6716, 6864, 7014, 7499, 8127, 8724, 9199.
The Lord then arranged everything within himself in the heavenly form that accords with divine truth: 1928, 3633. Therefore the Lord is called the Word, which is divine truth: 2533, 2818 *[2813],* 2859, 2894, 3393, 3712.
Only the Lord possessed perception and thought from himself and above
all angelic perception and thought: 1904, 1914, 1915 *[1919].*
The Lord made the divine truth that was himself one with the divine good that was in himself: 10047, 10052, 10076. This uniting was reciprocal:
2004, 10067. [6] When the Lord left this world, he also made his human divinely good: 3194, 3210, 6864, 7499, 8724, 9199, 10076. This is

what is meant by “going out from the Father” and “returning to the Father”:
3194, 3210. This is how he became one with the Father: 2751, 3704, 4766. Since this union, divine truth emanates from the Lord: 3704, 3712,
3969, 4577, 5704, 7499, 8127, 8241, 9199, 9398. Examples of the way divine
truth emanates: 7270, 9407. The Lord united his human to his divine nature by his own power: 1616, 1749, 1753 *[1752],* 1813, 1921, 2025,
2026, 2523, 3141, 5005, 5045, 6716. It therefore stands to reason that the
Lord’s human nature was not like the human nature of any other person,
because it was conceived by the Divine itself: 10125, 10826. His union with the Father, who was the source of his soul, was not like a union between
two entities, but like that between soul and body: 3737, 10824.
[7] The earliest people were not able to worship a divine reality but a divine manifestation, which is the divine human; so the Lord came into the world in order to become the divine manifestation from the divine reality: 4687, 5321. The early people acknowledged the Divine because it
appeared to them in human form, and this form was the divine human: 5110, 5663, 6846, 10737. The infinite reality cannot flow into heaven among angels or into people on earth except through the divine human: 1646 *[1676],* 1990, 2016, 2035 *[2034].* In heaven, no other Divine is perceived
except the divine human: 6475, 9303, 9267 *[9315, 9356],* 10067.
The divine human from eternity was the divine truth in heaven and the divine nature passing through heaven; so it was the divine manifestation,
which later, in the Lord, became the divine reality in its own right, the source of the divine manifestation in heaven: 3061, 6280, 6880, 10579.
What the state of heaven was like before the Coming of the Lord:[75] 6371,
6372, 6373. The Divine was not perceptible except as it passed through heaven: 6982, 6996, 7004.
[8] The inhabitants of all the planets worship the Divine in human f o r m — t h e re f o re, the Lord: 6 7 0 0, 8 5 4 1–8 5 4 7, 1 0 7 3 6, 1 0 7 3 7, 1 0 7 3 8. T h e y
a re ove r j oyed when they hear that the Lord actually became a human:

9 3 6 1. The Lord accepts eve ryone who is invo l ved in what is good and

worships the Divine in human form: 9 3 5 9. It is impossible to think about God except in human form, and what is incomprehensible does not accord[7 6] with any concept, so it does not accord with any faith: 9 3 5 9, 9 9 7 2. We can worship something of which we have some concept,
but not something of which we have no concept: 4 7 3 3, 5 1 1 0, 5 6 3 3 *[5 6 6 3]* ,
7 2 1 1, 9 2 6 7 *[1 0 0 6 7]* , 1 0 2 6 7. T h e re f o re by most people worldwide the Divine
is worshiped in human form; and this is the case because of an inf
l ow from heaven: 1 0 1 5 9. When people who are engaged in what is good
in their behavior think about the Lord, they think about a divine human, and not about some human separated from the Divine. It is different for people who are not engaged in what is good in their behavior: 2 3 2 6, 4 7 2 4, 4 7 3 1, 4 7 6 6, 8 8 7 8, 9 1 9 3, 9 1 9 8. The people nowadays who
think about the Lord's human apart from the Divine are the ones in the c h u rch who are engaged in evil in their behavior and those who are in faith separated from thoughtfulness; also some reasons why they do not grasp what the divine human is: 3 2 1 2, 3 2 4 1, 4 6 8 9, 4 6 9 2, 4 7 2 4, 4 7 3 1, 5 3 2 1,
6 3 7 2 *[6 8 7 2]* , 8 8 7 8, 9 1 9 3, 9 1 9 8. The Lord's human was divine because he
had his soul from the ve ry reality of the Father; illustrated by the re s e mblance
of a father in his children: 1 0 2 7 0 *[1 0 2 6 9]* , 1 0 3 7 2, 1 0 8 2 3. Also because
it came from divine love, which was the ve ry reality of his life
f rom conception: 6 8 7 2. The nature of eve ry individual is determined by
his or her deepest love; and each of us is his or her own deepest love : 6 8 7 2, 1 0 1 7 7, 1 0 2 8 4. The Lord made his whole human nature divine—
both its inward and its outward constituents: 1 6 0 3, 1 8 1 5, 1 9 0 2, 1 9 2 6,
2 0 9 3, 2 8 0 3 *[2 0 8 3]* . So, unlike any other person, he rose with his whole
body: 1 7 2 9, 2 0 8 3, 5 0 7 8, 1 0 8 2 5.

[9] The divinity of the Lord's human is recognized in his omnipresence in the Holy Supper: 2343, 2359. It is also recognized in his transfiguration
before the three disciples; 3212, and also from the Word of the Old Testament, where he is called "God": 10154; and where he is called "Jehovah":

1603, 1736, 1815, 1902, 2921, 3035, 5110, 6281, 6303, 8864, 9194, 9315.
In the literal meaning, a distinction is made between Father and Son or between Jehovah and the Lord, but this is not the case in the inner meaning
of the Word that angels attend to: 3035. In the Christian world, the Lord's human is not recognized as divine, a situation that has come about
in order that the pope might be recognized as his vicar: 3035 *[4738].*
[10] Some Christians in the other life were examined to determine what kind of concept of the one God they had, and it was discovered that they had a concept of three gods: 2329, 5256, 10736, 10737, 10738,

10821. A trinity or divine trine in one person—and therefore a single God—is conceivable, but a trinity in three persons is not: 10738, 10821, 10824. A divine trine in the Lord is acknowledged in heaven: 14, 15, 1729,
2005 *[2004],* 5256, 9303. The trine in the Lord is the essential divine nature
called the Father, the divine human called the Son, the emanating[77] Divine called the Holy Spirit, and this divine trine is one: 2149, 2156, 2288, 2321 *[2319],* 2329, 2447, 3704, 6993, 7182, 10738, 10822, 10823. The
Lord himself teaches that the Father and he are one: 1729, 2004, 2005, 2018, 2025, 2751, 3704, 3736, 4766; and the holy Divine emanates from
him and is his: 3969, 4673, 6788, 6993, 7499, 8127, 8302, 9199, 9228, 9229, 9270 *[9264],* 9407, 9818, 9820, 10330.
[11] The divine human flows into heaven and makes heaven: 3038. The Lord is everything in heaven, and is heaven's life: 7211, 9128. The Lord dwells among angels in what is his: 9338, 10125, 10151, 10157. So people
who are in heaven are in the Lord: 3637, 3638. The union of the Lord with angels takes place according to their acceptance of the quality of love and thoughtfulness from him: 904, 4198, 4206 *[4205],* 4211, 4320 *[4220],* 6280, 6832, 7042, 8819, 9680, 9682, 9683, 10106, 10811 *[10810].*
The whole heaven corresponds directly to the Lord: 551, 552. The Lord is
the common center of heaven: 3633. Everyone there turns toward the Lord, who is above the heavens: 9828, 10130, 10189. However, angels do
not turn themselves toward the Lord; rather, the Lord turns them toward

himself: 10189. There is no presence of angels with the Lord, but there is
a presence of the Lord with angels: 9415. There is no union with the essential
Divine in heaven, but there is with the divine human: 4211, 4724, 5633 *[5663].*
[12] Heaven corresponds to the Lord's divine human, and heaven overall is therefore like a single person; and therefore heaven is called the
universal human: 2996, 2998, 3624–3649, 3636–3643, 3741–3745, 4625.
The Lord is the only person, and only those who accept something divine
from him are human: 1894. To the extent that they do so accept, they are human beings and images of him: 8547. Therefore angels are forms of love and thoughtfulness in human form, which is [given] by the Lord: 3804, 4735, 4797, 4985, 5199, 5530, 9879, 10177.
[13] The whole heaven belongs to the Lord: 2751, 7086. He has all power in the heavens and on earth: 1607, 10089, 10827. Because the Lord
rules the entire heaven, he also rules everything that depends on it—therefore everything in the world: 2026, 2027, 4523, 4524. The Lord alone possesses the power to move the hells away from us, restrain us from evils and keep us in good, and thus to save us: 10019.

a. How superior a knowledge of correspondences is to other knowledge: 4 2 8 0. The primary knowledge
of the ancients was the knowledge of correspondences, but today this has been blotted out: 3 0 2 1,
3 4 1 9, 4 2 8 0, 6 7 4 9 *[4 7 4 9]* , 4 8 4 4, 4 9 6 4, 4 9 6 5 *[4 9 6 6]* , 6 0 0 4, 7 7 2 9, 1 0 2 5 2. The knowledge of correspondences
flourished among those in the Near East and Egypt: 5 7 0 2, 6 6 9 2, 7 0 9 7, 7 7 7 9, 9 3 9 1, 1 0 4 0 7.

There Is a Correspondence of Everything in Heaven with Everything in the Human Being

PEOPLE today do not know what "correspondence" is. There are many reasons for this ignorance, the primary one being that we have moved away from heaven because of our love for ourselves and for the world. You see, people who love themselves and the world above all focus
on nothing but earthly matters because these provide gratification to their more outward senses and pleasure to their moods. They do not attend
to spiritual matters because these offer gratification to their deeper senses and pleasure to their minds. So they set such matters aside, saying

that they are too lofty to think about.
The early people behaved differently. For them, knowledge about correspondences was the pearl[78] of all knowledge. By means of it, they gained intelligence and wisdom, and by means of it those who were of the church had a communication with heaven. Knowledge about correspondences
is in fact angelic knowledge.
The earliest ones, who were heavenly people, did their thinking from correspondence like angels, so they could even talk with angels. Further,
the Lord was quite often visible to them, and taught them. Nowadays, though, this knowledge has been so completely lost that people do not know what correspondence is.[a]
Now, without some grasp of what correspondence is, nothing can be k n own in clear light about the spiritual world or about its inflow into the
natural world, nothing at all about what the spiritual is re l a t i ve to the natural,
nothing in clear light about the human spirit that is called "the soul" and how it affects the body inward l y, nothing about our state after death.
Because of all this, I need to define it and explain what it is like. This will
also pave the way for matters that are to follow.
First, I need to state what correspondence is. The whole natural world is responsive[79] to the spiritual world—the natural world not just in
general, but in detail. So whatever arises in the natural world out of the

spiritual one is called "something that corresponds." It needs to be realized
that the natural world arises from and is sustained in being by the spiritual world, exactly the way an effect relates to its efficient cause.
By "the natural world," I mean all that extended reality[80] that is under our sun[81] and that receives its light and warmth from it. All the things that are sustained in being from that source belong to that world.
The spiritual world, in contrast, is heaven, and to that world belong all the things that are in the heavens.
Since a human being is a heaven *and* a world in least form in the image of the greatest (see §57 above), there is a spiritual world and a natural world within each of us. The deeper elements, which belong to our minds and relate to our intelligence and volition, constitute our spiritual

world, while the outer elements, which belong to our bodies and relate to
our senses and actions, constitute our natural world. Anything that occurs
in our natural world (that is, in our bodies and their senses and actions)
because of our spiritual world (that is, because of our minds and
their intelligence and volition) is called something that corresponds.
We can see in the human face what correspondence is like. In a face
that has not been taught to dissimulate, all the affections of the mind
manifest themselves visibly in a natural form, as though in their very imprint,
which is why we refer to the face as “the index of the mind.” This
is our spiritual world within our natural world. Similarly, elements of our
understanding are manifest in our speech, and matters of our volition in
our physical behavior. So things that occur in the body, whether in our
faces or in our speech or in our behavior, are called correspondences.
We can also see from this what the inner person is and what the outer
person is, namely, that the inner is the one that is called the spiritual person,
and the outer the natural person. We can also see that they are as
distinct from each other as heaven and earth, and that everything that
happens and comes forth in the outer or natural person does so from the
inner or spiritual one.
We have been talking about the correspondence of our inner or spiritual
person with our outer or natural one. In what follows, though, we
need to discuss the correspondence of heaven in its entirety with the individual
human being.
It has already been explained that heaven in its totality reflects a single
person, and that it is a person in image and is therefore called the universal
human. It has also been explained that for this reason, the heavenly
communities that make up heaven are arranged like the members, organs,
and viscera in a human being. So there are communities that are located
in the head, in the chest, in the arms, and in the particular parts of

b. On the correspondence of the heart and the lungs with the universal human that is heaven, based on experience: 3883–3896. The heart corresponds to people who are in the heavenly kingdom,
while the lungs correspond to people in the spiritual kingdom: 3685 *[3885],* 3886, 3887. In heaven there is a pulse like that of the heart and a breathing like that of the lungs, but on a deeper
level: 3884, 3885, 3887. The heartbeat there varies depending on states of love, and the breathing
varies depending on states of charity and faith: 3886, 3887, 3889. “The heart” in the Word is volition,
so what comes from the heart is what comes from volition: 2930, 7542, 8910, 9113, 10336. So too, the heart in the Word means love, so what comes from the heart comes from love: 7542, 9050, 10336.

these members (see above, §§59–72). The communities that are in a particular
member, then, correspond to the like member in a human being.

For example, the ones in the head in heaven correspond to our head, the
ones in the chest there correspond to our chest, the ones in the arms correspond
to our arms, and so on for the rest. We continue in existence because of this correspondence, for heaven is the only basis of our continued existence.

The differentiation of heaven into two kingdoms, one called the heavenly kingdom and the other the spiritual kingdom, has been presented
in its proper chapter above.[82] The heavenly kingdom in general corresponds to the heart and to all the extensions of the heart throughout
the body. The spiritual kingdom corresponds to the lungs and to all their
extension throughout the body. Further, the heart and the lungs form two kingdoms in us, the heart governing through the arteries and veins and the lungs through the nerve and motor fibers, each involved in every
effort and action.

Within each one of us, in the spiritual world of ours that is called our spiritual person, there are also two kingdoms. One is volitional and the other is cognitive, the volitional governing through affections for what is
good and the cognitive through affections for what is true. These kingdoms
also correspond to the kingdoms of the heart and lungs in the body. The same holds true in the heavens. The heavenly kingdom is heaven’s volitional side, where the good that flows from love rules. The spiritual kingdom is heaven’s cognitive side, where truth rules. These are
what correspond to the functions of the heart and the lungs in us.

It is because of this correspondence that “the heart” in the Word

means volition and the good of love, while “the breath of the spirit” means understanding and the truth of faith. This is also why we ascribe feelings to the heart, even though they do not reside or originate there.b

The correspondence of heaven’s two kingdoms with the heart and lungs is the general correspondence of heaven with the human being.

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c. The chest in the Word means charity: 3934, 10081, 10087. The loins and reproductive organs mean marriage love: 3021, 4280, 4462, 5050, 5051, 5052. The arms and hands mean the power of truth: 878, 3091, 4931–4937, 6947, 7205, 10017 *[10019].* The feet mean the natural: 2162, 3147, 3761, 3986, 4280, 4938–4952. The eyes mean discernment: 2701, 4403–4421, 4523–4534, 6923, 9051, 10569. The nostrils mean perception: 3577, 4624, 4625, 4748, 5621, 8286, 10054, 10292. The ears mean obedience: 2542, 3869, 4523, 4653, 5017, 7216, 8361, 8990, 9311, 9396 *[9397],* 10061. The kidneys mean probing and purification of what is true: 5380–5386, 10032.

The less general correspondence, though, is with the specific members, organs, and viscera, and we need to note what this is like as well.83

People who are in the head in the universal human that is heaven are supremely involved in everything good. In fact, they are in love, peace, innocence, wisdom, intelligence, and therefore in delight and happiness.

These flow into the head and into the components of the head in us, and correspond to them.

People who are in the chest of the universal human that is heaven are involved in the qualities of thoughtfulness and faith, and also flow into our chests and correspond to them. However, people who are in the groin of the universal human or heaven and in the organs dedicated to reproduction are in marriage love.84

People who are in the feet are in the outmost heaven, which is called “natural-spiritual good.” People who are in the arms and hands are in the power of what is true because of what is good. People who are in the eyes are in understanding; people who are in the ears are in attentiveness and obedience; people who are in the nostrils are in perception; people in the mouth and tongue in conversing from discernment and perception. People who are in the kidneys are in truth that probes and discriminates and purifies; people in the liver, pancreas, and spleen are in various aspects of purification of what is good and true; and so on. They flow into the like parts of the human being and correspond to them.

The inflow of heaven is into the functions and uses of these members, and since the uses originate in the spiritual world, they take form by means of elements characteristic of the natural world and thus make themselves known in their effects. This is the origin of correspondence. This is why these same members, organs, and viscera in the Word mean similar things. Everything there actually has meaning according to
its correspondence. The head there means intelligence and wisdom, the chest thoughtfulness, the groin marriage love, the arms and hands the power of truth, the feet what is natural, the eyes discernment, the nostrils
perception, the ears obedience, the kidneys the probing of truth, and so on.c

d. On the correspondence of all the members of our bodies with the universal human or heaven, in general and in detail, based on experience: 3021, 3624–3649, 3741–3751 *[3741–3750],* 3883–3896,
4039–4051 *[4039–4054],* 4218–4228, 4318–4331, 4403–4421, 4523–4534, 4622–4633, 4652–4660,
4791–4805, 4931–4953, 5050–5061, 5171–5189, 5377–5396, 5552–5573, 5711–5727, 10030. On the inflow
of the spiritual world into the natural world, or of heaven into earth, and the inflow of the soul into all the elements of the body, based on experience: 6053–6058, 6189–6215, 6307–6327, 6466–6495, 6598–6626. On the interaction of the soul and the body, based on experience: 6053–6058, 6189–6215, 6307–6327, 6466–6495, 6598–6626.

This is also why people commonly say that someone has a good head when they are talking about someone intelligent and wise, why they talk
about a truly thoughtful person as a bosom friend, a particularly perc e p t i ve
individual as having a keen nose, a discriminating one as sharp-sighted,85
someone in power as having a long arm,86 someone who acts intentionally
f rom love as acting from the heart—these and many other expressions in
human language come from correspondence. The expressions actually originate in the spiritual world, though people are unaware of it.

The reality of this kind of correspondence of everything in heaven with everything in us has been shown me by a great deal of experience —
by so much, in fact, that I am as convinced of this as I am of anything that is so obvious as to be beyond doubt. There is no need to append all the evidence here, though, and there is too much to include. The reader may see some included in *Secrets of Heaven* where correspondences, representations,
the inflow of the spiritual world into the natural, and the interaction of soul and body are dealt with.d

Even though we completely correspond physically to all of heaven, we a re still not images of heaven in outward form, but only in inward form. Our deeper reaches are re c e p t i ve of heaven, while our more outward ones
a re re c e p t i ve of this world. To the extent, then, that those deeper re a c h e s
do accept heaven we are heavens in least form, in the image of the gre a test;
but to the extent that our deeper reaches are not re c e p t i ve, we are not
h e a vens or images of the greatest. Ne ve rtheless, our more outward aspects,
which are re c e p t i ve of the world, may be in some form that is determined
by the world, and there f o re in more or less beauty. Ou t w a rd, physical
beauty has its origins in our parents and from our formation in the womb,
and thereafter is maintained by a general inflow from the world. This is why our natural form differs markedly from our spiritual form.
I have been shown at times what a spiritual person is like in form, and I have seen that in some people who were lovely and attractive in physical appearance that inner form was misshapen, black, and grotesque—what you would call an image of hell rather than of heaven;

while in some who were not beautiful, the inner form was graceful, radiant,
and angelic. After death, our spirit looks the way it actually did within the body while we were living in it in this world.
Correspondence, though, extends to much more than human beings. There is a correspondence of the heavens with each other. The second or
intermediate heaven is responsive to the third or central one, the first or
outmost heaven is responsive to the second or intermediate one, and this
is responsive to the physical forms in us, the forms that are referred to as
our members, organs, and viscera. So it is our bodily nature in which heaven finally comes to rest, on which it stands like a foundation. But this mystery will be explored further elsewhere.[87]
It is absolutely necessary to realize, though, that all correspondence with heaven is correspondence with the Lord’s divine human, because heaven is from him and because he is heaven, as has been explained in

the preceding chapters. For unless the divine human flowed into every bit of heaven and, in accord with correspondences, into every bit of our world, there would be no angels and none of us.

Again then, we can see from this why the Lord became an individual on earth and clothed his divine nature with a human nature from first to last. This happened because the divine human on which heaven depended

before the Coming of the Lord[88] was no longer adequate to sustain everything, since we, the foundation of heaven, had undermined and destroyed the design.

In the passages referred to at the close of the preceding chapter you may see what the divine human before the Coming of the Lord was and what its nature was, as well as the quality of the state of heaven then.

Angels are stunned when they hear that there are people who credit everything to nature and nothing to the Divine, as well as people who believe that their bodies, in which so many wonders of heaven are gathered, are fashioned out of nature, and even that this is the source of our rational capacity. On the contrary, if people would just raise their minds a little, they could see that things like this come from the Divine and not from nature, and that nature was created simply to clothe the spiritual and responsively represent it on the lowest level of the design. They compare such people to owls, which see in darkness, but see nothing in the light.

There Is a Correspondence of Heaven with Everything Earthly

IN the preceding chapter, we have stated what correspondence is, and

h a ve e x p l a i n e d a s we l l t h a t a b s o l u t e l y e ve ry t h i n g i n t h e s o u l's b o d y i s a
c o r re s p o n d e n c e . Ne x t i n o rd e r l y s e q u e n c e we n e e d t o e x p l a i n t h a t e ve ryt
h i n g e a rt h l y a n d i n g e n e r a l e ve ry t h i n g i n o u r w o r l d i s a c o r re s p o n d e n c e .[89]
All earthly things are differentiated into three classes that we call "kingdoms," namely the animal kingdom, the vegetable kingdom, and the mineral kingdom. Members of the animal kingdom are correspondences[90]
on the first level because they are alive. Members of the vegetable kingdom are correspondences on the second level because they merely grow. Members of the mineral kingdom are correspondences on the third level because they neither live nor grow.
The correspondences in the animal kingdom are the living creatures of various kinds, both those that walk and creep on the earth and those that fly in the air.We need not list them by name, because they are familiar.
Correspondences in the vegetable kingdom are all the things that grow and bloom in gardens and forests and farms and meadows, which again are so familiar that they need not be listed by name. Correspondences
in the mineral kingdom are metals noble and base, stones precious and common, and soils of various kinds, as well as bodies of water. Beyond these, things made from these elements by human industry for our use are correspondences, things such as foods of all kinds, garments,
houses, major buildings, and so on.
Things that are above the earth are also correspondences, things like the sun, the moon, and the stars, and also things that occur in our a t m o s p h e res like clouds, mists, rainstorms, lightning bolts, and thund
e rclaps. The emanations of the sun in its presence and absence like light and shade, warmth and cold, are also correspondences; and so are such corollaries as the times of the year called spring, summer, fall, and winter, and the times of the day—morning, noon, evening, and n i g h t .

141 EARTHCORRESPONDSTOHEAVEN §108
a. Everything in the world and its three kingdoms corresponds to heavenly things that are in heaven; or things in the natural world correspond to things in the spiritual world: 1632, 1881, 2758, 2890–2893 *[2990–2993],* 2897–3003 *[2987–3003],* 3213–3227, 3483, 3624–3649 *[3624–3639],*
4044, 4053, 4116, 4366, 4939, 5116, 5377, 5428, 5477, 9280. Through correspondences, the natural

world is united with the spiritual world: 8615. So nature in its entirety is a theater portraying the
Lord's kingdom: 2758, 2999, 3000, 3483, 4938, 4939, 8848, 9280.
b. Everything in both heaven and this world that is in accord with the design goes back to what is
good and what is true: 2451, 3166, 4390, 4409, 5232, 7256, 10122; and to the union of the two, if it
is actually to be anything: 10555.

In a word, absolutely everything in nature, from the smallest to the greatest, is a correspondence.[a] The reason correspondences occur is that the natural world, including everything in it, arises and is sustained from the spiritual world, and both worlds come from the Divine. We say that it also is sustained because everything is sustained from that from which it arose, enduring being in fact a perpetual arising;[91] and since nothing can endure independently, but needs something prior, it therefore needs a First, and if it were separated from that First, it would utterly perish and disappear.

Everything is a correspondent that arises and endures in nature according to the divine design. What makes the divine design is the divine good that emanates from the Lord. It begins from him, emanates from him through the heavens in sequence into the world, and there comes to a close in things most remote. Things there that are in accord with the design are correspondences. The things that are in accord with the design are everything that is good and is perfected for some use, for everything good is good according to its usefulness. Its form reflects what is true because the true is the form of the good. This is why everything in the whole world and in the world of nature that is in the divine design goes back to what is good and what is true.[b]

The fact that everything in this world arises from the Divine and is clothed with the kinds of elements in nature that enable it to be present there, serve some use, and therefore correspond, follows clearly from little things we can observe in both the animal and the vegetable kingdoms. In each there are things that anyone, with some deeper thought, can see must come from heaven. By way of illustration I may mention only a few out of the countless many.

First, some from the animal kingdom. In this field, many people realize what kind of knowledge is virtually instinctive in any creature you

choose. Bees know how to collect honey from flowers, build cells from wax in which they store their honey, and so provide food for themselves and their families for the coming winter. Their queen lays eggs, while the
others cover them over and lead her around so that a new generation may
be born. They live under a kind of government that all their members know instinctively, protecting their useful members and expelling the useless ones and clipping off their wings. There are even more marvels that are given them from heaven for their use. In fact, their wax serves the human race throughout the world for candles, and their honey for flavoring foods.

[2] Then what about caterpillars, the lowest creatures in the animal kingdom! They know how to nourish themselves with the sap of their leaves and in due time how to make a covering around themselves and virtually put themselves in a womb and so to hatch offspring of their own species. Some first turn into nymphs and chrysalides and make threads, and after exhausting labor grace themselves with new bodies and
adorn themselves with wings. Then they fly in the air as though it were their heaven, celebrate their “weddings,” lay their eggs, and so provide themselves with a posterity.

[3] Over and above these particular examples, all the fowl of the air know the foods that are good for them—not only what they are, but where they are. They know how to construct nests for themselves, each species differently from all others, how to lay their eggs there, incubate them, hatch and feed their chicks, and expel them from the nest when they can be on their own. They also know the particular enemies they must avoid and the allies they can associate with, all from earliest infancy.

I will say nothing about the wonders in the eggs themselves, where everything
necessary for the formation and nourishment of the embryonic chicks lies properly available, or countless other wonders.

[4] Will anyone who thinks with any rational wisdom say that such things arise from any source but a spiritual world, a world that the natural
world serves by clothing what comes from it with a body, or presenting in effect that which is spiritual in origin?

The reason why earthbound animals and the fowl of the air are born into all this knowledge while we, who are actually superior, are not, is that animals are in the proper pattern of their life and cannot destroy

what is within them from the spiritual world because they are not rational.

It is different for us, who think from the spiritual world. Because we have corrupted ourselves by living contrary to the design that reason itself has recommended to us, we cannot escape being born into total

c. By reason of correspondence, animals refer to affections; mild and useful animals to good affections, fierce and useless ones to evil affections: 45, 46, 142, 143, 246, 714, 716, 719, 2179, 2180, 3519, 9280; illustrated by experience drawn from the spiritual world: 3218, 5198, 9090. On the inflow of the spiritual world into the lives of animals: 1633, 3646. By reason of correspondence, cattle and calves refer to affections of the natural mind: 2180, 2566, 9391, 10132, 10407. What birds mean: 4169, 4809. What lambs mean: 3994, 10132. Flying creatures mean cognitive activities: 40, 745, 776, 778, 866, 988, 993 *[991],* 5149, 7441; varied as indicated by their genera and species, based on experience in the spiritual world: 3219.

ignorance, so that we can be led from there, by divine means, back into the pattern of heaven.

We can deduce how members of the vegetable kingdom correspond from a multitude of instances—for example, from the fact that tiny seeds grow into trees, beget leaves, produce flowers and then fruits in which they place another generation of seeds, and that these things happen in a sequence and emerge all together in such a wondrous design that there is no way to describe it briefly. It would take volumes, and still there would be deeper mysteries suited to their uses that our knowledge could not compass.

Because these things stem from the spiritual world or heaven, which is in a human form (as was explained in the appropriate chapter above [§§78–86]), it is also true that the details of that kingdom have a kind of relationship to human characteristics—a fact that is recognized by some individuals in the learned world.

It has become clear to me from a great deal of experience that eve rything in that kingdom is also a correspondence. Ve ry often, when I have looked over trees and fruits and flowers and vegetables in gardens, I have become aware of corresponding things in heaven. Then I have talked with n e a r by people there and have learned where these plants we re from and what their characteristics we re .

Nowadays, though, no one can know about the spiritual things in

heaven to which natural things in the world correspond except from heaven, because the knowledge of correspondence has now been completely
lost. I should like to present a few examples to show what the correspondence
of spiritual things with natural ones is like.

In general, earth's living creatures correspond to affections, the mild and useful ones to good affections, the fierce and useless ones to evil affections.

Specifically, cattle and calves correspond to affections of the natural mind, sheep and lambs to affections of the spiritual mind. Flying creatures, species by species, correspond to cognitive activities of either
level of the mind.[c] This is why various animals such as cattle, calves,

d. By reason of correspondence, a garden or paradise means intelligence and wisdom: 100, 108; from experience: 3220. Everything that corresponds has the same meaning in the Word as well: 2890 *[2896],* 2987, 2989, 2990, 2971 *[2991],* 3002, 3225.

e. Trees mean perceptions and experiential knowledge: 103, 2163, 2682, 2722, 2972, 7692. So the
early people held their divine worship in groves, under particular trees depending on their correspondence:
2722, 4552. On the inflow of heaven into members of the vegetable kingdom; for example, into trees and small plants: 3648.

f. By reason of correspondence, foods mean the kind of things that nourish our spiritual life: 3114,
4459, 4792, 4976, 5147, 5293, 5340, 5342, 5410, 5426, 5576, 5582, 5588, 5656 *[5655],* 5915, 6277, 8562,
9003.

rams, sheep, male and female goats, male and female lambs, as well as pigeons
and turtle doves were accepted for holy use in the Israelite church, which was a representative church.[92] They used them for their sacrifices
and burnt offerings, and in these uses they did in fact correspond to spiritual
realities that are understood in heaven in accord with their correspondence.

The reason animals are affections, according to their genera and species, is that they are alive, and the only source of the life of any creature
is from affection and is in proportion to it. We humans are like animals as far as our natural person is concerned, which is why we are compared to them in colloquial usage. For example, we call a gentle person
a sheep or a lamb, a violent one a bear or a wolf, a crafty one a fox or a snake, and so on.

There is a similar correspondence with things in the vegetable kingdom.
A garden, in general terms, corresponds to heaven in respect to intelligence
and wisdom, which is why heaven is called the garden of God
and a paradise,[d] and why we call it a heavenly paradise.
Trees, species by species, correspond to perceptions and firsthand knowledge of what is good and true, which yield intelligence and wisdom.
So the early people, who were absorbed in the knowledge of correspondences,
held their holy worship in groves.[e] This is why trees are
mentioned so often in the Word and why heaven, the church, and people
are compared to them—to the vine, for example, the olive, the cedar, and
others—and the good we do is compared to fruit.
Further, the foods we derive from them, especially the ones we get from crops planted in fields, correspond to affections for what is good and true because they nourish our spiritual life the way earthly foods nourish our natural life.[f]
Bread, generally speaking, corresponds to an affection for whatever is good because it is the mainstay of life and because it is used to mean all

g. Bread means everything good that nourishes our spiritual life: 2165, 2177, 3478, 3735, 3813, 4211,
4217, 4735, 4976, 9323, 9545, 10686. The loaves that were on the table in the tabernacle have a
similar meaning: 3478, 9545. Sacrifices in general were called “bread”: 2165. “Bread” includes all
food: 2165. So it means all heavenly and spiritual food: 276, 680, 2165, 2177, 3478, 6118, 8410.
h. Everything good has its delight from its functions and in proportion to them, and this is also the source of its quality; so the nature of the function determines the nature of the good: 3049, 4984, 7038. Angelic life consists of good deeds of love and thoughtfulness, and therefore of being
food. It is because of this correspondence that the Lord calls himself the bread of life; and it is also because of this that bread was put to holy use
in the Israelite church—they did in fact place bread on the table in the tabernacle and called it “the bread of presence.”[93] Then too, all divine worship that they performed by sacrifices and burnt offerings was called
“bread.” Because of this correspondence too, the most sacred worship in
the Christian church is the Holy Supper, in which bread and wine are shared.[g]
From these few examples, we can infer what correspondence is like.
We may note briefly how the union of heaven with the world occurs

by means of correspondences. The Lord's kingdom is a kingdom of purposes that are functions[94] or—which amounts to the same thing—of functions that are purposes. For this reason, the unive r s e has been so created and formed by the Divine that functions can clothe themselves in materials that enable them to present themselve s in act or in results, first in heaven and then in this world, and so step by step all the way to the lowest things in nature. We can see from this that the correspondence of natural phenomena with spiritual ones, or of the world with heaven, takes place through functions, and that the functions are what unite them. We can also see that the forms that clothe the functions are correspondences and unions to the extent that they are forms of the functions.

In the three kingdoms of earthly nature, all the things that happen according to the design are [outward] forms of their functions or results formed by function for function. This is why the things that occur there are correspondences.

As for us, though, our acts are services in forms to the extent that we live according to the divine design—that is, in love for the Lord and in thoughtfulness toward our neighbor. To that extent, our acts are correspondences
that unite us to heaven. In general terms, loving the Lord and our neighbor is being of service.[h]

of service: 453 *[454].* The Lord—and this holds true for angels as well—focuses on nothing but purposes that are functions in regard to us: 1317, 1645, 5844 *[5854].* The Lord's kingdom is a kingdom
of functions and therefore of purposes: 453 *[454],* 696, 1103, 3645, 4054, 7038. To serve the Lord is to be useful: 7038. Absolutely everything in us is formed for some function: 3565 *[3570],* 4104, 5189, 9297; and everything comes from function; so function is prior to our organic forms through which the functions are exercised, because function arises from the inflow of the Lord through heaven: 4223, 4926. Further, the deeper structures of our mind are formed as we mature
from function and for function: 1964, 6815, 9297. So the quality of an individual is determined by
the quality of that individual's function: 1568, 3570, 4054, 6571, 6934, 6938, 10284. Functions are
causative purposes: 3565, 4054, 4104, 6815. Function is our beginning and end, and therefore our
whole humanity: 1964.

i. The Word was written in pure correspondences: 8615. Through the Word, there is a union of humanity with heaven: 2899, 6943, 9396, 9400, 9401, 10375, 10452.

We need to know as well that it is humankind through which the natural world is united to the spiritual world, that we are the means of the union. For there is within us a natural world and also a spiritual world (see above, §5 7); so to the extent that we are spiritual, we are a means of union. Howe ve r, to the extent that we are natural and not spiritual, we are not a means of union. The Lord's inflow into the world and into the world's gifts within us continues even without our aid, but it does not come into our rational functioning.

Just as everything that is in accord with the divine design corresponds to heaven, everything that is contrary to the divine design corresponds to hell. Everything that corresponds to heaven reflects what is good and true, while what corresponds to hell reflects what is evil and false.

We may now say something about the knowledge of correspondences and its use. We have just stated that the spiritual world, which is heaven, is united to the natural world by means of correspondences; so it is through correspondences that we are given communication with heaven. Heaven's angels do not think in terms of natural phenomena the way we do, so when we are absorbed in the knowledge of correspondences we can be in the company of angels in respect to the thoughts of our minds. So we can be united to them in regard to our spiritual or inner person.

In order that there might be a union of heaven with humanity, the Word was written in pure correspondences. Absolutely everything in it corresponds.[i] So if we were steeped in a knowledge of correspondences, we would understand the Word in its spiritual meaning and be enabled to

j. On the spiritual meaning of the Word, see the booklet *The White Horse Described in the Book of Revelation*.

k. By reason of correspondence, gold means heavenly good: 113, 1551, 1552, 5658, 6914, 6917, 9510, 9874, 9881. Silver means spiritual good, or truth from a heavenly source: 1551, 1552, 2954, 5648 *[5658].* Bronze means natural good: 425, 1551. Iron means truth on the lowest level of the design: 425, 426.

know hidden treasures in it that we do not see at all in its literal meaning.

The Word does in fact have a literal meaning and a spiritual meaning.[j] The literal meaning consists of the kind of things that are in our world, while the spiritual meaning consists of the kind of things that are in heaven; and since the union of heaven with our world is maintained by correspondences, we have been given a Word in which the details correspond, even

d own to the last jot.
I have been taught in heaven that the earliest people on our planet, who were heavenly people, thought on the basis of actual correspondences,
and that the natural phenomena of the world that greeted their eyes served them as means for thinking in this way. Because they were of
this character, they were in the company of angels and talked with them;
and in this way heaven was united to the world through them. Therefore,
that era was called the Golden Age. Classical authors described it as a time when the inhabitants of heaven dwelt with mortals and kept them company as friend with friend.[95]
After their era, though, a people came who did not think from actual correspondences but from a knowledge about correspondences. There was still a union of heaven with humanity, but not such an intimate one. Their era was called the Silver Age.
The people who came next were indeed familiar with correspondences but did not do their thinking on the basis of their knowledge of correspondences. This was because they were engrossed in what is good
on the natural level and not, like their ancestors, on the spiritual level. Their era was called the Bronze Age.
I have been taught, lastly, that after that era humanity became more and more externally minded and at last physically minded. Then the knowledge of correspondences was completely lost, and with it any awareness of heaven and of its riches.
The names of these ages—Golden, Silver, and Bronze—also come from correspondence,[k] because gold, by reason of correspondence, means

the heavenly goodness in which the earliest people lived. Silver, in contrast,
means the spiritual goodness in which their successors, the early people, lived; while bronze means the natural goodness characteristic of
their immediate followers. Iron, though, which gave its name to the last era, means a harsh truth, devoid of good.[96]

The Sun in Heaven

OUR world's sun is not visible in heaven, and neither is anything that is derived from it, since all that is natural. Nature, in fact, begins

with that sun, and whatever is produced by it is called natural. The spiritual
reality in which heaven exists, though, is above nature and completely distinct from anything natural. They communicate with each
other only through correspondences.
The nature of the distinction can be gathered from what was said above about levels in §38, and the nature of the communication from the
last two chapters about correspondences.
However, even though neither this world's sun nor anything derived from it is visible in heaven, there is a sun there; there is light and warmth,
there are all the things we have in our world and many more—not from the same origin, though, since things in heaven are spiritual while things
in our world are natural.
Heaven's sun is the Lord; light there is the divine truth and warmth the divine good that radiate from the Lord as the sun. Everything that comes into being and manifests itself in the heavens is from this source.
We will discuss the light and warmth and the things that arise from them
in subsequent chapters; here we restrict ourselves to the sun.
The reason the Lord in heaven appears as the sun is that he is the divine
love from which all spiritual things come into being—and, through the agency of our world's sun, all natural things as well. That love is what
shines like a sun.
As for the Lord's actually appearing in heaven as the sun, this is something I have not simply been told by angels but have also been

149 THE SUN §118
a. The Lord is seen in heaven as a sun, and is the sun of heaven: 1053, 3636, 3643, 4060. The Lord
appears as a sun to people in the heavenly kingdom, where love for him reigns, and as a moon to
people in the spiritual kingdom, where thoughtfulness toward one's neighbor and faith reign: 1521, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1837, 4696. The Lord as a sun appears at a medium elevation for the right
eye, and as a moon for the left eye: 1053, 1521, 1529, 1530, 1531, 3636, 3643, 4321, 5097, 7078, 7083,
7173, 7270, 8812, 10809. The Lord has been seen as the sun and as the moon: 1531, 7173. The Lord's essential Divine is far above his Divine in the heavens: 7270, 8760.
b. Fire in the Word means love for either good or evil: 934, 4906, 5215. Sacred or heavenly fire means divine love: 934, 6314, 6832. Hellfire means love for oneself and the world, and all the craving
that belongs to those loves: 1861, 5071, 6314, 6832, 7575, 10747. Love is the fire of life, and life

itself actually comes from it: 4096 *[4906],* 5071, 6032, 6314. Light means the truth of faith: 3395
[3195], 3485, 3636, 3643, 3993, 4302, 4413, 4415, 9548, 9684.
c. The sight of the left eye corresponds to what is true in faith, and the sight of the right eye corresponds
to what is good in it: 4410, 6923.
allowed to see a number of times; so I should like at this point to describe
briefly what I have heard and seen[97] concerning the Lord as the sun.
The Lord does not appear as a sun *in* the heavens, but high above them, and not directly overhead but in front of angels at a middle elevation.
He appears in two places, in one for the right eye and in another for the left, noticeably far apart. For the right eye he looks just like a sun, with much the same fire and size as our world's sun. For the left eye, though, he does not look like a sun but like a moon, with similar brilliance
but more sparkling, and with much the same size as our earth's moon; but he seems to be surrounded by many apparent lesser moonlets,
each similarly brilliant and sparkling.
The reason the Lord appears in two places, so differently, is that he appears to people according to their receptiveness. So he looks one way to people who accept him through the good of love and another way to people who accept him through the good of faith. To people who accept him through the good of love, he looks like a sun, fiery and flaming in response to their receptivity. These people are in his heavenly kingdom. To people who accept him through the good of faith, though, he looks like a moon, brilliant and sparkling in response to their receptivity. These
people are in his spiritual kingdom.[a] This is because the good of love corresponds
to fire, so that fire, in its spiritual meaning, is love; while the
good of faith corresponds to light, so that light, in its spiritual meaning, is faith.[b]
The reason he appears to the eyes is that the deeper levels of the mind see through the eyes, looking from the good of love through the right eye
and from the good of faith through the left eye.[c] You see, everything on

d. Things on our right side have reference to the good that yields truth, while things on our left have reference to the truth that comes from what is good: 9495, 9604.
e. In the Word, the lesser and greater stars mean instances of recognizing what is good and true:
2495, 2849, 4697.
the right side of an angel or one of us corresponds to what is good and yields truth, while everything on the left side corresponds to that truth that comes from what is good.[d,98] "The good of faith" is, essentially, truth

that comes from what is good.
This is why in the Word the Lord is compared to the sun when the focus is on love and to the moon when the focus is on faith. It is also why
the sun means a love for the Lord that comes from the Lord, and the moon means a faith in the Lord that comes from the Lord. Compare the following passages.

The light of the moon will be like the light of the sun, and the light of the sun will be sevenfold, like the light of seven days. (Isaiah 30:26)

When I annihilate you, I will cover the heavens and blacken the stars. I will cover the sun with a cloud, and the moon will not make its light. I will blacken all the luminaries in the heavens above you and send darkness over your land. (Ezekiel 32:7–8)

I will darken the sun in its rising, and the moon will not make its light shine. (Isaiah 13:10)

The sun and the moon will be blackened and the stars will withdraw their shining; the sun will be turned into darkness, and the moon into blood. (Joel 2:2, 10, 31; 3:15)[99]

The sun became black as hairy sackcloth,[100] and the moon became like blood, and the stars fell to earth. (Revelation 6:12[–13])

Immediately after the affliction of those days, the sun will be darkened and the moon will not give its light and the stars will fall from heaven. (Matthew 24:29)

And elsewhere. In these passages, the sun means love and the moon faith,
while the stars mean instances of recognizing what is good and true.[e]
These are said to be darkened, to lose their light, and to fall from heaven
when they no longer exist.

f. The quality and greatness of divine love, illustrated by comparison with the fire of our world's sun: 6834, 6844 *[8644],* 6849. The Lord's divine love is a love for the whole human race, for its salvation: 1820, 1865, 2253, 6872. The love that emanates most closely from the fire of the Lord's
love does not come into heaven, but appears around the sun like a sparkling halo: 7270. Further,
angels are shielded by a suitably thin cloud, so that they will not be hurt by the inflow of the heat
of love: 6849.

g. The manner of the Lord's presence with angels depends on their acceptance of the good of love
and faith from him: 904, 4198, 4320, 6280, 6832, 7042, 8819, 9680, 9682, 9683, 10106, 10811. The
Lord appears to every individual according to that individual's own quality: 1861, 2235 *[3235],* 4198, 4206. The hells are distanced from the heavens by the fact that they cannot bear the presence
of divine love from the Lord: 4299, 7519, 7738, 7989, 8157 *[8137],* 8266 *[8265],* 9327. So the hells are very far indeed from heaven, and this is the "great gulf ": 9346, 10187.

The Lord's appearance as a sun in heaven may also be inferred from his transfiguration before Peter, James, and John, when "his face shone

like the sun" (Matthew 17:2). This is how the Lord was seen by those disciples
when they had been lifted out of their bodies and were in the light of heaven.
For this reason, when the early people (who constituted a representative
church) were engaged in their divine worship, they faced the sun in the east. It is why they set their temples to face the east.
We can gather how great divine love is and what its quality is by comparison with the sun of our world—that love is most intense, far more intense, if you will believe it. So the Lord as the sun does not flow directly into the heavens; rather, the intensity of his love is by degrees tempered in its course. The stages of this tempering look like sparkling halos around the sun. Further, angels are shielded by a suitably thin cloud so that they will not be hurt by the inflow.[f] As a result, the heavens
are distanced according to their receptiveness. The higher heavens, being
in the good of love, are closest to the Lord as the sun. The lower heavens,
though, being in the good of faith, are farther from him. People who are engaged in nothing good whatever, like the people in hell, are farthest away, their removal being in proportion to their opposition to what is good.[g]
However, when the Lord appears *in* heaven (which happens quite often) he does not appear clothed with the sun but in an angelic form, distinguishable
from the angels by the divine quality that shines from his face. He is not actually there in person—since the Lord "in person" is always
clothed with the sun—but is present in appearance. It is commonplace in heaven for things to be seen as though they were present in the

h. Our world's sun is not visible to angels, but instead something dim behind them, opposite to heaven's sun or the Lord: 7078, 9755. In its opposite meaning, the sun means love for oneself: 2441; and in this meaning "worshiping the sun" means worshiping things that are contrary to heavenly love, or to the Lord: 2441, 10584. For people in the hells, heaven's sun is darkness: 2441.
place where their appearance is focused or delineated, even though this is
very far from the place where they themselves actually are. This presence
is called "a presence of inner sight," and will be discussed further below.

Then too I have seen the Lord outside the sun in an angelic form overhead, a little below the sun, and also nearby in a similar form—once
even among some angels, looking like a fiery ray of light.
To angels, our world's sun looks like something murky opposite to heaven's sun, and our moon like something dim opposite to heaven's moon, consistently. This is because our world's fire corresponds to a love
for ourselves, and the light it emits corresponds to the distortion that arises from that love. Love for oneself is the absolute opposite of divine love, and the distortion that arises from it is the absolute opposite of divine
truth.[102] Anything that is opposed to divine love and truth is darkness to angels.
This is why in the Word, worshiping our world's sun and moon and bowing down to them means loving oneself and the distortion that arises
from self-love, and why these are to be abolished (Deuteronomy 4:19; 18:3–5 *[17:3–5];* Jeremiah 8:1–2; Ezekiel 8:15, 16, 18; Revelation 16:8; Matthew 13:6).[h]
Since the Lord does appear in heaven as a sun because of the divine love that is in him and from him, all the people there constantly turn toward
him. The inhabitants of the heavenly kingdom turn toward him as the sun, while the inhabitants of the spiritual kingdom turn toward him as the moon. In contrast, the inhabitants of hell turn toward the darkness
and dimness that are on the opposite side, and therefore turn away from
the Lord. This is because all the people who are in the hells are caught up
in love for themselves and the world and are therefore opposed to the Lord. The ones who turn toward the darkness that stands for our world's
sun are at the back of the hells and are called "demons," while the ones who turn toward the dimness that stands for our moon are in the front of
hell and are called "spirits."[103] This is why people in the hells are described
as being in darkness and people in the heavens as being in light.
"Darkness" means falsity arising from evil, and "light" means truth arising
from good.

i. The Lord is the common center toward which everything in heaven turns: 3633.

The reason people turn in this way is that in the other life we all look toward what rules in our deeper natures—toward our own loves, then; and these deeper natures form the faces of angels and spirits. Further, in a spiritual world the cardinal points are not fixed the way they are in a natural world. Instead, they are determined by the way people face.

We ourselves, in spirit, are also turning in the same fashion—away from the Lord if we are caught up in self-love and love of the world, and toward him if we are in a love for him and for our neighbor. We are unaware of this, though, because we are in a natural world where the cardinal points are determined by the sun's rising and setting. Since it is hard for people to grasp this, examples will be given below where we deal with the cardinal points and with space and time in heaven.[104]

Since the Lord is the sun of heaven, and since everything that comes from him looks toward him, the Lord is the common center, the basis of all direction and orientation.[i] So too everything beneath is in his presence and under his control, everything in the heavens and everything on earth.

This enables us to see in clearer light the things that have been presented in the earlier chapters about the Lord, namely that he is the God of heaven (§§2–6), that his divine nature makes heaven (§§7–12), that the divine nature of the Lord in heaven is love for him and thoughtfulness toward our neighbor (§§13–19), that there is a correspondence of everything in our world with heaven, and through heaven with the Lord (§§87–115),[105] and that the sun of our world and its moon are correspondent entities (§105).

Light and Warmth in Heaven

PEOPLE who think solely on the basis of nature cannot grasp the fact that there is light in the heavens; yet in the heavens there is so much light that it is vastly greater than noonday light on earth. I have seen it often, even during our evenings and nights. At first I was amazed when I heard angels saying that our world's light was nothing but shadow in

a. All the light in the heavens is from the Lord as the sun: 1053, 1521, 3195, 3341, 3636, 3643, 4415,
9548, 9684, 10809. Divine truth emanating from the Lord appears in heaven as light, and constitutes
all the light of heaven: 3195, 3222 *[3223],* 5400, 8644, 9399, 9548, 9684.
b. Heaven's light illuminates the sight and the discernment of angels and spirits: 2776, 3138.
c. Light in heaven is proportional to angels' intelligence and wisdom: 1524, 1529, 1530, 3339. There
are as many variations of light in the heavens as there are communities, because there are constant
variations in regard to what is good and true, and therefore in regard to wisdom and intelligence:
684, 690, 3241, 3744, 3745, 4414, 5598, 7236, 7833, 7836.

comparison to heaven's light, but now that I have seen it, I myself can bear witness. Its brightness and brilliance are beyond description. What I
have seen in heaven I have seen in that light, and therefore more clearly
and distinctly than what I have seen in this world.

Heaven's light is not natural like the light of our world, but spiritual. It actually comes from the Lord as the sun, and that sun, as explained in the preceding chapter, is divine love. While what emanates from the Lord as the sun is called divine truth in the heavens, in essence it is divine
good as one with divine truth. This is the source of light and warmth for angels: they get their light from the divine truth and their warmth from the divine good.

We can therefore conclude that heaven's light, in view of the nature of its source, is spiritual and not natural, as is its warmth.[a]

The reason divine truth is light for angels is that angels are spiritual and not natural. Spiritual people see things from their sun, and natural people see from theirs. Divine truth is what provides angels with discernment;
and discernment is their inner sight, which flows into their outer sight and produces it. So whatever is seen in heaven from the Lord as the
sun is seen in the light.[b] Since this is the source of light in heaven, it varies depending on the acceptance of divine truth from the Lord or (which amounts to the same thing) depending on the intelligence and wisdom angels participate in. This means that it is different in the heavenly
kingdom than in the spiritual kingdom, and different in each community.

The light in the heavenly kingdom looks fiery because the angels who are there accept light from the Lord as the sun. The light in the spiritual
kingdom, though, is white because the angels who are there accept light from the Lord as the moon (see above, §118). Further, the light is

not the same in one community as in another. It even differs within each
community. People in the middle are in more light, and people round about are in less (see §43).
In short, to the extent to which angels are open to divine truth (that is, participate in intelligence and wisdom from the Lord), they have light.c This is why heaven's angels are called angels of light.

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Because the Lord in the heavens is divine truth and divine truth there is light, the Lord is called "light" in the Word, as is the truth that comes from him. Note the following passages:
Jesus said, I am the light of the world. Whoever follows me will not walk in darkness, but will have the light of life. (John 8:12)
As long as I am in the world, I am the light of the world. (John 9:15 *[9:5]*)
Jesus said, For a little while longer the light is with you; walk while you have the light, to prevent the darkness from overtaking you. While you have light, believe in the light, so that you may be children of light. I have come as a light into the world, so that anyone who believes in me may not remain in darkness. (John 12:35, 36, 40 *[46]*)
Light has come into the world, but people loved darkness more than light. (John 3:19)
John said of the Lord, his is the true light that enlightens everyone. (John 1:4, 9)
The people that sit in darkness will see a great light, and for those who were sitting in the shadow of death, a light has risen. (Matthew 4:16)
I will make you a covenant of the people, a light of the nations. (Isaiah 42:6)
I have established you as the light of the nations, so that you may be my salvation to the end of the earth. (Isaiah 49:6)
The nations that have been saved will walk toward his light. (Revelation 21:24)
Send out your light and your truth; let them lead me. (Psalms 43:3)
In these and other passages, the Lord is called "light" by reason of the divine
truth that comes from him, and that truth itself is called "light" as well. Because the Lord as the sun is light in the heavens, when he was transfigured before Peter, James, and John
his face shone like the sun and his garments as light, sparkling and white as snow, as no fuller on earth could bleach them. (Mark 9:3; Matthew 17:2)
The reason the Lord's garments looked as they did was that they were images
of the divine truth that comes from him in the heavens. Garments

d. Garments in the Word mean the truths that clothe what is good: 1073, 2576, 5248, 5319, 5954,
9216, 9952, 10536. The garments of the Lord when he was transfigured meant the divine truth that emanates from his divine love: 9212, 9216.
e. Heaven's light illuminates our discernment, making us rational individuals: 1524, 3138, 3167, 4408, 6608, 8707, 9126 *[9128],* 9399, 10659 *[10569].* Discernment is enlightened because it is what
is receptive of truth: 6222, 6608, 10659 *[10569].* Discernment is enlightened to the extent that we
accept what is true in what is good from the Lord: 3619. The quality of our discernment is determined
by the quality of heartfelt truths out of which it is formed: 10064. Discernment has light from heaven the way sight has light from the world: 1524, 5114, 6608, 9128. Heaven's light from
the Lord is always present with us, but flows in [only] to the extent that we are engaged in truth because of what is good: 4060, 4213 *[4214].*
f. When we are lifted above the sensory level, we come into a gentler light, and eventually into a heavenly light: 6313, 6315, 9407. An actual raising into heaven's light occurs when we are engaged
in intelligence: 3190. How much light I perceived when I was led out of my worldly concepts: 1526, 6608.

in the Word mean truths as well,[d] so it says in David, "Jehovah, you clothe yourself with light as a garment" (Psalms 104:2).[106]

It stands to reason that the light in the heavens is spiritual and that that light is divine truth when we consider that we also have spiritual light and that we have enlightenment from it to the extent that we participate
in intelligence and wisdom on the basis of divine truth. Our spiritual light is the light of our discernment, whose objects are things true that it arranges in order by a process of analysis and forms into relationships,
and from which it draws a series of conclusions.[e]

Natural people are unaware that the light that enables us to see such things is a real light because they do not see it with their eyes or notice it
with their thought. Still, many people do recognize it and also distinguish
it from the natural light in which they find themselves when they are thinking naturally and not spiritually. People are thinking naturally when they are focusing solely on this world and attributing everything to
nature. They are thinking spiritually, however, when they focus on heaven and attribute everything to the Divine.

I have often been allowed to perceive that the light that illumines the mind is a true light, quite different from the light that we call natural light. I have also been allowed to see it. I have been gradually elevated into that light inwardly, and as I was raised up, my discernment was enlightened
to the extent that I could grasp what I had been unable to grasp before, ultimately things that could in no way be comprehended by

thought from natural light. At times I have resented the fact that they were incomprehensible [in natural light] when they were so clearly and plainly perceived in the heavenly light.f

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g. People in the hells look human in their own light, which is like the light of glowing coals; but in heaven's light they look like monsters: 4532 *[4531],* 4533, 4674, 5057, 5058, 6605, 6626.

Since our mind does have light, we speak of it much as we do of our eyes—for example, that it sees and is in the light when it grasps something,
and that it is in darkness and shadows when it does not; and there are many other similar sayings.

Since heaven's light is divine truth, that light is also divine wisdom and intelligence. Consequently "being raised into heaven's light" means the same thing as "being raised into intelligence and wisdom" and "being
enlightened." So too, light among angels is at exactly the same level as their intelligence and wisdom.

Since heaven's light is divine wisdom, people are recognized in heaven's light for what they really are. Everyone's inner nature shines forth from the face just as it is, with nothing whatever concealed. Further,
the more internally minded angels love to have everything within them visible because they do not intend anything but what is good. It is different for people who are below heaven and do not intend what is good. They are profoundly afraid of being seen in heaven's light. Remarkably,
people in hell look human to each other, but in heaven's light
they look like monsters, with frightful faces and bodies, in the exact form
of their evil.g

We have a similar appearance as to our spirits when angels look at us. If we are good, we look like handsome individuals in accord with our goodness; if we are evil we look like monsters, misshapen in accord with
our evil. We can see from this that everything is clear in heaven's light. It
is clear because heaven's light is divine truth.

Since divine truth is the light in the heavens, all true things are luminous
there wherever they occur—whether within an angel, outside of an angel, within the heavens, or outside of the heavens. Still, the truths outside
the heavens do not shine the way the truths inside the heavens do. The truths outside the heavens shine coldly, like something snowy, without

warmth, because unlike truths within the heavens, they do not derive their essence from what is good. So that cold light disappears at the touch of heaven's light; and if there is some underlying evil, it turns to darkness. I have seen this several times, along with many other remarkable
things concerning luminous truths, which I forego for now.[107]

Something now needs to be said about heaven's warmth. In its essence, heaven's warmth is love. It emanates from the Lord as the sun,

h. There are two sources of warmth and also two sources of light, our world's sun and heaven's sun: 3338, 5215, 7324. Warmth from the Lord as the sun is affection, which is a matter of love: 3636, 3643. So in its essence, spiritual warmth is love: 2146, 3338, 3339, 6314.

i. There is warmth in the hells, but it is unclean: 1773, 2757, 3340; and the smell that comes from
there is like the smell of manure and excrement in our world—in the worst hells, like the smell of
corpses: 814, 815 *[819],* 817 *[820],* 943, 944, 5394.

j. [Swedenborg's note at this point refers the reader back to the second note in §118 above.]

which is divine love for the Lord and from the Lord, as has been explained
in the preceding chapter. We can therefore see that heaven's warmth is just as spiritual as its light, because they come from the same source.[h]

There are two things that emanate from the Lord as the sun, divine truth and divine good. Divine truth comes out in heaven as light and divine
good as warmth. However, divine truth and divine good are so united that they are not two, but one. For angels, though, they are separated.

There are angels who accept divine good more readily than divine truth, and there are angels who accept divine truth more readily than divine
good. The ones who are more open to divine good are in the Lord's heavenly kingdom; the ones who are more open to divine truth are in the
Lord's spiritual kingdom. The most perfect angels are the ones who are equally open to both.

Heaven's warmth, like heaven's light, is different in different places. It has one nature in the heavenly kingdom and another in the spiritual kingdom. It also differs in each community, not only in intensity but in quality. It is more intense and pure in the Lord's heavenly kingdom because
the angels there accept more divine good. It is less intense and pure in the Lord's spiritual kingdom because the angels there accept more divine

truth. In each community, it varies depending on people's receptivity. There is also warmth in the hells, but it is unclean.[i]

The warmth in heaven is meant by sacred and heavenly fire, and the warmth of hell by profane fire and hellfire. Both refer to love: heavenly fire to love for the Lord and love for one's neighbor, and hellfire to love for oneself and love of the world and all the craving that is associated with these loves.[j]

The fact that love is warmth of a spiritual origin can be seen from the way we grow warm in pro p o rtion to our love, even becoming inflamed and heated in pro p o rtion to its intensity and quality, with its full heat evident
when we are attacked. This is why it is usual to talk about inflaming,

k. There is a spiritual inflow and not a physical one, so the inflow is from the spiritual world into the natural and not from the natural into the spiritual: 3219, 5119, 5259, 5427, 5428, 5477, 6322,
9110 *[9109],* 9111 *[9110].*

heating up, burning, boiling, and kindling when we are talking about either
the affections of a good love or the cravings of an evil love .

The reason the love that emanates from the Lord as the sun is experienced
as warmth in heaven is that the deeper levels of angels are involved in a love that comes from the divine good, which in turn comes from the Lord. Consequently, their more outward levels, which are warmed by this, are in warmth. This is why warmth and love are mutually responsive
to each other in heaven, so that everyone is in the kind of warmth that accords
with her or his love, as follows from what we have just been saying.

Our world's warmth does not enter heaven at all, because it is too crude, being natural and not spiritual. It is different for us, though, since
we are in the spiritual world as well as in the natural world. As far as our
spirits are concerned, we grow warm exactly according to our loves, but
as far as our bodies are concerned, we respond to both—the warmth of our spirits and the warmth of the world. The former flows into the latter,
because they correspond.

We can determine the nature of the correspondence of these two kinds of warmth by looking at animals, whose loves—the primary one being for the procreation of offspring of their own species—break forth and become active in response to the presence and touch of warmth from

our world's sun, a warmth that comes primarily in spring and summertime.

People who believe that the inflow of our world's warmth arouses these loves are much mistaken. There is actually no inflow of what is natural into what is spiritual, but of what is spiritual into what is natural. This latter inflow is of the divine design, while the former would be contrary to the divine design.[k]

Like people on earth, angels have discernment and volition. Heaven's light produces their cognitive life because heaven's light is divine truth and the divine wisdom that comes from it; while heaven's warmth produces their volitional life because heaven's warmth is the divine good and the divine love that comes from it. The quintessential life of angels is from the warmth, but not from the light except to the extent that there is warmth in it. We can see that life comes from the warmth because when the warmth is taken away life dies. It is the same for faith without love or

l. Truths apart from what is good are not truths intrinsically because they do not have any life; in fact, all the life of things true is from what is good: 9603; so they are like a body without a soul: 3180, 9454 *[9154].* Truths without good are not accepted by the Lord: 4368. The nature of truth apart from goodness, and therefore the nature of faith without love; and the nature of heartfelt truth and therefore the nature of faith from love: 1949, 1950, 1951, 1964, 5830, 5951. It boils down to the same thing whether you say "truth" or "faith," "good" or "love," because truth is an attribute of faith and goodness is an attribute of love: 2839, 4353 *[4352],* 4997, 7178, 7623, 7624, 10367.

m. "The Word" in Sacred Scripture has various meanings—speech, the thought of the mind, every entity that actually comes into being, or anything at all, and in the highest sense divine truth and the Lord: 9987. "The Word" means divine truth: 2803, 2884 *[2894],* 4692, 5075, 5272, 7830 *[7930],* 9987. "The Word" means the Lord: 2533, 2859.

for truth without goodness, since the truth that is attributed to faith is light and the goodness that is attributed to love is warmth.[l]

All this becomes even clearer from the warmth and light of our world, to which heaven's warmth and light correspond. From the warmth of our world, united to its light, all things on earth come to life and blossom. They are united in spring and summer. However, nothing comes to life or blooms from light separated from warmth—everything languishes and dies. They are disunited in winter, when the warmth is gone but the light remains. It is from this correspondence that heaven is

called a paradise,108 because there the true is united to the good, or faith
to love, as light is united to warmth in springtime on earth.
This gives even clearer support to the truth discussed above in §§13–19, that the Lord's divine nature in heaven is love for him and thoughtfulness toward one's neighbor.
It says in John,
In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and God was the Word: all things were made by means of him, and without him nothing was made that was made. In him was life, and the life was the light of humankind. He was in the world, and the world was made by means of him. And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us, and we saw his glory. (John 1:1, 3, 4, 10, 14)
It is clear that the Lord is the one who is meant by "the Word," since it says that the Word was made flesh. Precisely what is meant by "the Word," though, is not yet known and must therefore be stated. The Word in this passage is the divine truth that is in the Lord and from the Lord,m so here it is also called the light, which is divine truth, as has been
shown earlier in this chapter. Now we need to explain the statement that
all things were made and created by means of divine truth.

n. Divine truth emanating from the Lord is what possesses all power: 6948, 8200. All power in heaven belongs to the true from the good: 3091, 3563, 6344, 6413 *[6423],* 8304, 9643, 10019, 10182.
Angels are called powers, and are powers as a result of their acceptance of divine truth from the
Lord: 9639. Angels are recipients of divine truth from the Lord, and are therefore often called "gods" in the Word: 4295, 4402, 8301, 8192, 9398 *[8988].*
o. Discernment is the recipient of what is true, and volition is the recipient of what is good: 3623,
6125, 7503, 9300, 9930. Therefore, all the elements of our discernment are related to what is true,
whether these things are actually true or whether we believe them to be so; and all the elements of
our volition are similarly related to what is good: 803, 10122.
[2] In heaven, it is divine truth that possesses all power, and apart from it there is no power whatever.n All angels are called "powers" because
of divine truth, and are powers to the extent that they are recipients or vessels of it. Through it they prevail over the hells and over all who oppose
them. A thousand enemies there cannot bear one ray of heavenly light, which is divine truth. Since angels are angels because of their acceptance
of divine truth, it follows that all heaven is from this source and no other, since heaven is made up of angels.
[3] People cannot believe that this kind of power is inherent in divine

truth if the only concept of truth they have has to do with thought or speech, which have no power in them except to the extent that other people concede it by being obedient. There is an intrinsic power within divine truth, though, power of such nature that by means of it heaven, the world, and everything in them was created.

We can illustrate the fact that this kind of power is inherent in divine truth by two comparisons—by the power of what is true and good in us, and by the power of light and warmth from the sun in our world.

By the power of what is true and good in us: Everything we do, we do out of our discernment and intent. Out of our intent, we act by means of what is good, and out of our discernment by means of what is true. In fact, all the elements of our volition are related to what is good, and all the elements of our discernment are related to what is true.[o] On this basis,

then, we set our whole body in motion and a thousand things there rush to do our bidding of their own accord. We can see from this that our whole body is formed for obedience to what is good and true and therefore from what is good and true.

[4] *By the power of light and warmth from the sun in our world:* Everything

that grows in our world—things like trees, shrubs, flowers, grasses, fruits, and seeds—arises only by means of the warmth and light of the sun. So we can see what kind of productive power is inherent in that warmth and light. What about the divine light that is divine truth, then,

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p. Divine truth emanating from the Lord is the only thing that is real: 6880, 7004, 8200. By means of divine truth all things were made and created: 2803, 2884, 5272, 7835 *[7796].*

q. [Swedenborg's note at this point refers the reader back to the note in §107 above.]

and the divine warmth that is divine good, the source from which heaven

comes into being and consequently the world as well, since as we have shown above, it is through heaven that the world comes into being? This enables us to determine how to understand the statement that all things were made by means of the Word, and that without him nothing

was made that was made, and further that the world was made by means of him, namely that this was accomplished by means of divine truth from the Lord.[p]

This is also why in the book of creation it first mentions light and then the things that arise from light (Genesis 1:3, 4). It is also why everything

in all heaven and earth has to do with what is good and true and to their union if it is to be anything at all.[q]

It should be realized that the divine good and divine truth that come from the Lord as the sun in the heavens are not in the Lord but are from

him. All that is in the Lord is divine love, which is the reality from which divine good and truth become manifest. Becoming manifest from reality is what “emanating” means.[110] This too can be illustrated by comparison
with our world’s sun. The warmth and light in our world are not in the sun but are from it. In the sun there is nothing but fire, and warmth and light become manifest and emanate from it.
Since the Lord as the sun is divine love, and divine love is the essen - tial divine good, the divine that emanates from him—his divine nature in heaven—is called divine truth for the sake of clarity, even though it is divine good united to divine truth. This divine truth is what is called “the holy” that emanates from him.

The Four Quarters in Heaven

THERE are four quarters in heaven just as there are in the world—east, south, west, and north. These are determined in each world by its sun, in heaven by heaven’s sun, which is the Lord, and on earth by

a. The east in the highest sense is the Lord, because he is heaven’s sun, which is always rising and
never setting: 101, 5097, 9668.
b. All the people in heaven turn toward the Lord: 9828, 10130, 10189, 10219. Still, angels do not
turn themselves toward the Lord; rather, the Lord turns them toward himself: 10189. There is no
presence of angels with the Lord, but there is a presence of the Lord with angels: 9415.

earth’s sun. However, there are major differences. The first is that in our
world we call “south” the direction in which the sun reaches its greatest
height above the earth, and “north” where it is below the earth, in the opposite
direction. East is where the sun rises at the equinoxes, and west is where it sets at that time. So on earth, all the directions are determined on the basis of the south.[111] In heaven, though, they call “east” where the
Lord is seen as the sun. West is in the opposite direction, south in heaven
on the right, and north on the left. This holds true wherever people turn their faces and their bodies. So in heaven, all the directions are determined
on the basis of the east.
The reason they give the name “east” to the direction in which the

Lord is seen as the sun is that the whole *source* of life is from him as the
sun. Further, to the extent that warmth and light, or intelligence and wisdom
from him, are accepted among angels, they say that the Lord has *risen* among them. This is also why the Lord is called the east in the Word.[a,112]

A second difference is that for angels, the east is always in front of them, the west behind them, south on the right, and north on the left. However, since this is hard to understand in this world, because we turn
our faces in all different directions, it needs to be explained.

All heaven turns toward the Lord as its common center, so all angels turn in the same direction. It is recognized that everything points to a common center on earth as well, but the orientation in heaven is different
from that on earth. In heaven, it is the forward parts that are turned toward the common center, while on earth it is the lower parts. This orientation
in our world is what we call centripetal, and also gravitational.

The deeper levels of angels are effectively turned forward; and since these
deeper levels manifest themselves in the face, it is the face that determines
the orientation.[b]

But that east is always in front of angels *no matter which way they turn their faces and bodies*—this is even harder to understand in our world, since for us, the direction that is in front of us depends on which way we are facing; so this too needs to be explained.

Angels turn and direct their faces and bodies in any direction just as we do, but still, the east is always before their eyes. The way angels turn is

c. All the people in the spiritual world turn toward what they love, and the directions there have their source and definition on the basis of the face: 10130, 10189, 10420, 10702. The face is formed
to correspond to the deeper levels: 4791–4805, 5695. So the deeper levels shine forth from the face:
3527, 4066, 4796. For angels, the face is united to the deeper levels: 4796, 4797, 4799, 5695, 8250.
On the inflow of the deeper levels into the face and its muscles: 3631, 4800.

not the way we turn, since it comes from a different origin. The two modes of turning look the same, but they are not. The origin [for angels]
is a ruling love. It is the basis of all delimitation for angels and spirits; for,

as noted just above, their deeper levels are actually turned toward their common center. So in heaven they are turned toward the Lord as the sun; and since love is constantly in front of their deeper levels, and their
faces are manifestations of these levels (being their outward form), the love that is predominant is always in front of their faces. In heaven, then,
this is the Lord as the sun, since he is the source of all their love.[c] Further,
since the Lord himself is in his love among the angels, it is the Lord who
causes them to be looking at him wherever they turn. These matters cannot
be further clarified here, but they will be in subsequent chapters. In particular, where we deal with representations and appearances and with
time and space in heaven, they will be presented to understanding more plainly.[113]

As for angels having the Lord constantly in front of them, this I have been granted to know through a great deal of experience. Sometimes when I have been in the company of angels, I have noticed the Lord's presence before my own face: even though I did not see him, I could tell he was there because of the light. Angels have often borne witness to the
truth of this as well.

Since the Lord is constantly in front of angels, we say in our world that they have God before their eyes and faces, that people who believe in
him and love him look to him and see him. Expressions like this come to us from the spiritual world, for this is the source of many of our expressions,
though we are unaware that they come from there.

This kind of turning toward the Lord is one of heaven's wonders, for many individuals can be together in one place, turning faces and bodies toward each other, and yet all of them will have the Lord in front of them, and each will have the south on the right, the north on the left, and the west behind.

Another extraordinary fact is that even though angels are completely oriented toward the east, they still have an orientation to the other three
directions. This orientation, though, involves their more inward sight, which is a function of their thinking.

d. The forehead corresponds to heavenly love, so in the Word the forehead refers to that love: 9936. The eye corresponds to our discernment, because discernment is inner sight: 2701, 4410,

4526, 9051, 10569. So to lift one’s eyes and see means to discern, to perceive, and to notice: 2789,
2829, 3198, 3202, 4083, 4086, 4339, 5684.

A further extraordinary fact is that in heaven, no one is allowed to stand behind anyone else and look at the back of his or her head. This disturbs the inflow of what is good and true from the Lord.

Angels see the Lord in one way, and the Lord sees angels in another. Angels see the Lord with their eyes, while the Lord sees angels through their foreheads. The reason for this is that the forehead corresponds to love, and it is through love that the Lord flows into their volition and makes himself visible to their minds, to which the eyes correspond.[d]

However, the regions in the heavens that make up the Lord’s heav - enly kingdom differ from those in the heavens that make up the Lord’s spiritual kingdom. This is because to the angels in his heavenly kingdom
the Lord looks like a sun, while to the angels in his spiritual kingdom he looks like a moon, and the east is where the Lord is seen.

The distance between the sun and the moon is thirty degrees,[114] and the same alignment therefore holds true for the directions. The division of heaven into two kingdoms called the heavenly kingdom and the spiritual
kingdom has been presented in its own chapter above (§§20–28), as has the Lord’s looking like the sun in the heavenly kingdom and like the moon in the spiritual kingdom (§118). Still, the directions are not rendered
uncertain by this, since spiritual angels cannot rise up to the level of heavenly angels, nor the latter come down to the former (see §35 above).

We can see from this what the Lord’s presence is like in the heavens: it is everywhere, with every individual in the good and true qualities that
emanate from the Lord. So he is in angels in what is actually his own (as
noted in §12 above).

Their sense of the Lord’s presence is in their deeper reaches. It is from these that their eyes see, so he seems to be outside them because there is a
continuum. This enables us to see how we should understand the Lord’s being in them and their being in the Lord, according to the Lord’s words,

Abide in me, and I in you (John 15:4),

and

Those who eat my flesh and drink my blood abide in me and I in
them. (John 6:56)

e. In the Word, the Lord's "flesh" means his divine human and the divine good of his love: 3813, 7850, 9127, 10283; and "the Lord's blood" means divine truth and the holiness of faith: 4735, 4978
[6978], 7317, 7326, 7846, 7850, 7877, 9127, 9393, 10026, 10033, 10152, 10204 *[10210].*

"The Lord's flesh" means what is divine and good, and his "blood" means what is divine and true.e

All the people in the heavens live in different areas according to the cardinal directions. People who are sensitive to the good that love does live along the east-west axis: the ones who have a clear perception of this, toward the east; and the ones who have a vague perception of it, toward the west. People who are sensitive to the issues of wisdom that result [from that good] live along the south-north axis: the ones in a clear light of wisdom, toward the south; and the ones in a dim light of wisdom, toward the north.

The dwelling arrangement for angels in the Lord's spiritual kingdom is like that of the ones in his heavenly kingdom, with a difference that depends on the good that love does and the light of truth that comes from the good. This is because the love in the heavenly kingdom is a love for the Lord, and the light of truth from that love is wisdom. On the other hand, the love in the spiritual kingdom is the love for our neighbor that is called thoughtfulness, and the light of truth that comes from it is intelligence, also called faith (see above, §23). They also differ according to the directions, since as just noted (§146), the directions in the two kingdoms are thirty degrees apart.

There is a similar dwelling arrangement for the angels in each particular community of heaven. The ones who are engaged in a greater degree of love and thoughtfulness are toward the east, and the ones in less toward the west; the ones who are in greater light of wisdom are toward the south, and the ones in less toward the north. The reason for this arrangement is that each community is a reflection of heaven and is a heaven in lesser form as well (see above, §§51–58). The same thing happens in meetings.

They are brought into this arrangement by the form of heaven, which enables every individual to know his or her place.

It is also provided by the Lord that there shall be all kinds of people in each community, because heaven has a consistent form throughout. Still, the arrangement of heaven as a whole does differ from that of a

community as a general entity differs from its details. That is, the communities
that are located toward the east are superior to those toward the west, and those toward the south are superior to those toward the north.

f. The east in the Word means love clearly perceived: 1250, 3708. The west means love dimly perceived:
3708, 9653. The south means a state of light of wisdom and intelligence: 1458, 3708, 5672; and the north means that state dimly perceived: 3708.
g. The identity and nature of the people called demons, and the identity and nature of the ones called spirits: 947, 5035, 5977, 8593, 8622, 8625.
h. People who are absorbed in love for themselves and for the world turn away from the Lord: 10130, 10189, 10420, 10702. Love for the Lord and thoughtfulness toward one's neighbor make heaven, and love for oneself and for the world make hell, because they are opposites: 2041, 3610,
4225, 4776, 6210, 7366, 7369, 7490, 8232, 8678, 10455, 10741–10745.

This is why the cardinal directions in heaven mean the qualities of the people who live there. The east means love and its good clearly perceived,
the west the same dimly perceived, the south wisdom and intelligence in clear light, and the north the same in dim light. Further, since the directions have these meanings, they mean similar things in the inner
or spiritual meaning of the Word,[f] since the inner or spiritual meaning of
the Word is in complete accord with the way things are in heaven.

The opposite holds for the people who are in the hells. The people t h e re do not focus on the Lord as the sun or the moon, but look away fro m
the Lord tow a rd that dark object that occupies the place of our world's sun
and the gloomy object that occupies the place of eart h's moon. The ones
called demons look tow a rd the dark object in our sun's place, and the ones called spirits tow a rd the gloomy object in our moon's place.[g] As explained
in §1 2 2 a b ove, the sun of our world and eart h's moon are not visible in the spiritual world, but in place of our sun there is something dark opposite heave n's sun and something gloomy opposite heave n's moon. T h i s
means that hell's inhabitants have directions opposite to those of heave n .
Their east is where they see that dark or gloomy object and their west is
w h e re heave n's sun is. Their south is to their right and their north to their

left, no matter which way they turn their bodies. Nothing else is possible
for them, because the whole tendency of their deeper natures, their whole
orientation there f o re, aims and strives in this direction. On the fact that
l ove is what determines the tendency of our deeper natures and there f o re
the orientation of eve ryo n e's actions in the other life, see §1 4 3. The love of
people in the hells is a love for oneself and for the world, these loves being
what is meant by the sun of this world and eart h's moon (see §1 2 2). Fu rt
h e r, these loves are opposite to love for the Lord and love for one's neighb
o r.[h] This is why they turn tow a rd the darkness, away from the Lord .
The people who are in the hells also live arranged according to the
cardinal directions. The ones who are obsessed with evils that arise from
love for themselves are along the east-west axis, and the ones who are

obsessed with falsifications for the sake of evil are along the south-north
axis. There will be more about them later, though, where we discuss the hells.[115]
When an evil spirit comes into the company of good ones, it usually
results in such a confusion of directions that the good spirits hardly know
where their east is. This is an event I have often noticed, and I have heard
about it from spirits who complained about it.
Evil spirits sometimes seem to be oriented to heave n's directions, at
which time they have intelligence and a grasp of what is true, but no affection
for what is good; so as soon as they turn back tow a rd their ow n
d i rections, they are without intelligence or any grasp of what is tru e .
They then say that the true things they had heard and understood are
not true but false, and even want false things to be true. I have been told
about this kind of turning, specifically that for evil people the intellectual
faculty can be turned in this way, but not the vo l u n t a ry faculty. I
h a ve also been told that this is provided by the Lord to the end that

e ve ryone may have the ability to see and acknowledge what is true, but
that no one will accept it except people who are focused on what is good, since the good—never the evil—is what accepts truths. Fu rt h e r, it
is similar with us, so that we can be corrected by means of tru t h s , though the extent to which we are corrected depends on our focus on what is good. This is why we can be turned tow a rd the Lord in much the same way. Howe ve r, if we are engaged in evil in the conduct of our
l i ves, we immediately turn back again and justify within ourselves the false rationalizations of our evil over against the truths that we have understood
and seen. This happens when we think within ourselves, on
the basis of our deeper inclinations.

How the States of Angels in Heaven Change

BY "the changes of angels' states," we mean their changes in regard to
love and faith and therefore in regard to wisdom and intelligence—
to the state of their life, that is. States are attributes of life and of matters

a. In heaven, there is no state that corresponds to night, but to the half-light that comes before dawn: 6110. The half-light means the state halfway between the last and the first: 10134.

b. The alternations of state as to enlightenment and perception are structured in heaven the way
the times of day are in the world: 5672, 5962, 6310 *[6110],* 8426, 9213, 10605. Days and years in the
Word mean all states in general: 23, 487, 488, 493, 893, 2788, 3462, 4850, 10656. Morning means
the beginning of a new state, and a state of love: 7216 *[7218],* 8426, 8427, 10114, 10134. Evening
means a state when light and love are vanishing: 10134, 10135. Night means a state without love or
faith: 221, 709, 2353, 6000, 6110, 7870, 7947.

that pertain to life; and since angelic life is a life of love and faith and thereby of wisdom and intelligence, states are attributes of these, and we
talk about states of love and faith and states of wisdom and intelligence.
Now we need to describe how these states change for angels.
Angels are not constantly in the same state as to love, and consequently they are not in the same state as to wisdom, for all the wisdom
they have is from their love and in proportion to it. Sometimes they are

in a state of intense love, sometimes in a state of love that is not intense.
It decreases gradually from its most to its least intense. When they are in
the highest level of love, they are in the light and warmth of their lives, or
in their greatest clarity and delight. Conversely, when they are in the lowest
level they are in shadow and coolness, or in what is dim and unpleasant.
From this latter state they return to the first, and so on. The phases follow each other with constant variety.
These states follow each other like variations of light and shade, warmth and cold, or like the morning, noon, evening, and night of individual
days in our world, varying constantly throughout the year. Not only that, they correspond—morning to the state of their love in clarity, noon to the state of their wisdom in clarity, evening to the state of their wisdom in dimness, and night to a state of no love or wisdom. It should be known, though, that there is no correspondence of night with the states of life of people in heaven, but rather a correspondence of the halflight
that comes before dawn. The correspondence of night is with people who are in hell.a
Because of this correspondence, “day” and “year” in the Word mean states of life in general, warmth and light mean love and wisdom, morning
the first and highest level of love, noon wisdom in its light, evening wisdom in its shade, and the half-light the dimness that comes just before
the morning. Night, though, means the loss of love and wisdom.b
As the states of the inner levels of angels’ love and wisdom change, so too do the states of the various things that surround them and are visible to
their eyes; for the things that surround angels are given their appearance

c. Our self-image is loving ourselves: 694, 731, 4317, 5660. This self-image must be detached from
us in order for the Lord to be present: 1023, 1044. It is actually detached when we are being kept
in what is good by the Lord: 9334, 9335, 9336, 9445 *[9447],* 9452, 9453, 9454, 9938.
a c c o rding to the things that are within them. We will describe what these

a re and what they are like in later chapters, where we discuss re p re s e n t ations
and appearances in heave n .116
Each individual angel undergoes and passes through changes of state like this, and so too does each community collectively. Still, one individual
does so differently from another because people vary in love and wisdom.
There are people in the middle, in a more perfect state than those who are around them all the way to the borders (see above, §§23 *[43]* and
128). But it would take too long to recount the differences, since the quality of love and faith determines how each individual undergoes the changes. Consequently, one may be in clarity and delight when another is in dimness and discomfort, even at the same time, within the same community. It happens differently in one community than in another, too, and in communities of the heavenly kingdom differently than in communities of the spiritual kingdom.
Broadly speaking, the differences in their changes of state are like the variations of states of days in one climate and another on earth. There it is morning for some people while it is evening for others, and some have
warmth while others are cold, and vice versa.
I have been told from heaven why changes of state like this occur. Angels have said that there are many reasons. First, the delight of life and
of heaven that angels enjoy because of the love and wisdom given them by the Lord would gradually pall if they were constantly engaged in it, the way it happens for people who are involved in pleasures and enjoyments
without variety. A second reason is that angels have a sense of self or self-image 117 just as we do, and this involves loving themselves. All the
people in heaven are kept free of their sense of self, and to the extent that
the Lord does keep them free, they enjoy love and wisdom. To the extent
that they are not kept free, however, they are caught up in love for themselves;
and since all of them do love that sense of self and carry it with them,c these changes of state or successive alternations do occur. A third
reason is that they are made more perfect in this way, since they become
accustomed to being kept in love for the Lord and kept free from love for

themselves. Further, by these alternations of delight and discomfort,

171 ANGELS' CHANGES OF STATE §159

d. Angels are being made more perfect to eternity: 4803, 6648. In heaven, there is never any state exactly like any other, which results in a perpetual process of perfecting: 10200.

their perception of and sensitivity to what is good become more and more delicate.d

They have gone on to say that the Lord does not produce these changes of their states, since the Lord as the sun is always flowing in with warmth and light, that is, with love and wisdom. Rather, they themselves are the cause, since they love their sense of self and this is constantly misleading them. They illustrate this by comparison with our world's sun, which is not the cause of the changes of warmth and cold and of light and darkness, of distinct years and distinct days, because it stays motionless.

The reason can be traced to our earth.

I have been shown how the Lord as the sun looks to angels in the heavenly kingdom in their first state, in their second state, and in their third. I saw the Lord as the sun, at first reddish and gleaming, so brilliant as to be beyond description. I was told that the Lord as the sun looks like this to angels in their first state. Later I saw a great, dim halo around the sun, because of which the reddish, gleaming quality that made the sun so brilliant began to dim. I was told that the sun looks like this to them in their second state. Then I saw the halo become darker so that the sun seemed less ruddy, step by step, until finally it looked quite pale. I was told that the sun looks like this to them in their third state. After this, I saw that pale [disk] move to the left toward heaven's moon and add its light to the light of the moon so that the moon shone exceptionally brightly. I was told that this was the fourth state of people in the heavenly kingdom and the first state of people in the spiritual kingdom. I was also told that the changes of state in each kingdom proceed alternately, not throughout, but in one community after another. I was also told that these alternations are not fixed, but happen more or less swiftly without people being aware of it.

Angels went on to say that the sun in and of itself neither changes nor moves, but that things look the way they do because of the ongoing

progressions of state in themselves, since the Lord appears to each individual
in keeping with that individual's state—reddish to people when they are in an intense love, less ruddy and ultimately pale as their love wanes. The quality of their state is pictured by the dim halo that imposes
the apparent changes of flame and light on the sun.

When angels are in this last state, which is when they are involved in their sense of self, they begin to feel depressed. I have talked with them when they were in this state and witnessed their depression.[118] They kept
saying, though, that they lived in hope that they would soon return to their earlier state and be in heaven again, so to speak, since heaven for them is being kept free from their sense of self.
There are also changes of state in the hells, but these will be described later, when I deal with hell.[119]

Time in Heaven

EVEN though things keep happening in sequence and progressing in heaven the way they do in the world, still angels have no notion or concept of time and space. The lack is so complete that they simply do not know what time and space are. Here we will discuss time in heaven, leaving space to be discussed in its own chapter.[120]
The reason angels do not know what time is (even though everything for them moves along in sequence just the way it does in our world, so much so that there is no difference) is that in heaven there are no years or
days, but only changes of state. Where there are years and days there are
times, and where there are changes of state, there are states.
The reason we have times in our world is that the sun seems to move sequentially from one zone to another and to make the times we call the seasons of the year. It also moves around the earth and makes the times we call times of day, and it does these by fixed periods.
It is different for heaven's sun. It does not make years and days by sequential
motions and rotations, but makes apparent changes of state;
and it does not make these by fixed periods, as explained in the preceding
chapter. This is why angels are incapable of having any concept of time, but have a concept of state instead. What "state" is may be seen above in §154.
Since angels have no concept derived from time, as we in our world

do, they have no concept of time or of the things that depend on time.

173 TIME §167

a. Expressions of time in the Word mean states: 2788, 2837, 3254, 3356, 4816 *[4814],* 4901, 4916,
7218, 8070, 10133, 10605. Angels do their thinking without any concept of time or space: 3404. The reasons for this: 1274, 1382, 3356, 4882, 4901, 6110, 7218, 7381. What a "year" means in the
Word: 487, 488, 493, 893, 2906, 7828, 10209. What a "month" means: 3814. What a "week" means: 2044, 3845. What a "day" means: 23, 487, 488, 6110, 7430 *[7443],* 8426, 9213, 10062 *[10132],* 10605. What "today" means: 2838, 3998, 4304, 6165, 6984, 9939. What "tomorrow" means: 3998, 10497. What "yesterday" means: 6983, 7124 *[7114],* 7140.

b. We have a concept of eternity that includes time, while angels have one without time: 1382, 3404, 8325.

They do not even know what all these temporal things are, like a year, a month, a week, a day, an hour, today, tomorrow, or yesterday. When angels
hear these expressions from one of us (angels are always kept in contact
with us by the Lord), they perceive states instead, and things that have to do with state. So our natural concept is changed into a spiritual concept with the angels. This is why expressions of time in the Word mean states, and why things proper to time like the ones listed above mean the spiritual things that correspond to them.a

It is much the same for all the things that occur as a result of time, such as the four seasons of the year called spring, summer, autumn, and
winter; the four times of day called morning, noon, evening, and night; our own four ages called infancy, youth, maturity, and old age; and with the other things that either occur as a result of time or happen in temporal
sequence. When we think about them, it is from a temporal standpoint; but an angel thinks about them from the standpoint of state. Consequently, anything in them that is temporal for us changes into an idea of state for the angel. Spring and morning change into an idea of love and wisdom the way they are for angels in their first state; summer and noon change into an idea of love and wisdom as they are in the second
state; autumn and evening, as they are in the third state; and night and winter into a concept of the kind of state that is characteristic in hell.

This is why similar things are meant by these times in the Word (see above, §155). We can see from this how the natural concepts that occur in

our thought become spiritual for the angels who are with us.
Since angels have no notion of time, they have a different concept of eternity than we earthly people do. By “eternity,” angels perceive an infinite
state, not an infinite time.[b]
I was thinking about eternity once, and using a concept of time I could grasp what “to eternity” entailed—namely, without end—but not what “from eternity” entailed and therefore not what God did before

creation, from eternity. As my anxiety mounted because of this, I was raised into the sphere of heaven and therefore into the perception of eternity
shared by angels. This shed light for me on the fact that we ought not to think about eternity in temporal terms but in terms of state, and that when we do, we can grasp what “from eternity” entails, which was actually done for me.
The angels who talk with us never use the natural concepts that are proper to us, all of which derive from time, space, matter, and the like. They use spiritual concepts, all of which derive from states and their various
changes in and around angels. However, when the angelic concepts, which are spiritual, flow into us, they change instantly and spontaneously
into those natural concepts proper to us which exactly correspond to the spiritual ones. Neither the angels nor we are aware of this; but still, this is how all inflow of heaven occurs for us.
There were some angels who were let very intimately into my thoughts, all the way into natural ones that contained a mass of material
from time and space. However, since at that point they could not understand
anything at all, they promptly withdrew; and after they had withdrawn I heard them talking, saying that they had been in darkness.
[2] I have been allowed to know from experience what angels’ ignorance
of time is like. There was a particular individual from heaven whose nature did allow him to be let into natural concepts such as we have. I talked with him afterward, person to person, and at first he did not know what it was that I was calling “time.” So I actually had to tell him how the sun seems to travel around our earth and make years and days, and that as a result, years are divided into four seasons and into months and weeks, and days into twenty-four hours, and that these times recur at fixed intervals. This gives rise to our expressions for time.

He was astonished when he heard this, and said that he had not known that kind of thing, but only what states were.

[3] In the course of our conversation I mentioned that it was known in our world that there is no time in heaven. We do actually talk as though we knew, since when people die, we say that they have left temporal things and have passed beyond time, meaning that they have left our world. I also said that it is known by some that times are states in origin because they recognize that times are experienced in precise accord with the states of affection we are caught up in. They are short for us when we are engaged in pleasant and cheerful pursuits and long when we are engaged in distasteful and depressing ones, and variable when we are

c. Unlike angels, we do not think without some concept of time: 3404.

in hope or expectation. As a result, scholars are asking what time and space are, and some of them even recognize that time is an attribute of the natural person.

A natural person may believe that we would have no thought if concepts of time, space, and matter were taken away from us, that all our thought is based on these foundations.[c] Let such people know, though, that thoughts are limited and constrained to the extent that they derive from time, space, and matter, and that they are freed and expanded to the extent that they do not derive from such things, because to that same extent the mind is raised above bodily and worldly considerations. This is the source of angels' wisdom, which is so great that we must call it incomprehensible, since it does not fit into ideas that are formed merely from these [lower] concerns.

Representations and Appearances in Heaven

ANYONE who thinks solely from natural light cannot understand that anything in heaven is like anything in our world. This is because such people, on the basis of this light, have both thought and decided that angels are nothing but minds, and that minds are like ethereal breath. This would mean that angels did not have the senses we do, so they would not have eyes; and if they did not have eyes there would be no objects [of sight]. However, angels do have all the senses we do—far more delicate ones, in fact—and the light in which they see is far brighter than the light in which we see.

On angels being people in a most perfect form with the use of all their senses, see §§73–77 above; and on light in heaven being far brighter than the light in our world, see §§126–132.

There is no way to describe briefly how things look to angels in the heavens. To a considerable extent, they look like the things we see on earth, but they are more perfect in form and also more abundant.

We may conclude that there are things like this in the heavens because of what the prophets saw—for example what Ezekiel saw of the new temple and the new earth as described in chapters 40 to 48 [of his book], what Daniel describes in his chapters 7–12, what John saw as described from the first through the last chapter of Revelation, along with other visions presented in both the historical and the prophetic books of the Word.[121] They saw things like this when heaven was opened to them, and heaven is said to be opened when our inner sight, the sight of our spirit, is opened. For the things that exist in heaven cannot be seen with our physical eyes, but only with the eyes of our spirit; and when it pleases the Lord, these are opened. At such times we are led out of the natural light that our physical senses are in and raised into the spiritual light in which we dwell because of our spirit. This is the light in which I have seen the things that exist in the heavens.

But even though the things that are seen in the heavens are largely similar to things on earth, they are not alike in essence. The things that exist in the heavens come from heaven's sun, while earthly things come from our world's sun. Things that arise from heaven's sun are called spiritual, while things that arise from our world's sun are called natural.

Things that arise in the heavens do not arise in the same way as things on earth. In the heavens, everything comes into being from the Lord in response to the deeper natures of the angels. Angels do in fact have more inward and more outward natures. Everything that is deeper within them has to do with love and faith, and therefore with their intending and discernment, since their intending and discernment are the vehicles of their love and faith. Their more outward natures, though, are perfectly responsive to their inner natures (on the responsiveness of their

outward natures to their more inward ones, see §§87–115 above). This can be illustrated by what we have said above about heaven's warmth and
light, that angels have warmth in keeping with the quality of their love, and light in keeping with the quality of their wisdom (see §§128–134). The same holds true for the other things that impinge on angels' senses.

When I have been allowed to be in the company of angels, I have seen what was there exactly the way I see things in our world, so perceptibly
that I did not know I was not in our world and in the court of some king here. I have also talked with angels just as one person here talks to another.

Since all the things that are responsive to angels' deeper natures also portray them, they are called *representations.* Since they vary depending
on the states of the deeper natures for angels, they are called *appearances,*

177 REPRESENTATIONS & APPEARANCES §176

a. All the things that are visible to angels are representations: 1971, 3213–3226, 3457 *[3342],* 3475,
3485, 9481, 9574 *[9457],* 9576, 9577. The heavens are full of representations: 1521, 1532, 1619. The
representations are lovelier as one moves more deeply into the heavens: 3475. The representations
there are real appearances because they come from heaven's light: 3485. The divine inflow is changed into representations in the higher heavens, and consequently in the lower heavens as well: 2179, 3213, 9457, 9481, 9576, 9577. Things are called representations that appear to angels'
eyes in forms like those in nature and therefore like things in our world: 9574 *[9457].* Inner things
change into outer ones in this way: 1632, 2987–3002. The nature of representations in heaven, illustrated
by various examples: 1521, 1532, 1619–1628, 1807, 1973, 1974, 1977, 1980, 1981, 2299, 2601, 2761, 2762, 3217, 3219, 3220, 3348, 3350, 5198, 9090, 10278 *[10276].* All the things that are visible in
the heavens are in accord with correspondences and are called representations: 3213–3226, 3457
[3342], 3475, 3485, 9481, 9574 *[9457],* 9576, 9577. All the things that are responsive also portray
and also mean what they respond to: 2890 *[2896],* 2987, 2971 *[2991],* 2989, 2990, 3002, 3225.

b. "Garden" and "park" mean intelligence and wisdom: 100, 108, 3220. The meaning of the garden
of [literally, "from"] Eden and the garden of Jehovah: 99, 100, 1588. How magnificent the paradisal things in the other life are: 1122, 1622, 2296, 4528, 4529. Trees mean the perceptions and
insights that give rise to wisdom and intelligence: 103, 2163, 2682, 2722, 2972, 7692. Fruits mean
the good that love and thoughtfulness do: 3146, 7690, 9337.

even though the things that are visible to angels' eyes in the heavens and
are perceived by their other senses appear and are sensed just as vividly as
things are for us on earth, in fact far more clearly, crisply, and perceptibly.
The appearances that arise in heaven in this way are called *real appear-
ances* because they do actually come into being. There are also unreal appearances,
things that seem to be present but do not correspond to
deeper realities.[a] But more on this later.[122]
By way of illustration, I should like to offer one instance of the way
things look to angels because of correspondences. To angels who are focused
on intelligence there appear gardens and parks full of all kinds of
trees and flowers. The trees there are laid out in the loveliest designs,
joined into vaulted arches offering spaces for entrance, and with promenades
around them. All this is so beautiful as to defy description. People
who are focused on intelligence stroll there picking the flowers and weaving
garlands to grace babies with. There are kinds of tree and flower there
never seen, not even possible, in our world. In the trees, too, there are
fruits in keeping with the quality of the love these intelligent angels are
absorbed in. They see such things because a garden and a park, and the
fruit trees and flowers, correspond to intelligence and wisdom.[b]
It is known on earth that things like this exist in the heavens, but it is
known only to people who are engaged in what is good and who have
not extinguished heaven's light within themselves by natural light and its
deceptiveness. When the subject is heaven, people actually think and say
that things are there *that ear has never heard, nor eye seen.*[123]

a. Garments in the Word mean truths by reason of correspondence: 1073, 2576, 5319, 5954, 9212,
9216, 9952, 10536; because truths clothe what is good: 5248. A veil means something of intellect,
since discernment is the vessel of what is true: 6378. White garments of linen mean truths from the Divine: 5319, 9469. Flame means spiritual good, and the light from it means truth from that good: 3222, 6832.
b. Angels and spirits are seen wearing clothes that accord with their truths and therefore with their intelligence: 165, 5248, 5954, 9212, 9216, 9814, 9952, 10536. Some garments of angels are radiant,
and some are not: 5248.

The Clothes Angels Appear In

SINCE angels are people and live together the way people on earth do, they have clothes and homes and a great many other things: the difference, however, being that everything is more perfect for them because they are in a more perfect state. For just as angelic wisdom surpasses our wisdom so greatly as to be inexpressible, so too does everything that comes to their perception and sight, since everything perceived by and apparent to angels corresponds to their wisdom (see above, §173). Like everything else, the clothes angels wear correspond, and since they do correspond they truly exist (see above, §175). Their clothes reflect their intelligence, so all the people in heaven are dressed according to their intelligence; and since one will surpass another in intelligence (see §§43 and 128), one will have better quality clothing than another. The most intelligent wear clothes that gleam as though aflame, some radiant as though alight. The less intelligent wear pure white and soft white clothes that do not shine, and those still less intelligent wear clothes of various colors. The angels of the inmost heaven, though, are naked. Because angels' clothes correspond to their intelligence they also correspond to what is true, since all intelligence comes from divine truth. So it amounts to the same thing whether you say that angels are dressed according to their intelligence or according to divine truth. The reason the garments of some angels gleam as though aflame, while the garments of others shine as though alight, is that flame corresponds to what is good, and light to what is true because of that good.[a] The reason some garments are pure white and soft white and do not shine, while others are of various colors, is that divine good and truth are less dazzling and are also differently accepted among less intelligent people.[b]

c. Pure white and soft white in the Word mean what is true, because they come from light in heaven: 3301, 3993, 4001 *[4007].*

d. Colors in heaven are variegations of the light there: 1042, 1043, 1053, 1624, 3993, 4530, 4742, 4922. Colors mean various things that are matters of intelligence and wisdom: 4530, 4922, 4677, 9466. The precious stones in the Urim and Thummim, depending on their colors, meant all the

truths in the heavens that stem from what is good: 9865, 9868, 9905. To the extent that colors are
derived from red, they mean what is good; while to the extent that they are derived from white, they mean what is true: 9476.
e. All the people in the inmost heaven are innocent, and therefore seem to be naked: 154, 165, 297,
2736, 3887, 8375, 9960. Innocence is manifested in heaven as nudity: 165, 8375, 9960. For innocent
and chaste people, nudity is not a matter of shame because there is no occasion for offense: 165, 213, 8375.
f. Jerusalem means the church where there is genuine doctrine: 402, 3654, 9166.

Pu re white and soft white correspond to what is tru e ,[c] and colors correspond
to different shadings of tru t h .[d] The reason angels in the inmost h e a ven are naked is that they are in innocence, and innocence corresponds
to nudity.[e]

Since angels wear clothes in heaven, they have appeared clothed when they were seen in our world, like the ones seen by the prophets and
the ones by the Lord's tomb, whose "appearance was like lightning and whose clothes were gleaming and white" (Matthew 28:3; Mark 16:5; Luke
22:4 *[24:4];* John 20:11, 13 *[20:12]*) and the ones seen in heaven by John
whose "garments were of linen and white" (Revelation 4:4; 19:11, 13). And
since intelligence comes from divine truth, the Lord's garments, when he
was transfigured, were "gleaming and white as light" (Matthew 17:2; Mark 9:3; Luke 9:29: on light as divine truth emanating from the Lord, see §129 above). This is why garments in the Word mean things true and
the intelligence that results from them, as in John:[124] "Those who have not defiled their garments will walk with me in white, because they are worthy; whoever overcomes will be clothed with white garments" (Revelation
3:4, 5); and "Blessed are those who are watchful and take care of their garments" (Revelation 16:15).

Concerning Jerusalem, meaning the church as it is focused on what is true,[f] it says in Isaiah, "Rise up, put on your strength, O Zion; put on the garments of your beauty, O Jerusalem" (Isaiah 52:1); and in Ezekiel, "O Jerusalem, I have clothed you with linen, I have veiled you with silk, your
garments are linen and silk" (Ezekiel 16:10, 13); and many other passages.

In contrast, someone who is not engaged with truths is said not to be wearing a wedding garment, as in Matthew: "When the king came in,

he saw the one not wearing a wedding garment and said, ‘Friend, how have you come in here without a wedding garment?’ So that one was cast

out into the outer darkness” (Matthew 22:12–13 *[11–13]*). The wedding house means heaven and the church by virtue of the Lord’s union with them through his divine truth. This is why in the Word the Lord is called the Bridegroom and Husband, and heaven and the church the bride and wife.

We can tell that angels’ clothes do not merely look like clothes but really are because they not only see them, they feel them as well. Further, they have many garments that they take off and put on, and they put away the ones they are not using and put back on the ones they are. I have seen thousands of times that they wear different clothes.

I have asked them where they got their clothes, and they have told me that their clothes come from the Lord and are given to them, and that sometimes they are clothed without noticing it. They have also said that their clothes change depending on the changes of their state, that their clothes are radiant and gleaming white in their first and second state, while in the third and fourth states they are somewhat dimmer. This too is because of correspondences, because these changes of state have to do with their intelligence and wisdom, discussed above in §§154–161.

For everyone in the spiritual world, clothing depends on intelligence and therefore on the truths that constitute intelligence. Although people in the hells do seem to be clothed, because they lack truths their clothes are nothing but rags, dirty and foul, each individual in keeping with his or her own insanity. They cannot be clothed in any other way, either. The Lord allows them to wear clothes so that they will not appear naked.

Angels’ Homes and Houses

SINCE there are communities in heaven, with people living there the way we do, they too have homes; and these vary depending on the state of the life of each individual. They are splendid for people who are especially deserving and less splendid for people who are of lower rank. At times, I have talked with angels about homes in heaven, telling them that nowadays hardly anyone would believe that they have homes

and houses—some because they do not see them, some because they do not realize that angels are people, some because they believe that the angelic heaven is the sky they see about them with their eyes. Since this appears to be empty and they think that angels are ethereal forms, they come to the conclusion that angels live in the ether. Further, they do not grasp the fact that the same kinds of thing exist in the spiritual world as in the natural, because they know nothing about the spiritual.

[2] Angels have told me that they were aware that this kind of ignorance was prevalent in the world nowadays and, remarkably enough, mainly within the church, and more among the intellectuals there than among the ones labeled simple. They have also said that people could know from the Word that angels are people because the ones that have been seen have been seen as people. So too was the Lord, who took on his full humanity. People could then realize that since angels are people, they have houses and homes and do not fly around in the air,[125] that even though they are called "spirits" they are not breezes, as the ignorance (which angels call insanity) of some would have it. They could also grasp this if when they thought about angels and spirits they would step outside their preconceptions, which happens when they are not constantly questioning and consciously pondering *whether this is so.* Everyone actually has a general notion that angels are in human form and that they have homes that are called heavenly dwellings, which are more splendid than earthly houses. But this general notion (which comes from an inflow from heaven), the angels said, promptly collapses into nothing when it becomes the center of conscious attention and is faced with the question *whether it is so.* This happens particularly among scholars who have used their self-generated intelligence to shut off from themselves both heaven and the passage of light from it.[126]

[3] Much the same happens in regard to faith in our life after death. People who talk about it without thinking at the same time from scholarly concepts of the soul or the doctrine of reunion with our physical bodies believe that after death we will live as people—among angels if we

have lived well—and that then we will see magnificent sights and experience
raptures. But the moment they focus on the doctrine of reunion
with our bodies or some hypothesis about “the soul,” and therefore begin
to wonder whether the soul is really like this, whether it is all true, their
former notion vanishes.
But it would be better to present some experiential evidence at this point. Whenever I have talked with angels face to face, I have been with them in their houses. Their houses were just like the houses on earth that

a. Angels have towns, palaces, and homes, described: 940, 941, 942, 1116, 1626, 1627, 1628, 1630,
1631, 4622.
b. Houses, and their contents, mean the things within us that are attributes of our minds, and therefore mean our more inward natures: 710, 2233, 2234 *[2231],* 2719 *[2454],* 3128, 3538, 4973,
5023, 6619 *[6639],* 6690, 7353, 7848, 7910, 7929, 9150; and therefore matters of what is good and
true: 2233, 2234 *[2231],* 2559, 4982, 7848, 7929. Rooms and bedrooms mean the things that are
deeper within: 3900, 5994 *[5694],* 7353. The roof of a house means the inmost: 3652, 10184. A wooden house means matters of good, and a stone house matters of truth: 3720.

we call homes, but more beautiful. They have chambers, suites, and bedrooms
in abundance, and courtyards with gardens, flower beds, and
lawns around them. Where there is some concentration of people, the houses are adjoining, one near another, arranged in the form of a city with streets and lanes and public squares, just like the ones we see in cities on our earth. I have been allowed to stroll along them and look around wherever I wished, at times entering people’s homes. This has happened when I was fully awake, with my inner sight opened.[a]
I have seen palaces in heaven that were so splendid as to be beyond description. Their upper stories shone as though they were made of pure
gold, and their lower ones as though they were made of precious gems. Each palace seemed more splendid than the last. It was the same inside.
The rooms were graced with such lovely adornments that neither words nor the arts and sciences are adequate to describe them. On the side that
faced south there were parklands where everything sparkled in the same
way, here and there the leaves like silver and the fruits like gold, with the
flowers in their beds making virtual rainbows with their colors. On the

horizon of sight there were other palaces that framed the scene. The architecture
of heaven is like this, so that you might call it the very essence
of the art—and small wonder, since the art itself does come to us from heaven.
Angels tell me that things like this and countless others even more perfect are presented to their view by the Lord; but that such sights actually
delight their minds more than their eyes because they see correspondences
in the details, and through their correspondences they see things divine.
On this matter of correspondences, I have also been told that not only the palaces and the homes but all the little things within and outside
them correspond to the deeper qualities that they receive from the Lord.
In general terms, their houses correspond to the good that occupies them
and the items within their houses to the various things that constitute that good.b The items that are outside the homes refer to true things that

c. [Swedenborg's note here refers the reader to the note in §176 above.]
d. In the highest sense, "the house of God" means the Lord's divine human in respect to divine good, and the temple means the same in respect to divine truth. In a relative sense, they mean heaven and the church in respect to what is good and true: 3720.
e. Jerusalem means the church where there is authentic doctrine: 402, 3654, 9166. The gates mean
an introduction to the doctrine of the church, and through that doctrine, to the church itself: 2943, 4478 *[4477].* The foundation means the truth on which heaven, the church, and the doctrine
are based: 9643.
f. In the Word, more inward things are expressed by "higher," and higher things mean more inward
ones: 2148, 3084, 4599, 5146, 8325. "High" means inner, and also heaven: 1735, 2148, 4210, 4599, 8153.
g. In heaven, one can see mountains, hills, rocks, valleys, and plains just as we can in this world:
10608. Angels who are in the good of love live on mountains, angels in the good of charity on hills, and angels in the good of faith on cliffs: 10438. Therefore mountains in the Word mean the good of love: 795, 4210, 6435, 8327, 8758, 10438, 10608. Hills mean the good of charity: 6435, 10438. Rocks mean the good and truth of faith: 8581, 10580. The stone from which rocks are made
also means the truth of faith: 114, 643, 1298, 3720, 6426, 8608 *[8609],* 10376. This is why mountains
mean heaven: 8327, 8805, 9420; and why a mountaintop means the highest heaven: 9422, 9434, 10608. Therefore the early people held their holy worship on mountains: 796, 2722.
derive from the good, and also to experiences of perception and recognition.

c Since these correspond to the good and true things they receive from the Lord, they correspond to their love and therefore to their wisdom
and intelligence, because love is a matter of what is good, wisdom of what is both good and true, and intelligence of truth that stems from the
good. This, they tell me, is the sort of thing angels perceive when they look at their houses; and this is why these sights delight and move their minds more than their eyes.
So I could see why the Lord calls himself the temple that is in Jerusalem (John 2:19, 21).d I could also see why the New Jerusalem appeared
as a city of pure gold, with gates of pearl and foundations of precious gems (Revelation 21): it is because a temple offers an image of the Lord's divine human; the New Jerusalem refers to the church that was going to be founded; and the twelve gates are the truths that lead to what
is good, and the foundations are the truths on which it is based.e
The angels who constitute the Lord's heavenly kingdom live for the most part in loftier places that look like mountains above the ground. The angels who constitute the Lord's spiritual kingdom live in less lofty places that look like hills, while the angels who live in the lowest regions
of heaven live in places that look like rocky cliffs. These things also stem
from correspondences, since the deeper things correspond to higher ones
and the more outward to lower ones.f This is why mountains in the Word mean heavenly love, hills mean spiritual love, and rocks mean faith.g

a. In the Word, places and spaces mean states: 2625, 2837, 3356, 3387, 7381, 10578 *[10580];* from experience:
1274, 1277, 1376–1381, 4321, 4882, 10146, 10578 *[10580].* Distances mean differences in state of life: 9104, 9967. Motion and changes of location in the spiritual world are changes of the
state of life because that is their source: 1273, 1274, 1275, 1377, 3356, 9440. The same holds true of
journeys: 9440, 10734; illustrated from experience: 1273–1277, 5606 *[5605].* This is why journeying
in the Word means living, and also the course of life, as does emigrating: 3335, 4554, 4585, 4882,
5493, 5606 *[5605],* 5996, 8345, 8397, 8417, 8420, 8557. "To go with the Lord" is to live with him:
10567.
b. An individual can be led great distances in spirit by changes of state, with the body staying in the same place: from experience, 9440, 9967, 10734. What it means to be led by the spirit into another

place: 1884.
There are angels who do not live in communities but apart, home by home. They live in the center of heaven because they are the best angels.
The houses angels live in are not constructed as houses in our world are, but are given them by the Lord gratis, to each individual according to his or her acceptance of what is good and true. They also change slightly in response to the changes of state of their deeper natures (see above, §§154–160).
Whatever angels possess, they attribute to the Lord, and anything they need is given to them.

Space in Heaven

EVEN though everything in heaven appears to be located in space just like things in our world, still angels have no notion or concept of location and space. Since this can only seem like a paradox, and since
it is highly significant, I should like to shed some light on it.
All motion in the spiritual world is the effect of changes of inner states, to the point that motion is nothing but change of state.[a] This is how I have been led by the Lord into the heavens and also to other planets
in the universe.[127] This happened to my spirit, while my body remained in the same place.[b] This is how all angels move about, which

c. Places and spaces are presented to view in response to the inner states of angels and spirits: 5604
[5605], 9440, 10146.
means they do not have distances; and if they do not have distances, they
do not have space. Instead they have states and their changes.
This being the nature of motion, we can see that drawing near is likeness
of inner state and moving away is dissimilarity. This is why the people who are nearby are the ones in a similar state and the ones who are far away are in dissimilar states. It is why space in heaven is nothing but the
outward states that correspond to the inner ones.
This is the only reason the heavens are differentiated from each other, as are the communities of each heaven and the individuals in each community.
It is also why the hells are completely separate from the heavens:

they are in an opposite state.
This is also why in the spiritual world one individual is present to another
if only that presence is intensely desired. This is because one person sees another in thought in this way and identifies with that individual's state. Conversely, one person moves away from another to the extent that
there is any sense of reluctance; and since all reluctance comes from an opposition of affections and disagreement of thoughts, there can be many people appearing together in one place as long as they agree, but as
soon as they disagree, they vanish.
Whenever people move from one place to another, whether it is within their town, in their courtyards, in their gardens, or to people outside
their own community, they get there more quickly if they are eager to and more slowly if they are not. The path itself is lengthened or shortened
depending on their desire, even though it is the same path. I have often seen this, much to my surprise.
We can see from all this again that distance and space itself depend wholly on the inner state of angels;c,128 and since this is the case, no notion
or concept of space can enter their minds even though they have space just the way we do in our world.
We can illustrate this by our own thoughts, which are also devoid of space; for whatever we focus on intently in our thought is seemingly present.
Then too, anyone who reflects on it realizes that our eyesight registers space only through the intermediate objects on earth that we see at the same time, or from our knowing from experience that things are a certain distance away. This is because we are dealing with a continuum, and in a continuum there is no apparent distance except by means of

discontinuities. This is even more the case for angels because their sight
acts in unison with their thought, and their thought in unison with their affection, and also because things seem near or remote, and things change, in response to the states of their deeper natures, as already noted.
This is why places and spaces in the Word (and everything that involves space) mean matters that involve state—distances, for instance,

and nearness and remoteness, paths, journeys, emigrations, miles, stadia,
129 plains, fields, gardens, cities, streets, motion, various kinds of measurement,
length, breadth, height, and depth, and countless other things—for so many things that enter our thought from our world derive something from space and time.

[2] I should like only to highlight what length, breadth, and height mean in the Word. In this world we call something long and broad if it is
long and broad spatially, and the same holds true for "high." In heaven, though, where thinking does not involve space, people understand length as a state of good and breadth as a state of truth, while height is their difference in regard to level (discussed above in §38). The reason these three dimensions are understood in this way is that length in heaven is from east to west, which is where people live who are in the good of love. Breadth in heaven is from south to north, where people live
who are in truth because of what is good (see above, §148); and height in
heaven applies to both in regard to their level. This is why qualities of this sort are meant in the Word by length and breadth and height as in Ezekiel 40–48, where the measurements are given of the new temple and
the new earth, with its courts, rooms, doors, gates, windows, and surroundings,
referring to the new church and the good and true things that are in it. So too all the measurements elsewhere. [3] The New Jerusalem
is similarly described in Revelation, as follows:

> The city was laid out foursquare, its length the same as its breadth; and [the angel] measured the city with the reed at twelve thousand stadia;130 the length and breadth and height were equal. (Revelation 21:16)

Here the New Jerusalem means a new church, so its measurements mean attributes of that church, length referring to the good of its love, breadth to the truth that derives from that good, and height to both the good and the true in respect to their level. Twelve thousand stadia means
everything good and true taken together. Otherwise, what would be the point of having its height be twelve thousand stadia like its length and its breadth?

d. In the Word, length means what is good: 1613, 9487. Breadth means what is true: 1613, 3433,
3434, 4482, 9487, 10179. Height means what is good and true in respect to their level: 9489, 9773,

10181.
e. The Lord's union and presence with angels depends on their acceptance of love and thoughtfulness
from him: 290, 681, 1954, 2658, 2886, 2888, 2889, 3001, 3741, 3742, 3743, 4318, 4319, 4524, 7211, 9128.

We can see in David that breadth in the Word means truth:

Jehovah, you have not left me in the grasp of my enemy's hand; you have made my feet stand in a broad place. (Psalms 31:8)[131]

I called on Jah from my constraint; he answered me in a broad place. (Psalms 118:5)

There are other passages as well; for example, Isaiah 8:8 and Habakkuk 1:6. It also holds true elsewhere.

We can see from this that even though there is space in heaven as there is in our world, nothing there is evaluated on the basis of space, but only on the basis of state. Also spaces there cannot be measured the way they can in our world, but only seen out of and in accordance with the state of their deeper natures.[d]

The essential first cause of all this is that the Lord is present to each individual according to that individual's love and faith,[e] and that everything looks near or remote depending on his presence, since this is what defines everything that exists in the heavens. This is what gives angels wisdom, since it provides them with an outreach of thoughts, which in turn affords them communication with everyone in the heavens. In a word, this is what enables them to think spiritually and not naturally, the way we do.

Heaven's Form, Which Determines How People Associate and Communicate There

TO some extent, we can determine what heaven's form is like on the basis of what has been presented in the preceding chapters—that heaven has a basic similarity in its greatest and its smallest instances (§7 2) ;

a. The whole heaven—specifically all its angelic communities—is arranged by the Lord according to his divine order, since the Lord's divine [nature] in and around the angels constitutes heaven: 3038, 7211, 9128, 9338, 10125, 10151, 10157. On the heavenly form: 4040–4043, 6607, 9877.
b. Heaven's form is a form that follows from the divine design: 4040–4043, 6607, 9877.

that there f o re each community is a heaven in lesser form, and each angel
in least form (§§5 1–5 8); that as heaven as a whole resembles a single person,
so eve ry community of heaven resembles a person in lesser form and
e ve ry individual angel in least form (§§5 9–7 7); that the wisest people are
at the center, with the less wise around them all the way to the bord e r s ,
and that the same holds true for each community (§4 3); and that people
who are engaged in the good of love live along the east-west axis and people
who are engaged in truths that derive from the good along the southn
o rth axis, which also holds true for each community (§§1 4 8–1 4 9). All
these things are determined by heave n's form, so we can figure out what
that form is like in a general sense.[a]

We need to know what heaven's form is like because it determines
not only how angels associate with each other but also how all their communication
takes place; and since all their communication is also an outreach
of their thoughts and affections, this means all their intelligence
and wisdom. This is why the extent to which we are in heaven's form (are
forms of heaven) determines how wise we are. It amounts to the same
thing whether you say "in heaven's form" or "in heaven's design," since
the form of any entity comes from its design and is determined by it.[b]

One thing needs to be said first, namely what it is to be in heaven's
form. We have been created in the image of heaven and in the image of
this world, our inner being in the image of heaven and our outer in the
image of this world (see above, §57). Whether you say "in the image" or
"according to the form," it amounts to the same thing. However, since by
the evils of our intention and the distortions of our thinking we have destroyed
the image and therefore the form of heaven within us, and in its
place have imported the image and form of hell, our inner being is closed
from the time of birth. This is why we, unlike all other kinds of animal,
are born into utter ignorance. However, for the image or form of heaven
to be restored for us, we need to be educated in the principles of the design;
for the form, as explained above, depends on the design. The Word

contains all the laws of the divine design, for the laws of the divine design
are the precepts we find there. To the extent that we know them and live

c. Divine truths are the laws of the design: 2247 *[2447],* 7995. To the extent that we live according
to the design—to the extent, that is, that we are engaged in what divine truths tell us is good—we
are human: 4839, 6605, 6626. The human is the creature in which all the elements of the divine
order are brought together, and from creation we are the divine design in form: 4219, 4220
[4222], 4223, 4523, 4524, 5114, 5368 *[4839],* 6013, 6057, 6605, 6626, 9706, 10156, 10472. We are
born not into what is good and true but into what is evil and false, into the opposite of the divine
design, that is; and this is why we are born into utter ignorance, and why it is necessary for us to
be born anew, that is, regenerated, which is accomplished by means of divine truths from the
Lord, so that we may be brought into the design: 1047, 2307, 2308, 3518, 3812, 8480, 8550, 10283,
10284, 10286, 10731. When the Lord forms us anew (that is, regenerates us) he arranges everything
within us according to the design, therefore in heaven's form: 5700, 6690, 9931, 10303.
d. Everyone in heaven has a communication of life, which we can call an outreach, into the surrounding
angelic communities in accord with the amount and quality of his or her good: 8794,
8797. Thoughts and affections have this kind of outreach: 2475, 6598–6613. We are united and
separated according to our dominant affections: 4111.

by them, our inner being is opened, and in it the design or form of heaven is formed anew. We can see from this what it is to be in heaven's
form—namely, it is living according to what is in the Word.[c]

To the extent that people are in heaven's form they are in heaven and are in fact a heaven in least form (§57). Further, they live in intelligence and wisdom to that same extent, for as already noted, all the thought of our intellect and all the affection of our volition reach out round about us in heaven according to its form and communicate wonderfully with the communities there, and they in turn communicate with us.[d]

[2] There are people who believe that their thoughts and affections do not really reach out around them but are inside them, because they see what they are thinking as inside themselves and not as remote from themselves. They are sadly mistaken, though; for just as our eyesight reaches out to remote objects and is affected in keeping with the patterns
that it sees in that outreach, so our inner sight, which is an attribute of our intellect, has an outreach in the spiritual world even though (for reasons
presented in §196 above) we do not perceive it. The only difference is that our eyesight is affected on the natural level because it is made of

materials from the natural world, while the sight of our intellect is affected
spiritually because it is made of materials in the spiritual world
that all have to do with what is good and true. The reason we do not know that this is the case is that we do not know that there is a certain light that illumines our understanding. Yet without the light that illumines
our understanding, we would be incapable of thinking anything.
(On this light, see above, §§126–132.)

e. There is only one life from which all the people in heaven and on earth live: 1954, 2021, 2536,
2658, 2886–2889, 3001, 3484, 3742, 5847, 6467. That life comes from the Lord alone: 2886–2889,
3344, 3484, 4319, 4320, 4524, 4882, 5986, 6325, 6468, 6469, 6470, 9276, 10196. It flows into angels,
into spirits, and into us in a wondrous way: 2886–2889, 3337, 3338, 3484, 3742. The Lord flows in
from his divine love, which by its very nature wants what is its own to be given to others: 3472 *[3742],* 4320. Therefore our life seems to be within us and not to be flowing in: 3742, 4320. On the joy of angels that I have perceived—and that has been confirmed by their testimony to me—at the fact that they do not live on their own but from the Lord: 6469. Evil people do not want to be convinced that their life is flowing in: 3743. Life from the Lord does flow in, even for evil people:
2706, 3743, 4417, 10196. However, they turn good into evil and truth into falsity, because our quality determines our acceptance; with examples: 4319, 4320, 4417.

[3] There was one particular spirit who believed that he thought independently—
that is, without any outreach beyond himself and therefore communication with the surrounding communities. So that he might learn that he was wrong, he was deprived of any communication with nearby communities. As a result, he not only lost the power of thinking but actually collapsed lifelessly, just flailing his arms like a newborn
baby. In a little while the communication was restored, and bit by bit, as it was restored, he returned to his usual state of thinking.

[4] Some other spirits, who saw this, then admitted that all their thought and affection was flowing in according to this communication—and since this was true of all their thought and affection, it was true of their whole life as well, since all our life consists of our ability to think and to be affected, or in other words, to understand and intend.e We need to realize, though, that intelligence and wisdom vary for individuals
depending on the communication. For people whose intelligence and wisdom are formed from things genuinely good and true,
there is a sharing with communities according to heaven's form; while for
people whose intelligence and wisdom are not formed from things genuinely

good and true but [only] from things that are in accord with them, the communication is intermittent and only partially coherent because it is not with communities in the sequence characteristic of heaven's form. However, because people who are not in intelligence and wisdom at all are caught up in false notions that stem from their evils, they have a sharing with communities in hell. The outreach depends on the extent to which their attitudes have been internalized.

It should also be known that this sharing with communities is not something that comes to the overt perception of the people involved in it, but is a communication with the quality in which they participate and which reaches out from them.[f]

All the people in heaven are grouped according to spiritual affinities, which are matters of what is good and true in their pattern—the same way in the whole heaven as in each community and in each household. This is why angels who are involved in similar good and true activities recognize each other the way relatives and kindred spirits do on earth—just as though they had known each other from infancy.

The good and true elements that make up intelligence and wisdom are similarly arranged within each individual angel. They recognize each other in much the same way, and as they recognize each other, they unite.[g]

As a result, people in whom things good and true are united according to heaven's form see things that follow in their sequence and how things fit together far and wide around them. It is different for people in whom things good and true are not united according to heaven's form.

In each heaven, this is the form that determines communication and the outreach of thoughts and affections for angels and therefore determines their intelligence and wisdom. The communication of one heaven with another, though, is different—that of the third or inmost heaven with the second or intermediate, and of these two with the first or outmost.

In fact, the communication between heavens should not be called "communication" but "inflow," which we now need to say something

f. Thought flows outward into surrounding communities of spirits and angels: 6600–6605. Still, it does not agitate or disturb the thoughts of the communities: 6601, 6603.

g. What is good recognizes its appropriate truth, and what is true recognizes its good: 2429, 3101, 3102, 3161, 3179, 3180, 4358, 5407 *[5704],* 5835, 9637. This is the source of the union of what is good and what is true: 3834, 4096, 4097, 4301, 4345, 4353, 4364, 4368, 5365, 7623–7627, 7752–7762, 8530, 9258, 10555; and this happens because of heaven's inflow: 9079.

about. On the three heavens and their differentiation, see the appropriate
chapter above (§§29–40).
We may conclude from the way the heavens are situated in relation to each other that there is not a communication of one heaven with another
but an inflow. The third or inmost heaven is above, the second or intermediate
is lower, and the first or outmost is still lower. It is much the
same for all the communities of each heaven: for example there are some
in lofty places that look like mountains (see §188), with people from the

h. There is a direct inflow from the Lord and an indirect one through heaven: 6063, 6307, 6472, 9682, 9683. The Lord's direct inflow is into the smallest details of everything: 6058, 6474–6478, 8717, 8728. Concerning the Lord's indirect inflow through the heavens: 4067, 6982, 6985, 6996.

inmost heavens living on their summits, people from the second heaven below them, and below them again people from the outmost heaven. It is
like this everywhere, whether in lofty areas or in lowly ones. A community
of a higher heaven does not have any communication with a community of a lower heaven except by means of correspondences (see above, §100), and communication by correspondences is what is called inflow.
One heaven is united to another (or a community of one heaven
with a community of another) by the Lord alone, through a direct and an indirect inflow. The direct is from himself, and the indirect is sequential
through the higher heavens into the lower ones.h
Since the union of the heavens through inflow is accomplished by
the Lord alone, the greatest possible precautions are taken to pre ve n t any angel from a higher heaven from looking down into a community of a lower one and talking with anyone there. The moment this happens,
the angel will lose intelligence and wisdom. The reason needs to
be stated. Eve ry angel has three levels of life, like the three levels of h e a ven. For the ones in the inmost heaven, the third or inmost level is opened and the second and first are closed. For people in the intermediate
heaven the second level is opened and the first and third are
closed; and for people in the outermost heaven the first level is opened and the second and third are closed. The moment an angel of the third h e a ven, then, looks down into a community of the second and talks

with anyone there, the third level of that angel is closed; and when it is closed the angel is deprived of wisdom because her or his wisdom d wells on the third level, with none on the second and first.

This is the meaning of the Lord's words in Matthew:

> Let those who are on the roof not come down to take what is in the house; and let those who are in the field not turn back to take their garments. (Matthew 24:17–18)

And in Luke:

> Let those who are on the roof on that day while their belongings are in the house not go down to get them, and let those who are in the field

> not turn back to what is behind them: remember Lot's wife. (Luke 17:31–32)

There is no inflow from lower heavens into higher ones because this goes against the design. Rather, inflow is from the higher ones into the lower. The wisdom of angels of a higher heaven surpasses the wisdom of angels of a lower one by a ratio of thousands to one. This is also why angels of a lower heaven cannot talk with angels of a higher one. In fact, when they look in their direction they do not see them; their heaven looks like something cloudy overhead. However, angels of a higher heaven can see people who are in a lower heaven, though they are not allowed to carry on conversations with them, to prevent them from losing their wisdom, as already mentioned.

The thoughts, the affections, and the conversations of angels of the inmost heaven are wholly beyond the perception of angels in the intermediate heaven because they are so transcendent; but when it pleases the Lord, they are visible in the lower heavens as something flamelike from the higher one, while conversations in the intermediate heaven are seen as something shining in the outmost heaven—sometimes as a bright, iridescent cloud. The lower angels can to some extent tell what the higher ones are saying from the way the cloud rises and descends and from its form. This enables us to conclude what heaven's form is like, namely that it is most perfect of all in the inmost heaven, perfect in the intermediate heaven but less so, and still less so in the heaven below that. We can also conclude that the form of one heaven is maintained by another through the inflow from the Lord.

However, there is no way to understand what communication by inflow is like without knowing what vertical levels are like and what the

difference is between these levels and degrees of length and breadth. The
nature of both kinds of levels may be seen in §38.
As to heave n's form and how it works and flows, this is incompre h e n s ible
even to angels. It can be brought to some measure of conceptualization
by comparison with the form of all the elements of the human body as exp
l o red and examined by someone who is both wise and experienced; for as
explained above in the re l e vant chapters, heaven as a whole resembles a single
person (§§5 9–7 2) and eve rything in the human [body] corresponds to
the heavens (§§8 7–1 0 2). We can see in a general way how incompre h e n s ible
and intricate this form is simply by looking at our nerve fibers, which
s e rve to we a ve absolutely eve rything [in us] together. T h e re is no way their
n a t u re and how they work and flow in the brain can be presented to our

e yes, for the countless things invo l ved are so intricate that viewed en masse
they look like a soft, undefined lump. Yet actually each and eve ry function
of our volition and understanding flows into act through them with perfect
definition. We can see how these fibers rejoin in the body by looking at
the various plexuses—cardiac, mesenteric, and others—and the nodes
called ganglia where many fibers from all over the body come together,
combining within these nodes and then exiting in different arrangements
to various functions, a pattern that is repeated over and over again. Fu rt h e r,
t h e re are similar arrangements in all our viscera, in each member and organ
and muscle. Anyone who probes these and other wonders with the eye of
wisdom will be utterly stunned; and yet these are the few things that the
e ye can see, and what it cannot see is more amazing still because it is more

i n w a rd in nature .
It is abundantly clear that this form corresponds to heaven's form if we consider the way our volition and discernment work in it and according
to it, because whatever we intend flows spontaneously into act and whatever we think travels along the fibers from their beginnings to their
ends, giving rise to our senses. Further, since this is the form of our thought and intentions, it is the form of our intelligence and wisdom. It is this form that corresponds to heaven's form. We can learn from this that it is this kind of form that determines the way all the affection and thought of angels reaches out, and that they enjoy intelligence and wisdom to the extent that they are in this form. It may be seen above (§§78–86) that this form of heaven comes from the Lord's divine human. These matters have been included so that it may also be known that heaven's form by its very nature can never be fathomed even in a general
way and is thus incomprehensible even to angels, as already stated.

Forms of Government in Heaven

SINCE heaven is differentiated into communities, and the larger communities
consist of some hundreds of thousands of angels (§50), and
since all the people in a given community are involved in similar good but not in similar wisdom (§43), it follows of necessity that there are

a. Heavenly angels do not think and talk on the basis of truths the way spiritual angels do, because
they enjoy a perception of all matters of truth from the Lord: 202, 597, 607, 784, 1121, 1387 *[1384],* 1398, 1442, 1919, 7680, 7877, 8780, 9277, 10336. Concerning truths, heavenly angels say,
"Yes, yes," or "No, no," while spiritual angels consider whether they are true or not: 2715, 3246,
4446 *[4448],* 9166, 10786; where explanation is given of the Lord's words, "Let your conversation
be 'Yes, yes,' 'No, no'; anything beyond this is from evil" (Matthew 5:37).
b. People in the Lord's spiritual kingdom are focused on what is true and people in the heavenly kingdom on what is good: 863, 875, 927, 1023, 1043, 1044, 1555, 2256, 4328, 4493, 5113, 9596. The
good of the spiritual kingdom is the good of thoughtfulness toward one's neighbor, and this good
is essentially truth: 8042, 10296.
c. Justice in the Word is associated with what is good and judgment with what is true, so to do justice and judgment is to do what is good and true: 2235, 9857. "Great judgments" [Exodus 6:6]
are laws of the divine design and are therefore divine truths: 7206.

forms of government. Good order needs to be kept, and all matters of good order seen to.
The actual forms of government in heaven va ry, though. T h e re is

one kind in the communities that constitute the Lord's heavenly kingdom
and another in the communities that constitute the Lord's spiritual kingdom. They even va ry depending on the particular function of each c o m m u n i t y. Howe ve r, in the heavens there is no government except the
g overnment of mutual love, and the government of mutual love is heavenly
gove r n m e n t .

The form of government in the Lord's heavenly kingdom is called justice, since all the people there are intent on the good the Lord's love does in and through us, and anything that results from this good is called just. This government belongs to the Lord alone. He leads them and teaches them in matters of life. The truths that we associate with judgment are engraved on their hearts. Everyone knows them, grasps them, and sees them.[a] So matters of judgment never come into dispute for them, only matters of justice that are matters of life. The less wise ask
the wiser ones about them, and they in turn ask the Lord and bring back
the responses.Their heaven—their deepest delight—is to live justly from the Lord.

Government in the Lord's spiritual kingdom is called judgment,
since they are intent on that spiritual good that is the good of thoughtfulness
toward their neighbor, and this good is in essence true.[b] What is true is a matter of judgment, and what is good is a matter of justice.[c]

These angels too are led by the Lord, but indirectly (§208); so they have officials, fewer or more depending on the needs of the community they live in. They also have laws that they observe in their life together. The officials manage everything according to the laws; they understand

d. In the prophetic books of the Word, David means the Lord: 1888, 9954.

e. Zion means the church, and specifically the heavenly church: 2362, 9055.

them because they are wise, and in matters of doubt they are enlightened
by the Lord.

Since government on the basis of what is good (the kind in the Lord's heavenly kingdom) is called justice, and government on the basis of what
is true (the kind in the Lord's spiritual kingdom) is called judgment, in the Word it says "justice and judgment" when it is talking about heaven and the church; "justice" meaning heavenly good, and "judgment" spiritual

good—which latter good, as explained above, is in essence true. The following examples may serve:

There will be no end to peace on the throne of David and on his kingdom, to establish it and to sustain it in *judgment and justice* from now on and even to eternity. (Isaiah 9:7)[132]

"David" here means the Lord,[d] and his kingdom means his heaven, as we can see from the next passage:

I will raise up for David a just shoot and he will reign as king and act discerningly and make *judgment and justice* on earth. (Jeremiah 23:5)

Let Jehovah be extolled because he lives on high and fills Zion with *judgment and justice.* (Isaiah 33:5)

Zion too means heaven and the church.[e]

I, Jehovah, am he who makes *judgment and justice* on earth, because in them I take pleasure. (Jeremiah 9:24)[133]

I will betroth you to myself for eternity, and I will betroth you to myself in *justice and judgment.* (Hosea 2:19)

Jehovah, in the heavens your *justice* is like the mountains of God, and your *judgment* like the great deep. (Psalms 36:5–6)[134]

They ask me for *judgments of justice,* they long for the approach of God. (Isaiah 58:2)

And elsewhere.

In the Lord's spiritual kingdom there are various forms of government, not the same in one community as in another but varying depending on the functions the communities fulfill. Their functions parallel those of the human [body], to which they correspond; and the variety of

f. Every individual and community, including the country and the church and in a universal sense the Lord's kingdom, is our neighbor; and supporting them out of a love for their welfare, in keeping with the quality of their state, is "loving our neighbor"; so their welfare (which is the common good that is to be of primary concern) is our neighbor: 6818–6824, 8123. Further, civic good, which is what is just, is our neighbor: 2915, 4730, 8120–8123. So charity toward our neighbor reaches out to every single detail of our lives; and to love what is good and do what is good out of a love for what is good and true, to do what is just out of a love for what is just in every role and action is to love our neighbor: 2417, 8121–8124.

these is well known. The heart has one function, the lungs another, the liver another, the pancreas and spleen others, and so also for each sensory organ. Just as we have these various services going on in our bodies, so services are carried on in the universal human that is heaven, since it is its communities that correspond to them. (The reader may see in the appropriate chapter above, §§87–102, that everything in heaven corresponds to something in us.)

Still, all the forms of government share a central focus on the public good as their end, and within that good, the good of each individual.[f] This is because everyone in all heaven is under the guidance of the Lord,
who loves everyone and who from his divine love arranges things so that
it is the common good from which individuals receive what is good for them. Each individual receives benefit in proportion to his or her love of the whole, for to the extent that they love the whole they love all the individuals.
Since this love is the Lord's they are proportionally loved by
the Lord and are benefited.
We may conclude from this what the officials are like—namely, that they are the people who more than others enjoy love and wisdom and who therefore, out of that love, wish well to everyone and out of that wisdom
know how to make sure it happens. People like this do not control and command but minister and serve, for doing good for others out of a love for what is good is serving, and making sure that it happens is ministering.
They do not make themselves more important than other people
but less so, for they put the welfare of the community and of their neighbor first and their own later. What is first is more important, and what is later is less.
They do have respect and renown, though. They live in the center of their communities, loftier than others, and in splendid mansions as well; and they accept this renown and respect. However, they do so not on their own account but for the sake of obedience. They all know that this respect and this renown are gifts from the Lord, so that they may be obeyed.

g. There are two kinds of dominion, one from love for our neighbor and one from love for ourselves:
10814. Everything good and happy comes from dominion out of love for our neighbor:
10160, 10814. In heaven, no one wants to be in control because of self-love; all want to be helpful,
and this is governing out of love for their neighbor and is the source of whatever power they possess:
5732. Everything evil comes from dominion out of self-love: 10038. Once love for oneself and for the world has begun to take control, people are forced into subjection to dictators simply
in order to be protected: 7364, 10160, 10814.

This is the meaning of the Lord's words to the disciples:
Whoever among you wants to be great needs to minister to you; and whoever among you wants to be first needs to serve you; just as the Human-born One did not come to be ministered to, but to minister. (Matthew 20:27–28 *[26–28]*)
Let the greatest among you be as the least, and the one who is your

guide be as one who ministers. (Luke 22:26)

A similar form of government, on the smallest scale, is found in each household. There is a master and there are servants; and the master loves the servants and the servants love their master, so out of this love they serve each other. The master teaches how to live and says what needs to be done and the servants obey and fulfill their functions. Being useful is the essential delight of life for everyone. We can see from this that the Lord's kingdom is an organized structure of functions.[135]

There are forms of government in the hells as well; for unless there were, they would not be kept in restraint. However, the forms of government there are exact opposites of those in the heavens because they all derive from selfishness. All people there want to control others and to be preeminent. They hate the people who do not agree with them, and use vicious means to get even with them because this is what selfishness is like. So for them it is the more vicious ones who hold office, and who are obeyed out of fear.[g] But more on this later, where I discuss the hells.[136]

Divine Worship in Heaven

OUTWARDLY, divine worship in the heavens is not unlike divine worship on earth, but inwardly it is different. People there too have doctrines and sermons and church buildings. The doctrines agree in essentials, but those in the higher heavens are of deeper wisdom than those of lower heavens. The sermons are in keeping with the doctrines; and just as they have homes and mansions (§§183–190), they also have church buildings where the instruction takes place.

The reason things like this exist in heaven is that angels are constantly being perfected in wisdom and love. They have volition and intellect just as we do, and their intellect, like their intentions, is by nature constantly striving toward perfection—their intellect by means of the truths that constitute intelligence and their intentions through the values that constitute love.[a]

However, the essential divine worship in the heavens does not consist

a. Intellect is open to what is true and volition is open to what is good: 3623, 6125, 7503, 9300, 9930. Just as everything goes back to what is true and good, so everything about our life goes back to intellect and volition: 803, 10122. Angels are being perfected to eternity: 4803, 6648.

of going to church regularly and listening to sermons but of a life of love,
thoughtfulness, and faith in keeping with doctrine. The sermons in church serve only as means of instruction in how to live.
I have talked about this with angels and have told them that people in this world believe that divine worship consists solely of going to church and listening to sermons, taking communion three or four times a year, and observing other rituals according to the church's regulations,
as well as making time for prayer and behaving devoutly. The angels have
told me that these are outward matters that are worth doing but that they
are ineffective unless there is something within from which they flow, and that this something within is a life according to the principles that doctrine teaches.
So that I could learn what their church services are like, I have occasionally
been allowed to go in and hear sermons. The preacher in the pulpit is stationed in the east. Directly in front sit the people who are in greater light of wisdom than others, while to their right and left are the people in less light. The seating is laid out in a circular form so that everyone can be seen by the preacher. No one is off to the sides and out of the preacher's sight. Newcomers stand by the door at the eastern end
of the church to the left of the pulpit. No one is allowed to stand behind the pulpit; if anyone is there, the preacher loses the train of thought. The
same thing happens if anyone in the congregation disagrees, so anyone who does is obliged to look away.
The sermons there are given with such wisdom that their earthly counterparts cannot be compared to them: people in the heavens actually
experience a more inward light.

b. Stone means what is true: 114, 643, 1298, 3720, 6426, 8609, 10376. Wood means what is good:
643, 3720, 8354. So for the earliest people, who were attuned to heavenly good, buildings were wooden: 3720.
c. [Swedenborg's note at this point refers the reader to the note in §214 above.]
d. To love the Lord and our neighbor is to live by the Lord's precepts: 10143, 10153, 10310, 10578,
10645, 10648 *[10659].*
Churches in the spiritual kingdom seem to be made of stone, and those in the heavenly kingdom of wood. This is because stone corresponds

to the truth that occupies people in the spiritual kingdom and wood to the good that occupies people in the heavenly kingdom.[b] The buildings in this latter kingdom are not called “churches” but “houses of God.”

Buildings in the heavenly kingdom are devoid of splendor, but in the spiritual kingdom they are more or less ornate.

I also talked with one particular preacher about the holy state characteristic of people who are listening to preachers in church. He said that there is something reverent, devout, and holy in all of us depending on the deeper levels of our love and faith, since there is something holy within our love and faith because the Lord’s divine [presence] is there. He added that he did not know what anything holy was apart from these. Further, he said that when he thought about something externally holy apart from these, it might possibly be something that mimicked holiness in outer appearance, something acquired either by skill or by hypocrisy. A deceptive fire arising from love for oneself and the world would generate and present this kind of appearance.

All preachers are from the Lord’s spiritual kingdom and none from his heavenly kingdom. The reason they are from the spiritual kingdom is that people there are attuned to truths that stem from what is good, and all preaching comes from truths. The reason none is from his heavenly kingdom is that the people there are attuned to the good of love, and see and grasp truths on this basis, but do not talk about them.[c]

Even though the angels who are in the heavenly kingdom grasp and see truths, there are still sermons there because sermons are means of enlightenment in the truths that the angels already know and lead to further perfection by means of many things they have not known before. The moment they hear them, they acknowledge them and therefore grasp them. The truths they grasp they also love, and by living according to them they make them part of their life. They say that living by truths is loving the Lord.[d]

e. Priests represented the Lord in respect to divine good, kings in respect to divine truth: 2015, 6148. So a priest in the Word means people who are attuned to the good of love for the Lord, and

priesthood means that good itself: 9806, 9809. A king in the Word means people who are attuned
to divine truth, so kingship means what is true from the good: 1672, 2015, 2069, 4575, 4581, 4966,
5044.

All preachers are appointed by the Lord and therefore enjoy the gift of preaching. No one else is allowed to teach in church.

They are called preachers rather than priests. The reason they are not called priests is that heaven's priesthood is the heavenly kingdom, priesthood
meaning the good of love for the Lord that characterizes the people in that kingdom. In contrast, heaven's kingship is the spiritual kingdom, kingship meaning the truth from what is good that characterizes people in that kingdom (see above, §24).e

All the doctrines that govern the preaching focus on life as their end, none on faith apart from life. The doctrine of the inmost heaven is more full of wisdom than that of the intermediate heaven, and this in turn is more full of intelligence than that of the outmost heaven. The doctrines are in fact suited to the grasp of the angels of each heaven.

The essential of all the doctrines is the recognition of the Lord's divine human.

The Power of Heaven's Angels

PEOPLE who do not know anything about the spiritual world and its inflow into the natural world cannot grasp the fact that angels have power. They think that angels cannot have power because they are spiritual
and so pure and insubstantial that they cannot even be seen by our eyes. People who probe more deeply into the causes of things, though, feel otherwise about it. They are aware that all the power we ourselves have comes from our intellect and volition, since without these we cannot
move the slightest part of our bodies. Intellect and volition are our spiritual person. This person is what animates the body and its members
at will, for the mouth and tongue say what it thinks and the body does

what it intends. It even bestows energy at will. Our intention and discernment
are governed by the Lord through angels and spirits; and since this is true of our intention and discernment, it is true of all aspects of our bodies because these latter come from the former. Believe it or not, we cannot move a step without the inflow of heaven.

I have been shown that this is true by a great deal of experience. Angels have been allowed to activate my walking, my actions, my tongue, and my conversation as they wished, by flowing into my intention and thinking, and I learned at first hand that I could do nothing on my own.[137] They told me later that everyone is governed in this way, and that we might learn this from the doctrine of the church and from the Word. We actually pray that God will send his angels who may lead us, guide our steps, teach us, and inspire us as to what we should think and say, and so on—this even though we talk and believe quite differently in our private thoughts apart from doctrine.

These things have been mentioned to illustrate the kind of power angels have with us.

In the spiritual world angels have so much power that if I were to highlight everything I have seen, it would strain credulity. If anything there is in the way and needs to be removed because it is opposed to the divine design, they raze and overturn it simply by an effort of will and a look. So I have seen mountains that were the abode of evil people leveled and overturned, sometimes shaken from end to end as happens in our earthquakes. I have seen cliffs split down the middle right to the bottom and the evil people on them swallowed up. I have also seen angels scatter some hundreds of thousands of evil spirits and cast them into hell. A vast multitude is powerless against them. The skills and wiles and alliances of evil spirits amount to nothing. Angels see everything and dispel it instantly.

But there is more about this in the story of Babylon destroyed.[138]

They do have this kind of power in the spiritual world.[139]

The Word, too, shows that angels have power like this in the natural world when it is granted them. For example, they are said to have brought death upon whole armies,[140] to have brought about a plague that killed seventy thousand people. We read of this latter angel:

> The angel stretched out a hand against Jerusalem to destroy it; but Jehovah, repenting of his evil, said to the angel who was destroying the people,[141] It is enough, now hold back your hand: and David saw the angel who was striking the people. (2 Samuel 24:15, 16, 17)

among other passages.

a. Angels are called powers, and they are powers because of their acceptance of divine truth from the Lord: 9639. Angels are open to divine truth from the Lord, and throughout the Word are

therefore called “gods”: 4295, 4402, 8301, 8192, 9398 *[8988].*
b. Both people here and angels are their own good and their own truth, therefore their own love and their own faith: 10298, 10367. They are their own discernment and intent because all their life comes from this source; the life of the good is a matter of intent and the life of truth is a matter
of discernment: 10076, 10177, 10264, 10284.

Because angels do have this kind of power they are called powers. It also says in David, “Bless Jehovah, you angels most powerful in strength”
(Psalms 103:20).

It does need to be known, though, that angels have absolutely no power on their own, but that all the power they have comes from the Lord. Further, they are powers to the extent that they recognize this fact.

Any of them who believe that their power comes from themselves immediately
become so weak that they cannot resist even a single evil spirit.

This is why angels take absolutely no credit to themselves and turn down
any praise or admiration for anything they have done, but attribute it all to the Lord.

It is the divine truth emanating from the Lord that possesses all power in the heavens, because the Lord in heaven is divine truth united to divine good (see §§126–140). To the extent that angels are open to this
truth, they are powers.[a]

Fu rt h e r, each individual angel is her or his own truth and ow n good, because the nature of each one is determined by her or his discernment
and intent, discernment being a matter of what is true because all its functions originate in truths, and intent being a matter of what is good because all its functions originate in aspects of the good. You see, whatever we understand we call true and whatever we intend we call good. This is why each one of us is his or her own truth and own good.[b] T h e re f o re, to the extent to which an angel is truth fro m the Divine and good from the Divine, that angel is a power because the Lord is with her[1 4 2] to that extent. Fu rt h e r, since no one enjoys exactly
the same good and truth as anyone else (for in heaven and in this world there is constant va r i e t y, §2 0), one angel does not enjoy the same power as another.

The angels who constitute the arm in the universal human or heaven have the most power because they are the ones who more than any others
are focused on things true, and good flows into their truths from the entire
heaven. So too, all our strength is concentrated in our arms, and the

c. On the correspondence of the hands, arms, and shoulders with the universal human or heaven:
4931–4937. Hands and arms in the Word mean power: 878, 3091, 4931–4932 *[4932–4933],* 6947,
10017 *[10019].*
d. All power in the heavens is a property of truth from good, and therefore of faith from love: 3091, 3563, 6413 *[6423],* 8304, 9643, 10019, 10182. All power comes from the Lord, since he is the
source of everything true that constitutes faith and everything good that constitutes love: 9327, 9410. This power is meant by the keys given to Peter: 6344. It is divine truth emanating from the
Lord that possesses all power: 6948, 8200. This power of the Lord is what is meant by "sitting at
the right of Jehovah": 3387, 4592, 4933, 7518, 7673, 8281, 9133. "The right" is power: 10019.
e. Eyes correspond to truths from good: 4403–4421, 4523–4534, 6923.
f. Falsity from evil has no power because truth from good has it all: 6784, 10481.

whole body expresses its powers through them. This is why "arms" and "hands" in the Word mean power.[c]

Sometimes a bare arm appears in heaven that has so much power that it could crush any obstacle, even if it were a boulder on earth. Once it moved toward me, and I saw that it could crush my bones to powder.

It may be seen in §137 above that all power belongs to the divine truth that emanates from the Lord and that angels are powers to the extent
that they accept divine truth from the Lord. However, angels are open to divine truth to the extent that they are open to divine good, since all the power that truths have comes from good. Truths apart from
good have none. Further, all the power good has is by means of truth; good has no power apart from truths. Power arises from the union of the
two. The same holds true for faith and love, since it is all the same whether you say truth or faith, since everything that makes up faith is true, and whether you say good or love, since everything that makes up love is good.[d]

I have been able to see how much power angels have through truths from good from the fact that when angels simply look at them, evil spirits
fall down in a faint and no longer look human, and that this lasts until the angel looks away. The reason this sort of thing results from the gaze of angels is that their sight comes from the light of heaven, and heaven's light is divine truth (see above, §§126–132). Eyes correspond to
truths from good.[e]

Since all power belongs to truths from good, deliberate distortions have none.[f] All the people in hell are preoccupied with deliberate distortions,

so they have no power against what is true and good. However, I will be describing later the kind of power they have among each other and the kind of power evil spirits have before they are thrown into hell.[143]

205 ANGELS' LANGUAGE §236

a. There is a breathing in the heavens, but it is more inward: 3884, 3885; from experience: 3884, 3885, 3891, 3893. The ways they breathe differ and vary depending on their states: 1119, 3886, 3887, 3889, 3892, 3893. Evil people are utterly incapable of breathing in heaven and suffocate if they come there: 3893 *[3894].*

The Language of Angels

ANGELS talk with each other just the way we do in this world. They talk about various things—domestic matters, community concerns, issues of moral life, and issues of spiritual life. There is no difference except that they talk with each other more intelligently than we do because they talk from a deeper level of thought.

I have often been allowed to be in their company and talk with them like one friend with another, or sometimes like one stranger with another; and since at such times I was in a state like theirs, it seemed exactly as though I were talking with people on earth.

Angelic language, like human language, is differentiated into words. It is similarly uttered audibly and heard audibly. Angels have mouths and tongues and ears just as we do; and they also have an atmosphere in which the sound of their language is articulated. Howe ve r, it is a spiritual atmosp h e re that is adapted to angels, who are spiritual. Angels breathe in their a t m o s p h e re and use their breath to utter words just the way we do in ours.[a]

All people in heaven have the same language. They all understand each other, no matter what community they come from, whether nearby or remote.[144] This language is not learned but is innate; it flows from their very affection and thought. The sound of the language corresponds to their affection and the articulations of the sound—the words, that is—correspond to the mental constructs that arise from their affections. Since their language corresponds to these [inner events], it too is spiritual, for it is audible affection and vocal thinking.

[2] Anyone who reflects may realize that all thought comes from affection,
which is a function of love, and that mental constructs are various forms into which the general affection is apportioned; for no thoughts or concepts whatever occur apart from affection. This is the source of their soul and life. This is why angels know simply from speech

what kind of person someone is—they know the quality of the affection from the sound and the quality of the mind from the articulations of the sound, or words. Wiser angels know from a single series of statements what someone's ruling affection is, since this is what they are primarily attentive to.
[3] It is recognized that all people have various affections or moods—one in times of happiness, another in times of sorrow, another in times of
tenderness and compassion, another in times of honesty and truth, another
in times of love and thoughtfulness, another in times of zeal or anger, another in times of pretense and guile, another in times of ambition
for respect and adulation, and so on; but there is a dominant affection or love within all of these, so since the wiser angels perceive this, they know from conversation the whole state of another person.
[4] I have been granted knowledge of this through an abundance of experience. I have heard angels discover a person's life simply by listening.
They have told me that they know everything about another person's life from a few individual ideas because these enable them to know the person's ruling love, which contains everything in a pattern. This is all that our "book of life" is.[145]
Angelic language has nothing in common with human language except with a few of our words whose sound reflects some feeling, and in this case not with the words themselves but with their sound, which will be further dealt with later.[146]
The fact that angelic language has nothing in common with human language is evidenced by angels' inability to pronounce a single word of a
human language. It has been tried, and they could not. The only things they can utter are the ones that are in complete accord with their own affection.
Anything that does not agree offends their very life, since their life is a matter of affection and their language flows from it.

I have been told that the first language of people on our earth shared this nature because it was given them from heaven, and that Hebrew resembles
it in some respects.
Since angels' language corresponds to the affections of their love, and since heaven's love is love for the Lord and love for our neighbor (see above, §§13–19), we can see how elegant and delightful their conversation
is. It affects not only the ears but also the deeper levels of the minds of those who hear it. There was one particular hard-hearted spirit with whom an angel talked, and eventually he was so moved by what the angel
was saying that he burst into tears, saying that he couldn't help it, love was talking, and he had never cried before.

207 ANGELS' LANGUAGE §240

b. Angels' concepts, from which they speak, arise through wondrous shifts of heaven's light: 1646,
3343, 3693.

c. In their language, angels can express in a moment more than we can in half an hour in our language,
and this includes things that by nature do not fit into the words of human language: 1641, 1642, 1643, 1645, 4609, 7089.

The language of angels is also full of wisdom, since it flows from the deeper levels of their thought and their deeper thought is wisdom the way
their deeper affection is love. Their love and wisdom unite in speech. As a
result, it is so full of wisdom that they can in a single word express what we cannot say in a thousand words; and the concepts of their thinking can encompass things the like of which we cannot grasp, let alone articulate.

147 This is why the things that have been heard and seen in heaven are called inexpressible, such as ear has never heard, nor eye seen.148

[2] I have been granted knowledge of this through experience as well. At times I have been conveyed into the state in which angels are and have
talked with them in that state. At such times I understood everything, but when I returned to my original state and therefore into the normal thought processes of physical consciousness and wanted to recall what I
had heard, I could not. There were a thousand things that would not fit into natural ideas and were therefore inexpressible except by subtle shifts
of heavenly light, and not at all, then, in human words.

[3] The individual ideas of angels that give rise to their words are also

variations in heaven's light; and the affections that give rise to the sounds
of the words are variations of heaven's warmth. This is because heaven's
light is divine truth or wisdom and heaven's warmth is divine good or love (see above, §§126–140), and angels receive their affection from divine
love and their thought from divine wisdom.[b]
Because angels' language flows directly from their affection (since their individual ideas are various forms into which their affections are apportioned,
as noted above in §236), angels can express in a minute more
than we can say in half an hour, and can present in a few words things that would make many pages of writing. This too has been witnessed to me by a great deal of experience.[c]
Angels' individual ideas and the words of their language form a single whole the way an efficient cause does with an effect; for what is presented
in the words as an effect is what is resident in the ideas as a cause.[149] This
is why a single word contains so much within itself.
When the details of angels' thought and the consequent details of their language are presented in visual form, they look like a subtle wave

d. There are countless things within a single concept: 1008, 1869, 4946, 6613, 6614, 6615, 6617,
6618. Our concepts are opened in the other life, with a vivid visual presentation of their quality: 1869, 3310, 5510. What they look like: 6201 *[6200],* 8885. The concepts of angels of the inmost heaven look like the light of a flame: 6615. The concepts of angels of the outmost heaven look like
faint, bright clouds: 6614. An angel's concept was seen from which rays went forth toward the Lord: 6620. Concepts of thought reach out far and wide on all sides in angelic communities: 6598–6613.
or flowing atmosphere in which there are countless elements in their own
pattern, elements of their wisdom that enter into thought at a higher level and stir the affections. The individual ideas of anyone—whether an angel or one of us—can be presented visually in heaven's light when it so
pleases the Lord.[d]
Angels who live in the Lord's heavenly kingdom talk much the same way as angels who are citizens of the Lord's spiritual kingdom. However,
heavenly angels talk from a deeper level of thought than spiritual angels

do. Further, since heavenly angels are attuned to the good of love for the
Lord, they talk from wisdom, while spiritual angels—being attuned to the good of thoughtfulness toward their neighbor (which in its essence is
truth, see §215)—talk from intelligence. For wisdom comes from what is good and intelligence from what is true.

The speech of heavenly angels is like a gentle stream, soft and virtually unbroken, while the speech of spiritual angels is a little more resonant and crisp. Then too, the vowels *U* and *O* tend to predominate in
the speech of heavenly angels, while in the speech of spiritual angels it is
the vowels *E* and *I*.[150] The vowels stand for the sound and in the sound there is the affection; for as already noted (§236), the sound of angels' speech is responsive to their affection, and the articulations of the sound,
or the words, correspond to the individual ideas that stem from their affection.

For this reason, the vowels do not belong to the language but to a raising of its words, by means of sounds, toward various affections according
to the state of each individual. So in Hebrew the vowels are not written and are also pronounced variously.[151] This enables angels to recognize
what someone's quality is in respect to affection and love.

Further still, the language of heavenly angels lacks any hard consonants
and rarely puts two consonants together without inserting a word that begins with a vowel. This is why the little word *and* [152] is inserted so
often in the Word, as can be determined by people who read the Word in
Hebrew, in which language that word is soft and in either pronunciation

e. In angelic speech there is a harmonic, descending concord: 1648, 1649, 7191.

f. The spiritual or angelic language is within us, even though we are not aware of it: 4014 *[4104].*

The concepts of our inner person are spiritual, but while we are living in this world, we perceive them in natural forms because we are thinking on the natural level: 10236, 10240, 10550. After death, we have access to our deeper concepts: 3226, 3342, 3343, 10568, 10604. These then constitute
our language: 2470, 2478, 2479.

is a vowel sound. We can also learn some of this from the vocabulary of the Hebrew Bible, since the words belong to either a heavenly or a spiritual
category. That is, they involve either what is good or what is true, with the expressions involving what is good making ample use of the

vowels *U* and *O* and to some extent *A,* and the expressions involving what is true making use of *E* and *I.*

Since affections are expressed primarily through sounds, words that use *U* and *O* are well loved in human language to express great matters like heaven and God. Musical sounds tend in this direction as they rise,[153]
when they are dealing with such matters, but not when they are dealing with lesser things. This is why the art of music is so adept at expressing various kinds of affection.

There is a certain concord in angelic speech that is indescribable.[e] This concord stems from the fact that the thoughts and affections that give rise to speech flow forth and spread out in keeping with heaven's form, heaven's form being what determines how everyone there associates
and communicates. (See above, §§200–212, on the way heaven's form determines how angels associate and the flow of their thoughts and
affections.)

The same kind of speech we find in the spiritual world is innate in all of us, but in the deeper part of our intellect. However, since for us it does
not come down into words that parallel our affections the way it does for
angels, we are unaware that we possess it. Yet this is why we have access
to the same language as spirits and angels when we arrive in the other life
and know how to talk with them without being taught.[f] But more on this below.[154]

There is, as already noted, a single language for everyone in heaven; but it does vary, in that the language of wiser people is more profound and more full of shades of affections and specific concepts. The language
of less wise individuals is less profound and not so full, and the language
of simple people is still less profound, actually consisting of words that

yield meaning only the way they do when we on earth talk with each other.

There is also a language of facial expressions that switch over to a sound modified by ideas, and a language in which images of heaven are combined with concepts and the concepts are presented visually. There is

also a language of bodily movements responsive to affections and portraying
the same things that their verbal expressions do. There is a language of shared affections and of shared thoughts; there is a thunderous language; and there are other languages as well.
The language of evil and hellish spirits is much the same, because it too stems from their affections, but it comes from evil affections and their
foul concepts, which are utterly repugnant to angels.This means that the
languages of hell are opposite to the languages of heaven. Evil people cannot
stand angelic speech, and angels cannot stand hellish speech. To angels,
hellish speech is like a rank odor that assaults the nostrils.
The language of hypocrites—people who can imitate angels of light—is like that of angels as far as its words are concerned, but exactly
opposite in respect to its affections and their individual thoughts. So when the inner quality of their speech is perceived, as it is by wise angels,
it sounds like a grinding of teeth and strikes horror into them.

How Angels Talk with Us

ANGELS who talk with us do not talk in their own language but in ours, or in other languages in which we may be fluent—not in languages
of which we have no knowledge. The reason for this is that when angels talk with us they turn toward us and unite with us; and one consequence
of this union is that the two parties have much the same
thought processes. Since our thinking is closely allied with our memory, and our language flows from it, the two parties share the same language.
Further, when angels or spirits come to us and unite with us by turning toward us, they enter into our whole memory so completely that it seems

exactly as though they themselves know everything we know, including our languages.
[2] I have talked with angels about this and said that they might suppose
they were talking with me in my own mother tongue simply because

it seemed that way, when in fact it was not they talking but I. This follows from the fact that angels cannot utter a single word of our human language (§237). Then too, human language is natural and they are spiritual, and spiritual beings cannot produce anything natural. They have answered that they knew that when they were talking with us their union with us was with our spiritual thinking, but since this spiritual thinking flowed into our natural thought, and this natural thinking is so closely allied with our memory, it seemed to them as though our language were their own, along with all our acquired knowledge. This is because it has pleased the Lord that there should be this kind of union and inner presence of heaven with us. However, they said, the state of humanity is now such that this kind of union is no longer with angels but with spirits who are not in heaven.[155]

[3] I have talked with spirits about this matter, too; but they wanted to believe not that we were talking but that they were talking within us, so that we did not really know what we know, but they did, which meant that everything we knew came from them. I wanted to convince them by many arguments that this was not the case but failed.

We will explain later just who are meant by "angels" and who by "spirits," when we come to our description of the world of spirits.[156]

The reason angels and spirits are so intimately united to us that it seems to them as though our characteristics were their own is that there is such an intimate union within us of the spiritual and the natural worlds that they are virtually one. However, because we have separated ourselves from heaven, the Lord has provided that there should be angels and spirits with each of us and that we should be governed by the Lord through them. This is the reason there is such an intimate union.

It would have been different if we had not separated ourselves, because then we could have been governed by the Lord through a general inflow from heaven without having spirits and angels assigned to us. There will be more on this later, though, where we describe how heaven is united to us.[157]

When angels and spirits talk with us, it sounds just as audible as when we talk with each other, but it is not audible to people who are nearby, only to ourselves. This is because the speech of an angel or spirit

a. It is possible for us to talk with spirits and angels, and the early people often did talk with them: 67, 68, 69, 784, 1634, 1636, 7802. On some planets, angels and spirits appear in human form and talk with people: 10751, 10752. On our planet at present, though, it is dangerous to talk
with spirits unless we are involved in true faith and are led by the Lord: 784, 9438, 10751.
flows first into our thought and then by an inner route into our organ of hearing so that it activates it from within. Our speech with each other flows first into the air and comes to our organ of hearing and activates it
by an outward route.We can see from this that the speech of an angel or
spirit with us is heard within us, and that since it activates our hearing mechanism just as much [as our speech with each other does], it is just as audible.

The fact that the speech of an angel or spirit flows down into the ear from within has been made clear to me from the way it flowed into my tongue as well and made it tremble slightly, though not with the actual motion involved when we are articulating the sounds of speech in the formation of words.

Talking with spirits is rarely allowed nowadays, though, because it is dangerous.[a] The spirits then actually know that they are with us, which otherwise they would not; and evil spirits by nature harbor a murderous hatred for us and crave nothing less than our total destruction, body and
soul. This is what actually goes on in people who regularly lose themselves
in delusions, even to the point that they lose touch with the pleasures appropriate to their natural person.

There are some people who lead solitary lives who sometimes hear spirits talking with them without risk; but the Lord keeps these spirits a little space away so that they do not know they are with these individuals.

Most spirits, you see, are not aware that there is any other world than the one they are living in or therefore that there are people anywhere else. So we are not allowed to talk back to them, since if we did, they would know.

People who are constantly thinking about religious matters, so wrapped up in them that they practically see them within themselves, also begin to hear spirits talking with them. This is because when we voluntarily
get wrapped up in religious matters, no matter what kind, without the interruption of various useful activities in the [external] world, these matters enter into us very deeply and take substance there so that
they occupy our whole spirit, move into the spiritual world, and affect

spirits there. However, people like this are visionaries or fanatics, and no

b. The forehead corresponds to heavenly love, and therefore means that love in the Word: 9936. The face corresponds to our deeper levels, which have to do with thought and affection: 1568, 2988, 2989, 3631, 4796, 4797, 4800, 5165, 5168, 5695, 9306. So too, the face is formed to be responsive
to our more inward natures: 4791–4805, 5695. So the face in the Word means our deeper natures: 1999, 2434, 3527, 4066, 4796.

matter what spirit they hear, they believe it is the Holy Spirit, even though the spirits they hear are fanatical. Spirits like this see false things
as true; and because they see them as true they convince themselves and
also convince the people into whom they flow. Further, since spirits like this who command obedience have also begun to urge people to do evil things, they have gradually been moved away. Fanatical spirits can be differentiated
from other spirits by the fact that they believe they are the
Holy Spirit and that what they are saying is divine. They do not harm us,
because we offer them divine worship.

I have talked with them on occasion and the unspeakable things they instill into their worshipers have come to light. They live all together toward
the left,[158] in a desert area.

Conversation with angels is not granted, though, except to people who are focused on truths that flow from good intent, especially people who acknowledge the Lord and the divine nature within his human nature,
because this is the truth in which heaven exists. For as already noted, the Lord is heaven's God (§§2–6); the Lord's divine nature makes heaven (§§7–12); the Lord's divine nature in heaven is love for him and thoughtfulness from him toward one's neighbor (§§13–19); and the whole heaven, grasped as a single entity, reflects a single individual, as does each community of heaven; and each individual angel has a perfect
human form because of the Lord's divine human nature (§§59–86). We can see from this that conversation with angels is not granted except to people whose deeper levels have been opened by divine truths all the way
to the Lord, since it is into these that the Lord flows within us, and when
the Lord flows in, so does heaven.

The reason divine truths open our deeper levels is that we have been so created that our inner person is an image of heaven and our outer an

image of the world (§57); and our inner person is opened only by the divine
truth that emanates from the Lord, because this is the light and the life of heaven (§§126–140).
The inflow of the Lord himself into us is into the forehead and from there into the whole face.[b] The inflow of the spiritual angels who are with us is into our head overall, from the forehead and temples to the

c. Spirits cannot see, through us, anything that is in this subsolar world; but they have seen through my eyes, and why: 1880.
whole region that covers the cerebrum, because this area corresponds to
our intelligence. In contrast, the inflow of heavenly angels is into the part of the head that covers the cerebellum and is called the occiput, from one ear to the other and down to the neck, since this area corresponds
to our wisdom.
All the speech of angels comes into our thoughts by these two paths. This has enabled me to notice just which angels were talking with me. People who talk with heaven's angels also see the things that are in heaven because they are seeing in that light of heaven that surrounds their inner levels. Not only that, through them angels see things that are
on our earth.[c] For people who talk with angels, heaven is actually united
to our world and our world to heaven; for as already noted (§246), when angels turn toward us they unite themselves with us so completely that it
seems to them exactly as though whatever is ours is actually theirs. This
applies not only to elements of our language but to what is involved in our sight and hearing. In addition, it seems to us exactly as though the things that are flowing in through the angels are really ours.
The earliest humans on our planet enjoyed this kind of union with heaven's angels, which is why their times are called the Golden Age. Because
they acknowledged the Divine in human form and therefore were acknowledging the Lord, they talked with heaven's angels as they did with members of their own family, and heaven's angels talked with them
in the same way; and in them heaven and this world were a single whole.
But after those times, people moved step by step away from heaven by loving themselves more than the Lord and the world more than

heaven. So they began to feel the pleasures of self-love and love of the world separately from the pleasures of heaven, ultimately to the point where they did not know there was any other kind of pleasure. Then their deeper levels were closed, the levels that open into heaven, while their outer levels were open to the world. Once this has happened, we are
in the light in respect to everything in this world and in darkness in respect
to everything in heaven.
Since those times people have seldom talked with heaven's angels, though some have talked with spirits who are not in heaven. Our inner and outer levels can by their nature be turned toward the Lord as their

common center (§124), or toward ourselves and therefore away from the
Lord. The ones that are turned toward the Lord are also turned toward heaven, while the ones that are turned toward ourselves are also turned toward this world; and the ones that are turned in this latter direction are
hard to raise up. Still, they are raised up by the Lord to the extent that they can be, through a turning of our love; and this is accomplished by means of truths from the Word.
I have been told how the Lord spoke to the prophets through whom the Word was written. He did not talk with them the way he did with the early people, by an inflow into their deeper natures, but through spirits
sent to them whom the Lord filled with his appearance. In this way, he inspired them with the words that they in turn told to the prophets, so that it was not a case of inflow but of direct command. Since at that time the words were coming directly from the Lord, the very details are filled with the Divine and contain within themselves an inner meaning of such nature that heaven's angels take them in a heavenly and spiritual
meaning while we are taking them in a natural meaning. In this way, the
Lord unites heaven and earth through the Word.
I have also been shown how the Lord fills spirits with his divine nature by means of his appearance. Spirits filled with the Divine by the
Lord have no sense whatever that they are not actually the Lord or that it
is not the Lord who is speaking, which lasts as long as they are talking. Afterward they realize and admit that they are spirits and that they were
not talking on their own, but from the Lord.

Because this was the state of the spirits who talked with the prophets, they themselves said that Jehovah was talking. The spirits actually called themselves "Jehovah," as can be seen not only in the prophetic books but also in the historical books of the Word.[159]

To illustrate what the union of angels and spirits with us is like, I may cite a few memorable instances that will serve to illuminate the subject and enable some conclusions to be drawn. When angels and spirits turn toward us, it seems to them exactly as though our language were their own and that they have no other. This is because they are involved in our language at such times, and do not even remember their own. The moment they turn away from us, though, they are back in their own angelic and spiritual language and have no knowledge whatever of ours. The same thing has happened with me when I have been in the company of angels and in a state like theirs. Then I have talked with them in their language and knew nothing of my own. I could not even remember it.

d. Spirits sent out by communities of spirits to other communities are called "agents": 4403, 5856.

Communications in the spiritual world take place by means of such envoy spirits: 4403, 5856, 5983. Spirits who have been sent out and are serving as agents do not think on their own but from the spirits who sent them: 5985, 5986, 5987.

However, the moment I was no longer in their company I was back in my own language.

[2] It is also worth noting that when angels and spirits turn toward us, they can talk with us even from a great distance. They have talked with me from far off just as audibly as though they were nearby. Still, when they turn away from us and talk with each other, nothing of what they say is audible to us even though this is happening right next to our ears. This has enabled me to see that in the spiritual world, all union depends on the way people are facing.

[3] Again, it is worth noting that many of them can talk with one of us at the same time, and that person with them. They send some particular spirit from themselves to the individual with whom they want to talk, and this envoy spirit turns toward the person while the others turn toward their [envoy] spirit and so concentrate their thoughts, which the

spirit then presents. It seems to such envoys entirely as though they were
talking on their own, and to the others as though they themselves were. So a union of several with one is achieved by the way they face.[d] But we will say more later about these envoy spirits, called agents, and the communication
that takes place through them.[160]

No angel or spirit is allowed to talk with one of us from the angel's or spirit's own memory, only from that of the individual in question. Angels and spirits actually have memory just as we do. If a spirit were to talk with us from his or her own memory, then it would seem to us entirely as
though the thoughts were our own, when they would really belong to the
spirit. It is like remembering something that we have never seen or heard.

I have been granted knowledge of the truth of this by experience.

This is why some of the ancients were of the opinion that after some thousands of years they would return to their former life and all its deeds,
and that they had in fact returned. They gathered this from the fact that sometimes a kind of memory would come up of things that they had never seen or heard. This happened because spirits had flowed from their
own memory into the images of these people's thoughts.

There are also spirits called natural and physical spirits who do not unite with our thoughts when they come to us the way other spirits do but rather enter our bodies and take over all its senses, talking through

e. External or physical possession no longer occurs today the way it used to: 1983. Now, however,
there is more internal, mental possession than there used to be: 1983, 4793. We are possessed more
inwardly when we entertain filthy thoughts and libels against God and our neighbor and when we are kept from airing them only by the outward restraints imposed by our fear of losing reputation,
respect, profit, legal standing, or life: 5990. On the diabolic spirits who primarily possess our deeper levels: 4793. On the diabolic spirits who want to possess our more outward levels, who are
pent up in the hells: 2752, 5990.

our mouths and acting through our limbs. It seems to them entirely as though everything of ours were theirs. These are the spirits that possess
people; but they have been cast into hell by the Lord and moved decisively
away; so possession like this no longer occurs nowadays.[e]

Written Materials in Heaven

SINCE angels do have language and their language is one of words, they
also have written materials; and through those written materials just as
through their conversation, they express what their minds are sensing. I
have sometimes been sent pages covered with writing, just like pages handwritten
or printed and published in our world. I could even read them in
much the same way, but I was not allowed to get more out of them than a
bit of meaning here and there. This was because it is not in keeping with
the divine design to be taught by written materials from heaven, but [only]
by the Word, since this is the sole means of communication and union bet
ween heaven and earth, and there fore between the Lord and humanity.

We gather from Ezekiel that pages written in heaven appeared to the prophets as well:

> When I looked, behold, a hand was stretched out to me by the spirit,
> and in it the scroll of a book that he unrolled in my sight. It was written
> on the front and on the back. (Ezekiel 2:9–10)[161]

And in John,

> I saw in the right hand of the one who was sitting on the throne a book
> written within and on the back, sealed with seven seals. (Revelation 5:1)

The occurrence of written materials in the heavens is provided by the Lord for the sake of the Word, for in its essence the Word is the divine

truth from which both angels and people on earth get all their wisdom. It
has in fact been spoken by the Lord, and what is spoken by the Lord
passes through all the heavens in sequence and comes to rest with us. In
this way it is adapted both to the wisdom that angels enjoy and to the intelligence
that we do. As a result, angels have a Word that they read just
as much as we do ours. They draw their doctrinal principles from it, and
their sermons come from it (§221). It is the same Word; but its natural
meaning, which to us is its literal meaning, does not exist in heaven.
There is a spiritual meaning there instead, which is its inner meaning.

The nature of this meaning may be seen in the booklet *The White Horse Described in the Book of Revelation.*[162]

Another time I was sent a small page from heaven with only a few w o rds written on it in He b rew letters. I was told that each letter enfolded tre a s u res of wisdom, and that these we re contained in the bends and curves of the letters and there f o re in the sounds as well. I could see f rom this the meaning of the Lord's words, "I tell you in truth, until h e a ven and earth pass away, not one jot or one tittle shall pass away f rom the Law" (Ma t t h ew 5:1 8) .[1 6 3] It is acknowledged in the church that the Wo rd is divine right down to the smallest point, but where in each point the Divine lies hidden—that is not known as yet, so it needs to be explained. In the inmost heaven, the writing consists of various curv i n g and bending forms, and these curves and bends are in keeping with the form of heaven. T h rough them, angels express the tre a s u res of their wisdom, including many things that they cannot say in words. Be l i e ve it or not, the angels know this writing without practice or teachers. They are i n w a rdly gifted with it as they are with the language itself (§2 3 6), so this writing is heavenly writing. The reason they are inwardly gifted with it is that all the outreach of angels' thoughts and affections and there f o re all communication of their intelligence and wisdom takes place in keeping with heave n's form (§2 0 1). This is why their writing flows into that same form.

I have been told that before letters were invented, the earliest humans on our planet had this kind of writing, and that it was transferred into the Hebrew letters, which in early times were all curved, with none marked off by straight lines the way they are now. This is why there are divine things and treasures of heaven in the Word even in its jots and points and little horns.

This writing, which uses symbols of the heavenly form, is in use in the inmost heaven, whose inhabitants enjoy greater wisdom than others. It

a. All the numbers in the Word mean particular things: 482, 487, 647, 648, 755, 813, 1963, 1988, 2075, 2252, 3252, 4264, 4674 *[4670],* 6175, 9488, 9659, 10217, 10253; shown from heaven: 4495, 5265. Multiples mean the same thing as their factors: 5291, 5335, 5708, 7973. The early people conveyed heavenly mysteries by numbers—a kind of ecclesiastical algebra: 575.

e x p resses the affections from which their thoughts flow and which follow
in sequence according to the substance of the matter under consideration.
This is why these writings enfold tre a s u res that cannot be completely drawn out by thought. I have also been allowed to see these writings.
In the lower heavens, though, there are no written materials of this sort. The written materials there are much like those in our world, with similar letters. However, they are still not intelligible to people on earth because they are written in an angelic language, and angelic language by
nature has nothing in common with our languages (§237). They express affections through the vowels; with the consonants they express the particular
concepts that derive from the affections, and with the words they express the meaning of the matter (§§236, 241).
Further, this writing enfolds in a few words more than we can describe in several pages. I have seen these written materials as well.
This means that they have a written Word in the lower heavens, and one expressed through heavenly forms in the inmost heaven.
It is worth knowing that in the heavens, writing flows spontaneously from thoughts. It is done with such ease that it is as though the thought projected itself. The hand does not pause over the choice of some particular
word, because the words—both the spoken and the written ones—are responsive to their individual thoughts, and anything that is so responsive
is natural and spontaneous.
There are also things written in the heavens without the use of hands, simply in response to thoughts; but these do not last.
I have also seen written materials in heaven comprising nothing but numbers arranged in a pattern and series, just like the writing of letters and words; and I have been told that these writings come from the inmost
heaven, whose heavenly writing (described above in §§260–261) comes out as numbers for angels in the lower heavens when thought from the higher heaven flows down. I have also been told that this numerical
writing enfolds mysteries, some of which cannot be grasped by thought or expressed in words. All numbers do in fact correspond and have meaning depending on their correspondence, just as words do,[a] but
with the difference that numbers represent general entities and words

specific ones. Since one general entity involves countless specific ones, numeric writing enfolds more mysteries than alphabetic writing does. I could see from this that numbers in the Word mean things just the way words do. What the simple numbers mean, like 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. 10, and 12, and what the composite ones mean, like 20, 30, 50, 70, 100, 144, 1000, 10,000, and 12,000 and others, may be seen in *Secrets of Heaven,* where such matters are dealt with.[164]

In this kind of writing in heaven the number on which the following numbers depend in sequence is always put first, as though it set their theme; for this number is a kind of title of the matter under consideration,
and the numbers that follow serve to delimit the matter more specifically.

If people have no concept of heaven and do not want any concept of it other than one of some insubstantial atmosphere in which angels fly around like intellectual minds without the senses of hearing and sight, they cannot believe that angels have language and writing. They locate the entire presence of everything in matter. Yet the things that one finds
in heaven occur with just as much reality as those in our world, and the angels who are there have everything they need for life, and everything they need for wisdom.

The Wisdom of Heaven's Angels

THE nature of the wisdom of heaven's angels is almost beyond comprehension
because it so transcends human wisdom that there are
no means of comparison, and anything transcendent seems to be nothing
at all. Still, there are a few overlooked means that can be used for description,
means which until they are recognized seem like shadows in
the mind and actually obscure the nature of the matter as it is in itself. Yet they are the kinds of things that can be known, and can be understood
once they are known, if only the mind takes delight in them; for since delight arises from love, it has a light with it; and for people who

love matters of divine and heavenly wisdom, that light radiates from heaven and provides them with enlightenment.

We may gather what angels' wisdom is like from the fact that they live in heaven's light, and in its essence heaven's light is divine truth or divine

wisdom. This light illuminates at one and the same time both their inner sight, which is mental, and their outer sight, the sight of their eyes.

(On heaven's light being divine truth or divine wisdom, see above, §§126–133.) Angels also live in heaven's warmth, which in its essence is divine good or divine love, and from this comes their affection and longing for wisdom. (On heaven's warmth being divine good or divine love, see above, §§133–140.)

Angels enjoy wisdom to the point that they might be called "wisdoms," as we may gather from the fact that all the elements of their thoughts and affections flow according to the heavenly form, which form is the form of divine wisdom, and further that their more inward levels, which are open to wisdom, are framed according to this form. (On angels' thoughts and affections, and therefore their intelligence and wisdom as well, flowing according to heaven's form, see above, §§201–212.)

[2] We may further infer the excellence of angels' wisdom from the fact that their speech is the speech of wisdom. It actually flows directly and[165] freely from their thought, which in turn comes from their affection, so that their speech is their thought from[166] affection in an external form. Consequently, nothing draws them away from the divine inflow: there is none of that external matter that for us keeps intruding into our speech from thoughts about other things. (On angels' speech being the speech of their thought and affection, see §§234–245.)

It also contributes to this kind of angelic wisdom that everything they see with their eyes and perceive with their senses is in harmony with their wisdom. This is because all these things are correspondences and therefore the objects of their senses are forms that portray elements proper to their wisdom. (On the fact that everything visible in heaven is in correspondence with the deeper levels of the angels and is representative of their wisdom, see above, §§170–_____182.)

[3] Further, angels' thoughts are not bounded and constrained by concepts drawn from space and time the way ours are; for space and time are properties of nature, and properties of nature distract the mind from spiritual things and deprive our intellectual sight of breadth. (On angels' concepts being devoid of time and space and therefore unlimited, relative to ours, see above, §§162–169 and 191–199.)

a. On angels' wisdom—that it is incomprehensible and inexpressible: 2795, 2796, 2802, 3314, 3404, 3405, 9094, 9176.
b. To the extent that we are raised from more outward to more inward concerns, we come into the light and therefore into intelligence: 6183, 6313. This raising really happens: 7816, 10330. Being raised from outer to more inward concerns is like rising from a fog into the light: 4598. Our more outward levels are farther from the Divine and therefore relatively cloudy: 6451; and also relatively disorganized: 996, 3855. Our deeper levels are more perfect because they are nearer the Divine: 5146, 5147. In our inner nature there are thousands and thousands of things that outwardly look like a single generalization: 5707. So the deeper our thought and perception are, the clearer they are: 5920.

Angels' thoughts are not diverted to earthly and material concerns or interrupted by the cares and needs of life, so they are not distracted by such things from the joys of wisdom the way our thoughts are in this world. They are given everything by the Lord gratis: they are clothed gratis, fed gratis, housed gratis (§§181–190); and beyond this, they are provided with joys and pleasures in proportion to their acceptance of wisdom from the Lord.

All this has been presented to show where angels derive this kind of wisdom.a

The reason angels can accept so much wisdom is that their deeper levels are open, and wisdom, like any perfection, increases as one moves toward the deeper levels and as they are opened.b

In every angel there are three levels of life corresponding to the three heavens (see §§29–40). People whose first level has been opened are in the first or most remote heaven. People whose second level has been opened are in the second or intermediate heaven. People whose third level has been opened are in the third or inmost heaven. The wisdom of angels in heaven is according to these levels; so the wisdom of angels of the third heaven vastly transcends the wisdom of angels of the intermediate heaven, and their wisdom in turn transcends that of angels of the farthest heaven (see above, §§209–210, and on the nature of the levels, see §38).

The reason for these differences is that the elements of the higher levels are detailed, and those of the lower are general, the general ones being inclusive of the details. The ratio of details to generalizations is on the order of thousands or ten thousands to one, so this is the ratio between the wisdom of angels of a higher heaven and that of angels of a lower heaven.

However, the wisdom of these latter angels similarly transcends our wisdom, for we are engrossed in our bodies and their sensory operations,

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c. The sensory level is the outmost level of our life, associated with and resident in our bodies: 5077, 5767, 9212, 9216, 9331, 9730. We call people sense-oriented if they base all their judgments and conclusions on their physical senses and believe nothing unless they see it with their eyes and touch it with their hands: 5094, 7693. People like this think on their outward level and not deeply within themselves: 5089, 5094, 6564, 7693. Their deeper levels are closed, so that they do not see any element of spiritual truth there: 6564, 6844, 6845. In short, they are people who live in the gross light of nature and therefore do not perceive anything that arises from heaven's light: 6201, 6310, 6564, 6844, 6845, 6598, 6612, 6614, 6622, 6624. Inwardly, they are opposed to the principles of heaven and the church: 6201, 6316, 6844, 6845, 6948, 6949. Scholars who have made up their minds against the truths of the church are like this: 6316. Sense-oriented people are especially wily and malicious: 7693, 10236. They reason acutely and skillfully, but on the basis of their physical memory, which for them is the location of all intelligence: 195, 196, 5700, 10236. However, this is based on sensory illusions: 5084, 6948, 6949, 7693.

and these physical sensory faculties are on the lowest level of all. This fact enables us to see the nature of the wisdom of people who base their thinking on sensory information—that is, the ones we call sense-oriented people. Specifically, they have no access to wisdom, only to information.c

It is different, though, for people whose thoughts are raised above sensory matters, and even more for people whose deeper levels have been opened all the way into heaven's light.

We may gather how great angels' wisdom is from the fact that in heaven there is a communication that involves everyone. The intelligence and wisdom of one individual is shared with another: heaven is where everyone shares everything of value. This is because the very nature of heavenly love is to want what is one's own to belong to another; so no one in heaven regards his or her good as authentically good unless it is someone else's as well. This is also the basis of heaven's happiness. Angels are led into it by the Lord, whose divine love has this same quality.

I have also been granted knowledge, by experience, of this kind of communication in the heavens. Once some simple people were taken up into heaven, and after they had arrived, they arrived also at an angelic

wisdom. They understood things they could not grasp before and said things they could not express in their former state.

Words are not adequate to describe the quality of angels' wisdom—it can be suggested only by some generalizations. Angels can express in a single word what we cannot express in a thousand words. Further, in a single angelic word there are countless things that are beyond the capacity of human words to convey. In the details of angelic speech there are actually treasures of wisdom in unbroken connection, utterly beyond the reach of human knowledge. Then too, what angels cannot evoke with the words of their language they fill in with the sound, which embodies

d. The love that rules or governs throughout is present within us in the details of our life, so it is present in every detail of our thought and affection: 4459, 5949, 6159, 6571, 7648, 8067, 8853–8858. Our nature is determined by our ruling love: 918 *[917],* 1040, 8858; illustrated by examples:
8854, 8857. Whatever rules throughout constitutes the life of our spirit: 7648. This is our essential intent, our essential love, and the goal of our life, because what we intend is what we love, and what we love is what we set as our goal: 1317, 1568, 1571, 1909, 3796, 5949, 6936. Therefore our intent, or our ruling love, or the goal of our life, determines the kind of person we are: 1568, 1571, 3570, 4054, 6571, 6934 *[6935],* 6938, 8856, 10076, 10109, 10110, 10284.

their sensitivity to the proper arrangement of things; for as already noted (§§236, 241), they express their affections through the sounds and the concepts derived from their affections through the words. This is why the things that people have heard in heaven are called ineffable. Angels can also state completely in a few words the details that are written in a whole volume, giving each word something that raises it toward a deeper wisdom. Their language by nature agrees with their affections, and every word agrees with their concepts. The words actually vary in infinite shadings depending on the way they express in sequence things that are simultaneous in their thought.

[2] The more inward angels can even tell a speaker's whole life from the tone of voice and a few words. From the way the sound is differentiated by concepts into words, they actually perceive the speaker's ruling love, in which, so to speak, the very details of life are engraved.[d]

We can see from all this what angels' wisdom is like. Relative to our wisdom, it is on the order of ten thousands to one. It is like the ratio between the motor energies of the body, which are countless, to some act that results from them, which to our senses seems like a single event. Or

it is like the thousands of things we see through a perfect microscope compared to the one fuzzy thing we see with the naked eye.[167]

[3] I should also like to illustrate the matter with one example. An angel, out of his[168] wisdom, described the process of regeneration[169] and presented mysteries about it in their proper sequence, amounting to a hundred. He filled out each single mystery with concepts containing even deeper mysteries, and did this from beginning to end, explaining how the spiritual person is conceived anew; is carried in the womb, so to speak; is born; matures; and is gradually perfected. He said that he could multiply the number of mysteries into the thousands, and that the things he was talking about involved only the regeneration of the outer person. There were countless more about the regeneration of the inner person. This and other things of the same sort that I have heard from angels have shown me how much wisdom they have and how much ignorance

e. Heavenly angels know countless things and are vastly wiser than spiritual angels: 2718. Heavenly angels do not think and talk on the basis of faith the way spiritual angels do, because they are gifted by the Lord with a perception of everything that has to do with faith: 202, 597, 607, 784, 1121, 1387 *[1389],* 1398, 1442, 1919, 7680, 7877, 8780, 9277, 10336. Concerning truths of faith, they simply say, "Yes, yes," or "No, no," whereas spiritual angels try to calculate whether it is true: 2715, 3246, 4448, 9166, 10786; an explanation of the Lord's words, "Let your speech be yes, yes, no, no": Matthew 5:36 *[5:37].*

we have by comparison, with hardly any knowledge of what regeneration is and no awareness of a single step when we are being regenerated.

I need now to say something about the wisdom of the angels of the third or inmost heaven, and about how much it surpasses the wisdom of the first or outmost heaven.

The wisdom of angels of the third or inmost heaven is beyond comprehension, even for angels of the first or outmost heaven. This is because the inner natures of angels of the third heaven are opened at the third level, while those of angels of the first heaven are open only at the first level; and all wisdom increases as you move toward the deeper levels and is perfected as they are opened (§§208, 267).

[2] Since the inner levels of angels of the third heaven are opened at the third level, they have divine truths virtually engraved on them, for inner matters at the third level are more in heaven's form than those at the

second and first level. Heaven's form arises from divine truth and therefore
is in agreement with divine wisdom. This is why divine truths seem
to these angels to be engraved, or to be instinctive and innate. Because of
this, as soon as they hear genuine divine truths, they immediately acknowledge
and grasp them and from then on virtually see them within
themselves. Because this is characteristic of angels of this heaven, they
never try to figure out[170] divine truths, much less argue whether some
particular truth is true or not. They do not know what it is to believe or
have faith, but say, "What is faith? I perceive and see that this is so." They
offer a comparison by way of illustration. It would be like someone seeing
a house and various things in and around it and telling someone with
him that he ought to believe that they existed and that they were what
they seemed to be. Or it would be like someone seeing a garden with
trees and fruit in it and telling someone that she should have faith that it
was a garden and that those were trees and fruit when she could see them
plainly with her own eyes. So these angels never call "faith" by name and
in fact have no concept of it. This is why they do not try to figure out divine
truths, much less argue whether any particular truth is true or not.[e]

[3] In contrast, angels of the first or outmost heaven do not have divine
truths engraved on their inner natures in this way because for them
only the first level of life has been opened. So they do try to figure things
out, and people who are calculating in this way see little more than the
subject they are puzzling over. They do not go beyond that subject except
to find support for their conclusions, and once they have decided, they
say that these should be matters of faith and are to be believed.
[4] I have talked about this with angels, who have told me that
the difference between the wisdom of angels of the third heaven and
the wisdom of angels of the first heaven is like the difference between
something bright and something dark. Or again, they have compared

t h e w i s d o m o f a n g e l s o f t h e t h i r d h e a ve n t o a p a l a c e f u l l o f e ve ry t h i n g
u s e f u l , s u r ro u n d e d f a r a n d w i d e by p a rk l a n d s , w i t h a l l s o rt s o f s p l e n d i d
t h i n g s b e yo n d . Si n c e t h e s e a n g e l s e n j oy t ru t h s o f w i s d o m , t h e y c a n e n t
e r t h e p a l a c e a n d s e e e ve ry t h i n g t h e re . T h e y c a n s t ro l l a n y w h e re i n t h e
p a rk s a n d e n j oy w h a t e ve r t h e y s e e . It i s d i f f e re n t f o r p e o p l e w h o a re
t ry i n g t o f i g u re t h i n g s o u t , t h o u g h , a n d e ve n m o re s o f o r p e o p l e w h o
a r g u e a b o u t t h e m . T h e s e i n d i v i d u a l s d o n o t s e e t ru t h s i n t h e l i g h t o f
t ru t h , b u t a d o p t t h e m e i t h e r f ro m o t h e r p e o p l e o r f ro m t h e l i t e r a l
m e a n i n g o f t h e Wo rd , w h i c h t h e y d o n o t u n d e r s t a n d i n d e p t h . So t h e y
s a y t h a t t ru t h s m u s t b e b e l i e ve d o r t h a t p e o p l e m u s t h a ve f a i t h i n
t h i n g s — t h i n g s t h a t t h e y t h e n d o n o t w a n t a n yo n e l o o k i n g i n t o ve ry
d e e p l y. T h e a n g e l s k e p t s a y i n g t h a t t h e s e p e o p l e c o u l d n o t g e t t o t h e
f i r s t t h re s h o l d o f t h e p a l a c e , m u c h l e s s e n t e r i t a n d s t ro l l a ro u n d i n i t s
p a rk s , b e c a u s e t h e y a re s t u c k a t t h e f i r s t s t e p. It i s d i f f e re n t f o r p e o p l e
w h o a re e n g a g e d i n a c t u a l t ru t h s . No t h i n g k e e p s t h e m f ro m m ov i n g
a h e a d w i t h o u t l i m i t ; f o r o n c e t ru t h s h a ve b e e n s e e n t h e y l e a d o n w h e re
ve r t h e y a re h e a d e d , e ve n i n t o s p a c i o u s m e a d ow s , b e c a u s e e ve ry t ru t h
h a s a n i n f i n i t e o u t re a c h a n d i s u n i t e d t o m a n y, m a n y o t h e r s .

[5] They also said that the wisdom of angels of the inmost heaven consists primarily of their seeing divine and heavenly things in individual objects and wonders in series of objects, for everything that appears to their eyes has a correspondence. When they see palaces and gardens, for instance, their insight does not dwell on the things in front of their eyes but sees the deeper things they stem from, the things, that is, to which they correspond. This goes on with constant variety in keeping with the

appearance of the objects; so at any given time there are countless things
in a pattern and a connectedness so delightful to their minds that they seem to be transported. (Everything that is visible in the heavens corresponds
to something divine that is from the Lord in angels, see §§170–176.)

f. On the correspondence of the ear and hearing: 4652–4660. The ear corresponds to perception and obedience and therefore refers to them: 2542, 3869, 4653, 5017, 7216, 8361, 9311, 9397, 10065
[10061]. It means the acceptance of truths: 5471, 5475, 9926. On the correspondence of the eye and its sight: 4403–4421, 4523–4534. Eyesight therefore means the intelligence of faith and also
faith itself: 2701, 4410, 4526, 6923, 9051, 10569.

The reason angels of the third heaven are like this is that they are centered in love for the Lord, and that love opens the deeper levels of the
mind to the third level and is open to and retentive of all wisdom. It should also be known that angels of the inmost heaven are constantly being
even more perfected in wisdom and that this too happens differently than for angels of the outmost heaven. Angels of the inmost heaven do not store up divine truths in their memory or translate them into information.
Rather, as soon as they hear them, they grasp them and apply
them to their lives. This is why divine truths for them are virtually engraved,
because anything that is committed to life is to that extent internalized. It is different, though, for angels of the outmost heaven. They
first assign divine truths to their memory and store them in the form of information. Then they retrieve them and use them to perfect their understanding;
and without any deeper grasp of their truth, they intend
them and commit them to life. Consequently, things are relatively cloudy
for them.

It is worth noting that angels of the third heaven are perfected in wisdom
through hearing rather than through seeing. What they hear
through preaching does not go into their memory but directly into their perception and intention and becomes a matter of their life. What they see with their eyes, though, does go into their memory, and they think and talk about it. This has enabled me to see that the path of hearing is the path of wisdom for them. This too is because of correspondence, since the ear corresponds to obedience, and obedience has to do with the

way we live; while the eye corresponds to intelligence, and intelligence is
a matter of doctrine.[f] The state of these angels is described in many places in the Word; for instance in Jeremiah:

> I will put my law in their mind and write it on their heart. No longer will anyone teach a friend or a brother by saying "Know the Lord," for all the people there are will know me, from the least of them to the greatest of them. (Jeremiah 31:33–34)

And in Matthew,

> Let your conversation be "Yes, yes; no, no," for anything beyond this comes from evil. (Matthew 5:36 *[5:37]*)

g. Angels are being perfected to eternity: 4803, 6648.

The reason anything beyond this comes from evil is that it is not from the Lord; for the truths that are resident within angels of the third heaven
are from the Lord because they are centered in a love for him. Love for the Lord in that heaven is intending and doing divine truth, for divine truth is the Lord in heaven.

There is still another reason, beyond the ones already given, why angels can accept so much wisdom, a reason that in heaven is actually the primary one. It is that they are free of any selfishness;[171] for to the extent
that people are free of selfishness they can be wise in divine matters. Selfishness
is what closes off our deeper natures from the Lord and heaven
and opens our outer natures and turns them toward ourselves. So all people
in whom that selfish love predominates are in the depths of darkness as far as heavenly realities are concerned, no matter how much light they
may enjoy in regard to worldly matters. In contrast, since angels are free
of that love, they enjoy the light of wisdom. The heavenly loves in which they are centered—love for the Lord and love for their neighbor—open the deeper levels because these loves come from the Lord and the Lord himself is within them. (These loves constitute heaven in general and form heaven in individuals in particular: §§13–19.)

Since heavenly loves open our deeper levels toward the Lord, all the angels turn their faces toward the Lord (§142): in the spiritual world love
is what turns the deeper levels of every individual toward itself, and what
turns the deeper levels turns the face, since the face there acts in unison

with the deeper levels and is actually their outward form. Further, because
love does turn the deeper levels and the face toward itself, it also unites itself to them, since love is spiritual union. Therefore it also shares
what it has with them. It is from this turning and the consequent union and sharing that angels get their wisdom (all union in the spiritual world
takes place according to the way people are facing, §255).
Angels are constantly being perfected in wisdom,[g] but still they cannot to eternity be so perfected that there is any ratio between their wisdom and the Lord's divine wisdom. For the Lord's divine wisdom is infinite and the angels' is finite, and there is no ratio between the infinite
and the finite.
Since wisdom perfects angels and makes their life, and since heaven with its blessings flows into individuals according to their wisdom, all the people there long for it and seek it, much the way a hungry person

seeks food. In fact, information, intelligence, and wisdom are spiritual nourishment the way food is natural nourishment. They correspond to each other.
The angels in any given heaven—even the angels in any given community—
do not enjoy the same wisdom, but differ. Those in the center
have the most wisdom, while those who have less are around them all the
way to the borders. The decrease of wisdom according to the distance from the center is like the decrease in light as it tends toward darkness (see above, §§43, 128). Further, the light for them is on a consistent level,
since heaven's light is divine wisdom and each individual is in light in proportion to his or her acceptance of it. (On heaven's light and the different
ways it is accepted, see above, §§126–132.)

The State of Innocence of Angels in Heaven

NOT many people in our world know what innocence is or what its quality is, and people involved in evil do not know at all. It is, of course, visible to our eyes—something about the face and the voice and the gestures, especially of infants—but still we do not know what it is, much less that it is where heaven lies concealed within us. To make it

known, I should like to proceed in order and talk first about the innocence
of infancy, and then about the innocence of wisdom, and finally about the state of heaven in respect to innocence.

The innocence of infancy, or of little ones, is not real innocence, since it is solely a matter of outward form and not internal. Still, we can learn from it what innocence is like, since it does radiate from their faces
and from some of their gestures and from their first efforts at speech and
affects [the people around them. The reason it is not real innocence is][172]
that they do not have any internal thought—they do not yet know what good and evil are, or what true and false are, and this knowledge is the basis of our thinking. [2] As a result, they do not have any foresight of their own, no premeditation, and therefore no intent of evil. They have no self-image acquired through love for themselves and the world. They

a. The innocence of infants is not real innocence—real innocence dwells in wisdom: 1616, 2305, 2306, 3495 *[3494],* 4563, 4797, 5608, 9301, 10021. The good of infancy is not spiritual good; that
comes into being through the implanting of truth: 3504. Still, the innocence of infancy is a means
through which intelligence is sown: 1616, 3183, 9301, 10110. Without the good of innocence in infancy,
we would be wild: 3494. Whatever is absorbed in infancy seems to be part of our nature: 3494.

do not claim credit for anything, but attribute everything they receive to
their parents. They are content with the few little things given them as gifts and enjoy them. They are not anxious about food and clothing or about the future. They do not focus on the world and covet[173] much from it. They love their parents, their nurse, and their little friends and play innocently with them. They are willing to be led, they listen and obey; [3] and since they are in this state, they accept everything as a matter
of life. So they have suitable habits, language, and the beginnings of memory and thought without knowing where these gifts come from; and their state of innocence serves as a means of accepting and absorbing them. However, since this innocence is strictly a matter of the body and not of the mind,[a] as already noted, it is external. Their mind is not yet formed, since the mind is our discernment and volition and the thought and affection that come from them.

[4] I have been told from heaven that infants are especially in the Lord’s care, and that there is an inflow from the central heaven, where

the state is one of innocence, that passes through infants' deeper natures,
affecting those natures in its passage only through innocence. This is the
source of the innocence they present to our view in their faces and in some of their gestures. It is what deeply affects their parents and creates
the love called *storge*.[174]
The innocence of wisdom is real innocence because it is internal, being a property of the mind itself and therefore of our volition itself and our consequent understanding. When there is innocence in these, then there is wisdom as well, because wisdom is a property of volition and understanding.
That is why they say in heaven that innocence dwells in wisdom and why angels have as much wisdom as they do innocence. They support the truth of this by observing that people in a state of innocence
do not take credit for anything good, but ascribe and attribute everything
to the Lord. They want to be led by him and not by themselves, they love everything that is good and delight in everything that is true because they know and perceive that loving what is good—that is,

b. Infants in the Word mean innocence: 5608; and so do nursing babies: 3183. An old person means a wise one, or abstractly, wisdom: 3183, 6523 *[6524].* We have been so created as to become
like infants as we approach old age, but with wisdom in our innocence. This is so that we may cross over into heaven in this state and become angels: 3183, 5608.

intending and doing good—is loving the Lord, and loving what is true is loving their neighbor. They live content with what they have, whether it is little or much, because they know that they receive as much as is useful—
little if little is good for them and much if much is good for them. They do not know what is best for themselves—only the Lord knows; and in his sight everything he supplies is eternal. [2] So they have no anxiety
about the future, but refer to anxiety about the future as "care for the morrow,"[175] which they say is pain at losing or not getting things that are
not needed for their life's useful activities. They never collaborate with friends from evil intent, but only from good, fair, and honest intent. To act from evil intent, they say, is guile, which they avoid like the poison of
a snake because it is diametrically opposed to innocence. Since their greatest love is to be led by the Lord, and since they ascribe everything to

him, they are kept away from their self-centeredness, and to the extent that they are kept away from their self-centeredness, the Lord flows in. This is why they do not store in their memory what they hear from him, whether through the Word or through preaching, but immediately heed it, that is, intend and do it. Their intention itself is their memory. They appear extraordinarily simple in outward form, but they are wise and provident inwardly. They are the ones the Lord was referring to when he said, “Be wise as serpents and simple as doves” (Matthew 10:16). This is the nature of the innocence called the innocence of wisdom.

[3] Since innocence does not take credit for anything good but ascribes it all to the Lord, and since innocence loves to be led by the Lord, giving rise to that acceptance of everything good and true that leads to wisdom, we have been so created as to be in an outward innocence when we are little, but in an inward innocence in old age, to come to the latter through the former. So when we do get old, our bodies deteriorate and we become like little children again—but like wise little children or angels, for in the highest sense, a wise infant is an angel. This is why “infant” in the Word means one who is innocent, and “elderly one” means a wise person full of innocence.b

It is much the same for everyone who is being regenerated. Regeneration is rebirth as a spiritual person. [When we are being regenerated,] we

are brought first into the innocence of infancy, which is realizing that we know nothing of truth and are capable of nothing of good on our own, but only from the Lord, and that we long for and seek what is true and good simply because it is true and good. These gifts are granted by the Lord as we advance in age. We are led first into knowledge about them, then from knowledge into intelligence, and finally from intelligence into wisdom, always hand in hand with innocence, which is, as already noted, the recognition that we know nothing of truth and are capable of nothing of good on our own, but only from the Lord. No one can accept heaven without this belief and this perception. It is the prime component of the innocence of wisdom.

Since innocence is being led by the Lord and not by ourselves, all the people who are in heaven are in innocence, since all the people who are

there love to be led by the Lord. They know that to be led by oneself is to
be led by one's self-centeredness, and self-centeredness is loving oneself.
People who are in love with themselves are not willing to be led by anyone
else. This is why angels are in heaven to the extent that they are in innocence; that is, to that extent they are absorbed in divine good and divine truth, for being absorbed in these is being in heaven. Consequently,
the heavens are differentiated according to their innocence. People who are in the outmost or first heaven are in innocence of the first or outmost level. People who are in the intermediate or second heaven are in innocence of the second or intermediate level. People who are in the inmost or third heaven, though, are in innocence of the third or inmost level; so they are the very innocent of heaven, since they above all others
want to be led by the Lord the way infants are led by their father. This is
why they accept divine truth directly into their intent and do it, making it a matter of life, whether they receive it directly from the Lord or mediately
through the Word and sermons. This is why they have so much more wisdom than angels of the lower heavens (see §§270–271). Because
this is the nature of these angels, they are closest to the Lord, who is the
source of their innocence, and they are also distanced from their selfcenteredness
so much that they seem to live in the Lord. In outward
form they look simple—even like infants or little children in the eyes of angels of the lower heavens. They look like people who do not know very
much, even though they are the wisest of angels. They are in fact aware that they have no trace of wisdom on their own and that to be wise is to admit this and to admit that what they do know is nothing compared to what they do not know. Knowing, recognizing, and perceiving this is

c. All the people in the inmost heaven are innocents: 154, 2736, 3887; and therefore they look to
others like infants: 154. They are also naked: 165, 8375, 9960. Nakedness is innocence: 165, 8375.
Spirits have a practice of witnessing to their innocence by taking off their clothes and standing naked: 8375, 9960.
d. All the good of love and the truth of faith need to have innocence within them if they are to be

good and true: 2526, 2780, 3111, 3994, 6013, 7840, 9262, 10134. Innocence is the essential element
of what is good and true: 2780, 7840. No one is allowed into heaven unless she or he has some innocence:
4797.
e. [Swedenborg's note at this point refers the reader to the note in §278 above.]

what they call the first step toward wisdom. These angels are also naked,
because nakedness corresponds to innocence.[c,176]

I have talked a lot with angels about innocence and have been told that innocence is the inner reality of everything good and that therefore anything good is good to the extent that there is innocence within it. Consequently wisdom is wisdom to the extent that it derives from innocence,
and the same is true of love, thoughtfulness, and faith.[d] This is why no one can enter heaven unless he or she has innocence. This is what
the Lord meant by saying,

Let the little ones come to me, do not forbid them, for of such is the kingdom of the heavens. I tell you in truth, whoever will not accept the kingdom of the heavens like a little child will not enter into it. (Mark 10:14–15; Luke 18:16–17)

Little ones in this passage, as elsewhere in the Word, mean the innocent.[e]

The state of innocence is described by the Lord in Matthew 6:24–25 *[25–34],* but in pure correspondences.[177] The reason good is good to the extent that there is innocence in it is that all good comes from the Lord, and innocence is being willing to be led by the Lord.

I have also been told that truth cannot be united to good or good to truth except by means of innocence. This is also why angels are not angels
of heaven unless there is innocence in them, since heaven is not within anyone until the truth has been united with the good within. So the union of the true and the good is called the heavenly marriage, and the heavenly marriage is heaven.

I have also been told that true marriage love[178] derives its origin from innocence because it comes from the union of the good and the true that
engages the two minds, the minds of husband and wife. When this union descends, it takes on the appearance of marriage love because the

f. True marriage love is innocence: 2736. Marriage love is intending what the other intends, mutually
and reciprocally: 2731. People who are in marriage love are living together in the inmost aspects
of life: 2732. There is a union of two minds, so effective that they become one from love: 10168, 10169. True marriage love derives its origin and essence from the marriage of the good and

the true: 2728, 2729. About some angelic spirits who could perceive whether a true inclination toward
marriage existed from the image they perceived of the union of the good and the true: 10756. Marriage love works exactly like the union of the good and the true: 1094 *[1904],* 2173, 2429 *[2729],* 2503 *[2508],* 3101, 3102, 3155, 3179, 3180, 4358, 5407 *[5807],* 5835, 9206, 9207, 9495,
9637. So in the Word, “marriage” means the union of the good and the true as it is in heaven and
as it should be in the church: 3132, 4434, 4834.
g. A lamb in the Word means innocence and the good it does: 3994, 10132.

spouses, like their minds, love each other. This is the source of the childlike
and innocent play in marriage love.[f]

Since innocence, for heaven’s angels, is the very essence of what is good, we can see that the divine good emanating from the Lord is innocence
itself, inasmuch as it is this good that flows into angels, moves their deepest natures, and aligns and adapts them to accept all the blessings of
heaven. Much the same happens with infants, whose deeper natures are
not only formed by the passage of innocence from the Lord but are also constantly adapted and aligned to accept the good of heavenly love, because
the good of innocence acts from deep within, being, as already noted, the very essence of all good. This shows that all innocence is from
the Lord, which is why the Lord is called the Lamb in the Word, since a lamb means innocence.[g]

Because innocence is the very heart of all the good of heaven, it also affects minds so strongly that people who feel it—which happens at the approach of an angel of the inmost heaven—feel as though they are not under their own control. They are moved by such a joy, so taken out of themselves, so to speak, that it seems as though all the pleasure of the world is nothing by comparison. I speak of this from having experienced
it.

Anyone who is in the goodness of innocence is moved by innocence, and is moved by innocence to the extent that she or he is in that good. However, people who are not in the good of innocence are not moved by
it. Consequently, all the people in hell are absolutely opposed to innocence.

They do not know what innocence is. Their nature is such that the more innocent people are, the more they burn with desire to cause them
harm. This is why they cannot stand to see little children. The moment they do, they are consumed with a vicious desire to inflict harm.

h. The human "ego" [Latin *proprium*, literally, "that which is one's own"] is loving oneself more than God, and the world more than heaven, and regarding one's neighbor as nothing compared to oneself; which means that it is love for oneself and for the world: 694, 731, 4317, 5660. Evil people are so completely opposed to innocence that they cannot stand its presence: 2126.

This has shown me that our self-image and the self-love it fosters are opposed to innocence, for all the people who are in hell are caught up in their own self-image and therefore in self-love.h

The State of Peace in Heaven

ANYONE who has not experienced heaven's peace cannot know what the peace is that angels enjoy. As long as we are in our bodies, we cannot accept heaven's peace, so we cannot perceive it, our perception being on the natural level. In order to perceive it, we need to be the kind of person who as to thought can be raised and taken out of the body and brought into the spirit so as to be with angels. Since I have perceived heaven's peace in this way, I can describe it, but not in words as it really is, because human words are not adequate. Using words, I can only describe what it is like compared to that peace of mind that people have who are content in God.179

There are two things at the heart of heaven, innocence and peace. We say that they are at the heart because they come straight from the Lord.

From innocence comes everything good about heaven and from peace comes all the delight of that good. Everything good has its own delight, and both—the good and the delight—are matters of love. This is because what is loved is what is called good and also is perceived as delightful. It follows from this that these two inmost qualities, innocence and peace, emanate from the Lord's divine love and move angels to their very core.

In the previous chapter on the state of innocence of heaven's angels, it was shown that innocence is the very heart of good. Now I need to

a. In the highest sense, peace means the Lord, because he is the source of peace; and in the inner

sense it means heaven, because people there are in a state of peace: 3780, 4681. Peace in the heavens
is the divine nature profoundly touching everything good and true there with a blessedness that is beyond our comprehension: 92, 3780, 5662, 8455, 8665. Divine peace occurs in what is good, but not in what is true apart from what is good: 8722.

explain that peace is the very heart of the delight that comes from the goodness of innocence.

First, we need to say where peace comes from. Divine peace is within the Lord, arising from the oneness of his divine nature and the divine human
nature within him.[180] The divine quality of peace in heaven comes from the Lord, arising from his union with heaven's angels, and specifically
from the union of the good and the true within each angel. These are the sources of peace. We may therefore conclude that peace in the heavens is the divine nature intimately affecting everything good there with blessedness. So it is the source of all the joy of heaven. In its essence,
it is the divine joy of the Lord's divine love, arising from his union with heaven and with every individual there. This joy, perceived by the Lord in the angels and by the angels from the Lord, is peace. It flows down from there to provide angels with everything that is blessed and delightful
and happy—what is called "heavenly joy."[a]

Because these are the origins of peace, the Lord is called the Prince of Peace and says that peace comes from him and that peace is in him. So too angels are called angels of peace and heaven the dwelling place of peace, as in the following passages:

A child is born to us, a son is given to us, on whose shoulder the government [shall rest], and his name shall be called Wonderful, Counselor,
God, Hero, Eternal Father, *Prince of Peace;* of the increase of government and *peace* there shall be no end. (Isaiah 9:5–6 *[6–7]*)

Jesus said, "*Peace* I leave with you, my *peace* I give you, not as the world gives do I give to you." (John 14:27)

I have told you these things so that you might have *peace* in me. (John 16:33)

May Jehovah lift his face to you and give you *peace.* (Numbers 6:26)

The angels of peace weep bitterly, the highways are ruined. (Isaiah 33:7–8)

b. An odor in the Word means a perception of something pleasant or unpleasant, depending on the quality of the love and faith of the entity described: 3577, 4626, 4628, 4748, 5021 *[5621],* 10292.
An odor of quietness, in relation to Jehovah, means a perception of peace: 925, 10054. So frankincense,
various kinds of incense, and the fragrances in oils and salves came to be representative: 925, 4748, 5621, 10177.

c. In the highest sense, the Sabbath means the oneness of the Divine itself with the divine human
in the Lord; and in the inner sense the union of the Lord's divine human with heaven and the church. In a general sense it means the union of the good and the true and therefore the heavenly
marriage: 8495, 10356, 10730. So the rest on the Sabbath day meant the state of that oneness, because
then the Lord has rest, through which peace and salvation come to the heavens and to
earth; and in a relative sense it means the union of the Lord with us, because then we have peace
and salvation: 8494, 8510, 10360, 10367, 10370, 10374, 10668, 10730.

The work of justice will be *peace,* and my people will live in a *dwelling place of peace.* (Isaiah 32:17–18)

[2] We may also gather that "peace" in the Word means divine and heavenly peace from other passages where it is mentioned, as for example
in Isaiah 52:7; 54:10; 59:8; Jeremiah 16:5; 25:37; 29:11; Haggai 2:9; Zechariah 8:12; Psalms 37:37; and elsewhere.

Because peace means the Lord and heaven and also heavenly joy and the delight of good, greetings in ancient times were—and consequently still are—"Peace be with you." The Lord confirmed this, too, when he sent out his disciples and told them, "When you enter a house, first say '*Peace* be upon this house'; and if a child of *peace* is there, let your *peace*
rest upon it" (Luke 10:5–6). Further, the Lord himself said "*Peace* be with
you" when he appeared to the apostles (John 20:19, 21, 26).

[3] A state of peace is also meant in the Word when it says that "Jehovah
smelled an odor of quietness," as in Exodus 29:18, 25, 41; Leviticus 1:9, 13, 17; 2:2, 9; 6:8, 14 *[6:15, 21];* 23:12, 13, 18; Numbers 15:3, 7, 13; 28:6,
8, 13; 29:2, 6, 8, 13, 36. "An odor of quietness," in the heavenly sense, means a perception of peace.[b]

Since peace means the oneness of the Divine itself and the divine human
in the Lord and the union of the Lord with heaven and with the church and with everyone in heaven, and also with everyone in the church who accepts him, the Sabbath was instituted as a reminder of these matters and was named for quietness and peace. It became the holiest
symbol of the church, which is why the Lord called himself the Lord of the Sabbath (Matthew 12:8; Mark 2:27–28; Luke 6:5).[c]

Since heave n's peace is a divine blessedness that profoundly affects the
essential good within angels, it does not come to their open perc e p t i o n

e xcept through a heartfelt delight when they are invo l ved in the good of
their life, a pleasure when they hear something true that is in accord with
their good, and a gaiety of mind when they perc e i ve the union of the two.
Still, it does flow into all the acts and thoughts of their life and makes itself
known as joy, even in outward form.

[2] Peace varies in quality and quantity in the heavens, though, in proportion to the innocence of the people in any given location, because innocence and peace walk hand in hand. For as already noted, innocence
is the source of everything good in heaven and peace is the source of all the joy of that good. We may conclude, then, that we can say much the same about the state of peace as has already been said about the state of
innocence in the preceding chapter, since innocence and peace are united
the way anything good and its delight are. Whatever is good is in fact sensed by its delight, and whatever is delightful is recognized by virtue of
its goodness. This being the case, we can see that angels of the inmost or
third heaven are in the third or inmost level of peace because they are in
the third or inmost level of innocence, and that angels of the lower heavens
are in lesser levels of peace because they are in lesser levels of innocence
(see above, §280).

[3] If we look at little children, we can see that innocence and peace occur together in the same way that anything good and its delight do. Because they are in innocence, they are at peace as well; and because they
are at peace, everything associated with them has a playful quality. However,
their peace is an outward peace. Inner peace, like inner innocence,
is found only in wisdom; and since it does dwell in wisdom, it is found in the union of the good and the true, since this is the origin of wisdom. Heavenly or angelic peace occurs in us when we are attuned to wisdom because of the union of the good and the true and therefore see ourselves
as contented in God. However, as long as we are living in this
world, that peace lies hidden in our depths. Still, it is unveiled when we

leave our bodies behind and enter heaven, because then those depths are
opened.
Since divine peace arises from the Lord's union with heave n — a n d in particular with each individual angel by virtue of the union of the t rue and the good—when angels are in a state of love they are in a state
of peace, because this is when the good within them is united to what is t rue (it has been explained above that angels' states change periodically,
§ §1 5 4–1 6 0). Much the same is true of us when we are being re g e n e r a t e d .
When a union of the good and the true takes place within us, which

d. The union of the good and the true in people who are being regenerated takes place in a state
of peace: 3696, 8517.
e. The state of peace in heaven is like the state of morning or spring on earth: 1726, 2780, 5662.
f. The cravings that arise from love for oneself and for the world totally destroy peace: 3170, 5662.
Some people find peace in restlessness and in other such things that are the opposite of peace: 5662. There is no peace until the cravings of evil have been taken away: 5662.

happens principally after trials by temptation, we come into a state of delight that arises from heavenly peace.[d]
That peace is like the morning time or dawn in spring, when, once the night has passed, all things of earth begin to take new life from the rising of the sun; the dew that falls from heaven spreads a leafy fragrance
far and wide, and springtime's gentle warmth makes meadows fertile and
instills its charm in human minds as well. This is because morning or dawn in springtime corresponds to the state of peace of angels in heaven
(see §155).[e]
I have talked with angels about peace as well, and have told them that on earth they call it peace when wars and conflicts between nations
are over, or enmities and disagreements between individuals, and that they think inner peace is simply the peace of mind we have when anxieties
are banished, or especially the relief and delight when things turn out well for us. The angels have responded, though, that this peace of mind, this relief and delight when anxieties are banished and things turn
out well for us, may look like effects of peace; but they do not come from

real peace except in people who are focused on heavenly good. This is because
peace occurs only in that good. Peace actually flows in from the Lord into the very core of such individuals, and from that core comes down and spreads into their lower natures, causing peace of mind, relief
of the spirit, and a consequent joy.
For people engrossed in evil, though, there is no peace.[f] There is an apparent calm, tranquillity, and pleasure when they get their way, but this is outward only, with no inward substance. Inside there is raging hostility, hatred, vengefulness, cruelty, and all kinds of evil cravings. Their spirits rush into these feelings the moment they see anyone who is
not on their side, and it bursts forth whenever there is no fear [to restrain
it]. This is why their delight is at home in insanity, while the delight of people involved in good is at home in wisdom. It is like the difference between
hell and heaven.

a. There are angels and spirits with every individual, and through them we have communication with the spiritual world: 697, 2796, 2886, 2887, 4047, 4048, 5846–5866, 5976–5993. Apart from these spirits with us, we could not live: 5993. We are not visible to the spirits, nor are they to us:
5885 *[5862].* Spirits cannot see anything in our subsolar world of humanity except things [visible]
to the individual they are talking to: 1880.

The Union of Heaven with the Human Race

IT is acknowledged in the church that everything good comes from God and nothing of it from us, and therefore that we should never take personal credit for anything good. It is also recognized that evil comes from the devil. This is why people who talk from the doctrine of the church describe people who are acting well and who are talking devoutly
and preaching as being led by God, and say the opposite about people who are acting maliciously and speaking blasphemously.[181] None
of this could happen unless we had a union with heaven and a union with hell, and unless those unions were with our volition and our understanding,
since it is from these that the body acts and the mouth speaks.
We need now to describe what this union is like.
T h e re are good spirits and evil spirits with eve ry individual. We have our union with heaven through the good spirits and our union with hell

t h rough the evil ones. These spirits are in the world of spirits, which is intermediate
between heaven and hell and will be specifically treated later.[1 8 2]
When these spirits come to us, they come into our whole memory and f rom there into all our thinking—evil spirits into the matters of memory and thought that are evil, and good spirits into the matters of memory and
thought that are good. These spirits are totally unaware that they are with
us. Rather, as long as they are, they believe that all these matters of our m e m o ry and thought are actually theirs. They do not see us, either, because
their sight does not extend to things in our subsolar world.[a,1 8 3]
The Lord takes the greatest care to prevent spirits from knowing whom they are with.[184] If they did know, they would talk with them, and then the evil spirits would destroy them; for evil spirits, being united to hell, want nothing more than to destroy us not only as to spirit (that is, as to our love and faith) but as to our bodies as well. It is different when

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b. All freedom is a matter of love and affection, because what we love, we do freely: 2870, 3158, 8907 *[8987],* 8990, 9585, 9591. Freedom is a matter of love, which is its life: 2873. Nothing seems
to be ours unless it comes from our freedom: 2880. We need to have some freedom in order to be
reformed: 1937, 1947, 2876, 2881, 3145, 3146, 3158, 4031, 8700. Otherwise, the love for what is good
and true could not be sown in us and given to us as though it were ours: 2877, 2879, 2880, 2888
[2883], 8700. Nothing that is forced upon us is united to us: 2875, 8700. If we could be reformed
by force, then everyone would be reformed: 2881. The use of force in reformation is harmful: 4031. The state of some people who had been compelled: 8392.

they do not talk with us. Then they do not know that we are the source of what they are thinking—and what they are saying to each other, since
they talk to each other just the way we do—but believe that these matters
are their own. They value and love whatever is their own, so these spirits
are constrained to love and value us, even though they do not know it. This kind of union has become so familiar to me through years of constant experience as to be commonplace.
The reason spirits who are in touch with hell are attached to us as well is that we are born into all kinds of evil, so that our first life is made
up of nothing else. Unless spirits of the same kind were associated with

us, then, we could not live or be led out of our evils and reformed. So we
are kept in our own life by evil spirits and restrained from it by good spirits.
Through the two kinds, we are kept in a balance; and since we are in a balance we enjoy an appropriate measure of freedom and can be led out
of our evils and turned toward good.[185] This good can be sown in us as well, which could never happen except in our freedom; and the freedom could not be granted us unless spirits from hell were acting on the one side and spirits from heaven on the other, with us in the middle.[186]
I have been shown that to the extent that we exist from our hereditary nature and from ourselves, we could have no life at all if we were not allowed to engage in evil. We would also have no life if we were not in some freedom, and we cannot be compelled to good: anything compelled
does not become part of us. I have also been shown that anything good that we accept in freedom is sown in our intentions and becomes virtually our own.[b] This is why we have a communication with hell and a communication with heaven.
I also need to describe the nature of the communication of heaven with good spirits, the nature of the communication of hell with evil spirits,
and the nature of the consequent union of heaven and hell with us.
All the spirits who are in the world of spirits are in communication with

heaven or with hell, the evil ones with hell and the good ones with heaven. Heaven is differentiated into communities, and so is hell. Every spirit is a member of some community, is sustained by an inflow from it, and therefore acts in harmony with it. This is why we are united with heaven or hell just as we are united with spirits. We are actually united to
some community there, the community we belong to in respect to our affection or our love; for all heaven's communities are differentiated according
to their affections for what is good and true and all hell's communities according to their affections for what is evil and false (on heaven's communities, see above, §§41–45 and 148–151).
The kind of spirit that is associated with us is determined by the kind of person we are in respect to affection and love, though good spirits are
assigned to us by the Lord while we ourselves summon the evil ones. The
spirits with us change, however, as our own affections change. This

means we have one kind with us in infancy, another kind during our childhood, another kind as we are growing up and in early adulthood, and still another kind in old age. During our earliest years, spirits who are
in innocence are with us, that is, spirits who are in touch with the heaven
of innocence, the inmost or third heaven. In later childhood we are in the
company of spirits who are engaged in an affection for knowledge and who are in touch with the ultimate or first heaven. As we are growing up,
during our early adulthood, spirits who are responsive to affections for what is true and good and therefore with intelligence are with us. They are spirits who are in touch with the second or intermediate heaven. In old age, though, spirits who are in wisdom and innocence are with us, spirits therefore who are in touch with the inmost or third heaven.
Still, this association is arranged by the Lord for people who can be reformed and regenerated. It is different for people who cannot be reformed
or regenerated. Good spirits are assigned to them as well in order to restrain them from evil as much as possible, but their direct connection
is with the evil spirits who are in touch with hell. This means that the spirits are of the same nature as the people they are associated with.
Whether they love themselves or money or revenge or adultery, the same
kind of spirits are with them and are, so to speak, taking up residence in
their evil affections. To the extent that we cannot be restrained from evil
by good spirits, they inflame us, and to the extent that an evil affection is
in control, they cling to us and will not back off.
In this way, evil people are united to hell and good people to heaven.[187]

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c. The difference between us and animals is that we can be raised by the Lord to himself, can think about the Divine and love it, and so can be united to the Lord and have eternal life, which is not true of animals: 4525, 6323, 9231. Animals are in the pattern proper to their lives and are therefore born into things that are suited to their natures; but we are not, so we need to be led into the pattern proper to our lives by cognitive means: 637, 5850, 6323. Thought descends into speech and intention into actions for us according to a general inflow: 5862, 5990, 6192, 6211. On
the general inflow of the spiritual world into the lives of animals: 1633, 3646.

The reason we are controlled by the Lord through spirits is that we are

n o t i n t h e p a t t e r n o f h e a ve n . We a re i n f a c t b o r n i n t o e v i l s t h a t a re f ro m
h e l l a n d a re t h e re f o re e x a c t l y o p p o s i t e t o t h e d i v i n e p a t t e r n . T h i s m e a n s
t h a t we n e e d t o b e b ro u g h t b a c k i n t o t h e p a t t e r n , a n d we c a n n o t b e
b ro u g h t b a c k e xc e p t t h ro u g h t h e a g e n c y o f s p i r i t s . It w o u l d b e d i f f e re n t i f
we we re b o r n i n t o t h e g o o d t h a t a c c o rd s w i t h h e a ve n’s p a t t e r n . T h e n we
w o u l d n o t b e c o n t ro l l e d by t h e L o rd t h ro u g h t h e a g e n c y o f s p i r i t s b u t
t h ro u g h t h e p a t t e r n i t s e l f a n d t h e re f o re t h ro u g h a g e n e r a l i n f l ow.[188]

This [general] inflow determines the way things move from thought and intent into act and therefore determines our speech and actions, since these both do flow according to a natural pattern. So the spirits who are with us have nothing to do with these processes.

Animals are also controlled through a general inflow from the spiritual world because they are in the pattern proper to their life, a pattern that they can neither distort nor destroy, because they do not have a rational faculty.[c] (On the difference between humans and animals see above, §39.)

To continue with the general topic of the union of heaven with the human race, we need to be aware that the Lord flows into each one of us a c c o rding to heave n’s design, into our inmost natures as well as into our outmost, and disposes us to accept heaven. He controls our outmost nat u res from the inmost and the inmost from the outmost at the same time, and in this way keeps eve rything about us in coherent connection.

This inflow from the Lord is called a direct inflow, while a second i n f l ow that happens through the agency of spirits is called an indire c t i n f l ow. The latter is sustained by the former. The direct inflow, an action of the Lord himself, is from his divine human. It comes into our intentions, and through our intentions into our understanding. This means it comes into what is good in us and through that good into what is tru e in us, or (which amounts to the same thing) into our love and thro u g h our love into our faith. It does not happen the other way around, much

d. There is a direct inflow from the Lord and also an indirect inflow through the spiritual world: 6063, 6307, 6472, 9682, 9683. The Lord's direct inflow is into the most minute details of all: 6058, 6474–6478, 8717, 8728. The Lord flows into our first and our last things at the same time [see Swedenborg's note to §304:3 below], and how this happens: 5147, 5150, 6473, 7004, 7007, 7270. The Lord's inflow is into the good within us and through that good into the truth, and not the reverse: 5482, 5649, 6027, 8685, 8701, 10153. The life that flows in from the Lord varies according
to our state and according to our openness: 2069 *[1909],* 5986, 6472, 7343. In evil people, the good that flows in from the Lord is turned into evil and the truth into falsity; from experience:
3643 *[3642],* 4632. We accept the good and the consequent truth that are unceasingly flowing in from the Lord to the extent that evil and its consequent falsity do not block the way: 2411, 3142, 3147, 5828.

less into faith apart from love or into truth apart from good or into understanding
apart from vo l i t i o n .

This divine inflow is unceasing and is accepted in what is good in good people, but not in evil ones. In them it is either rejected or stifled or distorted. So they have an evil life that spiritually understood is a death.d

The spirits who are with us—both those united to heaven and those united to hell—never flow into us from their own memory and consequent
thought. If they did flow into us from their own thought it would seem to us exactly as though their character was our own (see above, §256). However, there does flow into us through them an affection from a love of what is good and true from heaven and an affection from a love
of what is evil and false from hell. So to the extent that our own affection
agrees with what is flowing in, we accept its influence in our thinking. This is because our more inward thought is in complete accord with our affection or love. To the extent that our own affection does not agree, we
do not accept [the influence]. We can see from this that thoughts are not
instilled into us by spirits but only an affection for what is good or an affection
for what is evil. This gives us a choice because it gives us freedom. It means that in our thought we can accept what is good and reject what
is evil, since we know from the Word what is good and what is evil. What
we accept in thought from affection becomes part of us, while what we do not accept in thought from affection does not become part of us. This enables us to determine the nature of the inflow into us of the good from
heaven and of the evil from hell.

I have been enabled to learn where we get the anxiety, distress of mind, and inward sadness called depression.[189] There are spirits who are not yet united with hell because they are still in their first state (which will be described later when we talk about the world of spirits).[190] They

e. People who do not have a conscience do not know what a conscience is: 7490, 9121. There are even people who laugh at conscience when they hear that it exists: 7217. Some people believe that conscience is nothing, some that it is a kind of natural, distressing sadness that arises either from events in the body or events in the world, and some that it is something common people get from their religion: 950. There is a true conscience, an imitation conscience, and a false conscience: 1033. Pangs of conscience are an anxiety of mind because of anything unjust, dishonest, and evil that we believe to be contrary to God and contrary to the welfare of our neighbor: 7217. People who are in love for God and charity toward their neighbor have conscience, but not people who are not: 831, 965, 2380, 7490.

love half-digested and noxious substances like the foods that are becoming excrement in the stomach, so they attach themselves to the same sort of matter in us, because they find delight in it; and they talk with each other there out of their evil affection. The emotional tone of their conversation flows into us, and since it is contrary to our affection, it brings about a sadness and an anxious depression; while if it agrees with our affection, it brings about a sense of happiness and exhilaration. These spirits can be seen in the neighborhood of the stomach, some on the left and some on the right, some lower and some higher, nearer or farther away — variously depending on the affections they are involved in.[191] A great deal of experience has convinced me that they are the source of our anxiety of spirit. I have seen them, heard them, felt the anxieties that well up from them.[192] I have talked with them, they have been driven off and the anxiety has ceased, they have come back and the anxiety has returned, I have observed its increase and decrease as they drew near and moved away. It has become clear to me, then, where that anxiety originates that is blamed on a stomachache by people who do not know what conscience is because they do not have any.[e]

Heaven's union with us is not like the union of one person with another,

but is a union with the deeper levels of our minds and therefore with our spiritual or inner person. There is, though, a union with our natural or outer person by correspondences, which union will be discussed in the next chapter when I deal with heaven's union with us by means of the Word.

I will also explain in the next chapter that heaven's union with us and our union with it are of such a nature that each relies on the other.

I have talked with angels about the union of heaven with the human race and have told them that church people actually do say that everything good is from the Lord and that there are angels with us, but few people really believe that angels are so close to us, much less that they are

in our thought and affection. The angels have told me that they knew this kind of [empty] belief and talk occurred in the world, and especially (which astonished them) in the church, where people have the Word that teaches them about heaven and its union with them. Yet in fact the union is so vital that we could not think the least thought apart from the spirits who are with us. Our spiritual life depends on this. They said that the reason for this ignorance was that people believe they live on their own, without any connection with the Ultimate Reality of life,[193] and do not know that there is this connection through the heavens. Yet if that connection were severed, we would instantly drop down dead. If we believed the way things really are, that everything good comes from God and everything evil from hell, then we would not take credit for the good within us or blame for the evil. Whenever we thought or did anything good, we would focus on the Lord, and any evil that flowed in we would throw back into the hell it came from. But since we do not believe in any inflow from heaven or from hell and therefore believe that everything we think and intend is in us and from us, we make the evil our own and defile the good with our feeling that we deserve it.

Heaven's Union with Us through the Word

PEOPLE who think from their deeper rationality can see that there is a connection of all things, through intermediate ones, with a First,[194] and that anything that is not so connected will disintegrate. When they think about it, they know that nothing can exist on its own, but requires something prior to itself, which means that everything goes back to that First. They know that the connection with what is prior is like that of an effect with its efficient cause,[195] since when the efficient cause is removed,
the effect comes apart and collapses. Since this has been the thought of the learned, they have both seen and pronounced that existence is a constant
becoming,[196] so that all things are constantly coming into being—that is, existing—from that First from which they originated.

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But there is no way to explain briefly the nature of that connection of everything with what is prior and therefore with the First that is the source of everything, because it is varied and diverse. We can say generally
only that there is a connection of the natural world with the spiritual world that results in a correspondence between everything in the natural
world and everything in the spiritual world. (On this correspondence, see §§103–115, and on the connection and consequent correspondence of
everything in us with everything in heaven, see §§87–102.)
We have been so created that we have a connection and a union with the Lord, while with angels we have only an association. The reason we have only an association, not a union, with angels is that we are from creation
like angels in respect to the deeper levels of our minds. We have a similar purposefulness and a similar capacity to understand. This is why we become angels after death if we have lived according to the divine pattern,
and why we then, like the angels, have wisdom. So when we talk about our union with heaven, we mean our union with the Lord and our association with angels, since heaven is not heaven because of anything that really belongs to the angels but because of the divine nature of the Lord. (On the fact that the Lord's divine nature makes heaven, see §§7–22 *[7–12]* above.)
[2] Over and above what angels have, though, there is the fact that we are not just in a spiritual world by virtue of our inner natures but are
at the same time in a natural world by virtue of our outward natures.

These outward things that are in the natural world are all the contents of
our natural or outer memory and the thinking and imaging we do on that basis. In general, this includes our insights and information together
with their delights and charm to the extent that they have a worldly flavor,
and all the pleasures that derive from our physical senses. Then too, there are those senses themselves and our words and actions. All these are
ultimate things in which the Lord's divine inflow comes to rest, since it does not stop in the middle but goes on to its very limit.
We may gather from this that the ultimate form of the divine pattern is in us, and since it is the ultimate form, it is the basis and foundation.
[3] Since the Lord's divine inflow does not stop in the middle but goes on to its very limit, as just stated, and since the intermediate region
it crosses is the angelic heaven and the limit is in us, and since nothing disconnected can exist, it follows that there is such a connection and union of heaven with the human race that neither can endure without the other. If the human race were cut off from heaven, it would be like a

a. Nothing arises from itself, but only from something prior to itself; so all things come from a first, and endure by connection with what they originated from, so that existing is a constant becoming:
2886, 2888, 3627, 3628, 3648, 4523, 4524, 6040, 6056. The divine pattern does not stop in the middle but keeps on to its limit, and its limit is in us; so the divine pattern ends in us: 634, 2853, 3632, 5897, 6239, 6451, 6465, 9216, 9217 *[9215],* 9824, 9828, 9836, 9905, 10044, 10329, 10335,
10548. The inner elements flow sequentially into the outer all the way to the end or limit, and there they take form and endure: 634, 6239, 6465, 9216, 9217 *[9215].* The inner elements take form
and endure in the outer in a simultaneous arrangement, which is described: 5897, 6451, 8603, 10099. So all the inner elements are kept connected together from the First to the ultimate: 9828.
For this reason, "the First and the Last" means everything in detail, the whole: 10044, 10329, 10335; and for this reason, strength and power are in ultimate things: 9836.
b. The Word in its literal sense is natural: 8783; because the natural level is the ultimate level in which spiritual and heavenly things (which are more inward) come to rest, and on which they rest like a house on its foundation: 9430, 9433, 9824, 10044, 10436. In order to be of this nature,
the Word was written in pure correspondences: 1404, 1408, 1409, 1540, 1615 *[1619],* 1659, 1709,
1783, 8615, 10687. Since the Word is like this in its literal meaning, it is a vessel for spiritual and
heavenly meaning: 9407; and it is adapted to us and to angels at the same time: 1769–1772, 1887,
2143, 2157, 2275, 2333, 2396 *[2395],* 2540, 2541, 2545, 2553, 7381, 8862, 10322. It is what unites
heaven and earth: 2310, 2495, 9212, 9216, 9357, 9396, 10375. The Lord's union with us through the
Word by means of its inner meaning: 10375. This union takes place by means of every detail in the Word, so it is more marvelous than any other writing: 10632, 10633, 10634. Now that the

Word has been written, the Lord speaks to us through it: 10290. Relative to people outside the church, who do not have the Word and know the Lord, the church where the Word is and where the Lord is known is like the human heart and lungs relative to the other parts of the body, which
derive their life from the heart and lungs as from a wellspring: 637, 931, 2054, 2853. The whole church throughout the world is like a single person in the Lord's sight: 7395 *[7396],* 9276. This is
why the human race would perish if there were not a church in our world where the Word was found and the Lord was known: 468, 637, 931, 4545, 10452.

chain with a link removed, and heaven without the human race would be
like a house without a foundation.[a]

However, since we have broken this connection by turning our inward natures away from heaven and toward the world and ourselves through our self-love and love of the world and have so pulled away that we no longer ser ve heaven as its basis and foundation, the Lord has provided
a medium to serve in place of that basis and foundation and to maintain the union of heaven with humanity. That medium is the Word. Just how the Word serves as that medium, though, has been shown at length in *Secrets of Heaven,* with pertinent material collected in the booklet
The White Horse Described in the Book of Revelation and also in the "Appendix to the Heavenly Teaching."[197] Some of these references are cited in the footnote below.[b]

I have been told from heaven that the earliest people had direct revelation
because their inner natures were turned toward heaven, and that

this was the source of the Lord's union with the human race at that time.

After those times, though, there was not the same kind of direct revelation,
but an indirect revelation through correspondences. All their divine worship consisted of these; so the churches of those times were called symbolic churches. They knew what correspondences and representations
were and that everything on earth answered to spiritual things in heaven and the church (or represented them, which amounts to the same
thing). In this way, the natural elements that constituted their outward worship served them as means for thinking spiritually and therefore thinking with angels.

Once all knowledge of correspondences and representations had been lost, then a Word was written in which all the words and the meanings

of the words are correspondences and therefore contain that spiritual or inner meaning in which angels are engaged. So when we read the Word and grasp it in its literal or outward meaning, angels grasp it in its
inner or spiritual meaning. In fact, all the thought of angels is spiritual, while ours is natural. These two kinds of thought do seem different, but they are one because they correspond.

This is why, after we had moved away from heaven and broken the connection, the Lord provided that there should be a means of union of heaven with us through the Word.

I should like to use a few passages to show how heaven is united with us through the Word. The New Jerusalem is described in the Book of Revelation as follows:

> I saw a new heaven and a new earth, and the former heaven and former earth had passed away. And I saw the holy city Jerusalem coming down from God out of heaven. The city was foursquare, its length equal to its breadth. And the angel measured the city with the reed at twelve thousand stadia;[198] the length, breadth, and height were equal; and he measured its wall, 144 cubits, the measure of a human being, which was that of the angel. The construction of the wall was jasper, but the city itself was pure gold and like pure glass; and the foundation of the wall was decorated with every precious stone. The twelve gates were twelve pearls, and the street of the city was pure gold like transparent glass. (Revelation 21:1, 2, 16, 17, 18)[199]

People who read this understand it simply according to its literal meaning,
namely that this visible sky and earth are going to perish and that a new heaven is going to be established, that on a new earth the holy city

Jerusalem is going to descend, and that all its measurements will be as described.

But the angels who are with us understand it very differently, understanding spiritually what we take in a natural sense. [2] For them, the new heaven and the new earth mean a new church; the city Jerusalem
descending from God out of heaven means its heavenly doctrine revealed
by the Lord; its length, breadth, and height, which are equal at twelve thousand stadia, mean all the good and true elements of that doctrine grasped as a single whole; the wall means the truths that protect it; the measure of the wall being 144 cubits, which was the measure of a human
being, that is, of the angel, means all those protective truths grasped as a
single whole, and their quality; the twelve gates made of pearls mean introductory

truths (pearls mean that kind of truth); the foundations of the wall that were of precious stones mean the acknowledgments on which that doctrine is based; and the gold like pure glass of which the city and its streets were made means the good of love that makes doctrine and its truths transparent. This is how angels understand all these things, so it is not the way we do. This is how our natural concepts are transformed into spiritual concepts among angels without their knowing anything about the literal meaning of the Word—about the new heaven and the new earth, for example, or the new city Jerusalem, its wall, the foundations of the wall, and its measurements. Still, the angels' thoughts form a unity with ours because they correspond. They form a single whole almost like the words of a speaker and the understanding of those words by a listener who is focused not on the words themselves but on understanding them. This may enable us to see how heaven is united to us through the Word.

[3] For another example from the Word,

> In that day there will be a highway from Egypt to Assyria, and Assyria will come into Egypt and Egypt into Assyria, and the Egyptians will serve the Assyrians. In that day Israel will be a third for Egypt and Assyria, a blessing in the middle of the land, whom Jehovah of hosts will bless, saying, "Blessed is my people Egypt, and the work of my hands Assyria, and my inheritance Israel." (Isaiah 19:23, 24, 25)

We can see how people on earth think and how angels think when they read this if we look at the literal meaning of the Word and at its inner meaning. We think, on the basis of its literal meaning, that Egypt and Assyria are going to be converted to God and received, and that they will become united to the Israelite nation. The angels, though, think on the

c. Egypt and Egyptian in the Word mean what is natural, and therefore what has to do with information: 4967, 5079, 5080, 5095, 5460 *[5160],* 5799, 6015, 6147, 6252, 7353 *[7355],* 7648, 9340, 9319 *[9391].* Assyria means the rational level: 119, 1186. Israel means the spiritual level: 5414, 5801, 5803, 5806, 5812, 5817, 5819, 5826, 5833, 5879, 5951, 6426, 6637, 6862, 6868, 7035, 7062, 7198, 7201, 7215, 7223, 7956 *[7957],* 8234, 8805, 9340.

d. The church in specific is where the Word is and where the Lord is known because of it, so it is where divine truths from it have been revealed from heaven: 3857, 10761. The Lord's church exists throughout the whole world with all people who live in good according to their religions: 3263, 6637, 10765. All people who live in good according to their religions and acknowledge something

divine are accepted by the Lord, wherever they are: 2589–2604, 2861, 2863, 3263, 4190, 4197, 6700, 9256; and especially all infants, wherever they may have been born: 2289–2309, 4792.

basis of its inner meaning about people of the spiritual church, who are being described here in that inner meaning. Their spiritual level is Israel,
their natural level is Egypt, and their rational level, which is the intermediate
level, is Assyria.[c] Still, these two meanings are one because they correspond.

Consequently, when angels are thinking spiritually like this and we are thinking naturally the way we do, we are united almost like a soul
and a body. The inner meaning of the Word is its soul, and the literal meaning is its body.

The Word is like this throughout; so we can see that it is a means of heaven's union with us and that the literal meaning serves as its basis and
foundation.

There is also a union of heaven through the Word with people who are outside the church, where the Word is not found; for the Lord's church is everywhere and exists with everyone who acknowledges something
divine and lives considerately. People like this are taught by angels after their decease and accept divine truths.[d] There will be more on this below in its proper chapter, where we discuss non-Christians.[200]

In the Lord's sight, the universal church on earth is like a single individual
just as heaven is (as noted above in §§59–72). However, the church where the Word is and the Lord is known through it is like the heart and lungs of that person. It is common knowledge that the viscera and members of the whole body get their life from the heart and lungs by
various routes. So too the human race that is outside the church where the Word is gets its life in the same way and constitutes the members of that person. Heaven's union through the Word with people who are at a distance can be compared to light that spreads in all directions from a center. The divine light is in the Word, and the Lord is present there with
his heaven. People who are far off also receive light from that presence. It
would be different if there were no Word, which can be more fully

understood by reference to what has been presented above about the form of heaven that determines its gatherings and communications.[201]

Still, this arcanum is understandable to people who are in spiritual

light but not to people who are only in natural light. People who are in spiritual light, that is, see quite clearly countless things that people who are in natural light alone either do not see at all or see only as a single vague entity.

If there had not been this kind of Word on our earth, the humanity of our earth would have separated itself from heaven, and once separated from heaven would no longer have had any rational ability. Our human rational ability in fact arises from an inflow of light from heaven.

We on this earth are by nature incapable of accepting any direct revelation and being taught about divine truths by that means, unlike the inhabitants of other planets ([whose abilities] have been dealt with in their own separate booklet).[202] We more than they are engrossed in worldly concerns and therefore in superficial matters,[203] while it is the deeper levels that are open to revelation. If the outer levels were receptive, we still would not understand the truth.

This nature of people on our earth is clearly visible in members of the church. Even though they know from the Word about heaven, hell, and life after death, they still deny these things at heart. This includes people who have made a name for themselves for outstanding learning, who you would think would therefore be wiser than others.

I have talked with angels about the Word on occasion, and have told them that it is looked down on by some people because of its pedestrian style.[204] They know absolutely nothing about its deeper meaning and therefore do not believe that this kind of wisdom lies hidden within. The angels have told me that even though the style of the Word may appear pedestrian in its literal meaning, it is qualitatively incomparable because divine wisdom lies hidden not just in the overall meaning but in every word, and that this wisdom shines out in heaven. They have wanted to declare that because it is divine truth, it is heaven's light, since divine truth in heaven is radiant (see above, §132). They have added that without this kind of Word there would be no light of heaven among the people of our earth and consequently no union with heaven for them; for the amount of heaven's light there is among us determines the union and therefore the extent to which we have any revelation of divine truth through the Word. The reason people do not know this union exists (through the spiritual meaning of the Word corresponding to its natural

meaning) is that the people of our earth do not know anything about angels’
spiritual thinking and conversation. They do not know that this is different from our natural thinking and conversation; and anyone who does not know this cannot possibly know what the inner meaning is and therefore cannot know that it can make this kind of union possible. They have also said that if we knew that this kind of meaning existed and when we read the Word did our thinking with any knowledge of it, we would come into a deeper wisdom and be more closely united to heaven, because in this way we would have access to concepts like those
of angels.

Heaven and Hell Come from the Human Race

PEOPLE in the Christian world are totally unaware that heaven and hell come from the human race. They actually believe that angels were created in the beginning and constitute heaven, and that the devil or Satan was an angel of light who became rebellious and was cast out together
with his faction, and that this gave rise to hell.

Angels are utterly amazed that there can be this kind of belief in the Christian world, and even more so that people know absolutely nothing about heaven, even though this is a primary doctrine of the church. Knowing
that this kind of ignorance is pre valent, they are profoundly delighted that it has now pleased the Lord to re veal to us so much about heave n—
and about hell as well—and so as much as possible to dispel the dark n e s s
that is rising daily because this church is drawing to a close. [2] So they want me to testify on their behalf that in all heaven there is not a single angel
who was created as such in the beginning, nor is there in all hell a devil who was created as an angel of light and cast out. Rather, all the people in
h e a ven and in hell are from the human race—in heaven the ones who have
l i ved in heavenly love and faith, and in hell the ones who have lived in hellish
love and faith. Hell as a whole is what is called the devil and Satan. T h e
hell at the back, where the people called evil demons live, is the devil, and

a. The hells as a whole, or hellish people en masse, are called the devil and Satan: 694. People who
were devils in the world are devils after death: 968.
b. The church's doctrine must be derived from the Word: 3464, 5402, 6832 *[6822],* 10763, 10765
[10764]. Without doctrine, the Word is not understood: 9021 *[9025],* 9409, 9424, 9430, 10324, 10431, 10582. True doctrine is a lamp for people who read the Word: 10401 *[10400].* Genuine doctrine
must be provided by people who have enlightenment from the Lord: 2510, 2516, 2519, 9424, 10105. People engaged in the literal meaning apart from any doctrine do not attain any understanding
of divine truths: 9409, 9410, 10582; and are carried off into many errors: 10431. The nature of the difference between people who teach and learn from the doctrine of the church derived from the Word and people who do so solely from the Word's literal meaning: 9025.

the hell that is in front, where the people live who are called evil spirits, is
Satan.[a] We will describe later what each hell is like.2 0 5 [3] They insisted that
the reason the Christian world has adopted this kind of belief about people
in heaven and people in hell is that they have taken a few passages of the
Word, understanding them only in their literal meaning, with no enlightenment
or instruction based on genuine doctrine from the Word. Yet the literal meaning of the Word, without the light of genuine doctrine, leads
the mind astray in all directions, giving rise to ignorance, heresy, and error.[b]
This belief among church people is also the cause of their belief that no one will arrive in heaven or hell before the time of the Last Judgment,
which they have come to believe will be a time when everything they can
see perishes and new things come into being, when souls will return into
their bodies and then begin once more to live as people because of this reunion. This faith implies the other, about angels having been created in
the beginning, for it is not possible to believe that heaven and hell come from the human race when you believe that no one is going to get there until the end of the world.
[2] So to convince people that this is not the case, I have been allowed to associate with angels and to talk with people in hell for several years
now, sometimes constantly from morning until evening, and so to learn about heaven and about hell. The purpose of all this is that church people

should remain no longer in their mistaken beliefs about a re s u r rection on
Judgment Day and about the state of their souls in the meanwhile, or about angels and the devil. Because this faith is a mistaken one, it brings
d a rkness with it; and for people who think about such things on the basis
of their own intellect, it leads to doubt and eventually to denial. They are
actually saying in their hearts, “How can such a vast heaven and so many

stars be destroyed and disappear, along with the sun and the moon? How
can stars that are larger than the earth fall on the earth? How can bodies
that have been eaten by worms and destroyed by decay and scattered to the
four winds be reunited to their souls? W h e re have these souls been in the
meanwhile, and what have they been like without any of the senses they had in their bodies?” [3] T h e re are many other questions like these, which
do not accord with belief because they are incomprehensible, and for many
people they are destroying any belief in a life after death, in heaven and hell, and along with these the rest of the contents of the faith of the
c h u rc h .206 This destruction can be observed in people who say, “Who has
come back from heaven and told us that it exists, or from hell, to say that it
exists? What is this business about people being tort u red by fire to eternity?
What is this Judgment Day? Ha ve n’t we been waiting for it for centuries,
all in vain?” along with any number of other things that imply a denial of
e ve rything. [4] Many people who are particularly skilled in worldly affairs
think like this; so to pre vent them from further disturbing and misleading
people of simple faith and simple heart and bringing on a hellish dark n e s s
concerning God, heaven, eternal life, and the other matters that follow

f rom them, the deeper reaches of my spirit have been opened by the Lord ,
enabling me to talk after their death with all the people I have ever know n
during their physical lives. I have talked with some for days, with some for
months, and with some for a ye a r. I have talked with so many others that it
would be no exaggeration to talk in terms of a hundred thousand, many in
h e a ven and many in hell. I have talked with some just two days after their
deaths and told them that now their funerals and burial rites we re being
p e rformed so that they could be interred; to which they have re s p o n d e d
that it was a good thing they had cast off what had served them as a body
for their functions in our world, wanting me to say that they we re not dead
at all. They we re just as alive and just as human as eve r, having simply
c rossed over from one world to another. They we re not aware of having
lost anything, since they we re just as much in a body as before, enjoyed volition
and understanding just as before, and had thoughts and affections,
sensation, and desires similar to the ones they had in our world.
[5] Many people who have just died, when they have discovered that
they are living persons just as they were before, and in a similar state (for
our first state after death is like the one we were in on earth, although
this changes gradually for us either toward heaven or toward hell), have
been moved by a newfound joy at still being alive. They have said they
would not have believed it. They were absolutely amazed that they had

c. Not many people in today's Christianity believe that we will rise again immediately after death:
Genesis 16 preface, 4622, 10758; but only at the time of the Last Judgment, when the visible world will perish: 10594 *[10595].* The reason for this belief: 10594 *[10595],* 10758. The fact is, though, that we do rise again immediately after death, and are then completely human in all respects:
4527, 5006, 5078, 8939, 8991, 10594, 10758. The soul that lives after death is our spirit, which is the essential person within us and is in a perfect human form in the other life as well: 322, 1880, 1881, 3633, 4622, 4735, 5883, 6054, 6605, 6626, 7021, 10594; from experience: 4527,
5006, 8939; from the Word: 10597. An explanation of the meaning of the dead who were seen in the holy city in Matthew 27:53: 9229. How we are revived from death, from experience: 168–189.

Our state after we have been revived: 317, 318, 319, 2119, 5079, 10596. False notions about the soul
and its resurrection: 444, 445, 4527, 4622, 4658.
d. The spiritual world and the natural world are united in us: 6057. The inner person is formed on the model of heaven, while the outer is formed on the model of the world: 3628, 4523, 4524, 6057, 6314 *[6013],* 9706, 10156, 10472.

been in such ignorance and blindness about the state of life after death, all the more so that this is true of people within the church, who could be in more light about such matters than all the rest of the whole world.c

Now for the first time they were seeing the reason for this blindness and
ignorance, namely, that their outward concerns, their concerns for worldly and bodily matters, preoccupied and filled their minds so completely
that they could not be raised into heaven's light and look into ecclesiastical
subjects beyond the formalities of doctrine. When bodily and
worldly matters are loved as much as they are today, nothing flows in from them but darkness when the mind tries to press further.

Many of the scholars of the Christian world are dumbfounded when they find themselves after death in bodies, wearing clothes, and in houses
the way they were in this world. When they call to mind what they had thought about life after death, the soul, spirits, and heaven and hell, they
are embarrassed and say that they had been thinking nonsense. They say
that people of simple faith had been far wiser than they. Some scholars were examined who had completely convinced themselves in this kind of
belief and attributed everything to nature. It turned out that their inner natures were completely closed off, while their more outward natures were open. This meant that they were not looking toward heaven but toward
the world, and therefore toward hell; for to the extent that our
deeper natures are opened, we look toward heaven, while to the extent that they are closed and our more outward natures are open, we look toward
hell. Our deeper levels are formed for the acceptance of heaven and our more outward ones for acceptance of the world; and if we accept the
world without accepting heaven at the same time, we are accepting hell.d

e. There are as many levels of life in a human being as there are heavens, and these are opened after

death depending on how we have lived: 3747, 9594. Heaven is within us: 3884. People who are living lives of love and thoughtfulness have an angelic wisdom within them, but it is hidden; and they come into the use of it after death: 2494. In the Word, anyone who accepts the good of love and faith from the Lord is called an angel: 10528.

f. [Swedenborg's note here refers the reader back to the note in §303 above.]

We may conclude that heaven is from the human race from the fact that angelic minds and our minds are very much alike. Both enjoy abilities to understand, perceive, and intend. Both are formed for the acceptance of heaven. In fact, our minds are just as wise as angelic minds; but they are not as wise in this world because we are in an earthly body, and in an earthly body our spiritual mind thinks in a natural manner. It is different, though, when it is freed from its tie to the body. Then we no longer think naturally, but spiritually, and when we think spiritually, we think thoughts that are incomprehensible and inexpressible to a natural person. This means we are as wise as angels. We may gather from this that our own inner person, what we call our spirit, is essentially an angel (see above, §57).[e] Once it is freed from the earthly body it is in a human form just like that of an angel. (On angels being in perfect human form, see §§73–77 above.) However, when our inner person has not been opened upward but only downward, then we are in a human form after we are freed from this body, but it is a frightening and diabolical form because it cannot look upward toward heaven, only downward toward hell.

Once we have learned about the divine design, we can understand that we were created to become angels because the ultimate boundary of that design is found in us (§304), which means that in us the substance of heavenly and angelic wisdom can take form and can be restored and multiplied. The divine design never comes to rest part way, forming something without a boundary: that is not the design in its fullness and perfection. Rather, it presses on to its ultimate boundary,[f] and when it has reached that limit it takes form; and then by means that it gathers on that level it restores itself and produces more, which is accomplished by procreation. This is why the seedbed of heaven is on this lowest level.

The reason the Lord rose not only in respect to his spirit but in re s p e c t to his body as well is that when the Lord was in the world, he glorified his whole human nature—that is, he made it divine. In fact, his soul, which

he re c e i ved from the Fa t h e r, was essentially the Divine itself, and his body
became an image of that soul (that is, of the Father) and there f o re also

g. We rise again as to our spirits: 10593, 10594. Only the Lord rose as to his body as well: 1729, 2083, 5078, 10825.
divine. This is why he, unlike anyone else, rose in both spirit and body.[g] He showed this to his disciples—who believed they we re seeing a spirit when they saw him—by saying, “Look at my hands and my feet, that it is
I myself. Touch me and see, for a spirit does not have flesh and bones as
you see that I do” (Luke 2 4:3 6–3 8 *[2 4:3 9]*). In this way he pointed out that
he was not a person in spirit only, but in body as we l l .
To let people know that we live after death, and that then we come into either heaven or hell depending on our lives, I have been shown a great deal about our state after death that will be presented in sequence
below when we come to a description of the world of spirits.[207]

Non-Christians, or People outside the Church, in Heaven

THE general opinion is that people who have been born outside the church, the people called “the nations” or “non-Christians,”[208] cannot be saved because they do not have the Word and therefore do not know the Lord; and without the Lord there is no salvation.[209] They could know, however, that these people too are saved simply from the fact that the Lord’s mercy is universal, that is, it is extended to all individuals.
Non-Christians are born just as human as people within the church, who are in fact few by comparison. It is not their fault that they do not know the Lord. So anyone who thinks from any enlightened reason at all
can see that no one is born for hell. The Lord is actually love itself, and his love is an intent to save everyone. So he provides that everyone shall
have some religion, an acknowledgment of the Divine Being through that religion, and an inner life. That is, living according to one’s religious
principles is an inner life, for then we focus on the Divine; and to the

a. Non-Christians are saved just as Christians are: 932, 1032, 1059, 2284, 2589, 2590, 3778, 4190,
4197. On the lot of non-Christians and people outside the church in the other life: 2589–2604.
The church specifically defined is where the Word is and where the Lord is known through it:
3857, 10761. This does not mean, though, that people belong to the church by being born where
the Word is and where the Lord is known, but rather by living a life of thoughtfulness and faith:
6637, 10143, 10153, 10578, 10645, 10829. The Lord's church is found among all the people in the
whole world who live intent on what is good as their own religion defines it and who acknowledge
a divine being; they are accepted by the Lord and enter heaven: 2589–2604, 2861, 2863, 3263,
4190, 4197, 6700, 9256.

extent that we do focus on the Divine, we do not focus on the world but move away from the world and therefore from a worldly life, which is an outward life.a

People can realize that non-Christians as well as Christians are saved if they know what constitutes heaven in us; for heaven is within us, and people who have heaven within them come into heaven. The heaven within us is our acknowledgment of the Divine and our being led by the Divine. The beginning and foundation of every religion is its acknowledgment
of the Divine Being; a religion that does not acknowledge the
Divine Being is not a religion at all. The precepts of every religion focus on worship, that is, on how the Divine is to be honored so that we will be acceptable in its sight; and when this fully occupies the mind (or, to the extent that we intend this or love this) we are being led by the Lord. It is recognized that non-Christians live lives that are just as moral as the lives of Christians—many of them, in fact, live more moral lives. A moral life may be lived either to satisfy the Divine or to satisfy people in this world. A moral life that is lived to satisfy the Divine is a spiritual life. The two look alike in outward form, but inwardly they are totally different. One saves us, the other does not. This is because if we live a moral life to satisfy the Divine we are being led by the Divine; while if we live a moral life to satisfy people in this world, we are being led by ourselves.

[2] This may be illustrated by an example. If we do not do harm to our
neighbor because that is against our religion and therefore against the Div
ine, our refraining from evil stems from a spiritual sourc e. But if we ref
rain from doing harm to others simply because we are afraid of the law or
of losing our reputation or respector profit—for the sake of self and the

world, that is — then this stems from a natural source and we are being led by ourselves. This latter life is natural, while the former is spiritual. If our moral life is spiritual, we have heaven within ourselves; but if our moral life is merely natural, we do not have heaven within ourselves. This is because

b. There is a likeness of a marriage between what is good and what is true: 1094 *[1904],* 2173, 2503
[2508]. What is good and what is true are engaged in a constant effort toward union, with what is
good longing for what is true and for union with it: 9206, 9207, 9495. How and in whom this union of what is good and what is true takes place: 3834, 3843, 4096, 4097, 4301, 4345, 4353, 4364,
4368, 5365, 7623–7627, 9258.
heaven flows in from above, opens our deeper natures, and flows through those deeper natures into our more outward natures; while the world flows in from below and opens our more outward natures but not our deeper natures. No inflow occurs from the natural world into the spiritual, only from the spiritual world into the natural; so if heaven is not accepted at the same time, the deeper levels are closed. We can see from this who accept heaven into themselves and who do not.
[3] However, the heaven in one individual is not the same as the heaven in another. It differs in each according to the affection for what is
good and true. If people are absorbed in an affection for what is good for
the sake of the Divine, they love divine truth because the good and the true love each other and want to be united.[b] Consequently, non-Christian
people who have not had access to genuine truths in the world still accept
them in the other life because of their love.[210]
There was one spirit from a non-Christian country who had lived a good and thoughtful life according to his religion in this world. When he heard some Christian spirits discussing their creeds (spirits talking to each other reason much more exhaustively and acutely than people on earth, especially about what is good and true), he was astonished to find

that they quarreled. He said he did not want to listen, since they were arguing
on the basis of deceptive appearances. His advice to them was, “If I am a good person, I can know what is true simply from its goodness, and
I can be open to what I do not know.”
I have been taught by a great many instances that if non-Christians h a ve lived decent lives, intent on obedience and appropriate defere n c e
and in mutual thoughtfulness as their religion re q u i res so that they have
a c q u i red a measure of conscience, they are accepted in the other life and
a re taught by angels about matters of goodness and truth with most sensit
i ve care. Once they have been taught, they behave unpre t e n t i o u s l y, intell
i g e n t l y, and wisely and readily accept and absorb truths. This is because
no false principles have taken form to oppose truths of faith, principles that would need to be ousted, let alone slanders against the Lord, as is the
case for many Christians whose tre a s u red concept of the Lord is simply of
an ord i n a ry human being. It is different for non-Christians. When they

c. The difference between the good that non-Christians are engaged in and the good that Christians
are engaged in: 4189, 4197. On truths among non-Christians: 3263, 3778, 4190. The deeper levels are not as closed in non-Christians as they are in Christians: 9256. Neither can there be such dense clouds for non-Christians who have lived by their religions in mutual thoughtfulness as there are for Christians who have lived in no thoughtfulness at all, and the reasons this is so: 1059, 9256. Non-Christians cannot profane the holy matters of the church the way Christians can, because they do not know them: 1327, 1328, 2051. They are afraid of Christians because of the
way Christians live: 2596, 2597. The ones who have lived well according to their religious principles
are taught by angels and readily accept truths of faith and confess the Lord: 2049, 2595, 2598, 2600, 2601, 2603, 2661 *[2861],* 2863, 3263.

hear that God became a person here and made himself known in the world, they acknowledge it immediately and re ve re the Lord. They say that of course God made himself known; after all, he is the God of heave n
and earth, and the human race belongs to him.c

It is a divine truth that there is no salvation apart from the Lord, but this needs to be understood as meaning that there is no salvation that

does not come from the Lord. There are many planets in the universe, all
full of inhabitants. Hardly any of them know that the Lord took on a human
nature on our planet. Still, though, since they do revere the Divine
Being in human form, they are accepted and led by the Lord. On this
matter, see the booklet *Other Planets*.[211]

There are wise and simple people among non-Christians just as there
are among Christians. To show me what they were like, I have been allowed
to talk with both kinds, sometimes for hours and even for days.
Nowadays, though, there are not wise ones like those of ancient times,
especially in the early church[212] (this covered much of the Near East[213]
and was the source from which religion spread to many non-Christian
peoples). I have been allowed to carry on personal conversations with
some of them in order to find out what they were like.

One particular individual was with me who had been one of the wise
at one time and who was therefore well known in the scholarly world.
I talked with him about various subjects and was given to believe that he
was Cicero. Since I knew that he was wise, we talked about wisdom,
intelligence,
the pattern of reality, the Word, and finally about the Lord.

[2] On wisdom, he said that there was no wisdom that was not a matter
of life, and that wisdom could not be an attribute of anything else. On
intelligence, he said that it came from wisdom. On the pattern of
reality,
he said that the pattern comes from the Supreme Deity, and that living in
accord with this pattern is being wise and intelligent. As to the Word,
when I read him something from the prophets he was utterly
enchanted,

especially at the fact that the individual names and the individual words
referred to deeper realities. He was quite astonished that modern
scholars
take no pleasure in this pursuit. I could sense very clearly that the
deeper
levels of his thought or mind were open. He said that he could not
remain
present because he felt something too holy for him to bear, it affected
him so deeply.

[3] Finally, our conversation turned to the Lord—on his birth as a
person here, but one conceived from God; on his putting off the
maternal

human nature and putting on a divine human nature; and on his being the One who rules the universe. He said that he knew a great deal about the Lord that he grasped in his own way, and that there was no other way the human race could have been saved. All this time, some evil
Christians were showering us with libels of various kinds; but he paid no
attention to them. He said it was not surprising. It was because during their physical lives they had soaked up notions on these subjects that were not fitting, and that until these were ousted they could not let in notions that supported [the truth] the way people who were simply ignorant
could.

I have also been allowed to talk with some others who lived in early days and were among the wiser ones of their times. They first appeared in
front of me at some distance, and from there they could observe the deeper levels of my thinking. This meant they could observe me very completely, learning a whole series of thoughts from just one of my mental
concepts and filling it with delightful elements of wisdom and charming images. I could tell from this that they were among the wiser ones; and I was told that they were from early times. At this point they came nearer, and when I read them something from the Word, they were totally
enchanted. I could sense their very delight and pleasure, which stemmed especially from the fact that every least detail of what they were
hearing from the Word was an image and indicator of heavenly and spiritual
things. They said that in their own day, when they were living in our world, their mode of thinking and speaking and even writing was like this, and that this was the focus of their wisdom.

As for today's non-Christians, they are not that wise; but many of them are simple-hearted. However, in the other life they do accept wisdom
from others who have lived lives of thoughtfulness together. I may offer a couple of examples.

When I read chapters 17 and 18 of Judges about Micah (whose idol, household gods, and Levite were stolen by the Danites),[214] there was one
non-Christian spirit who had revered an idol during his physical life. He

listened intently to what happened to Micah and was deeply pained because
of the idol that the Danites stole. His distress overcame him and moved him so deeply that he scarcely knew what he was thinking because
of the depth of his pain. I sensed his pain and at the same time the innocence within his particular affections. There were some Christian spirits present who were surprised that this idolater was moved by such mercy and such an affection of innocence.

Later some good spirits talked with him and told him that he should not revere idols and that he could understand this because he himself was
a human being. Rather, his thought should reach beyond the idol to the God who was creator and ruler of the whole heaven and the whole earth,
and who was the Lord. When he was told this, I could sense his deep feeling of reverence. It was communicated to me as something much holier than what could be found among Christians. I could gather from this that non-Christians come into heaven more readily than Christians nowadays, in keeping with the Lord's words in Luke:

> Then they will come from the east and the west and the north and the south and will recline in the kingdom of God; and indeed there will be many of the last who will be first, and of the first who will be last. (Luke 13:29–30)

Because of the state he was in, that is, he could absorb all matters of faith
and could accept them with a deep inner affection. There was a loving mercy about him and in his ignorance an innocence; and when these are present, all matters of faith are accepted spontaneously, so to speak,
and with joy. After this, the non-Christian spirit was accepted among the angels.

One morning I heard a far off chorus. I could tell from images of the chorus that they were Chinese, since they presented to view a kind of woolly goat and a cake of millet and an ebony spoon, as well as an image
of a floating city.[215] They were eager to come closer to me, and when we
were together they said that they wanted to be alone with me in order to
disclose their thoughts. They were told, however, that we were not alone,
and that the others were offended that they wanted to be alone, since they were guests. When they perceived this feeling of offense in their thoughts, their mood changed, since they had transgressed against a

neighbor, and since they had claimed as their own something that belonged
to others (in the other life, all our thoughts are shared). I was enabled to perceive their distress of mind. It involved a recognition that they might have injured them, and a sense of shame on that account,

along with other emotions characteristic of honest people, so that you could tell they were endowed with thoughtfulness.
I talked with them shortly afterward, and eventually mentioned the Lord. When I called him "Christ," I could sense a kind of resistance in them. The reason for this was uncovered, though. This derived from their experience in the world, from their having known that Christians lived worse lives than they did, lives devoid of thoughtfulness. When I simply mentioned "the Lord," though, they were deeply moved. Later they were taught by angels that Christian doctrine more than any other in the whole world demands love and thoughtfulness, but that there are not many people who live up to it.
There are non-Christian individuals who during their earthly lives have learned by hearsay that Christians live evil lives—lives of adultery, hatred, bickering, drunkenness, and the like—which appalled them because
things like this are contrary to their religion. In the other life they are particularly hesitant about accepting truths of faith. However, they are taught by angels that the Christian doctrine and the faith itself teach
something very different, but that Christians do not live up to their doctrines
as much as non-Christian people do. When they grasp this, they accept truths of faith and worship the Lord, but only after quite a while.
It often happens that when non-Christians come into the other life, if they have worshiped some god in the form of an image or statue or idol, they are introduced to people who take on the roles of those gods or
idols in order to help rid them of their illusions. After they have been with these people for a few days, they are taken away.
If they have worshiped particular individuals, then they are introduced either to those people themselves or to individuals who play their parts. Many Jews, for example, are introduced to Abraham, Jacob,Moses,
or David; but when they realize that they are just as human as anyone else
and that they have nothing special to offer them, they are embarrassed, and are taken off to whatever place is in keeping with their lives.
Of non-Christians, the Africans are especially valued in heaven. They accept the good and true things of heaven more readily than others do.

They want especially to be called obedient, but not faithful. They say that Christians could be called “faithful,” since they have a doctrine of faith, but only if they accept the doctrine—or, as the Africans say, if they
can accept it.[216]
I have talked with some people who were in the early church.[217] (By “the early church,” we mean the religious culture [that prevailed] after the flood over many kingdoms, throughout Assyria, Mesopotamia, Syria, Ethiopia, Arabia, Libya, Egypt, Philistia as far as Tyre and Sidon, and the

d. The first or earliest church on this planet was the one described in the opening chapters of Genesis, and this church was above all heavenly: 607, 895, 920, 1121, 1122, 1123, 1124, 2896, 4493,
8891, 9942, 10545. What those people are like in heaven: 1114–1125. There were various churches
after the flood, referred to as the early church; together with some description: 1125, 1126, 1127,
1327, 10355. What the people of the early church were like: 609 *[607],* 895. The early churches were symbolic churches: 519, 521, 2896. There was a Word in the early church, but it has been lost: 2897. What the early church was like as it began to decline: 1128. The difference between the
earliest church and the early church: 597, 607, 640, 641, 765, 784, 895, 4493. The statutes, judg -
ments, and laws that were obligatory in the Jewish church were to some extent like those of the early church: 4288, 4449, 10149. The Lord was the God of the earliest church and of the early church, and was known as Jehovah: 1343, 6846.

land of Canaan on both sides of the Jordan.)[d] People then knew about the Lord who was going to come, and they absorbed the good qualities of
faith; but nevertheless they did fall away and become idolaters. They are
in the front toward the left[218] in a dark area, and are in a sorry state. They
have piping, monotone voices, and practically no rational thought. They said they had been there for centuries and that sometimes they were let out in order to be of some menial service to others.
This led me to reflect on the many Christians who are not idolaters outwardly but are inwardly because they actually worship themselves and
the world, and at heart deny the Lord. This is the kind of lot that awaits them in the other life.
It has been explained in §3 0 8 a b ove that the Lord’s church is s p read throughout the whole world. It is universal, then, and consists of all individuals who have lived in the virtue of thoughtfulness acc o rding to the principles of their religions. In relation to the people outside it, the church where the Wo rd is and the Lord is know n t h rough it is like the heart and lungs of the human body, which give

life to all the organs and members of the body according to their forms, locations, and connections.

Children in Heaven

SOME people believe that only children born in the church get into heaven, not children born outside the church. They say this is because children born in the church are baptized and are introduced into the

a. Baptism means regeneration by the Lord by means of truths of faith from the Word: 4255, 5120, 9089 *[9088],* 10239, 10386, 10387, 10388, 10392. Baptism is a sign that a person belongs to the church where the Lord, the source of rebirth, is acknowledged: 10386, 10387, 10388. Baptism does not give either faith or salvation, but bears witness to the fact that the people who will be accepted [into heaven] will be the ones who have been reborn: 10391.

faith of the church by this baptism. They do not realize that no one gets either heaven or faith by baptism. Baptism serves only as a sign and reminder that we need to be reborn, and that people born in the church can be reborn because the Word is there, the Word that contains the divine truths that make regeneration possible. The church is where the Lord, who is the source of rebirth, is known.[a]

May it be known, therefore, that every child who dies, no matter where he or she was born, within the church or outside it, of devout or irreverent parents, is accepted by the Lord after death, brought up in heaven, taught according to the divine design and filled with affections for what is good and through them with direct knowledge of the truth; and then, being continually perfected in intelligence and wisdom, all such individuals are led into heaven and become angels.

Anyone who thinks rationally can realize that no one is born for hell—everyone is born for heaven. We ourselves are to blame if we arrive in hell, but children are not yet liable for any blame.

Children who die are still children in the other life. They have the same kind of childlike mind, the same innocence in their ignorance, the same total delicateness—they are only in the rudiments of becoming angels; for children are not angels in being but only angels in becoming. Actually everyone who leaves this world stays in the same state of life—a baby is in the state of a baby, a child in the state of a child, an adolescent or adult or senior in the state of an adolescent, an adult, or a senior.

However, this state eventually changes. A child's state is better than the
others, though, in regard to innocence, and in regard to the fact that children
have not yet let evils take root in them by actually living them. The quality of innocence is such that everything heavenly can be sown in it, because innocence is the vessel of the truths of faith and the good affections
of love.
The condition of children in the other life is vastly better than that of children in our world because they are not clothed with an earthly body.
Instead, they have an angelic one. An earthly body is inherently heavy. It
does not receive its primary sensations and primary impulses from the inner
or spiritual world but from the outer or natural one; so children in this world learn by practice to walk, to do things, and to talk—even their

senses, such as sight and hearing, are developed by use. It is different for
children in the other life. Because they are spirits, their actions are impelled
directly by their inner natures. They walk without practice and
even talk, though at first this is just a matter of general affections as yet undifferentiated into mental concepts. However, they are very soon introduced
into these latter as well, since their outer natures are in such
concord with their inner natures. Then too, angels' speech flows from their affections, varied by the concepts of their thought, so that their speech is in perfect agreement with the thoughts that arise from their affections
(see §§234–245 above).
As soon as children are reawakened (which happens immediately after their death), they are taken to heaven and given to female angels who had loved children tenderly during their physical lives and had loved God
as well. Since in this world they had loved all children with a kind of maternal
tenderness, they accept these new ones as their own, and the children love them as their mothers as though this were inborn in them. Each such angel has as many children as her spiritual maternal nature wants.
This heaven can be seen in the forward part of the forehead, directly

on the line or radius along which angels look at the Lord.[219] The reason for this location is that children are under the direct care of the Lord. Into them flows the heaven of innocence, which is the third heaven. Children have different natures. Some have the nature of spiritual angels, some the nature of heavenly angels. The children of a heavenly nature appear on the right in heaven, and the ones of a spiritual nature on the left. All the children in the universal human that is heaven are in the province of the eyes, with the ones of a spiritual nature in the province of the left eye and the ones of a heavenly nature in the province
of the right eye. This is because to angels of the spiritual kingdom, the Lord appears to be in front of the left eye and to angels of the heavenly kingdom he appears to be in front of the right eye (see §118 above). Since
children are in the province of the eye in the universal human or heaven,
we can see that they are under the Lord's direct view and care.
We need to explain briefly how children are brought up in heaven. They learn to talk from their nurse. Their first speech is only the sound of their affection, which gradually becomes more articulated to the extent
that the concepts they are thinking enter in, since such concepts arising from affections make up the whole angelic language, as may be seen in §§234–245.
The first things instilled into these affections (which all stem from their innocence) are the kinds of thing they see with their eyes that particularly
delight them; and since these are from a spiritual origin, aspects

of heaven flow into them that serve to open their deeper natures. In this way they become more perfect every day. Once this first age has been completed, they are taken to another heaven where they are taught by instructors,
and so on.
Children are taught especially by images suited to their natures, images that are unbelievably lovely and full of wisdom from within. In this way, there is gradually instilled into them an intelligence that derives its
essence from goodness. I may cite at this point two examples I have been
allowed to see that will serve to suggest the nature of the rest.
At first, the Lord was pictured rising from the tomb, and along with this, the uniting of his human nature with his divine nature. This was

done in such a wise manner as to surpass all human wisdom, but at the same time with a childlike innocence. The idea of a tomb was presented,
but with the Lord present only so remotely that one could hardly tell that
it was the Lord, as though he were far off. This was because there is a sense of death in the notion of a tomb, which they were removing by this
means. Then something ethereal, something that looked faint and watery
was carefully let into the tomb, referring to the spiritual life represented
by baptism, again from a proper distance.

Then I saw a representation of the Lord coming down to the captives and rising with the captives into heaven, presented with incomparable care and reverence. The childlike aspect of this was that little cords were
let down, almost invisible, as soft and delicate as possible, which supported
the Lord in his ascent. Throughout it all, there was a holy fear lest anything in the images should touch on a matter in which there was not something spiritual and heavenly.

There were other representations that engaged the children as well—for example, plays suited to the minds of children—through which they were led into awareness of truth and affections for what is good.

I was also shown the nature of their delicate understanding. When I was saying the Lord's Prayer and they were flowing into my concepts from their own comprehension, I noticed that their inflow was so delicate
and gentle that it was almost nothing but a feeling. At the same
time, I noted that their understanding had been opened to the Lord, for it was as though what was coming from them was flowing through them.

In fact, the Lord flows into children's concepts, primarily from the deepest
ones. Nothing has closed these off, as happens with adults—no principles
of falsity closing them off from true understanding, no life of evil closing them off from accepting what is good and thus from being wise.

We may gather from all this that children do not become angels immediately
after their death but are gradually led [into heaven] through

awareness of what is good and true, all according to the design of heaven.

This is because the least details of their nature are known to the Lord, so they are led, in cooperation with every least impulse of their inclinations, toward the acceptance of truths that arise from good and the good that is done from truth.

I have also been shown how all these things are instilled using delightful and charming means that are suited to their natures. I have in fact been allowed to see children clothed most becomingly, with garlands of flowers around their chests glowing with the most charming and heavenly colors, and similar ones around their slender arms. Once I was even allowed to see some children with their nurses, in the company of some young women in a paradisal garden—not a garden of trees, but one with vaulted arches of something like laurels making the most intricate doorways with paths offering access inward—and the children themselves dressed with like beauty. When they entered, the flowers over the entrance radiated the most joyous light imaginable. This enabled me to gather what their delights were like and how they were led into the blessings of innocence and thoughtfulness by things charming and delightful, with the Lord constantly instilling blessings by means of these charming and delightful gifts.

By a means of communication that is common in the other life, I have been shown what children's concepts are like when they are looking at various objects. It is as though everything were alive; so in the smallest concepts of their thought there is an inherent life. I gathered that children on earth have concepts that are much the same when they are involved in their play, for they do not yet have the kind of reflective thought that grownups have about what is inanimate.

I mentioned earlier that children have either a heavenly or a spiritual nature. You can tell the ones of a heavenly nature from the ones of a spiritual nature very clearly. The former think and talk and act more gently,

so that hardly anything is perceptible but something flowing from a love of what is good, a love for the Lord and for other children. The latter do not think and talk and act so gently. Instead, there is something like fluttering
wings that shows in them in small ways. Then too, it can be seen in their annoyance, as well as in other things.

Many people think that children remain children in heaven and are like children among the angels. People who do not know what an angel is
can corroborate this opinion because of the images here and there in churches, where angels are represented as children. However, things are
actually very different. Intelligence and wisdom make an angel, qualities
that they do not have as long as they are children. Children are with the

b. Spiritual food is information, intelligence, and wisdom, and therefore the goodness and the truth that are their source: 3114, 4459, 4792, 5147, 5293, 5340, 5342, 5410, 5426, 5576, 5582, 5588,
5656 *[5655],* 8562, 9003. So "food" in a spiritual sense is whatever comes forth from the mouth of
the Lord: 681. "Bread" means all food in general, so it means all heavenly and spiritual good: 276,
680, 2165, 2177, 3478, 6118, 8410. This is because they nourish the mind, which belongs to the inner
person: 4459, 5293, 5576, 6277, 8418 *[8410].*

angels, but they themselves are not angels yet. Once they are intelligent
and wise they are angels for the first time. In fact—something that has surprised me—then they no longer look like children but like adults, because
they no longer have a childlike nature but a more grown-up angelic nature. This goes with intelligence and wisdom.

The reason children look more grown-up as they are perfected in intelligence
and wisdom—that is, like adolescents and young adults—is
that intelligence and wisdom are the essential spiritual food.[b] So the things that nourish their minds also nourish their bodies, which is a result
of correspondence, since the form of the body is nothing but an outward
form of their inner natures.

It does need to be known that children in heaven do not grow up beyond

the prime of youth, but remain at that age forever. To assure me of this, I have been allowed to talk with some who had been raised as children
in heaven and had grown up there, with some while they were still children, and then later with the same ones when they had become youths; and I have heard from them about the course of their life from one age level to another.

We may gather from what has been presented above (§§276–283) about the innocence of angels in heaven that innocence is the vessel of everything heavenly and therefore that children's innocence is a matrix for all the affections for what is good and true. We explained there that innocence is wanting to be led by the Lord and not by oneself, so that the
extent to which we are in innocence determines the extent to which we are freed from preoccupations with our self-image. To the extent that we
are freed from this self-image, we gain an identity given by the Lord. The
Lord's identity is what is called the Lord's righteousness and worth. Children's innocence, though, is not real innocence, because it still lacks wisdom. Real innocence is wisdom because to the extent that we are wise we want to be led by the Lord; or what amounts to the same thing, to the extent that we love being led by the Lord, we are wise.

[2] So children are brought through from the outward innocence that c h a r a c t e r i zes them at first, which is called the innocence of infancy, to the
inner innocence that is the innocence of wisdom. This latter innocence is

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c. We are all born in evils of every kind, to the point that our own identity is nothing but evil: 210, 215, 731, 874, 875, 876, 987, 1047, 2307, 2308, 3518, 3701, 3812, 8480, 8550, 10283, 10284,
10286, 10731 *[10732].* So we need to be reborn—that is, regenerated: 3701. The evil we inherit is
loving ourselves more than God and the world more than heaven, and regarding our neighbor as
nothing compared to ourselves, except for our own benefit and therefore for ourselves; so that inheritance
is love for oneself and for the world: 694, 731, 4317, 5660. It is from love for oneself and
for the world, when they rule, that all evils come: 1307, 1308, 1321, 1594, 1691, 3413, 7255, 7376,
7480 *[7489],* 7488, 8318, 9335, 9348, 10038, 10742; which evils are a contempt for others, hostility,
hatred, vengefulness, cruelty, and deceit: 6667, 7372, 7373, 7374, 9348, 10038, 10742; and from
these evils comes everything that is false: 1047, 10283, 10284, 10286. These loves rush in to the extent
that they are given free rein, and love for oneself aspires even to the throne of God: 7375, 8678.

the goal of their whole process of instruction. Consequently, when they

a r r i ve at the innocence of wisdom, the innocence of infancy that had s e rved them as a matrix in the interim is united to them.

[3] The nature of children's innocence was portrayed to me as something woody and almost lifeless that was brought to life as the children were brought toward fulfillment by discoveries of truth and the effects of what is good. Afterward the nature of real innocence was portrayed as a supremely beautiful child, naked and very much alive. The actual innocent people who are in the inmost heaven look to the eyes of other angels simply like children, some of them naked, since innocence is portrayed as a nakedness without embarrassment, as we read concerning the first man and his wife in the garden (Genesis 2:25). So too, when they lost their innocence they were ashamed of their nakedness and hid themselves (Genesis 3:7, 10, 11).

In short, the wiser angels are, the more innocent they are; and the more innocent they are, the more they look like children. This is why infancy in the Word means innocence (see above, §278).

I have talked with angels about children, wondering whether they were free from evils because they did not have any realized evil the way adults do. I was told, though, that they are equally involved in evil, even to the point that they too are nothing but evil.c,220 However, they, like all angels, are withheld from their evils by the Lord and kept focused on what is good to the point that it seems to them as though they were focused on what is good of their own accord. So to prevent children from having a false notion about themselves after they have grown up in heaven—a belief that the good that surrounds them is from them and not from the Lord—they are let back into their hereditary evils from time to time and left in them until they know and recognize and believe the way things really are.

[2] There was one individual who had died in infancy and grown up in heaven who had this kind of opinion. He was the son of a particular king; so he was let back into his own innate life of evil. I could tell then from the aura of his life that he had a drive to lord it over others and regarded adultery as of no concern whatever—evils that were part of his heredity from his parents. Once he recognized that he was like this,

though, he was again accepted among the angels he had been with before.

[3] In the other life, none of us suffers any punishment for inherited evil, because it is not ours. We are not at fault for our hereditary nature.

We suffer punishment for any actualized evil that is ours—that is, for whatever hereditary evil we have claimed as our own by acting it out in our lives.[221]

The reason grown-up children are let back into the state of their hereditary evil is not to punish them. It is to make sure they know that on their own they are nothing but evil and that they are borne from hell into heaven by the Lord's mercy, that they are in heaven not because they deserve it but as a gift from the Lord. This prevents them from inflating themselves over others because of the good that attends them, for this is in opposition to the blessing of mutual love just as it is against the truth of faith.

Several times a number of children have been with me in groups, before they had learned to talk at all.[222] They made a soft, formless sound, as though they were not yet able to act together the way they would when they were older. What surprised me was that the spirits who were with me could not keep from trying to get them to talk—this kind of impulse is innate in spirits. Every time, though, I noticed that the children resisted, not wanting to talk like that. I often picked up a reluctance, a distaste, that had a kind of resentment in it. Once they did have some power of speech, all they said was "That isn't so." I was told that this is a kind of testing of the children not only to accustom and introduce them to resisting whatever is false and evil but to keep them from thinking or speaking or acting at the bidding of someone else, so that they will not let themselves be led by anyone but the Lord.

We may gather from this what the upbringing of children is like in heaven—through an understanding of truth and a wisdom about what is good, they are led into an angelic life, which consists of love for the Lord and a mutual love in which there is innocence.

An example may serve to illustrate how different the upbringing of children on earth is in many instances. I was on the street of a large city and saw some boys fighting with each other. A crowd gathered and

watched this with great delight, and I was told that the parents themselves urged their children into fights like these. The good spirits and angels who were seeing all this through my eyes were so repelled that I could feel them shudder, especially at the fact that the parents were encouraging this kind of behavior. They said that by doing this they would at the very earliest age stifle all the mutual love and all the innocence that little ones receive from the Lord and lead them into hatred and vindictiveness.

So by their own deliberate practices they would shut their children out of heaven, where there is nothing but mutual love. Let any parents who wish well for their children beware of things like this.

We need also to describe the difference between people who die as children and people who die as adults. People who die as adults have a plane[223] acquired from the earthly, material world, and they take it with them. This plane is their memory and its natural, physical sensitivity. This stays fixed and then goes dormant; but it still serves their thought after death as an outmost plane because their thinking flows into it. This is why the nature of this plane and the way their rational activity answers to its contents determines the nature of the individual after death. People who have died in childhood and have been raised in heaven, though, do not have this kind of plane. They have a natural-spiritual plane because they bring with them nothing from the material world or their earthly bodies. This means that they cannot be engrossed in such crude affections and consequent thoughts. They actually derive everything from heaven.

Not only that, little children are unaware that they were born on earth, so they think they were born in heaven. This means they do not know what any birth is other than the spiritual birth that is accomplished through familiarity with what is good and true and through the intelligence and wisdom that make people truly human. Since these come from the Lord, they believe that they belong to the Lord himself, and love to have it so.

However, the state of people who have grown up on earth can become just as perfect as the state of children who have grown up in heaven if they move away from the physical and earthly loves, love for themselves and love for the world, and accept spiritual loves in their stead.

Wise and Simple People in Heaven

PEOPLE think that wise individuals will have more glory and renown in heaven than simple people because it says in Daniel, “The intelligent will shine like the radiance of the firmament, and those who have justified many,[224] like stars forever” (Daniel 12:3). However, not many people know who are meant by “the intelligent” and “those who justify.” The common opinion is that these are the people we call scholarly and learned, especially the ones who have had teaching roles in the church and have surpassed others in doctrine and in preaching—even more so if they are among those who have converted many to the faith. People like this are all considered “intelligent” in the world; but still, the people this verse is about are not intelligent in heaven unless their intelligence is the heavenly intelligence that we are about to describe.

Heavenly intelligence is a deeper intelligence arising from a love of what is true—not for the sake of any praise in the world or any praise in heaven, but simply for the sake of the truth itself, because it is profoundly moving and delightful. People who are moved and delighted by the truth itself are moved and delighted by heaven’s light; and if so, then they are also moved and delighted by divine truth and actually by the Lord himself, since heaven’s light is divine truth, and divine truth is the Lord in heaven (see above, §§126–140).

This light enters the deeper levels of the mind only, since the deeper levels of the mind are formed to accept it; and to the extent that it enters, it moves and delights because anything that flows in from heaven and is accepted has delight and pleasure within it. This is the source of a genuine affection for what is true—an affection for what is true for its own sake. People who are caught up in this affection (or in this love, which amounts to the same thing), enjoy heavenly intelligence and shine in heaven like the radiance of the firmament. The reason they shine is that wherever divine truth occurs in heaven, it shines (see above, §132); and by reason of correspondence, the firmament of heaven means the deeper intelligence, both in angels and in us, that is in heaven’s light.

[2] However, people who are engaged in a love for what is true for the sake of praise in this world or praise in heaven cannot possibly shine

in heaven, because they are not delighted and moved by heaven's light,

a. The world's light is for the outer person, heaven's light for the inner: 3222, 3223 *[3224],* 3337.

Heaven's light flows into our natural illumination, and as natural people we are wise to the extent that we accept heaven's light: 4302, 4408. Looking from the world's light, which is called natural illumination, things that are in heaven's light cannot be seen, but the reverse can happen: 9754 *[9755].* So people who are solely in the world's light cannot see things that are in heaven's light [reading *luce,* "light," for the nonsensical *lude* of the first edition]: 3108. The world's light is darkness to angels: 1521, 1783, 1880.

only by the world's light; and this latter light without the heavenly one is pure darkness.a Their own praise is actually in control because it is the goal they have in view, and when that praise is our goal, then we are focused primarily on ourselves; and the truths that are useful as means to our praise are regarded solely as means to an end and as slaves. This is because whenever we love divine truths for the sake of our own praise, we are focusing on ourselves in the divine truths and not on the Lord. This switches our sight (which is an activity of our understanding and faith) from heaven to the world and from the Lord to ourselves. This is why we are in the world's light and not in heaven's light.

[3] Outwardly, in each other's sight, they look just as intelligent and wise as people who are in heaven's light, because they talk in much the same way. They may even seem wiser outwardly, because they are energized by their self-love and have learned to imitate heavenly affections. Inwardly, though, as angels see them, they are totally different.

We may gather in some measure from this just who are meant by "the intelligent, who will shine like the radiance of the firmament." Now we need to explain who are meant by "the ones who justify many, who will shine like stars."

"The ones who justify many" means the ones who are wise. In heaven people are called wise if they are engaged in what is good, and people are engaged in what is good when they involve divine truths directly in their lives, since divine truth becomes good when it becomes a matter of life. Then it truly becomes a matter of intent and love; and anything that belongs to our intent and love is called good. This is why these individuals are called wise, since wisdom is a matter of life. In contrast, people are called intelligent if they do not involve divine truths directly

in their lives but consign them first to their memories and then draw them out and apply them to life. The nature and extent of the difference between these two kinds of people in the heavens has been presented in the chapter on heaven's two kingdoms, the heavenly and the spiritual (§§20–28), and in the chapter on the three heavens (§§29–40).

b. The Lord's worth and justice are the good that rules in heaven: 9486, 9986. Just people, or justified ones, are people to whom the Lord's worth and justice have been allotted, and unjust people are people who have their own justice and self-worth: 5069, 9263. The nature in the other life of people who have claimed righteousness for themselves: 942, 2027. Justice in the Word is ascribed to what is good and judgment to what is true, so to do justice and judgment is [to do] what is good and true: 2235, 9857.

People who are in the Lord's heavenly kingdom, especially the ones in the third or inmost heaven, are called the just because they do not ascribe any justice to themselves, but all justice to the Lord. The Lord's justice in heaven is the good that comes from the Lord,[b] so these are the people meant by "those who justify." They are also the ones the Lord was talking about when he said, "The righteous shall shine like the sun in my Father's kingdom" (Matthew 13:43). The reason they shine like the sun is that they are caught up in love for the Lord from the Lord, and this love is what the sun means (see above, §§116–125). Further, the light they have is fiery, and their individual thoughts have something flamelike about them because they are receiving the good of love directly from the Lord as the sun in heaven.

All the people who have acquired intelligence and wisdom in the world are received in heaven and become angels, according to the quality and amount of their individual intelligence and wisdom. Whatever we have acquired in this world stays with us. We take it with us after death, where it is increased and filled out, all within the level of our own affection and desire for what is true and good, and not beyond that level. People who have had little affection and desire accept little, but still as much as they can accept on their own level. People who have had great affection and desire accept much. The actual level of affection and desire is like a measure that is filled to the brim. This means more for people

whose measure is great and less for people whose measure is small. This is
because the love to which affection and desire belong accepts everything
that suits it, so the amount of love determines the amount of receptivity.
This is the meaning of the Lord's words, "To all who have, it will be given, and they will have more abundantly" (Matthew 13:12; 25:29); "Into
your lap will be given a good measure, pressed down, shaken, and overflowing"
(Luke 6:38).
Everyone is accepted into heaven who has loved what is true and good for the sake of what is true and good. People who have loved a great
deal are the ones who are called "wise," and people who have loved less are the ones who are called "simple." The wise ones in heaven are in

abundant light, while the simple in heaven are in less light, all according
to their level of love of what is good and true.
To love what is true and good for the sake of what is true and good is to intend and to do them, for the people who intend and act are the ones
who love, not the ones who do not intend and act. The former are the ones who love the Lord and are loved by the Lord, because what is good and what is true are from the Lord; and since they are from the Lord, the
Lord is within them (within what is good and what is true, that is); so he is also with people who accept what is good and what is true into their lives by intending and doing them.
Seen in our own right, we are nothing but our good and our truth, because the good is the substance of our volition and the true is the substance
of our understanding, and the quality of our volition and understanding determines our own quality as persons. We can see from this
that we are loved by the Lord to the extent that our volition is formed from what is good and our understanding is formed from what is true.
To be loved by the Lord is to love the Lord as well, because love is reciprocal. The Lord enables the beloved to love.
In this world, it is believed that people who are full of information—whether concerning the doctrines of the church and the Word or the arts
and sciences—see truths more deeply and sharply than others, and are

therefore more intelligent and wiser. These people believe the same about themselves. We need to explain below, though, what true intelligence and wisdom are, and what the counterfeit and false versions are.

[2] True intelligence and wisdom are seeing and grasping what is tru e and good; on that basis seeing what is false and evil, and distinguishing accurately between them; and doing this from insight and an inner perception.

T h e re are deeper and more external levels to eve ry individual, the deeper comprising what belongs to the inner or spiritual person and the outer what belongs to the outer or natural person. The way the deeper levels are formed and unite with the outer ones determines the way we see and perc e i ve. Our deeper levels can be formed only in heaven, while the outer ones are formed in this world. When the inner levels have been formed in heaven, then whatever occurs there flows into the outer leve l s that are derived from this world and forms them to be re s p o n s i ve — t h a t is, to act as one with the inner levels. Once this has been accomplished, we see and perc e i ve from within.

The only way these inner levels can be formed is by our focusing on the Deity and on heaven, for as already noted, the deeper levels are formed in heaven. We focus on the Deity when we believe the Deity and

believe that it is the source of everything true and good and therefore of all intelligence and wisdom. We believe the Deity when we want to be led by the Deity. This is the only way our deeper levels are opened.

[3] When we are devoted to this faith and are in a life in keeping with it, we enjoy the ability to understand and to be wise. However, in order to be intelligent and wise, it is fitting that we learn a great deal not only about heavenly matters but also about earthly ones. We learn about heavenly matters from the Word and the church and about earthly ones from the arts and sciences. To the extent that we learn and apply our learning to our lives, we become intelligent and wise, for to that extent our deeper vision, the sight of our understanding, and our deeper affection, which is the affection of our intentions, are perfected.

Of people like this, the simple ones are the ones whose deeper levels

have been opened but have not been so much developed through spiritual,
moral, civil, and natural truths. They grasp truths when they hear them, but do not see them within themselves. In contrast, the wise ones are the ones whose deeper levels have been not only opened but also developed.
They both see truths within themselves and grasp them.
We can see from all this what true intelligence and wisdom are.
By pseudo-intelligence and wisdom we mean not seeing and grasping what is true and good (and therefore what is false and evil) from within oneself, but only believing that things are true and good or false and evil
because someone else says so, and then ratifying it. Since such people are
not seeing what is true on the basis of its truth but only on someone's authority,
they can just as well latch onto something false as something true and believe it, and even rationalize it until it actually seems to be true. Whatever is rationalized takes on the appearance of truth, and there is nothing that cannot be rationalized. Their deeper levels are open only downward, and their outer levels are opened to the extent that they have
made up their minds. So the light they see from is not heaven's light but
the world's light, which is called "natural illumination."[225] In this light, false things can shine as though they were true. In fact, once they have become matters of complete conviction, they can even glow, though not in heaven's light.
The less intelligent and wise people of this sort are those who have convinced themselves of a great many opinions, and the more intelligent
and wise are the ones who have convinced themselves of fewer.
We can see from all this what pseudo-intelligence and wisdom are.
[2] However, this category does not include people who as children believed as true what they heard from their teachers, if in later youth, when they began to think on their own, they did not hang on to these

c. The part of wisdom is to see and grasp whether something is true before one ratifies it, not to ratify what we are told by others: 1017, 4741, 7012, 7680, 7950. Seeing and grasping what is true
before it is ratified is granted only to people who are moved by truth for its own sake and for the
sake of their lives: 8521. The light of ratification is a natural and not a spiritual light; it is a sensory
light that can be found among evil people as well: 8780. Anything can be rationalized, even false
things, so as to appear to be true: 2482 *[2477],* 2490 *[2480],* 5033, 6865, 8521.
d. The sensory level is the outmost level of our life, attached to and embedded in our bodies:

5077, 5767, 9212, 9216, 9331, 9730. We call people sense-centered if they evaluate and decide about everything on the basis of their physical senses and do not believe anything unless they see
it with their eyes and touch it with their hands: 5094, 7693. People like this do their thinking in their most external minds, and not more inwardly within themselves: 5089, 5094, 6564, 7693. Their deeper levels are closed, so that they can see nothing of divine truth: 6564, 6844, 6845. In short, they are in a crude natural illumination and can see nothing that comes from heaven's light: 6201, 6310, 6564, 6844, 6845, 6598, 6612, 6614, 6622, 6624. So they are profoundly opposed
to whatever involves heaven and the church: 6201, 6316 *[6310],* 6844, 6845, 6948, 6949. Scholars
who have convinced themselves in opposition to the truths of the church are sense-centered: 6316. A description of the nature of sense-centered people: 10236.

opinions but had a longing for truth, sought it because of their longing, and were moved inwardly when they found it. Because they are moved by truth for its own sake, they see what is true before they make it a matter
of conviction.c

[3] An example may serve to illustrate this. Some spirits we re engaged in
a conversation about the reason why animals are born into all the know ledge
that is appropriate to their natures, while humans are not. They we re told that this is because animals are wholly engaged in the pattern appro p r iate
to their lives, while we are not; so we have to be led into that pattern by means of insights and information. If we we re born into the pattern of our
l i ves, which is loving God above all and our neighbor as ourselves, we would
be born into intelligence and wisdom and there f o re into a trust in eve rything
true to the extent that our insights built up. The good spirits immediately
saw and grasped that this was so, simply from the light of truth. Howe ve r, some spirits who had convinced themselves of faith alone and had t h e re f o re pushed love and thoughtfulness aside could not understand it, because
the light of false convictions obscured the light of truth for them.

By false intelligence and wisdom we mean any intelligence and wisdom that is devoid of acknowledgment of the Divine. In fact, people who do not acknowledge the Divine Being but put nature in place of the Divine
all think on the basis of their physical bodies. They are merely sensec e n t e red, no matter how scholarly and learned they are considered in this
w o r l d .dTheir learning, though, does not rise any higher than the things in
f ront of their eyes in this world, things that they keep in their memory

e. The logical thinking of sense-centered people is both keen and skillful because they place all intelligence in talking from their physical memory: 195, 196, 5700, 10236. However, all this relies on deceptive sensory appearances: 5084, 6948, 6949, 7693. Sense-centered people are more canny and vicious than others: 7693, 10236. The ancients called people like this "serpents of the tree of knowledge": 195, 196, 197, 6398, 6949, 10313.

and inspect almost physically. This is the case even though the very same branches of knowledge serve truly intelligent people as a means of forming their understanding. By "branches of knowledge" we mean the various experimental disciplines such as physics, astronomy, chemistry, mechanics, geometry, anatomy, psychology, philosophy, and political history, as well as the realms of literature and criticism and language study.

[2] There are church dignitaries who deny the Divine. They do not raise their thoughts any higher than the sensory concerns of the outer person. They look on the contents of the Word as no different from knowledge about anything else; they do not treat those contents as subjects of thought or of any thorough consideration by an enlightened rational mind. This is because their own deeper levels are closed off, and along with them, the more outward levels that are next to these deeper ones. The reason they are closed is that they have turned their backs on heaven and reversed the things that they could see there, things that are proper to the deeper levels of the human mind, as we have noted before.

This is why they cannot see what is true and good—because these matters are in darkness for them, while what is false and evil is in the light.

[3] Nevertheless, sense-centered people can think logically, some of them actually with more skill and penetration than other people. However, they rely on deceptive sensory appearances bolstered by their own learning, and since they can think logically in this fashion, they think they are wiser than other people.[e] The fire that fuels their reasoning is the fire of love for themselves and the world.

These are the people who are devoted to false intelligence and wisdom, the ones meant by the Lord in Matthew: "Seeing they do not see, and hearing they do not hear, nor do they understand" (Matthew 13:13–15); and again, "Things are hidden from the intelligent and wise and revealed to children" (Matthew 11:25–26).

I have been allowed to talk with many scholars after their departure from our world, with some who were quite renowned and celebrated throughout the learned world for their publications, as well as with some who were not so well known but who still had within themselves a hidden wisdom.

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The ones who at heart denied the Deity, whether or not they acknowledged the Deity out loud, had become so stupid that they could scarcely understand any civic truth, let alone any spiritual truth. I could both comprehend and see that the inner levels of their minds were so shut off that they looked inky black (things like this are made visible in the spiritual world), and that this meant they could not bear any heavenly light or let in any inflow from heaven. The blackness that enveloped their deeper levels was greater and more extensive for people who had convinced themselves of their opposition to the Divine by means of their secular scholarship.

In the other life, people like this gladly accept anything false. They soak it up like a sponge soaking up water; and they repel anything true the way something bony and springy repels anything that falls on it. It is also said that if people convince themselves of their opposition to the Divine and their advocacy of nature, their deeper levels actually become bony. Their heads even look callused, as though they were made of ebony, and this reaches all the way to their noses, a sign that they no longer have any perception.

People like this are sunk in quagmires that look like swamps, where they are pestered by the hallucinations that their falsities turn into. Their hellfire is their craving for glory and fame, which leads them to denounce each other and to torment with hellish zeal anyone who does not worship them as gods. They do this to each other by turns.

This is what becomes of all earthly learning that does not accept light from heaven into itself by our acknowledgment of the Divine.

We might gather that they are like this when they arrive in the spiritual world after death simply from the fact that at that point eve rything in their natural memory becomes dormant, eve rything that is d i rectly united to their physical senses, like the academic disciplines we

listed just above. All that remain are the rational abilities that now serve as a basis for thinking and talking. We actually take with us our entire natural memory, but its contents are not open to our inspection and do not enter into our thought as when we we re living in this world. We cannot re t r i e ve anything from it and present it to spiritual light because the contents are not matters of that light. Howe ve r, the rational or cogn i t i ve abilities we acquired through the arts and sciences while living in the flesh do square with the light of the spiritual world. So to the extent that our spirit has become rational by means of our insights and learning in this world, we are rational after our depart u re from the

f. Information is a matter of our natural memory, which we have while we are in the body: 5212, 9922. We take our entire natural memory with us after death: 2475; from experience: 2481–2486; but for many reasons, we cannot pull things out of it the way we could in this world: 2476, 2477, 2479.

g. The loveliest colors can be seen in heaven: 1053, 1624. The colors in heaven come from the light that is there, and are modifications or shadings of it: 1042, 1043, 1053, 1624, 3993, 4530, 4922, 4742. They are appearances of truth from good, and refer to aspects of intelligence and wisdom: 4530, 4922, 4677, 9466.

b o d y. For then we are spirits, and it is the spirit that thinks within the b o d y.[f]

It is different for people who have acquired intelligence and wisdom by means of their insights and information, people who have applied everything to the service of their lives and have at the same time acknowledged the Divine Being, loved the Word, and led a life both spiritual and moral (as described above in §319). For them, learning served as a means to being wise and for substantiating matters of faith. The deeper levels of their minds are perceived and even seen as transparent to the light, with a bright color, fiery or azure, like that of clear diamonds or rubies or sapphires, depending on the support they derived, from their learning, for the Divine and for divine truths. True intelligence and wisdom look like this when they are presented visually in the spiritual world. This comes from heaven's light, which is divine truth emanating from the Lord, the source of all intelligence and wisdom (see above, §§126–133). [2] The focal planes of this light in which the shadings stand

forth like colors are the deeper levels of the mind; and it is the validations
of divine truths through what we find in nature—that is, by learning—that produce these shadings.[g] Actually, our inner mind probes the material
in our natural memory and uses the fire of heavenly love to refine (so to speak) the things there that support it, to draw them off and purify them to the point that they become spiritual concepts. We are not aware
that this is going on as long as we are in our physical bodies because in this state, though we are thinking both spiritually and naturally, we still do not notice what we are thinking spiritually but only what we are thinking naturally. However, once we have arrived in the spiritual world we are not aware of what we once thought naturally, in this world, only what we were thinking spiritually. This is how our state changes. [3] We can see from this that we become spiritual by means of our insights and learning and that these are means of becoming wise only for people who
acknowledge the Divine Being in both faith and life.
These people are received into heaven before others and live there with the ones who are in the center (§43) because they are in more light

than others. In heaven they are the intelligent and wise ones who shine like the radiance of the firmament and gleam like stars. The simple people
there, though, are the ones who have acknowledged the Divine Being and have loved the Word and led a spiritual moral life, but who have not developed the deeper levels of their minds through insights and learning
in the same way. The human mind is like soil whose quality depends on the way it is tilled.

References to Passages in *Secrets of Heaven* Concerning Different Types of Knowledge

[4] We should saturate ourselves with information and knowledge, because
it is through them that we learn to think, then to sort out what is true and good, and ultimately to be wise: 129, 1450, 1451, 1453, 1548, 1802.
Factual information constitutes the elemental basis on which our civic and moral lives as well as our spiritual lives are built and grounded; and it
is learned with a view to using it: 1489, 3310. Real knowledge opens a path to the inner person, and then unites that person with the outer in proportion to useful action: 1563, 1616. Our rational functioning is born

through information and knowledge: 1895, 1900, 3086. This does not happen through knowledge itself, however, but through the affection of putting it to use: 1895.

[5] There are facts that are open to divine truths and facts that are not: 5213. Empty information should be destroyed: 1489, 1492, 1499, 1580
[1581]. Information is "empty" if it aims at and strengthens love for ourselves
and love for the world, and if it leads us away from love for God
and our neighbor. This is because such influences close off the inner person,
even to the point that we cannot accept anything from heaven: 1563, 1600. Facts may be a means to wisdom or a means to insanity. Through them the inner person is either opened or closed, and rational functioning
either nurtured or destroyed: 4156, 8628, 9922.

[6] The inner person is opened and is progressively completed by means of information if we have constructive activity as our goal—

especially activity that focuses on our eternal life: 3086. Then the heavenly
and spiritual characteristics of our spiritual person reach out to the information that is in our natural person, and adopt whatever is suitable:
1495. Then the Lord draws out whatever is useful for heavenly life from the information in our natural person, by way of the inner person, and elaborates and exalts it: 1895, 1896, 1900, 1901, 1902, 5871, 5874, 5901.
Facts that do not fit, or that oppose, are banished to the sides and eliminated:
5871, 5886, 5889.

[7] The sight of the inner person selects from the information of the outer person only those items that suit its love: 9394. In the view of the inner person, the items that suit its love are in full light, in the center, while those that do not suit are off to the sides, in the shadows: 6068, 6085 *[6084].* Suitable facts are grafted onto our loves step by step, and, so
to speak, dwell in them: 6325. We would be born into discernment if we were born into love for our neighbor, but since we are born into love for ourselves and the world, we are born into complete ignorance: 6323, 6325. Information, discernment, and wisdom are children of love of God and our neighbor: 1226, 2049, 2116.

[8] It is one thing to be wise, another to be discerning, another to be well informed, and another to act; still, to the extent that we are alive spiritually, these follow in a sequence and are all together at once when

we act, or in our deeds: 10331. Further, it is one thing to be well informed,
another to acknowledge, and another to have faith: 896.
[9] The factual knowledge of the outer or natural person is in the world's light, while the truths that have become matters of faith and love,
and have thus come to life, are in heaven's light: 5212. Truths that are suited to spiritual life are grasped through natural ideas: 5510. Spiritual
inflow is from the inner or spiritual person into the information that is in
the outer or natural person: 1940, 8005. Facts are receptacles and, so to
speak, vessels of the good and the true elements of the inner person: 1469, 1496, 3068, 5489, 6004, 6023, 6052, 6071, 6077, 7770, 9922. They
are like mirrors in which the good and true elements of the inner person
appear as in an image: 5201. They are all there together in their most concrete
form: 5373, 5874, 5886, 5901, 6004, 6023, 6052, 6071.
[10] Inflow is spiritual and not physical: that is, there is an inflow from the inner person into the outer and therefore into its information, but not from the outer into the inner and therefore not from information into the truths of faith: 3219, 5119, 5259, 5427, 5428, 5478, 6322, 9110,
9111 *[9401].* We are to start from the truths of the church's teaching, which are drawn from the Word, and this teaching should first be acknowledged:
it is legitimate to consider facts on this basis: 6047. This

means that for people who are affirmatively disposed toward the truths of
faith, it is legitimate to use facts intellectually to confirm them, but not for people who are negatively disposed: 2568, 2588, 4760, 6047. People who will not believe divine truths unless they are convinced by the facts will never believe: 2094, 2832. To enter into the truths of faith from factual
information is disorderly: 10236. People who do this become insane in matters that concern heaven and the church: 128–130. They fall into the distortions of evil: 232, 233, 6047. In the other life, when they think about spiritual matters, they seem to become drunk: 1072. More on their
nature: 196. Examples illustrating that spiritual matters cannot be grasped if they are entered from factual information: 233, 2094, 2196,

2203, 2209. Many of the learned are more insane in spiritual matters than
simple people because they are negatively disposed, confirming [their opinions] by the information that is constantly and abundantly in their view: 4760, 8629.
[11] People who argue against the truths of faith on the basis of information
argue keenly because they depend on sensory illusions, which captivate and convince because they are hard to dispel: 5700. What sensory
illusions are and what they are like: 5084, 5094, 6400, 6948. People who understand nothing of the truth and who are also involved in evil can argue about what is true and good in matters of faith without understanding
them: 4213 *[4214].* It is not a matter of intelligence simply to confirm a dogma, but to see whether it is true or not before one confirms
it: 4741, 6047.
[12] After death, factual knowledge makes no difference—[what make a difference are] the things we have drawn out for understanding and life: 2480. Everything we have learned still endures after death; it merely becomes dormant: 2476–2479, 2481–2486.
[13] The same facts are false for evil people, because they are applied to evil ends, that are true for good people because they are applied to good ends: 6917. True information is not true for evil people, even though things seem true when they say them, because there is evil within
them: 10331.
[14] An example of the kind of craving for knowledge spirits have: 1993 *[1973].* Angels have a tremendous desire to know and to be wise, because
information, intelligence, and wisdom are spiritual food: 3114, 4459, 4792, 4976, 5147, 5293, 5340, 5342, 5410, 5426, 5576, 5582, 5588,
5656 *[5655],* 6277, 8562, 9003. The knowledge of the ancients was a knowledge of symbols and images, through which they led themselves into a familiarity with spiritual matters; but at the present time this knowledge has been totally effaced: 4844, 4749, 4964, 4965.

[15] Truths on a spiritual level cannot be grasped without a knowledge of the following universal principles:
1. Everything in the universe goes back to the good and the true and their union in order to be anything—that is, to love and faith and their union.
2. People have discernment and volition: discernment is the receptacle of what is true, and volition the receptacle of what is good. Eve rything in

us goes back to these two and to their union just as eve rything [in the u n i verse] goes back to the good and the true and their union.
3. There is an inner and an outer person, as distinct from each other as heaven and the world; yet they must become one if the person is to be truly human.
4. Heaven's light is the light the inner person is in, and the world's light is the light the outer person is in. Heaven's light is what is essentially divine and true, the source of all intelligence.
5. There is a responsiveness between the things in the inner person and those in the outer, so that things from either side appear in a different guise on the other side—so different that they cannot be identified without a knowledge of correspondences.

Without knowledge of these and many other matters, only incongruous concepts can be grasped and formed of truths on the spiritual and heavenly levels. This means that without these universal principles, the information and insights of the natural person can scarcely serve for the discernment and development of the rational person. This shows how necessary elementary information is.

Rich and Poor People in Heaven

THERE are various opinions about acceptance into heaven. Some people think that the poor are accepted but not the rich; some think that rich and poor alike are accepted; some think that rich people cannot

be accepted unless they give up their assets and become like the poor—and all of them support their opinions from the Word. However, as far as heaven is concerned, people who differentiate between the rich and the poor do not understand the Word. At heart, the Word is spiritual, though it is natural in the letter; so if people take the Word only in its literal meaning and not in some spiritual meaning they go astray in all kinds of ways, especially regarding the rich and the poor. They believe that it is as hard for rich people to enter heaven as it is for a camel to go through the eye of a needle and that it is easy for the poor by reason of their poverty, since it says, "Blessed are the poor, because theirs is the kingdom of the heavens" (Luke 6:20–21).

However, people who know something about the spiritual meaning of the Word think differently. They know that heaven is for everyone who lives a life of faith and love, whether rich or poor. We will explain below who are meant by "the rich" in the Word and by "the poor."

Out of a great deal of conversation and living with angels, I have

been granted sure knowledge that rich people enter heaven just as easily as poor people do, and that no one is shut out of heaven for having abundant possessions or accepted into heaven because of poverty. There are both rich and poor people there, and many of the rich are in greater splendor and happiness than the poor.

By way of preface, we may note that it is all right to acquire wealth and accumulate any amount of assets, as long as it is not done by fraud or evil devices.[226] It is all right to eat and drink with elegance, as long as we do not invest our lives in such things. It is all right to be housed as graciously as befits one's station, to chat with others like ourselves, to go to games, to consult about worldly affairs. There is no need to walk around looking pious with a sad, tearful face and a bowed head. We can be happy and cheerful. There is no need to give to the poor except as the spirit moves us. In short, we can live to all appearances just like worldly people. This is no obstacle to our acceptance into heaven as long as we keep God appropriately in mind and act honestly and fairly toward our neighbors. Our quality is actually that of our affection and thought, or our love and faith. Everything we do outwardly derives its life from these, since acting is intending and speaking is thinking. We act, that is, from our intent, and we speak from our thought. So when it says in the Word that we are judged according to our deeds and rewarded according to our works,[227] it means that we are judged and rewarded according to the thought and affection that give rise to our deeds or that are within our

a. It often says in the Word that we will be judged and requited according to our deeds and works: 3934. "Deeds and works" in the Word do not mean deeds and works in their outward form but in their inner form, because even evil people can do outwardly good deeds, while only good people can do things that are good both outwardly and inwardly: 3934, 6073. Our works, like all actions, derive their reality, their form, and their quality from our deeper levels, which pertain to our thought and intent, because they emanate from there; so the quality of the deeper levels determines the quality of the works: 3934, 8911, 10331. This means they depend on the quality of our deeper levels in respect to love and faith: 3934, 6073, 10331, 10333 *[10332]*. It also means that our works contain these qualities and in fact are these qualities in practice: 10331. To be judged and requited according to our deeds and works, then, is to be judged and requited according to these qualities: 3147, 3934, 6073, 8911, 10331–10333. To the extent that our works focus on ourselves and the world, they are not good—only as they focus on the Lord and our neighbor: 3147.

b. From love for oneself and for the world come all evils: 1307, 1308, 1321, 1594, 1691, 3413, 7255,
7376, 7480 *[7490],* 7488, 8318, 9335, 9348, 10038, 10742; which are contempt for others, hostility,
hatred, vengefulness, cruelty, and deceit: 6667, 7372, 7373, 7374, 9348, 10038, 10742. We are born
into these loves, so our hereditary evils are in them: 694, 4317, 5660.

deeds. This is because deeds have no meaning apart from these contents.
Their quality is wholly determined by them.a
We can see from this that our outer nature accomplishes nothing. It is our inner nature, which gives rise to the outer.
Take for example people who behave honestly and do not cheat others solely out of fear of the law and loss of reputation, leading to loss of respect or profit. If that fear did not restrain them, they would cheat others
as often as they could. Their thought and intent are fraudulent, even though their actions look honest in outward form. Because they are dishonest
and fraudulent inwardly, they have hell within themselves. But if people behave honestly and do not cheat others because this is against God and against their neighbor, then even if they could cheat someone they would not want to. Their thought and intent are their conscience, and they have heaven within themselves. In outward form, the actions of
the two kinds look alike, but inwardly they are totally different.
One person can live like another in outward form. As long as there is an inward acknowledgment of the Deity and an intent to serve our neighbor, we can become rich, dine sumptuously, live and dress as elegantly
as befits our station and office, enjoy pleasures and amusement,
and meet our worldly obligations for the sake of our position and of our business and of the life of both mind and body. So we can see that it is not as hard to follow the path to heaven as many people believe. The only difficulty is finding the power to resist love for ourselves and love of
the world and preventing those loves from taking control, since they are the source of all our evils.b The fact that it is not so hard as people believe
is what is meant by these words of the Lord: “Learn of me that I am

c. Thoughtfulness toward our neighbor is doing what is good, fair, and upright in all our deeds and in all our responsibilities: 8120, 8121, 8122. So thoughtfulness toward our neighbor extends to
every least thing we think and intend and do: 8124. Without a life of thoughtfulness, a life of piety is of no use, but with it, it is immensely productive: 8252, 8253.

gentle and lowly of heart, and you will find rest for your souls: for my yoke is easy and my burden light” (Matthew 11:29–30). The reason the

Lord’s yoke is easy and his burden light is that to the extent that we resist the evils that well up from love for ourselves and the world, we are led by the Lord and not by ourselves. Then the Lord resists those things within us and removes them.

I have talked after their death with some people who during their earthly lives had renounced the world and devoted themselves to a virtually solitary life, wanting to make time for devout meditation by withdrawing their thoughts from worldly matters. They believed that this was the way to follow the path to heaven. In the other life, though, they are gloomy in spirit. They avoid others who are not like themselves and they resent the fact that they are not allotted more happiness than others. They believe they deserve it and do not care about other people, and they avoid the responsibilities of thoughtful behavior that are the means to union with heaven. They covet heaven more than others do; but when they are brought up to where angels are, they cause anxieties that upset the happiness of the angels. So they part company; and once they have parted, they betake themselves to lonely places where they lead the same kind of life they had led in the world.

[2] The only way we can be formed for heaven is through the world. That is the ultimate goal by which every affection must be defined. Unless affection manifests itself or flows into action, which happens in sizeable communities, it is stifled, ultimately to the point that we no longer focus on our neighbor at all, but only on ourselves. We can see from this that the life of thoughtfulness toward our neighbor—behaving fairly and uprightly in all our deeds and in all our responsibilities—leads to heaven, but not a life of piety apart from this active life.[c] This means that the practice of thoughtfulness and the benefits that ensue from this kind of life can occur only to the extent that we are involved in our occupations, and that they cannot occur to the extent that we withdraw from those occupations.

[3] But let me say something about this from experience. Many people who devoted their energies to business and trade in the world, many who became rich, are in heaven. There are not so many, though, who made a name for themselves and became rich in public office. This is

d. It is from use and in proportion to use that everything good derives its delight: 3049, 4984, 7038; and its quality as well; so the quality of the use determines the quality of the good: 3049. All
the happiness and delight of life comes from use: 997. In general, life is a life of useful activities:
1964. Angelic life consists of the good fruits of love and thoughtfulness, and therefore of being useful: 453 *[452].* The Lord, and therefore the angels as well, focuses on nothing in us except our
goals, which are useful activities: 1317, 1645, 5844. The Lord's kingdom is a kingdom of useful functions: 453 *[454],* 696, 1103, 3645, 4054, 7038. To serve the Lord is to be useful: 7038. Our quality is determined by the uses we fulfill: 4054, 6815; with examples: 7038.

because these latter were led into love for themselves and the world by the profits and the positions they were given because of their administration
of justice and morality and of profits and positions. This in turn led them to deflect their thoughts and affections from heaven and direct them toward themselves; for to the extent that we love ourselves and the
world and focus on ourselves and the world exclusively, we estrange ourselves
from the Divine and move away from heaven.

Broadly speaking, what lies in store for rich people in heaven is this. They live more elegantly than others, some in palaces where everything within gleams like gold and silver. They have everything they need for a useful life. However, they do not set their hearts on such things but on their useful activities. These they see clearly and in full light, while the gold and silver are relatively hazy and shadowy. The reason is that in the
world they had loved being useful and had loved gold and silver only as subservient means. This is how useful things gleam in heaven—what works for good like gold, what works for truth like silver.[d] The quality of the useful functions they served in the world determines their wealth, their pleasure, and their happiness.

Good and useful activities include providing the necessities of life for oneself and one's own, wanting ample re s o u rces for the sake of one's
c o u n t ry and one's neighbor, whom a rich person can benefit in far m o re ways than a poor person can. [These activities are useful also] because
they lead the mind away from an idle life, which is destru c t i ve , since in that kind of life our thoughts turn to evil because of our inborn evil nature .

These useful activities are good to the extent that the Divine is within them—that is, to the extent that we focus on the Divine and on heaven and invest ourselves in these as good, investing in wealth only as a
subservient means.

What awaits rich people who do not believe in the Divine Being and

reject matters of heaven and the church from their minds is quite the opposite.
They are in hell, where they find filth and wretchedness and want. When wealth is loved as an end, it turns into things like these, and not

e. There is no direct mercy, only mercy through means—that is, for people who live according to the Lord's commandments, whom he in his mercy is constantly leading in this world, and afterwards
to eternity: 8700, 10659.

only the wealth itself but also what it is used for—the pampered living, the indulgence in pleasures, the wider and freer dedication to amorality,
the self-exaltation over people they belittle. Because these riches and these functions have nothing spiritual in them, only earthly qualities, they turn to filth. The spiritual aspect of wealth and its uses is like the soul in a body and like the light of heaven in moist earth. So a body without a soul becomes putrid, as does moist earth without the light of heaven. These are the people whom wealth has seduced and drawn away
from heaven.
After death, our ruling affection or love awaits each one of us. This is never rooted out to eternity because our spirit is exactly like our love; and
(what has not been known before) the body of every spirit and angel is an
outward form of her or his love that is completely responsive to the inner
form that is the character and mind of that spirit or angel. That is why you can recognize the quality of spirits from their faces, their postures, and their speech. That is why our own spirits are recognized in this world
if we have not learned how to pretend with our faces and postures and speech. We may gather from this that our own eternal quality is that of our ruling affection or love.
I have been allowed to talk with people who lived more than seventeen centuries ago, people whose lives are known from the literature of their own times; and I have been convinced that the same love they had then is still sustaining them.
We may also gather from this that a love of wealth and the usefulness it affords also remains with us forever, with exactly the quality it acquired
in this world. There is this difference, though: for people whose wealth served them as means to useful lives, it is turned into delights in keeping
with their usefulness, while for people whose wealth served them as

means to evil activities, it is turned into filth—filth that they enjoy just as much as they enjoyed their ill-used wealth in the world. The reason they enjoy the filth is that the foul pleasures and pursuits that were their practices in the world, and their greed (which is a love of wealth with no thought of use), correspond to filth. Spiritual filth is nothing else.

Poor people do not get into heaven because of their poverty but because of their lives.Our lives follow us whether we are rich or poor. There is no special mercy for the one any more than for the other.[e] People who have lived well are accepted; people who have lived badly are rejected.

f. High rank and wealth are not real blessings, so both evil and good people have them: 8939, 10755, 10776. Real blessing is the acceptance of love and faith from the Lord and a consequent union [with him], because these bring us happiness forever: 1420, 1422, 2846, 3017, 3408 *[3406],* 3504, 3514, 3530, 3565, 3584, 4216, 4981, 8939, 10495.

Poverty can actually seduce people and lead them away from heaven just as much as wealth can. There are many people among the poor who are not content with their lot, who covet much more, and who believe that wealth is a blessing;[f] so when they do not get what they want, they are enraged and harbor evil thoughts about divine providence. They envy other people their assets, and given the chance would just as soon cheat them and live in their own foul pleasures.

It is different, though, for poor people who are content with their lot, are conscientious and careful in their work, prefer work to idleness, behave honestly and reliably, and lead Christian lives. I have sometimes talked with rural and common people who had believed in God while they lived in this world and had behaved honestly and righteously in their jobs. Because they were impelled by a desire to know what was true, they kept asking what thoughtfulness and faith were, since they had heard a lot about faith in this world and were hearing a lot about thoughtfulness in the other life. So they were told that thoughtfulness is all about living and faith is all about doctrine. This means that thoughtfulness is intending and doing what is fair and right in every task, while faith is thinking what is fair and right; so faith and thoughtfulness go together like doctrine and a life according to it, or like thought and intent. Faith becomes

thoughtfulness, then, when we intend and do the fair and right things that we think. When this happens, they are not two but one. They understood
this perfectly well and were overjoyed, saying that in the world they had not understood believing to be any different from living.
We may gather from this that rich people arrive in heaven just as much as poor people do, one as easily as the other. The reason people believe
that it is easy for the poor and hard for the rich is that the Word is misunderstood when it talks about the rich and the poor. In the spiritual
meaning of the Word, “the rich” means people who are amply supplied with understandings of what is true and good, that is, people in the church where the Word is. “The poor” means people who lack these understandings
but who long for them, or people outside the church, where
the Word is not found.
[2] The rich person dressed in purple and fine linen who was cast into hell means the Jewish nation. Because they had the Word and were

g. Garments mean things that are true, and therefore insights: 1033 *[1073],* 2576, 5319, 5954, 9212,
9216, 9952, 10536. Purple means heavenly good: 9467. Linen means truth of a heavenly origin: 5319, 9469, 9744.
h. A camel in the Word means our cognitive and informational level in general: 3048, 3071, 3143,
3145. What embroidery, embroidering, and therefore needles are: 9688. To start from outward facts in order to gain access to truths of faith is contrary to the divine design: 10236. People who
do this become insane in matters of heaven and the church: 128, 129, 130, 232, 233, 6047; and in
the other life, when they think about spiritual things, they become virtually drunk: 1072. More about their nature: 196. Examples to illustrate the fact that spiritual things cannot be grasped if they are approached on this basis: 233, 2094, 2196, 2203, 2209. It is all right to go from spiritual
truth into the knowledge appropriate to our natural level, but not the other way around, because
there is an inflow of the spiritual into the natural but not an inflow of the natural into the spiritual:
3219, 5119, 5259, 5427, 5428, 5478, 6322, 9110, 9111 *[10199].* We need first to acknowledge the
truths of the Word and the church, and then it is all right to take our secular learning into account;
but not the other way around: 6047.

therefore amply supplied with understandings of what is good and true, they are called “rich.” The garments of purple actually mean understandings
of what is good, and the fine linen means understandings of what is true.[g] The poor person who was lying in the gateway and who longed to feast on the crumbs that were falling from the rich person’s table, who

was carried up into heaven by angels, means the non-Jews[228] who did not
have understandings of what is good and true but who still longed for them (Luke 16:19, 31).
The rich who were invited to the great feast but who excused themselves
also mean the Jewish nation, and the poor who were brought in to replace them mean the non-Jews who were outside the church (Luke 12:16–24 *[14:16–24]*).
[3] We need also to explain who are meant by the rich of whom the Lord said, “It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than
for a rich person to enter the kingdom of God” (Matthew 19:24). “The rich person” here means the rich in both senses, natural and spiritual. Rich people in the natural sense are people who have abundant wealth and set their hearts on it, while in a spiritual sense they are people who are amply supplied with insights and knowledge (for these are spiritual wealth) and who want to use them to get themselves into heavenly and ecclesiastical circles by their own intellect. Since this is contrary to the divine
design, it says that it is easier for a camel to get through the eye of a needle. On this level of meaning, a camel means our cognitive and informational
level in general, and the eye of a needle means spiritual truth.[h]
Nowadays people do not know that this is the meaning of the camel and the eye of a needle because there has not yet been any access to the

knowledge that teaches what is meant spiritually by the things that the Word says literally. There is spiritual meaning in the details of the Word,
and natural meaning as well; because the Word was written in pure correspondences
of natural realities with spiritual ones in order to effect a
union of heaven and the world, or of angels with us, once the direct union had ceased. We can see from this exactly who are meant by the rich in the Word.
[4] We may gather from a number of passages that on the spiritual level “the rich” in the Word refers to people who enjoy insights into what
is good and true and that wealth means those insights themselves, which
are spiritual riches: see Isaiah 10:12, 13, 14; 30:6, 7; 45:3; Jeremiah 17:3;
47:7 *[48:7];* 50:36–37; 51:13; Daniel 5:2–4; Ezekiel 26:7, 12; 27:1–36; Zechariah 9:3–4; Psalms 45:12;[229] Hosea 12:9; Revelation 3:17–18; Luke

14:33; and elsewhere. On the poor in the spiritual sense as people who do
not have insights into what is good and true but who long for them, see Matthew 11:5; Luke 6:20–21; 14:21; Isaiah 14:30; 29:19; 41:17–18; Zephaniah
3:12, 18 *[13].* An explanation of the spiritual meaning of all these passages
may be found in §10227 of *Secrets of Heaven.*

Marriages in Heaven

SINCE heaven comes from the human race, which means that there are angels of both sexes there, and since by creation itself woman is for man and man for woman, each for the other, and since this love is inborn
in both sexes, it follows that there are marriages in the heavens just as there are on earth. However, the marriages in the heavens are very different
from earthly ones. In the following pages I will be explaining how marriages in the heavens do differ from earthly ones and in what respects
they agree.

Marriage in the heavens is the union of two people into one mind. First, I need to explain the nature of this union. The mind consists of two parts, one called intellect and the other called volition.[230] When these two parts are acting as one, we call them one mind. In heaven, the
husband plays the role labeled intellect and the wife the role called volition.

When this union—a union of their deeper natures—comes down

a. The nature and source of marriage love are unknown at the present time: 2727. Marriage love
is willing what the other wills—mutually, then, and reciprocally: 2731. People who are immersed
in marriage love are living together at the deepest level of their lives: 2732. It is a union of two minds so that they become one because of their love: 10168, 10169; since the love of minds, which
is a spiritual love, is a union: 1594, 2057, 3939, 4018, 5807, 6195, 7081–7086, 7501, 10130.
b. Boys in the Word mean the understanding of what is true, or discernment: 7668; and men mean much the same: 158, 265, 749, 915, 1007, 2517, 3134, 3236, 4823, 9007. A woman means an
affection for what is good and true: 568, 3160, 6014, 7337, 8994; and the church: 252, 253, 749,
770; and so does a wife: 252, 253, 409, 749, 770; with some difference: 915, 2517, 3236, 4510, 4822
[4823]. In the highest sense, “husband and wife” describes the Lord and his union with heaven and the church: 7022. A young woman means an affection for what is good: 3067, 3110, 3179,

3189, 6731, 6742; and also the church: 2362, 3081, 3963, 4638, 6729, 6775, 6778 *[6788].*

into their lower, bodily natures, it is perceived and felt as love. That love is marriage love.[231]

We can see from this that marriage love finds its source in the union of two people in one mind. In heaven, this is called "living together," and they are not called "two" but "one." Consequently two spouses in heaven are not called two angels but one angel.[a]

The reason for this kind of union of husband and wife on the deepest levels of their minds goes back to creation itself. The male is born to focus on cognitive processes, and therefore bases his thinking on his intellect. In contrast, the woman is born to focus on intentions, and therefore bases her thinking on her volition. We can see this from the tendency or innate nature of each as well as from their form. As to innate nature, men do act on the basis of reason, while women act on the basis of their feelings.

As to form, the man has a rougher and less attractive face, a deeper voice, and a stronger body, while the woman has a softer and more attractive face, a gentler voice, and a softer body. This is like the difference between intellect and volition or between thought and affection. It is also like the difference between what is true and what is good or between faith and love, since truth and faith are matters of intellect, while good and love are matters of volition.

This is why a boy or a man, in the spiritual sense of the Word, means the discernment of truth, while a girl or woman means an affection for what is good. It is also why the church is called a woman or a girl on the basis of its affection for what is good and true and why everyone who is absorbed in an affection for what is good is called a young woman, as in the Book of Revelation 14:4.[b]

Both man and woman are endowed with intellect and volition, but for men intellect tends to take the lead, while for women it is volition that does so; and people are characterized by what is in control. There is

no controlling, though, in marriages in the heavens. The volition of the wife actually belongs to the husband and the intellect of the husband belongs

to the wife. This is because each wants to intend and think like the other, mutually, that is, and reciprocally. This is how the two are united into one.

This is a truly effective union. The intent of the wife actually enters into the thinking of the husband, and the thinking of the husband enters into the intent of the wife, especially when they look each other in the face, since as already noted there is a sharing of thoughts and affections in the heavens. T h e re is all the more sharing between a wife and a husband because they love each other.

We may gather from this what the union of minds is like that makes a marriage and that gives birth to marriage love in the heavens—it is that each wants his or her blessings to belong to the other, and that this is mutual.

I have been told by angels that the more two spouses are engaged in this kind of union, the more they are caught up in marriage love and, at the same time, in intelligence, wisdom, and happiness. This is because divine truth and divine good, the source of all intelligence, wisdom, and happiness, flow primarily into marriage love. This means that marriage love is the essential matrix for the divine inflow because it is itself a marriage of the true and the good. This in turn is because the nature of the union of intellect and volition determines the nature of the union of the true and the good because the intellect is a receptor of divine truth, being formed fro m t ruths, while volition is a receptor of divine good and is actually formed f rom things good. In fact, whatever we intend is good in our estimation, and whatever we understand is true for us. This is why it is all the same whether you talk about the union of intellect and intent or the union of the true and the good.

The union of the true and the good makes an angel, and also makes angels' intelligence, wisdom, and happiness. The actual nature of angels depends on how what is true in them is united to what is good, and what is good is united to what is true. In other words, the nature of angels depends on the way their love is united to their faith and their faith to their love.

The reason the divine nature that emanates from the Lord flows primarily into marriage love is that marriage love flows down from the

union of the good and the true, for as already noted, it does not matter whether you talk about the union of intellect and volition or the union of the good and the true. The union of the good and the true finds its origin in the Lord's divine love for everyone in the heavens and on earth.

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c. True marriage love finds its origin, its means, and its essence in the marriage of what is good and what is true, so it comes from heaven: 2728, 2729. About angelic spirits who can tell whether there is a marital quality present from people's concepts of the union of what is good and what is true: 10756. Marriage love precisely parallels the union of what is good and what is true, with some description: 1094 *[1904],* 2173, 2429, 2503 *[2508],* 3101, 3102, 3155, 3179, 3180, 4358, 5407 *[5807],* 5835, 9206, 9495, 9637. How and for whom the union of what is good and what is true takes place: 3834, 4096, 4097, 4301, 4345, 4353, 4364, 4368, 5365, 7623–7627, 9258. Only people who are focused by the Lord on what is good and true know what real marriage love is: 10171. In the Word, a marriage refers to a marriage of what is good and what is true: 3132, 4434, 4834 *[4835].* It is in real marriage love that the kingdom of the Lord and heaven is found: 2737.

Divine good emanates from this divine love, and divine good is accepted by angels and by us in divine truths, truth being the only vessel for the good. So nothing from the Lord and heaven can be accepted by people who are not interested in truth. To the extent that true elements are united to what is good within us, then, we are united to the Lord and heaven. This is the actual source of marriage love, which means that it is the actual matrix for the inflow of the Divine.

This is why the union of the good and the true in the heavens is called the heavenly marriage and why heaven is compared to a marriage in the Word and is even called "a marriage." It is why the Lord is called the Bridegroom and Husband, and heaven and the church are called the bride and wife.c

When the good and the true are united in an angel or in one of us, they are not two entities but one, since the good then follows from the true and the true from the good. This union is like the one that occurs when we think what we intend and intend what we think. Then our thought and our intention form a unity; the thought forms or presents in a form what our volition intends, and our volition gives it its appeal. This is also why two spouses in heaven are not called two angels, but one. Again, this is the meaning of the Lord's words,

> Have you not read that the One who made them from the beginning made them male and female and said, "For this reason a man shall leave his father and mother and cling to his wife, and the two will become[232] one flesh." So they are no longer two, but are one flesh. What God has

united, let no one sever. Not everyone accepts this word, only those to whom it is given. (Matthew 19:4–6, 11; Mark 10:6–9; Genesis 2:24)

Here we have a description of the heavenly marriage angels are in and at the same time the marriage of the good and the true. “Let no one sever what God has united” means that the good is not to be severed from the true.

We can now see from the foregoing where true marriage love comes from, namely that it first takes form in the minds of the individuals in the marriage and then comes down and flows into their bodies, where it is perceived and felt as love. Actually, everything that is perceived and felt in the body finds its origin in its spiritual counterpart because it comes from our intellect and volition. Intellect and volition make up our spiritual person.

Everything that comes down into the body from our spiritual person comes to view there in some other guise; but there is still a similarity and agreement like that between the soul and the body, like a cause and its effect, as can be gathered from what was presented in the two chapters on correspondences.[233]

I once heard an angel describe true marriage love and its heavenly pleasures along these lines: It is the Lord’s divine nature in the heavens, that is, divine good and divine truth, united in two individuals to the point that they are no longer two but one. The angel said that two spouses in heaven *are* that love because each is her or his own good and truth in both mind and body. This is because the body is the outward model of the mind, having been formed as its image. It follows that the Divine is imaged in two people who are immersed in true marriage love; and because the Divine is imaged, so is heaven, since the totality of heaven is divine good and divine truth emanating from the Lord. This is why everything heavenly has this love engraved upon it, along with so many blessings and pleasures that they cannot be numbered. Expressing the number with a word that suggested ten thousands times ten thousands, the angel was astonished that church people do not know anything about this when the church is the Lord’s heaven on earth and heaven is a marriage of the good and the true; and the angel described

being dumbfounded at the thought that adultery was practiced and even
rationalized more within the church than outside it, because spiritually understood (and therefore in the spiritual world), the pleasure of adultery
is essentially nothing but the pleasure of a love of the union of what is false and what is evil. This is a hellish pleasure, because it is diametrically
opposed to the pleasure of heaven, which is the pleasure of a love of what is true united to the good.

Everyone knows that two spouses who love each other are intimately united, and that the essence of marriage is the union of spirits or minds.

People might therefore realize that the essential nature of the spirits or minds determines the nature of the union and the nature of the love the two have for each other. The mind is formed from nothing but things that are true and things that are good, since everything in the universe goes back to the good and the true and also to their union. So the quality

d. Everything in the universe, both in heaven and on earth, goes back to what is good and what is
true: 2451 *[2452],* 3166, 4390, 4409, 5232, 7256, 10122; and to their union: 10555. There is a marriage
between what is good and what is true: 1094 *[1904],* 2173, 2503 *[2508].* What is good loves what is true, and from its love desires it and desires its union with itself, so it is in an unceasing effort
toward union: 9206, 9207, 9495. The life of the true comes from the good: 1589, 1997, 2579 *[2572],* 4070, 4096, 4097, 4736, 4757, 4884, 5147, 9667. The true is the form of the good: 3049,
3180, 4574, 9154. The true is to the good as water is to bread: 4976.

of the union of minds depends entirely on the quality of the true and good elements that constitute those minds. This means that the most perfect union is a union of minds formed from things that are genuinely true and good.

It does need to be realized that there is no greater love than the love between the true and the good, which is why real marriage love comes down from that love.[d] What is false and what is evil also love each other,
but this love later turns into hell.

We may conclude from what has been said thus far about the origin of marriage love just which people are actually involved in it and which people are not. People who are focused on divinely good realities because
of divine truths are in marriage love; and marriage love is genuine to the

extent that the truths that are united to the good are themselves more genuine. Further, since everything good that is united to truths comes from the Lord, it follows that no one can be in real marriage love who does not acknowledge the Lord and his divine nature, since apart from this acknowledgment the Lord cannot flow in and be united to the truths
within us.

We can see from this that people who are caught up in false thoughts are not invo l ved in marriage love, especially if those false thoughts stem from evil. In people who are engaged in evil and consequently
in false thoughts, the deeper levels of their minds are closed.

This means that there cannot be any source of marriage love within them. Howe ve r, on a lower level, in the outer or natural person divo rc e d
f rom the inner, there is a union of the false and the evil, a union that is called a hellish marriage.

I have been allowed to see what marriage is like between people who are caught up in false thoughts of an evil origin, which is called hellish marriage. They do talk to each other and even cohabit out of lust, but inwardly they burn with a mutual hatred so murderous as to be beyond description.

Marriage love does not occur between people of different religions, either, because the truth of one is not in harmony with the good of the

e. Marriages between people of divergent religions are not permitted because there is no union of
like good and truth on the inner levels: 8998.

f. Since husband and wife are to be one and are to live together at the very deepest level of life, and since the two together make one angel in heaven, genuine marriage love cannot exist between
one husband and more than one wife: 1907, 2740. Taking more than one wife at the same time is
contrary to the divine design: 10835 *[10837].* It is clearly perceived by people in the Lord's heavenly
kingdom that there is no marriage except between one husband and one wife: 865, 3246, 9902 *[9002],* 10172; because angels there are in a marriage of what is good and what is true: 3246.

The Israelites were allowed to take more than one wife and to take concubines in addition to their wives, but this is not allowable for Christians. This is because the former nation was focused
on outward things apart from deeper ones, while Christians can be intent on deeper ones and therefore on the marriage of what is good and what is true: 3246, 4837, 8809.

other, and two unlike and discordant entities cannot make one mind out of two. This means that the source of their love has nothing spiritual in it. If they do live together in harmony, it is strictly for natural reasons.e

For this reason, marriages in the heavens are contracted with people

within their own community because they are focused on similar kinds of good and truth, and they do not associate with people outside their community. It may be seen in §§41–45 above that all the people who are within a given community are focused on similar good and truth, and that they differ from people who are outside the community. This was also represented in the Israelite nation by the fact that they contracted marriages within their tribes and even within their clans, and not outside them.[234]

Genuine marriage love is not possible between one husband and more than one wife. Polygamy in fact destroys the spiritual source of marriage love, whose purpose is to form one mind out of two. It therefore destroys the deeper union of the good and the true that is the very essence of that love. Marriage with more than one is like an intellect divided among more than one will or like a person pledged to more than one church. This actually pulls faith apart so that it becomes no faith at all.[235]

Angels say that taking more than one wife is absolutely contrary to the divine design and that they know this for many reasons, including the fact that the moment they think about marriage with more than one, they are estranged from their inner blessedness and heavenly happiness.

They become virtually drunk because the good is severed from the true within them; and since the deeper levels of their minds come into this kind of state when they simply think about this with some slight intent, they perceive clearly that marriage with more than one woman closes their own inner nature and makes lust invade where there should be marriage love. Lust leads away from heaven.[f]

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They added that people on earth have a hard time understanding this because so few do experience true marriage love, and if people are not intent on this, they have absolutely no knowledge of the inner delight that dwells within that love. They are aware only of the delight of lust, a delight that turns disagreeable after people have lived together for a little while. The delight of real marriage love, though, not only lasts into old age on earth but even becomes heavenly delight after death, when it is filled with a deeper delight that becomes better and better to eternity. The angels even said that the blessings of real marriage love could be listed in the thousands, with not a single one known to people here or

comprehensible to the understanding of anyone who is not in a marriage
of the good and the true from the Lord.
Any love of control of one over the other utterly destroys marriage love and its heavenly pleasure, for as already noted, marriage love and its
pleasure consist of the intent of one belonging to the other, and of this being mutual and reciprocal. A love of being in control in a marriage destroys
this because the dominant partner simply wants his or her will to be in the other, and does not want to accept any element of the will of the other in return. So it is not mutual, which means that there is no sharing of any love and its pleasure with the other, and no accepting in return. Yet this sharing and the union that follows from it is the very inward
pleasure that is called blessedness in marriage. Love of being in control stifles this blessedness, and with it absolutely everything heavenly and spiritual about the love, to the point that even all knowledge of its existence is lost. One could even say that it is held so cheaply that the mere mention of [marriage] blessedness makes people laugh or flare up in anger.
[2] When one partner wants or loves what the other does, then there is a freedom for both, because all freedom stems from love. However, there is freedom for neither one when there is control. One is the servant;
and so is the one in control, because he or she is being driven like a servant
by a need to be in control. However, people who do not know what the freedom of a heavenly love is do not understand this at all. They might find out from the things just said about the origin and essence of marriage love, that as control comes in the door, minds are not united but severed. Control subjugates, and a subjugated mind either has no purpose or is of opposite purpose. If it has no purpose it has no love, and
if it is of opposite purpose there is hatred in the place of love.
[3] The deeper natures of people who live in this kind of marriage clash and struggle with each other, as is normal for two things that are opposed to each other, no matter how their outer natures are restrained

and tranquilized for the sake of peace. The clash and struggle of their inner
natures comes out after their death. They usually get together and then battle each other like enemies and tear each other apart. They are in

fact acting in accord with the state of their own deeper natures. I have occasionally
been allowed to see how they fight and tear one another; some instances are full of spite and savagery. Everyone's deeper levels are allowed
a certain freedom in the other life, being no longer constrained by outward considerations, for their worldly purposes. Then people are outwardly
what they are inwardly.

There is a kind of image of marriage love in some people, but it is not marriage love unless they are focused on a love of the good and the true.

It is a love that looks like marriage love for a number of reasons—we want to be taken care of at home, to feel secure, to be at peace or at leisure, to be taken care of when we are ill or elderly, or [to work together]
for the sake of beloved children. In some cases it arises from a fear of the spouse, because of what people will think, or for evil ends; and for
some it is lust that causes it.

Marriage love also differs between spouses. It may be more or less in one, little or none in the other; and since it may differ, it may be heaven for one and hell for the other.

Genuine marriage love is found in the inmost heaven because the angels
there are absorbed in the marriage of the good and the true and are in innocence as well. Angels of lower heavens are in marriage love too, but only to the extent that they are in innocence; because seen in its own
right, marriage love is a state of innocence. So between partners who are
in marriage love there are heavenly pleasures almost like games of innocence
to their minds, like those of babies, because there is nothing that does not delight them. Heaven flows into the smallest details of their lives with its joy. This is why marriage love is pictured in heaven by the loveliest things of all. I have seen it represented by an indescribably lovely
young woman enveloped by a white cloud. I was told that all the beauty of angels in heaven comes from marriage love. The affections and thoughts that flow from it are represented by gleaming auras, like those of fiery gems[237] or rubies, all this accompanied by feelings of delight that
move the deeper levels of the mind.

In a word, heaven portrays itself in marriage love because heaven for

angels is the union of the good and the true, and it is this union that constitutes
marriage love.
Marriages in the heavens differ from marriages on earth in that earthly marriages are also for the purpose of having children, while this is

g. Conception, giving birth, being born, and generations mean spiritual events that are matters of
what is true and what is good, or of love and faith: 613, 1145, 1755 *[1255],* 2020, 2584, 3860, 3868,
4070, 4668, 6239, 8042, 9325, 10197 *[10249].* Begetting and being born mean regeneration and rebirth
by means of faith and love: 5160, 5598, 9042, 9845. A mother means the church in regard to truth and therefore the truth of the church as well; a father means the church in regard to good and therefore the good of the church as well: 2691, 2717, 3703, 5580 *[5581],* 8897. Sons mean affections
for what is true and therefore truths: 489, 491, 533, 2623, 3373, 4257, 8649, 9807. Daughters mean affections for what is good and therefore things that are good: 489, 490, 491, 2362, 3963, 6729, 6775, 6778, 9055. A son-in-law means something true connected with an affection for the good: 2389. A daughter-in-law means something good connected with its truth: 4843.
not the case in the heavens. In place of the procreation of children there
is the procreation of what is good and true. The reason for this replacement
is that their marriage is a marriage of the good and the true, as presented
above, and in this marriage what is good and true is loved above
all, as is their union; so these are what are propagated by the marriages in
the heavens. This is why in the Word births and generations mean spiritual
births and generations, births of what is good and true. The mother and father mean the true united to the good that is prolific, the sons and
daughters the good and true things that are born, and the sons-in-law and daughters-in-law mean the unions of these [descendants], and so on.g
We can see from this that marriages in the heavens are not the same as marriages on earth. In the heavens there are spiritual weddings that should not be called weddings but unions of minds, because of the union
of the good and the true. On earth, though, there are weddings, because
they concern not only the spirit but the flesh as well. Further, since there

are no weddings in the heavens, two spouses there are not called husband
and wife, but because of the angelic concept of the union of two minds into one, each spouse is identified by a word that means “belonging to each other.”
This enables us to know what is meant by the Lord’s words about marriages in Luke 21:35–36 *[20:35–36].*
I have also been allowed to see how marriages are entered into in the heavens. Throughout heaven, people who are similar gather together and
people who are dissimilar part company. This means that every community
consists of like-minded people. Like are drawn toward like not by their own will but by the Lord (see above, §§41–45). In the same way, spouse is drawn toward spouse when their minds can be united into one.
So at first sight they love each other most deeply, see each other as married
partners, and enter into their marriage. This is why all of heaven’s

h. Acts of adultery are unholy: 9961, 10174. Heaven is closed to adulterers: 275 *[2750].* People who
feel pleasure in acts of adultery cannot enter heaven: 539, 2733, 2747, 2748, 2749, 2751, 10175.
Adulterers are merciless and have no religion: 824, 2747, 2748. Adulterers’ ideas are filthy: 2747,
2748. In the other life they love filth and are in that kind of hell: 2755, 5394, 5722. Acts of adultery
in the Word mean adulterations of what is good, and prostitution means the distortion of what is true: 2466, 2729, 3399, 4865, 8904, 10648.

marriages are the work of the Lord alone. They also hold a feast in celebration
with many people gathered; these feasts differ from community
to community.
Marriages on earth are the seedbed of the human race and also of the angels of heaven, for as already noted in its own chapter, heaven is from
the human race. For this reason, and because they do have a spiritual origin
(from the marriage of the good and the true), and because the Lord’s divine nature flows especially into this love, these earthly marriages are seen as most holy by heaven’s angels. Correspondingly, adultery, as the opposite of marriage love, is seen by them as unholy; for as angels see in
marriages a marriage of the good and the true, which is heaven, so in adultery they see a marriage of the false and the evil, which is hell. So if

they even hear adultery mentioned, they turn away. This is why heaven is
closed to people if they commit adultery because they enjoy it. Once it is
closed, the Divine Being is no longer acknowledged, nor is anything of the faith of the church.h,238

I could tell that everyone in hell is opposed to marriage love from the aura that emanated from hell. It was like a ceaseless effort to break up and destroy marriages. This showed that the dominant pleasure in hell is
the pleasure of adultery, and that the pleasure of adultery is also the pleasure
of destroying the union of the good and the true, the union that makes heaven. It follows from this that the pleasure of adultery is a hellish
pleasure, diametrically opposed to the pleasure of marriage, which is a heavenly pleasure.

There were some spirits who plagued me with particular ingenuity because of their practice during their physical life. They did this by a rather subtle inflow, almost wavelike, a kind that is characteristic of honest
spirits; but I could tell that there were elements of deception and the like within them, intended to ensnare and deceive. Eventually I talked with one of them who had been in command of an army when he lived in the world, so I was told. Since I could tell that there was something licentious
in what he was processing mentally, I talked with him about marriage in a spiritual language, using images—many of them very

brief—that expressed my sentiments fully. He said that during his physical
life he had thought nothing of acts of adultery.

It occurred to me to tell him, though, that acts of adultery are unspeakable,
no matter how different and even permissible they may look
to people like him because of the pleasure they are grasping and their consequent rationalizations. He might realize this simply because marriages
are the seedbed of the human race and therefore the seedbed of the kingdom of heaven. Because of this, they should never be violated but should be regarded as holy. He might also realize this because he must know that he was now in the other life and in a state to perceive that marriage love was coming down from the Lord through heaven, and that

mutual love, the foundation of heaven, was derived from that love as from a parent. There was also the fact that when adulterers merely approach
heavenly communities they become aware of their own stench
and dive down toward hell. He should at least know that violation of marriage is against divine laws and against the civil laws of all kingdoms
as well as contrary to genuine rational light because, among many other
things, it is contrary to both divine and human order.
However, he answered that he had not thought that way during his physical life. He wanted to quibble about whether this was true or not; but he was told that there is no quibbling about the truth. Quibbling favors
whatever pleases us, and therefore supports what is evil and false. He should first think about what he had been told, because it was true. Or again, he could start from the principle widely acknowledged in the world that we should not do anything to others that we do not want them to do to us. So if anyone had practiced this kind of deception on his own wife, whom he loved (as is the case in the early stages of every marriage), then when he was at the peak of his blazing rage about it and
gave voice to his feelings, wouldn't he himself hold adultery to be detestable
and, being intellectually gifted, wouldn't he of all people defend
his condemnation to the point of damning adultery to hell?
I have been shown how the pleasures of marriage love lead to heaven and how the pleasures of adultery lead to hell. The path of marriage love
toward heaven led into constantly increasing blessings and delights until
they were beyond number or description. The deeper they were, the more of them there were and the more indescribable they were, all the way to the delights of the inmost heaven, the heaven of innocence. All this was accomplished with the greatest freedom, because all freedom stems from love; so the greatest freedom comes from marriage love, which is the essential heavenly love.

a. The Lord's kingdom is a kingdom of uses: 453 *[454],* 696, 1103, 3645, 4054, 7038. Serving the
Lord is being useful: 7038. Everyone needs to be useful in the other life: 1103; even evil and hellish
people, but in a different manner: 696. Everyone's quality is determined by the use that individual
fulfills: 4054, 6815; with examples: 7038. Angelic blessedness consists of good, thoughtful deeds, and therefore of fulfilling uses: 454.
On the other hand, the path of adultery led toward hell, step by step

to the very lowest where there is nothing that is not grim and terrifying. This is the kind of fate that awaits adulterers after their life in the world.

By “adulterers,” we mean people who find pleasure in acts of adultery and not in marriage.

What Angels Do in Heaven

THERE is no way to list all the functions that people have in the heavens or to describe them in detail, though it is possible to say something on the subject in general terms; they are innumerable and vary depending on the roles of the communities as well. In fact, each community plays a unique role, since the communities differ depending on their virtues (see above, §41) and therefore on their function. This is because virtues for everyone in the heavens are virtues in act, which are functions. Everyone there does something specifically useful, for the Lord’s kingdom is a kingdom of uses.[a,239]

There are many services in the heavens just as there are on earth, since there are ecclesiastical, civic, and domestic affairs there. The existence of the ecclesiastical ones follows from what was presented above about divine worship in §§221–227, the existence of civic ones from what was presented about forms of government in heaven in §§213–220, while the existence of domestic ones follows from the material on angels’ homes and houses (§§183–190) and on marriages in heaven (§§366–386).

We can therefore see that the roles and services in any given heavenly community are multiple.

Everything in the heavens is arranged according to the divine design, which is managed everywhere by the oversight of angels, with the wiser ones tending to matters of the common good or use and the less wise to

b. Loving our neighbor is loving not the role but what is in our neighbor and is the source of our neighbor: 5 0 2 5, 1 0 3 3 6. People who love the role rather than the substance and source of the person love the evil just as much as the good: 3 8 2 0 ; and help evil and good people equally even though helping evil people is hurting good ones, which is not loving one’s neighbor: 3 8 2 0, 6 7 0 3, 8 1 2 0. Judges who punish evildoers in order to correct them and to keep them from corrupting and harming good people are loving their neighbor: 3 8 2 0, 8 1 2 0, 8 1 2 1. Every individual and community, the country and the church, and in the widest sense the Lord’s kingdom, are all “our neighbor,” and helping them out of a love for their welfare and according to their state is loving

our neighbor: this means that their welfare, which is to be focused on, is our neighbor: 6 8 1 8–6 8 2 4, 8 1 2 3.

smaller details, and so on. These matters are ranked just as uses are ranked in the divine design. This also means that importance is attributed to each role in keeping with the importance of its use. Angels, however, do not claim any importance for themselves but ascribe it all to the use; and since the use is the good that it serves and everything good comes from the Lord, they ascribe it all to the Lord. This means that if people think about respect for themselves first and for their use secondarily instead of for the use first and for themselves secondarily, they cannot hold any office in heaven because they are looking away from the Lord, putting themselves first and their use second. To say "use" is to mean the Lord as well, since as just noted use is something good, and good comes from the Lord.

This enables us to determine what rankings in the heavens are like, namely that we love, value, and respect the functionaries the way we love, value, and respect the functions that are associated with them, and also that these functionaries are loved, valued, and respected to the extent that they do not attribute their use to themselves but to the Lord. To that extent they are wise, and to that extent they fulfill their uses from good motives. Spiritual love, value, and respect are nothing but love, value, and respect for the use in the role, respect for the role because of the use and not for the use because of the role. If we look at people from a spiritually true perspective, this is the only way to see them. Then we see one person as much like another, whether their rank is great or small. The only difference we see is a difference in wisdom, and wisdom is loving use, which means loving the welfare of our fellow citizens, our community, our country, and the church.

This is also what constitutes love for the Lord, since everything good that is effectively good comes from the Lord. It also constitutes love for our neighbor, since our neighbor is the welfare that is to be loved in our fellow citizens, our community, our country, and our church, and that is to be fostered for their sakes.b,240

c. On angels with babies and then with children, and thereafter: 2303. We are awakened from death by angels; from experience: 168–189. Angels are sent to people in hell to prevent them from tormenting each other excessively: 967. On the services angels provide to people who are arriving

in the other life: 2131. Spirits and angels are with us all, and the Lord is leading us through spirits
and angels: 50, 697, 2796, 2887, 2888, 5847–5866, 5976–5993, 6209. Angels have power over evil
spirits: 1755.
d. “Angels” in the Word means something divine from the Lord: 1925, 2821, 3039, 4085, 6280, 8192. Angels are called gods in the Word because of their openness to divine truth and good from
the Lord: 4295, 4402, 8301, 8192.

All the communities in the heavens are differentiated according to their forms of service because they are differentiated according to their virtues, as has been noted above (§§41–45). Their virtues are virtues in action or acts of thoughtfulness, which are services. There are some communities
whose tasks are to take care of babies; there are other communities whose tasks are to teach and lead children while they are growing up; there are other communities that look after young boys and girls who are
well disposed because of the way they were raised in this world and have
come [straight] to heaven, where they are taught and raised in much the
same way. There are some that teach simple people from the Christian world and lead them on the way to heaven, and there are some that do the same for various non-Christian peoples. There are some that protect new spirits, just arrived from the world, from the attacks of evil spirits; and there are some who attend to people in the lower earth.[241] Then there are some who attend to people in the hells and control them so that
they do not torture each other beyond set limits. There are also some who tend to people who are being awakened from their death.

Broadly speaking, angels of all communities are assigned to us to protect
us, to lead us away from evil feelings and the evil thoughts that these cause and to instill good feelings to the extent that we are freely open to
them. These serve to control our deeds or works by removing our evil intentions
to the extent that this can be done. When angels are with us
they seem to dwell in our affections, near us to the extent that we are engaged
in something good because of truth, and distant to the extent that
our life is removed from such engagement.[c]

However, all these tasks are things the Lord does by means of angels, since angels do them not on their own but from the Lord. This is why in the deeper meaning of theWord “angels” does not mean angels but something
of the Lord; and this is why angels are called gods in the Word.[d]

These are general categories of angels' activities, but each individual has her or his own specific contribution to make. This is because every

general service is made up of countless elements that are called mediate or subservient or supporting services. All of these are arranged and ranked according to the divine design, and taken together they make up and complete an overarching function that is the common good.

The people in heaven who are involved in church affairs are the ones who loved the Word in the world and looked for truths in it with lively interest, not for the sake of eminence or profit but for the service of their own life and the lives of others. In proportion to their love and eagerness for service, they are enlightened there and are in the light of wisdom, attaining it because of the Word in the heavens, which is not natural the way it is in the world, but spiritual (see §259 above). They have the gift of preaching; and in keeping with the divine design, the ones who are more highly placed there are the ones who surpass others in the wisdom they derive from their enlightenment.

[2] The people who are involved in civic affairs are the ones who loved their country and its welfare more than their own, who behaved honestly and fairly out of a love for what is honest and fair. To the extent that they sought out laws of justice because of the urging of this love and thereby became discerning they enjoy the ability to fill governing offices in heaven. They perform these duties in the place or on the level appropriate to their discernment, which in turn is equivalent to their love of service in the common good.

[3] Further, there are so many offices and departments in heaven, so many tasks, that there are simply too many to list. There are relatively few in the world. No matter how many people are involved, they are all caught up in a love of their work and tasks out of a love of service—no one out of selfishness or a love of profit. In fact, there is no love of profit for the sake of livelihood, since all the necessities of life are given them gratis. They are housed gratis, clothed gratis, and fed gratis. We can see

from this that people who have loved themselves and the world more than service have no place in heaven. In fact, our love or affection invariably
stays with us after our life in the world. It is not uprooted to eternity (see above, §363).
Everyone in heaven is engaged in his or her work according to its correspondence,
and the correspondence is not with the work itself but with
the use of each particular task (see above, §112); and everything has a correspondence
(§106). When we are engaged in an activity or a task in
heaven that does answer to its use, then we are in a state of life very much
like the one we were in in this world. This is because what is spiritual and
what is natural act as one by means of their correspondence, but with the

difference that [after death] we enjoy a deeper delight because we are engaged
in a spiritual life. This is a deeper life, and therefore more open to heavenly blessedness.

Heavenly Joy and Happiness

HARDLY anyone nowadays knows what heaven is or what heavenly joy is. People who think about either subject come up with such pedestrian and crude notions that they scarcely amount to anything at all. I have had a wonderful opportunity to learn from spirits who were coming from this world into the other life what kind of idea they had about heaven and heavenly joy, for when they are left on their own, as they were in the world, they still think the same way.[242]
The reason they do not know about heavenly joy is that people who think about it at all base their judgments on the external joys of the natural
person. They do not know what the inner or spiritual person is, so they do not know what that person's pleasure and blessedness are. So even if they were told by people involved in spiritual or inner joy what heavenly joy is and how it feels, they would not be able to grasp it. It would have descended into an unfamiliar concept and therefore not into their perception, so it would have become one of those things that the natural person casts aside.
Everyone is capable of knowing that when we leave our outer or natural person we enter our inner or spiritual one; so we can also know that

heavenly pleasure is an inner and spiritual pleasure and not an outer or natural one. Since it is inner and spiritual, it is purer and finer and moves
our deeper levels, the levels of our soul or spirit.
We may also conclude from this that the quality of our pleasure follows from the quality of the pleasure of our spirit, and that the pleasures of our bodies, called “the pleasures of the flesh,” have nothing to do with
heaven by comparison. Whatever is in our spirit when we leave the body
remains with us after death, for we then live as human spirits.
All pleasures flow from love, because what we love we feel as pleasant. There is no other source of any pleasure. It follows, then, that the quality
of the love determines the quality of the pleasure. Pleasures of the body

or of the flesh flow from love for ourselves and from love of the world, and these are also the source of our urges and their gratifications. The pleasures of the soul or spirit, though, all flow from love for the Lord and
love for our neighbor, which are also the source of affections for what is good and true and of our deeper bliss. These loves and their pleasures flow in from the Lord and from heaven by an inner path, from above, and move our deeper natures. The other loves and their pleasures, though, flow in from the flesh and the world by an outer path, from below,
and move our outer natures.
To the extent that the two loves of heaven[243] are accepted and affect us, then, our deeper levels—levels of our souls or spirits—are opened; and they look away from the world toward heaven. To the extent that the
two loves of the world[244] are accepted and affect us, though, our outer levels—levels of the body or the flesh—are opened; and they look away from heaven toward the world. As loves flow in and are accepted, so their
pleasures flow in, pleasures of heaven into our deeper natures and pleasures
of the world into our outer natures, because as already noted all pleasure comes from love.
By its very nature, heaven is full of pleasures, even to the point that if we see it as it really is, it is nothing but bliss and pleasure. This is because
the divine good that emanates from the Lord’s divine love constitutes heaven both overall and in detail for everyone there; and divine love is

the intent that everyone should be saved and should be most profoundly and fully happy. This is why it is all the same whether you say “heaven” or “heavenly joy.”

He a ve n’s pleasures are both indescribable and innumerable; but no one can re a l i ze or believe anything about their multitude who is wholly wrapped up in pleasures of the body or the flesh. This, as I have alre a d y said, is because their deeper levels are looking away from heaven tow a rd the world, which is backward. For no one who is wholly invo l ved in pleasure s of the body or the flesh (or in love for oneself and the world, which is the same thing) feels any pleasure except in eminence or profit or in physical and sensory gratification. These stifle and smother deeper pleasures of h e a ven so completely that people do not even believe such pleasures exist.

So they would be quite bew i l d e red if they we re so much as told that any p l e a s u res remain once the pleasures of eminence and profit have been taken away; and they would be even more bew i l d e red if they we re told that the pleasures that take their place are countless and simply defy comparison with pleasures of the body and the flesh, especially pleasures of eminence and profit. We can see, then, why people do not know what h e a venly joy is.

We may gather the magnitude of heaven’s pleasure simply from the fact that for everyone there it is delightful to share their pleasure and bliss with someone else; and since everyone in the heavens is like this, we can see how immense heaven’s pleasure is. For as I explained above (§268), there is in heaven a sharing by everyone with each individual, and by each individual with everyone.

This kind of sharing flows from the two loves of heaven, which as noted are love for the Lord and love for our neighbor. These loves by nature want to share their pleasures. The reason love for the Lord is like this

is that because the Lord's love is a love of sharing everything it has with
everyone, it intends the happiness of everyone. Much the same love exists
in individuals who love him, because the Lord is in them. So there is a mutual sharing of angels' pleasures with each other. We shall see later that love for our neighbor is like this as well. We may gather from all this
that these loves by nature want to share their pleasures.

It is different for love for oneself and love for the world. Love for oneself takes away and carries off all the pleasure of others and diverts them to itself because it has only its own welfare in mind. Love of the world wants the possessions of the neighbor to be its own. So these loves
by nature want to destroy pleasures for other people. If they have any tendency to share, it is for their own interests and not for others; so in relation
to others (except insofar as they can appropriate and embody the pleasures of those others) they do not tend to share but to destroy.

I have very often been shown by vivid experience that this is what love for oneself and love for the world are like when they are in control. Whenever spirits who were engrossed in these loves when they lived as people in the world have come up to me, my own pleasure has waned and vanished. I have also been told that if people like these so much as move toward any heavenly community, the pleasure of the members of that community decreases in direct proportion to their presence. Remarkably,
too, the evil people are then delighted. I could see from this
what the state of the human spirit in the body is like, for it is much the same as it is after separation from the body. Specifically, they crave and covet the pleasures or assets of others, and to the extent that they acquire
them they themselves are pleased. We can see from this that love for oneself
and love for the world are destructive of heavenly joy and are therefore diametrically opposed to heavenly loves, whose nature is to share.

However, we do need to realize that if people are engrossed in love for themselves and love for the world, the pleasure they are feeling when they
move toward some heavenly community is the pleasure of their own cravings.

So it is diametrically opposed to the pleasure of heaven. They attain

the pleasure of their cravings when they succeed in stealing and taking

away heavenly pleasure from people who are absorbed in it. It is different
when no theft or removal occurs. Then they cannot get nearer because to
the extent that they do, they are plunged into pain and torment. This is why they rarely dare to approach. This too I have been shown by an abundance of experience, some of which I should like to present.

[2] There is nothing spirits want more when they are arriving in the other life from this world than to get into heaven. Almost all of them expect
to because they believe that heaven is simply a matter of being let in and accepted. Because this is what they want, then, they are taken to some community of the outmost heaven. If they are devoted to love for themselves and the world, then the moment they reach the first border of
that heaven they begin to feel pain and to be so tormented within that they feel as though they were in hell rather than in heaven. So they themselves
dive down headlong and are not at rest until they are with their own kind in the hells.

[3] It has also often happened that spirits like this have wanted to find out what heavenly joy is, and when they have heard that it is within the deeper nature of angels, they have sought to share in it for themselves.

So this too was done, because when spirits are not yet in heaven or in hell, whatever they want is granted if it may do any good. Once communication
was established, they began to feel such agony that they did not know how to control their bodies because of the pain. It looked as though they pushed their heads down to their feet and threw themselves
on the ground and twisted themselves into loops like snakes, all because
of their inner agony. This was the effect that heavenly pleasure had on people whose pleasures stemmed from love for themselves and love for the world. The reason is that these loves are diametrically opposed, and when a love meets its opposite this kind of pain results. Further, since heavenly pleasure comes in by an inner path and flows into an opposing pleasure, it twists the deeper levels that are engrossed in that pleasure backward, in the opposite direction. This results in this kind of agony.

[4] As I have already noted, the reason these loves are contrary to each other is that love for the Lord and love for our neighbor want to share everything with others. This is in fact their delight. But self-love and love for the world want to take things away from others for themselves,
and find pleasure to the extent that they can succeed.

This also enables us to realize why hell is separated from heaven. It is because all the people who are in hell, while they lived in the world, were wholly focused on pleasures of the body and the flesh because of their love for themselves and love for the world; while all the people who are in

heaven, while they lived in the world, were focused on pleasures of the soul and the spirit because of their love for the Lord and their love for their neighbor. Since these loves are opposed to each other, the hells and the heavens are completely separated, even to the point that spirits who are in hell do not dare stick out a single finger or raise the top of their heads, for the moment they do so, even the slightest bit, they are in torment and agony. This too I have often seen.

As long as people who are caught up in the love for themselves and the world are living in the body, they feel the pleasure that stems from those loves and the pleasure of the gratifications that result from those loves. As long as people who are focused on love for God and love for their neighbor are living in the body, though, they have no obvious sense of the pleasure that stems from those loves and from the good affections that arise from them. All they feel is a sense of well-being that is barely perceptible because it is hidden away in their deeper natures, veiled by the outer sensations of their bodies and dulled by the cares of this world.

Our state changes completely after death, however. Then the pleasures of love for ourselves and the world turn into painful and fearful sensations because within them is what we call hellfire, and also into foul and unclean things that answer to their filthy gratifications—all of which, remarkably enough, are now quite delightful to them.

In contrast, the faint sense of pleasure, the almost imperceptible sense of well-being that was found in people who were focused on love for God and love for their neighbor in the world, turns into the pleasure of heaven, perceptible and palpable in countless ways. That sense of wellbeing that had been lying hidden in their deeper natures while they lived in the world is now unveiled and released into open sensation, because now they are in the spirit, and this was the delight of their spirit.

All the pleasures of heaven are united to forms of service and dwell

within them, because forms of service are the good effects of the love and
thoughtfulness that angels are immersed in. Consequently, the nature of
each individual's pleasures depends on the nature of that individual's service,
and its intensity depends on the intensity of the affection for service.
We can be assured that heaven's pleasures are pleasures of service by comparing them with our own five physical senses. Each sense has its own pleasure in accord with the service it performs. Sight has its pleasure,
hearing its own, smell its own, taste its own, and touch its own. The pleasure of sight derives from beauty and forms, that of hearing from harmonies, of smell from fragrances, of taste from flavors. Anyone who reflects knows what services the individual senses perform, and people familiar
with correspondences know this even more fully. The reason sight

has the kind of pleasure it does lies in the service it performs for our discernment,
which is an inner sight. The reason hearing has the kind of
pleasure it does lies in the service it performs for our discernment and our volition by its attentiveness. The reason smell has the kind of pleasure
it does lies in the service it performs for the brain and for the lungs.
The reason taste has the kind of pleasure it does lies in the service it performs
for the stomach and indirectly for the whole body by nourishing
it. Marital pleasure, which is a purer and more delicate pleasure of touch,
surpasses all others because of its service, the procreation of the human
race and thus of the angelic heaven.
These pleasures are inherent in the senses because of the inflow of heaven, where all pleasure belongs to service and depends on service.
On the basis of an opinion formed in the world, some spirits have believed that heavenly happiness consisted of a life of leisure, being waited on by others; but they were informed that there is never any happiness
in idling around in order to be content. This would mean wanting
the happiness of others for oneself, in which case no one would have any
at all. This kind of life would be idle, not active, a life that would lead to atrophy. They might in fact have known that apart from an active life, a

life has no happiness, and that idleness serves that life only for refreshment,
in order to return them to the active life with more energy. Then they were shown in many ways that angelic life consists of worthwhile, thoughtful actions, actions that are useful to others, and that all the happiness
angels have is found in service, derives from service, and is proportional
to service.

So that these people might feel shame (people who have had the notion that heavenly joy consists of a life of leisure, inhaling eternal bliss) they are enabled to perceive what kind of life this would be. They see that
it is thoroughly miserable; and once all their delight therefore dies away,
they are very soon disgusted and nauseated.

Some spirits who thought themselves better informed than others claimed that in the world they had held to the belief that heavenly joy consisted solely in praising and glorifying God, and that this was an active
life. They have been told, though, that praising and glorifying God is not an appropriate kind of active life, since God has no need of praise and glorification.[245] Rather, God wants us to be useful to each other, to do the worthwhile things that are called works of charity. However, they
could not connect any notion of heavenly joy with thoughtful good deeds, only a notion of slavery. The angels, though, bore witness that it was the freest life of all because it stemmed from a deep affection and was
invariably accompanied by an indescribable pleasure.

a. A unity consists of different constituents and derives its form and quality from them, and it derives
its perfection from the way they harmonize and agree: 457, 3241, 8003. There is an infinite variety, and nothing is ever the same as anything else: 7236, 9002. It is the same in the heavens:
5744 *[3744],* 4005, 7236, 7833, 7836, 9002. Consequently all the communities in the heavens and
all the individual angels in a community differ from each other because they are engaged in different
virtues and services: 690, 3241, 3519, 3804, 3986, 4067, 4149, 4263, 7236, 7833, 3986. The Lord's divine love arranges them all in a heavenly form and unites them as though they were a single individual: 457, 3986, 5598.

Almost all the people who arrive in the other life think that hell is the same for everyone and that heaven is the same for everyone, when in fact
there are infinite variations and differences in each. Hell is never the

same for any two people, nor is heaven. In the same way, no one of us, no spirit, and no angel is ever exactly like any other, even facially. When I even thought about two identical or equal beings, the angels were aghast.

They said that every unity is formed by a harmonious agreement of many constituents and that the nature of the unity depends on the nature of the agreement. This is how every community of heaven forms a unity and how all the communities form a single heaven, which is accomplished solely by the Lord, by means of love.[a,246]

Useful activities in the heavens occur in similar variety and diversity. The function of one individual is never exactly the same as that of any other, so the delight of one is never the same as another's. Not only that, the delights of each function are countless, and these countless delights are equally varied, yet they are united in a design that enables them to focus on each other as do the functions of the individual members and organs and viscera in the human body; or even more, like the functions of every vessel and fiber in those members and organs and viscera. These are all interconnected in such a way that they focus on what they can contribute to the other and therefore to all, with all mindful of the individual members. They act as one because of this regard for the whole and for the individual.

I once talked with some spirits who had just arrived from the world about the state of eternal life. I emphasized the fact that it is important to know who the lord of a kingdom is, what the government is like, and what the forms of government are. It is the same when people are visiting a foreign country in this world. Nothing is more critical for them than to know who the king is and what his character is, what the government is like, and a great many more details about the nation. How much more important must this be in the kingdom where they are going to live forever! They should realize, then, that it is the Lord who governs heaven—and the universe, for whoever rules the one rules the other as well. This means that the

kingdom where they now find themselves belongs to the Lord and that the
laws of this kingdom are eternal truths all based on the law that they should love the Lord above all and their neighbor as themselves. Not only
that, but if they wanted to be like angels, they needed to love their neighbor
more than themselve s .
W h e n t h e y h e a rd t h i s l a s t p o i n t t h e y we re u n a b l e t o re s p o n d , b e c a u s e
t h e y h a d h e a rd s o m e t h i n g l i k e t h i s d u r i n g t h e i r p h y s i c a l l i ve s b u t h a d n o t
b e l i e ve d i t . T h e y w o n d e re d w h e t h e r t h e re w a s t h a t k i n d o f l ove i n h e a ve n ,
w h e t h e r i t w a s p o s s i b l e f o r a n yo n e t o l ove her or his n e i g h b o r m o re t h a n
herself or himself. T h e y we re t o l d , t h o u g h , t h a t i n t h e o t h e r l i f e e ve ry t h i n g
g o o d i n c re a s e s i m m e n s e l y. L i f e i n a p h y s i c a l b o d y c a n n o t by n a t u re
p ro g re s s b e yo n d l ov i n g o n e’s n e i g h b o r a s t h e s e l f, b e c a u s e i t i s i m m e r s e d i n
p h y s i c a l c o n c e r n s .On c e t h e s e a re re m ove d ,t h o u g h , t h e l ove b e c o m e s p u re r
a n d u l t i m a t e l y a n g e l i c , w h i c h i s l ov i n g o n e’s n e i g h b o r m o re t h a n o n e s e l f.
T h i s i s b e c a u s e i n t h e h e a ve n s d o i n g g o o d f o r s o m e o n e e l s e i s a d e l i g h t a n d
d o i n g g o o d f o r o n e s e l f i s n o t u n l e s s i t i s t o g i ve t o a n o t h e r a n d t h e re f o re f o r
t h e s a k e o f t h e o t h e r. T h i s i s l ov i n g o n e’s n e i g h b o r m o re t h a n o n e s e l f.
As for the possibility of this love, it was said that in this world it might be gathered from the marriage love some people have for each other, people who would rather die than allow their spouse to be hurt. Or they might consider the love of parents for their children, the mother
who would rather starve than see her children go hungry; or the true friendship that leads people to face peril for the sake of their friends. They might even consider the simulated friendship of formal courtesy, in
which people try to imitate the real thing by offering the better portions to people they claim to want to help and then make noise about it,

though it is not from their hearts. Lastly, they might consider the nature
of love, whose nature is to find joy in serving others for their sake and not for its own.
However, the ones who loved themselves more than others could not grasp this, nor could the ones who had been keen on profit taking during
their physical lives; and least of all, misers.
There was one man who had been particularly powerful during his physical life, and who in the other life still had his desire to be in control.
He was told that he was in another kingdom now, an eternal one, and that his own dominion was in the land of the dead. Here no one was valued
for anything but their virtue and truth, and for the Lord's mercy they had enjoyed through their earthly lives. He was also told that this kingdom
was like earthly ones where people were valued for their wealth and their standing with the leadership. Here wealth was virtue and truth, and
standing with the leadership was the mercy the individual had enjoyed

from the Lord through life in the world. If he wanted to rule on any other basis he was a revolutionary, since he was in someone else's king-
dom. He was embarrassed when he heard this.
I talked with some spirits who thought that heaven and heavenly joy consisted of being important; but I told them that in heaven the greatest
is the one who is least. This is because people are called "least" when they
have no ability or wisdom and do not want any ability or wisdom on their own, but only from the Lord. This kind of "least person" has the greatest happiness. And because such people do have the greatest happiness,
it follows that they are the most important, because this is how they have all their capability and the most wisdom of all—from the Lord.
Further, what is being the greatest if not being the happiest? The greatest
happiness is what powerful people are seeking with their power and what
rich people are seeking with their wealth.
I went on to say that heaven did not consist of wanting to be least in order to be greatest. People who do this pant and long for greatness.

Rather, it means a heartfelt wishing better for others than for oneself, and
serving others for the sake of their happiness with no thought of reward,
simply out of love.
Actual heavenly joy as it is in and of itself is beyond description because it dwells in the deepest natures of angels. It flows from there into the details of their thought and affection and from these into the details of their speech and action. It is as though their deeper levels were wide open and freed to accept a delight and bliss that spreads out through all their fibers and therefore through their whole being, giving them a kind of perception and feeling that simply cannot be described. Anything that
arises from the deepest levels flows into the details that derive from those
deepest levels and proliferates toward the outer levels, constantly gaining
strength.
When good spirits who have not yet experienced this pleasure (not having been raised into heaven yet) perceive it from the aura of love from
some angel, they are filled with such pleasure that they find themselves in
a kind of sweet faint. This often happens to people who want to know what heavenly joy is.
Some spirits wanted to know what heavenly joy was, so they were allowed
to feel it to the point that they could not bear any more. Still, this was not angelic joy, but only the slightest trace of the angelic quality that
they were allowed to observe and share. It was so slight that it was almost
cool, yet they called it most heavenly because it was so deep within them.
I could tell from this not only that there are levels of heavenly joy, but also that the deepest level of one individual barely touches the outmost

or some median level of another. I could also see that when we do reach our own deepest level we are in our own heavenly joy and that we could not bear anything deeper because it would become painful for us.
Some spirits who we re not evil settled down into a peaceful state, rather like sleep, and in this way we re taken into heaven in respect to the

deeper levels of their minds; for before the deeper levels of their minds are opened, spirits can be taken into heaven and taught about the happiness of the people who live there. I saw them rest quietly for half an hour and then return to the outer consciousness they had been in before, but with a m e m o ry of what they had seen. They said that they had been with angels in heaven and had seen and perc e i ved stunning things all gleaming like gold and silver and precious gems, in amazing forms that varied bew i l d e ri n g l y. They said that the angels took no particular delight in these outw a rd things but in what they re p resented—unutterable, divine things of infinite wisdom; these we re their real joy. T h e re we re countless other things that human language could not describe, not a ten-thousandth p a rt, things that would not fit into any concepts that had anything material about them.

Almost all the people who arrive in the other life are ignorant of the nature of heavenly bliss and happiness. This is because they do not know what inner joy is or what its quality is except on the basis of their grasp of physical and worldly good cheer and pleasure. Since they do not know about it they think it is not real, when in fact physical and earthly pleasures are nothing in comparison. So in order that they may know and recognize it, honest people who do not know what heavenly joy is are first taken to parks that surpass every image of their imagination. Just when they think that this is a heavenly paradise, they are told that this is not real heavenly happiness. So they are allowed to recognize deeper states of joy as these are perceptible to their deepest natures; and then they are transported into a state of peace that reaches their very inmost nature. They confess that no part of this can be expressed or even comprehended.

Then they are taken into a state of innocence, again all the way to their own deepest feeling. In this way they are enabled to realize what real spiritual and heavenly goodness are.

To enable me to know what heaven and heavenly joy are and what their quality is, though, the Lord has allowed me to feel the pleasures of

heavenly joy often and at length. Because this was living experience, I may indeed know about them, but there is no way to describe them. Still, something should be said in order to provide at least some notion about them. There is an effect of countless pleasures and joys that unite to present a single something, a unity or united affection that contains a

harmony of countless affections that do not come through to consciousness
individually, only vaguely, because the consciousness is so very general. It was still possible to perceive that there were countless elements within it, so beautifully arranged as to defy description. The qualities of those countless elements flow from the very design of heaven; and this kind of design is resident in the very least affections, affections that are manifest and perceived only as a very general unity, depending on the perceptive ability of the subject. In a word, there are infinite elements in
a most intricate form in every general entity, and there is nothing that is
not alive and does not affect everything even at the very center, since heavenly joys emanate from the very center.

I have also noticed that heavenly joy and delight seemed to be coming from my heart, spreading very subtly through all my inner fibers and from there into the gatherings of fibers with such a profound sense of pleasure that my fibers seemed to be nothing but joy and delight, and everything I perceived and felt was alive with bliss. Next to these joys, the
joy of physical pleasures is like crude and irritating dust compared to a pure and gentle breeze.

I noticed that when I wanted to convey all my pleasure to someone else, a deeper and fuller pleasure flowed in ceaselessly in its place. The more I wanted to convey it, the more it flowed in; and I perceived that this was from the Lord.

People in heaven are continually progressing toward the springtime of life. The more thousands of years they live, the more pleasant and happy is their springtime. This continues forever, increasing according to
the growth and level of their love, thoughtfulness, and faith.

As the years pass, elderly women who have died of old age—women who have lived in faith in the Lord, thoughtfulness toward their neighbor,
and in contented marriage love with their husbands—come more and more into the flower of growing youth and into a beauty that surpasses

any notion of beauty accessible to our sight. Their goodness and thoughtfulness is what gives them their form and gives them its own likeness,
making the pleasure and beauty of thoughtfulness radiate from every least corner of their faces so that they become actual forms of thoughtfulness. Some people have seen them and have been stunned.
The form of thoughtfulness that is open to view in heaven is like this because
it is thoughtfulness itself that both gives and is given visible form.
In fact, it does this in such a way that the whole angel, especially her face,
is virtually thoughtfulness itself appearing to open perception. When people look at this form, its beauty is unutterable, affecting the very inmost
life of the mind with thoughtfulness. In a word, to grow old in

heaven is to grow young. People who have lived in love for the Lord and in thoughtfulness toward their neighbor are forms like this, or beauties like this, in the other life. All angels are forms like this, in infinite variety.
This is what makes heaven.

The Vastness of Heaven

THE vastness of the Lord's heaven follows from many of the things that have been presented above, especially from the fact that heaven is from the human race (see §§311–317), not only that portion of it born within the church but also the portion born outside it (§§318–328). This means that heaven includes everyone who has lived a good life since the
very beginning of our planet.
Anyone familiar with the continents and regions and nations of this world may gather what a multitude of people there are on our whole globe. Anyone who goes into the mathematics of it will discover that thousands and thousands of people die on any given day, making hundreds
of thousands or millions every year; and this has been going on since the earliest times, thousands of years ago.[247] All of these people have arrived in the other world, called the spiritual world, after their decease,
and they are still arriving.
I cannot say how many of these are or are becoming angels of heaven. I have been told that most of the earliest people became angels, because
they thought more deeply and spiritually and were therefore enveloped

in heavenly affection; while for later ages it was not so many because as time passed we became more externally minded and began to think more
on the natural level, which meant that we were enveloped in more earthly affection.
This enables us to gather at the outset that heaven is huge simply from the inhabitants of this planet.
The immensity of the Lord's heaven may also be gathered simply from the fact that all children, whether born within or outside the church, are adopted by the Lord and become angels, and their number amounts to a quarter or a fifth of the whole human race.

It may be seen above (§§329–345) that every child—wherever born, whether within the church or outside it, whether of devout or irreverent parents—is accepted by the Lord at death. Every child is raised in heaven, is taught and is permeated with affections for what is good according
to the divine design and thereby with firsthand knowledge of things true, and is then perfected in intelligence and wisdom, so to speak, and admitted into heaven to become an angel. You can gather what a vast multitude of heaven's angels has come from this source alone
from the beginning of creation to the present day.
The vastness of the Lord's heaven also follows from the fact that all the planets we can see in our solar system are earths, and especially that there are
untold more in the universe, all inhabited, as discussed in a special booklet
entitled *Other Pl a n e t s ,* f rom which I should like to cite the follow i n g .
[2] It is common knowledge in the other life that there are many planets with people on them and therefore angels and spirits from them, since anyone who wants to talk with spirits from other planets because of a love of the truth and a desire to be useful is allowed to do so to be convinced of the plurality of worlds, to learn that the human race is not just from one earth but from countless planets.
[3] I have talked about this on occasion with spirits from our earth, noting that intellectually gifted people could know, on the basis of much that is familiar to them, that there are many earths with people on them. That is, they could come to the rational conclusion that masses as big as the planets, some of which are larger than our earth, are not empty lumps created only to meander around the sun and radiate their feeble light for just one planet, but that their function must be more worthwhile than this.
People who believe (as they should) that the Divine created the

universe for the sole purpose of the emergence of the human race and a heaven from it (for the human race is the seedbed of heaven) cannot help but believe that there are people wherever there is a planet.
It is abundantly clear that the planets visible to our eyes, the ones in our solar system, are earths, because they are material bodies, since they reflect the sun's light; and when we look at them through a telescope they do not look like ruddy, fiery stars but like earths with blurry bands of color. There is also the fact that they are borne around the sun, through the stations of the Zodiac, just like our earth, which must cause years and the seasons of the year called spring, summer, fall, and winter. Similarly, they rotate on their axes like our earth, which makes

days and the times of day called morning, noon, evening, and night. Not only that, some of them have moons called satellites, which have their own periodic orbits around their sphere the way the moon orbits our earth. The planet Saturn, which is very far from the sun, has also a huge luminous belt that gives a great deal of light to that planet, even though it is reflected light. How could anyone who knows all this and thinks rationally say that these are empty bodies?
[4] Then too, I have talked with spirits about the fact that people could realize that there is more than one earth in the universe from the fact that the starry heaven is so immense. There are so incomprehensibly many stars in it, each one a sun in its own place and its own system, like our sun, of different magnitudes. If people think this through carefully, they will come to the conclusion that this whole vast universe cannot be anything but a means to an end, which is the goal of creation, a heavenly kingdom in which the Divine can dwell with angels and with us. The visible universe, the heaven spangled with so incomprehensibly many stars that are all suns, is in fact simply a means for the production of planets with people on them who can make up a heavenly kingdom. Given all this, rational people cannot help thinking that such a vast means toward such an end did not come into being for the sake of a human race on one earth. What would that be for a divine being, an infinite being, for whom thousands or tens of thousands of planets, all fully inhabited, would be so slight as to be practically nothing?
There are spirits whose special passion is to learn at first hand, because this is the only kind of knowledge that gives them any pleasure.
[5] These spirits are therefore allowed to travel around and even to leave this solar system and visit others, to gather firsthand knowledge there. They have told me that there are inhabited planets not only in our solar system but also outside it in the starry sky—a vast number of them. These spirits are from the planet Mercury.
[6] By a preliminary calculation, if there were a million planets in the universe with three hundred million people on each one, and two hundred generations over six thousand years, and if each person or spirit were allotted three cubic cubits, and if all these people or spirits were gathered into one place, they would not even fill the volume of our earth, hardly more than a satellite of one of the planets. This would be such a small space in the universe as to be barely visible, since we

can scarcely see those satellites with the naked eye. What would this be for the Creator of the universe, for whom it would not be enough if the whole universe were filled? For the Creator is infinite.

[7] I have talked about this with angels, who have told me that they have much the same idea about how small the number of the human race is in comparison to the infinity of the Creator. However, they do not think in terms of space but of states, and to their minds, no matter how many tens of thousands of planets you could conceive of, it would still be simply nothing to the Lord.[248]

Information on the planets in the universe, their inhabitants, and the spirits and angels who come from them may be found in the booklet mentioned earlier.[249] What you will find there has been revealed and shown to me to let people know that the Lord's heaven is vast and that it is all from the human race, and also that our Lord is recognized everywhere as the God of heaven and earth.

We may also gather how vast the Lord's heaven is from the fact that heaven in a single complex resembles a single human being and also corresponds to everything within us. This relationship can never be completely filled in because there is a correspondence not only with the particular members and organs and viscera of the body but also, in most minute detail, with all the tiny organelles and viscera within them, even with the individual vessels and fibers—and not only with these, but with the organic substances that receive the inflow of heaven from within, the inflow that gives us the inner processes that support the workings of our spirits. In fact, everything that happens within us happens in the forms of our substance; anything that does not happen in substances as agents is nothing. There is a correspondence of all these substances with heaven, as you may gather from the chapter on the correspondence of everything in heaven with everything in the human being (§§87–102). This correspondence can never be completely filled in because the more assemblies of angels there are that answer to each member, the more complete heaven is. In the heavens, all forms of perfection increase as numbers increase.

This is because there is one goal for everything there and a unanimous focus of everyone on that goal. That goal is the common good; and when this rules, there is benefit to individuals from the common good and from the good of individuals to the good of the whole. This happens

because the Lord turns everyone in heaven toward himself (see above, §123) and in this way makes them one with himself.
Anyone with a little rational enlightenment can figure out that the unanimous harmony of many people, especially from such a source and with such intimacy, brings forth perfection.
I have been allowed to see the extent of the inhabited heaven and also the extent of the uninhabited heaven; and I have seen that the uninhabited

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a. The elect are people who lead lives of goodness and truth: 3755, 3900. There is no election and acceptance into heaven out of mercy as this is commonly understood, only in keeping with one's life: 5057, 5058. There is no direct mercy of the Lord, only an indirect mercy, that is, for people who live by his precepts, whom he, out of mercy, is constantly leading while they are in the world and afterward to eternity: 10659, 8700.

b. The poor in the Word means people who are spiritually poor, people who do not know what is true but still long to learn: 9209, 9253, 10227. When it says that they are hungry and thirsty, it is referring to their longing to encounter what is good and true and to be led in this way into the church and heaven: 4958, 10227.

heaven is so vast that it could never be filled to all eternity even if there were thousands of thousands of planets with as many people on each one as there are on ours. On this subject, see *Other Planets*, §168.

Because they take a few passages from the Word literally, some people think that heaven is not vast but small. For example, there are places where it says that only the poor will be accepted into heaven, or only the elect, or only people in the church and not people from outside, or only people for whom the Lord makes intercession, or that heaven will be closed when it is full, and that the time for this is foreordained.[250] These people do not realize that heaven will never be closed; that there is no foreordained time, no fixed number; and that "the elect" are people who live lives of goodness and truth;[a] that "the poor" are people who have not found out what is good and true but who long to (they are also called "the hungry" because of this longing).[b]

People who think that heaven is small because they have misunderstood the Word can only be thinking that heaven is in a single place where everyone is gathered together. Yet in fact heaven consists of countless communities. (See above, §§41–50.) Further, they can only be thinking that heaven is granted to individuals out of direct mercy and therefore

consists simply of admission and acceptance out of good will. They do not realize that the Lord, out of his mercy, leads everyone who accepts him, and that the people who accept him are the people who live according to the laws of the divine design, which are precepts of love and faith. They do not realize that being led by the Lord from infancy to the end of earthly life and then on to eternity is what mercy really means. If only they knew that everyone is born for heaven, that people are accepted into heaven who accept heaven into themselves in this world, and that people who do not accept it are shut out!

The World of Spirits and Our State after Death

What the World of Spirits Is

THE world of spirits[251] is neither heaven nor hell but a place or state between the two. It is where we first arrive after death, being in due time either raised into heaven or cast into hell from it depending on our life in this world.

The world of spirits is a place halfway between heaven and hell, and it is also our own halfway state after death. I have been shown that it is a halfway place by seeing that the hells were underneath it and the heavens above it, and that it is a halfway state by learning that as long as we are in it, we are not yet in either heaven or hell.

A state of heaven for us is the union of what is good and true within us, and a state of hell is a union of what is evil and false within us. When the good in a spirit-person is united to the true, then that individual arrives in heaven, because as already stated that union is heaven within us. On the other hand, when the evil is united to the false within us, then we arrive in hell, because that union is hell within us. The process of union

takes place in the world of spirits because then we are in a halfway state.

It amounts to the same thing whether you say the union of intellect and will or the union of the true and the good.

First I need to say something about the union of intellect and will and its resemblance to the union of the good and the true, because this union does take place in the world of spirits.252 Each of us has an intellect and a will, the intellect being open to truths and formed fro m them and the will being open to things that are good and formed f rom them. So whatever we understand and there f o re think, we call t rue; and whatever we intend and there f o re think, we call good. We a re capable of thinking from our intellect and thus observing what is t rue and also what is good, but we still do not think from our will unless

we intend and do it. When we intend it and do it intentionally, then it is in both our intellect and our will and there f o re in us. This is because the intellect alone is not what makes a person, nor the will alone, but the intellect and the will together. This means that anything that is in both intellect and will is in us and is there f o re attributed to us. W h a t e ver is only in the intellect is associated with us but is not in us. It is only a matter of our memory, an item of information in our m e m o ry that we can think about when we are not in private but are

with other people. So it is something we can talk and argue about and e ven something we can imitate with our affections and behavior.

Our ability to think from our intellect and not at the same time from our will is provided us so that we can be reformed, for we are reformed by means of truths; and truths, as already noted, are matters of intellect.

We are actually born into total evil as far as our wills are concerned, wishing

well to no one but ourselves; if we wish well to ourselves alone, we are delighted when harm comes to others, especially when it is to our advantage.

We actually want to channel everyone else's assets to ourselves, whether those assets are high rank or wealth, and are happy to the extent

that we succeed. To correct and reform this kind of intent, we are given the ability to understand things that are true and to use them to control the evil urges that well up from our will. This is why we can think true things from our intellect and talk about them and do them even though we cannot think them from our will until we have changed in nature so

that on our own, that is from the heart, we intend them and do them. When we have this nature, then the things we think from our intellect are matters of our faith and the things we think from our will are matters
of our love. This means that faith and love are now united within us, just
as intellect and will are.
To the extent that truths of the intellect are united to good things of the will, then, or to the extent that we intend and there f o re do truths, we
h a ve heaven within us, because as already noted the union of the good and the true is heaven. Howe ve r, to the extent that false elements of intellect
are united to evil elements of will, we have hell within us, because the union of the false and the evil is hell. Still, to the extent that truths of intellect
are not united to good elements of will, we are in the halfway state.
Almost all of us nowadays are in a state in which we know things that are
t rue and think about them on the basis of our information and also fro m
our intellect. We act on either a lot of them or a few of them or none of them or act contrary to them because of our love of evil and consequent t rust in what is false. So in order that we may gain either heaven or hell,
after death we are first taken to the world of spirits, where either the union of the good and the true takes place for people who are to be raised
into heaven, or the union of the evil and the false for people who are to be
cast into hell. This is because no one in heaven or in hell is allowed to h a ve a divided mind, to understand one thing and intend something else.
What we intend we understand and what we understand we intend. Cons
e q u e n t l y, anyone in heaven who intends what is good understands what
is true, and anyone in hell who intends what is evil understands what is

false. So for good people, the false elements are taken away and they are
g i ven truths suited and fitted to their virtue, while for evil people tru t h s

a re taken away and they are given false elements suited and fitted to their
vice. This enables us to see what the world of spirits is.
There is a vast number of people in the world of spirits, because that is where everyone is first gathered, where everyone is examined and prepared.
There is no fixed limit to our stay there. Some people barely enter it and are promptly either taken up into heaven or cast down into hell. Some stay there for a few weeks, some for a number of years, though not
more than thirty. The variations in length of stay occur because of the correspondence or lack of correspondence between our deeper and our more outward natures.
In the following pages I will be explaining just how we are led from one state into another and prepared.
After we die, just as soon as we arrive in the world of spirits, we are carefully sorted out by the Lord. Evil people are immediately connected with the hellish community their ruling love had affiliated them with in the world, and good people are immediately connected with the heavenly
community their love and thoughtfulness and faith had affiliated them with in the world.
Even though we are sorted out in this way, we are still together in that world and can talk to anyone when we want to, to friends and acquaintances
from our physical life, especially husbands and wives, and also b rothers and sisters. I have seen a father talking with his six sons and re c o gnizing
them. I have seen many other people with their re l a t i ves and friends. Howe ve r, since they we re of different character because of their life in the
world, they parted company after a little while.
However, people who are coming into heaven from the world of spirits and people who are coming into hell do not see each other any more. They do not even recognize each other unless they are of like character because of a likeness in love. The reason they see each other in the world
of spirits but not in heaven or hell is that while they are in the world of spirits they are brought into states like the ones they were in during their
physical lives, one after another. After a while, though, they settle into a
constant state that accords with their ruling love. In this state, mutual recognition comes only from similarity of love, for as we explained above
(§§41–50), likeness unites and difference separates.

Just as the world of spirits is a state halfway between heaven and hell within us, it is a halfway place. The hells are underneath it and the heavens
above it.

All the hells are closed on the side that faces that world, accessible only through holes and crevices like those in rocks and through broad gaps that are guarded to prevent anyone from coming out without permission,
which happens in cases of real need, as will be discussed later.[253]
Heaven too is bounded on all sides, and the only access to any heavenly community is by a narrow way whose entry is also guarded. These exits and entrances are what are called the doors and gates of hell and heaven
in the Word.
The world of spirits looks like a valley surrounded by mountains and cliffs, with dips and rises here and there. The doors and gates to heavenly
communities are visible only to people who are being readied for heaven.
No one else finds them. There is one entrance to each community from the world of spirits with a single path beyond it; but as the path climbs, it
divides into several.
The doors and gates to the hells are visible only to the people who a re going to enter them. They open for them, and once they are opened you can see dark, sooty caves slanting dow n w a rd into the depths, where
t h e re are still more gates. Rank, foul stenches breathe out from them, stenches that good spirits flee because they are repelled by them, while evil spirits are drawn tow a rd them because they find them delightful. In
fact, just as we find delight in our own evil in this world we find delight after death in the stench that corresponds to our evil. We might comp a re this with the delight of carrion birds and beasts like crows and w o l ves and pigs who fly or run tow a rd rotting corpses as soon as they
get wind of them. I heard one man who screamed aloud in utter torment
at a breath of air from heaven, but was calm and happy when a b reath from hell reached him.
There are two doors in each of us as well, one facing hell and open to

evil and false things from hell, the other facing heaven and open to good
and true things from heaven. The door of hell is opened for people who are involved in what is evil and its consequent falsity, though just a little
light from heaven flows in through the cracks, which enables us to think,
reason, and talk. On the other hand, the door of heaven is opened for people who are focused on what is good and therefore on what is true. There are actually two paths that lead to our rational mind, one from above or within, through which the good and the true enter from the Lord, and one from below or outside through which the evil and the false
infiltrate from hell. The rational mind itself is at the intersection of these
two paths, so to the extent that light from heaven is let in, we are rational;
but to the extent that it is not let in, we are not rational even though we seem so to ourselves.

333 INWARDLYWEARESPIRITS §432

I have mentioned these things so that our correspondence with heaven and with hell may be known. While our rational mind is in the process of being formed, it is responsive to the world of spirits. What is above it belongs to heaven, and what is beneath it belongs to hell. The higher things open, and the lower close against the inflow of evil and falsity,
for people who are being readied for heaven; while the lower things open, and the higher close against the inflow of goodness and truth, for people who are being readied for hell. As a result, these latter can only look downward, toward hell, and the former can only look upward, toward
heaven. Looking upward is looking toward the Lord, because he is the common center that everything in heaven faces. Looking downward, though, is looking away from the Lord toward the opposite center, the center toward which everything in hell faces and gravitates (see above, §§123 and 124).

In the preceding pages, where it said “spirits,” it meant people in the world of spirits; while “angels” meant people in heaven.

Each of Us Is Inwardly a Spirit

ANYONE who thinks things through carefully can see that it is not the body that thinks, because the body is material. Rather, it is the soul, because the soul is spiritual. The human soul, whose immortality

has been the topic of many authors, is our spirit; it is in fact immortal in all respects, and it is also what does the thinking in our bodies.[254] This is
because it is spiritual and the spiritual is open to the spiritual and lives spiritually, through thought and intention. So all the rational life we can observe in our bodies belongs to the soul and none of it to the body. Actually,
the body is material, as just noted, and the matter that is proper to the body is an addendum and almost an attachment to the spirit. Its purpose
is to enable our spirit to lead its life and perform its services in a natural
world that is material in all respects and essentially lifeless. Since matter is not alive—only spirit—we may conclude that whatever is alive in us is our spirit and that the body only serves it exactly the way a tool serves a live and activating force. We may of course say that a tool works
or moves or strikes, but it is a mistake to believe that this is a property of
the tool and not of the person who is wielding it.

Since everything that is alive in the body—everything that acts and feels because of life—belongs to the spirit alone and none of it belongs to
the body, it follows that the spirit is the actual person. In other words, we
are essentially spirits and have much the same form as well. You see, everything that is alive and sensitive within us belongs to our spirit, and there is nothing in us, from head to toe, that is not alive and sensitive. This is why when our bodies are separated from our spirits, which is called dying, we still continue to be human and to be alive.
I have heard from heaven that some people who die, while they are lying on the slab, before they have been revived, are still thinking in their
cold bodies, and cannot help but feel that they are alive, but with the difference
that they cannot move a single part of the matter that makes up their bodies.
We could not think or intend if there were no agent,[255] no substance as the source and focal point of thought and intent. Anything we may imagine happening apart from a substantial agent is nothing. We can tell
this from the fact that we could not see without an organ serving as the agent of our sight or hear without an organ as the agent of our hearing.

Apart from these, sight and hearing would be nothing, would not exist. The same holds true for thought, which is inner sight, and for attention, which is inner hearing. Unless these happened in and from agents that are organic forms, as subjects, they would not happen at all. We may gather from this that our spirit is also in a form and that it is in human form, that it enjoys sensory organs and senses when it is separated from
the body just as it did when it was in it. We may gather that all of the eye's life, all of the ear's life, in fact all of our sensory life belongs not to the body but to the spirit that is in these functions and even in their least
details. This is why spirits see and hear and feel just as much as we do, though after we have left the body this does not happen in the natural world but in the spiritual one. The reason the spirit was sensitive on the natural level when it was in the body is that it worked through the material
part that was appended to it. However, it was still spiritually sensitive in its thinking and intending.

I have presented this to convince rational people that, seen in our own right, we are spirits, and that the physical nature appended to us so
that we can function in the natural and material world is not the real person
but only the tool of our spirit.

But some supporting instances from experience would be better, because
rational arguments are beyond many people, and the ones who have convinced themselves of opposite opinions make these arguments grounds for their skepticism by arguing on the basis of sensory illusions.

335 INWARDLYWEARESPIRITS §436

People who have convinced themselves of an opposite opinion tend to think that animals live and sense just the way we do, so that they too h a ve a spiritual nature like ours; yet this dies along with their bodies. Howe ve r, the spiritual nature of animals is not the same as ours. We h a ve an inmost nature that animals do not, a nature into which the Divine
flows and which it raises tow a rd itself, in this way uniting us to its e l f.256 So we, unlike animals, can think about God and about divine matters of heaven and the church. We can love God because of these matters and by engaging with them; and can so be united to him; and anything that can be united to the Divine cannot be destroyed. Anything that cannot be united to the Divine, though, does disintegrate. In

§3 9 a b ove, I discussed this inmost that we have and animals do not. T h e
reason for mentioning it again here is that it is important to dispel the illusions many people get from [believing that animals are just like humans],
people who cannot draw rational conclusions about these subjects because they lack information or because their intellect is not open.
What I said there was as follow s :

> I should like to disclose a particular secret about the angels of the three heavens that people have not been aware of until now because they have not understood the levels discussed in §38. It is this, that within every angel—and within every one of us here—there is a central or highest level, or a central and highest something, where the Lord's divine life flows in first and most intimately. It is from this center that the Lord arranges the other, relatively internal aspects within us that follow in sequence according to the levels of the overall design. This central or highest level can be called the Lord's gateway to angels or to us, his essential dwelling within us.
>
> It is this central or highest level that makes us human and distinguishes us from the lower animals, since they do not have it. This is why we, unlike animals, can be raised up by the Lord toward himself, as far as all the deeper levels of our mind and character are concerned. This is why we can believe in him, be moved by love for him, and therefore see him. It is why we can receive intelligence and wisdom, and talk rationally. It is also why we live forever.
>
> However, what is arranged and provided by the Lord at this center does not flow into the open perception of any angel, because it is higher than angelic thought, and surpasses angelic wisdom.[257]

A great deal of experience has taught me that we are spirits inwardly, experience that would fill whole volumes, as they say, if I were to include

it all. I have talked with spirits as a spirit and I have talked with them as a
person in a body. When I have talked with them as a spirit, they could not tell that I was not a spirit myself, in just as human a form as theirs. That is how my inner nature looked to them, because when I talked with
them as a spirit, they could not see my material body.
We may gather that inwardly we are spirits from the fact that after we depart from our bodies, which happens when we die, we are still alive and just as human as ever. To convince me of this, [the Lord] has allowed
me to talk with almost all the people I had ever met during their physical
lives, with some for a few hours, with some for weeks and months, and

with some for years. This was primarily so that I could be convinced and
could bear witness.

I may add here that even while we are living in our bodies, each one of us is in a community with spirits as to our own spirits even though we
are unaware of it. Good people are in angelic communities by means of [their spirits] and evil people are in hellish communities. Further, we come into those same communities when we die. People who are coming
into the company of spirits after death are often told and shown this. Ac t u a l l y, we are not visible as spirits in our [spiritual] communities while we are living in the world because we are thinking on the natural l e vel. Howe ve r, if our thinking is withdrawn from the body we are sometimes
visible in our communities because we are then in the spirit. W h e n we are visible, it is easy to tell us from the spirits who live there because we
walk along deep in thought, silent, without looking at others, as though we
did not see them; and the moment any spirit addresses us, we disappear.

To illustrate the fact that we are spirits inwardly, I should like to explain
from experience what happens when we are *taken out of the body* and how we are *led by the spirit into another place.*

The first experience, being taken out of the body, is like this. We are brought into a particular state that is halfway between sleep and waking.

258 When we are in this state, it seems exactly as though we were awake; all our senses are as alert as they are when we are fully awake physically—
sight, hearing, and strange to say, touch. These senses are more perfect than they can ever be during physical wakefulness. This is the state in which people have seen spirits and angels most vividly, even hearing
them and, strange to say, touching them, with hardly anything physical interfering. It is the state described as *being taken out of the body* and *not knowing whether one is in the body or outside it.*

I have been admitted to this state three or four times, simply to let me know what it was like, and also to teach me that spirits and angels

enjoy all the senses and that we do too, as to our spirits, when we are taken out of the body.[259]

As for the second kind of experience, being led by the spirit into another place, I have been shown by firsthand experience what happens and how it happens, but only two or three times.[260] I should like to cite just one experience. While I was walking through city streets and through the countryside, absorbed in conversation with spirits, it seemed exactly as though I were just as awake and observant as ever, walking without straying, though all the while I was in visions. I was seeing groves, rivers, mansions, houses, people, and more. After I had been walking for some hours, though, I suddenly found myself back in consciousness of my physical sight and realized that I was somewhere else. I was utterly stunned by this, and realized that I had been in the state of people described as *being led by the spirit into another place;* for as long as it lasted I was not thinking about my route, even though it might have been many miles, or about the time, though it might have been many hours or even days. I was not conscious of any fatigue, either. This is how we can be led by ways we know nothing of all the way to some predetermined place, without straying.

These two states, though, which are states we have when we are awake to our deeper nature or (which is the same thing) our spirit, are out of the o rd i n a ry. They we re shown me simply to teach me what they we re like because they are known in the church. But talking with spirits, being with them as one of them—this is something I have been granted when I was fully awake physically, and it has been going on now for ye a r s .

There is further support of our being spirits inwardly in the material presented in §§311–317 above, where I discussed the fact that heaven and hell are from the human race.

Our being spirits inwardly has re f e rence to our capacities for thinking and intending because these are our actual inner natures. They are what make us human, and the quality of our humanity depends on their quality.

a. Death in the Word means resurrection because when we die, our life still goes on: 3498, 3505,
4618, 4621, 6036, 6222 *[6221].*
b. The heart corresponds to our volition and therefore to affection of love as well, while the breathing of the lungs corresponds to our intellect and therefore to thought: 3888. In the Word, then, the heart means volition and love: 7542, 9050, 10336; and the soul means intellect, faith, and truth, so that "from the soul and from the heart" means what comes from intellect, faith, and
truth, and what comes from intent, love, and good: 2930, 9050. On the correspondence of the heart and lungs [Latin *anima*, "soul," also means "breath"] with the universal human or heaven: 3883–3896.
c. The heartbeat and the breathing of the lungs are regulative throughout the body and flow in together everywhere: 3887, 3889, 3890.

Our Revival from the Dead and Entry into Eternal Life

WHEN someone's body can no longer perform its functions in the natural world in response to the thoughts and affections of its spirit (which it derives from the spiritual world), then we say that the individual
has died. This happens when the lungs' breathing and the heart's systolic motion have ceased.[261] The person, though, has not died at all. We are only separated from the physical nature that was useful to us in the world. The essential person is actually still alive. I say that the essential
person is still alive because we are not people because of our bodies but because of our spirits. After all, it is the spirit within us that thinks, and thought and affection together make us the people we are.
We can see, then, that when we die we simply move from one world into another. This is why in the inner meaning of the Word, "death" means resurrection and a continuation of life.[a]
The deepest communication of our spirit is with our breathing and our heartbeat; thought connects with our breathing, and affection, an attribute
of love, with our heart .[b] Consequently, when these two motions in
the body cease, there is an immediate separation. It is these two motions,
the respiratory motion of the lungs and the systolic motion of the heart ,
that are essential ties. Once they are severed, the spirit is left to itself; and
the body, being now without the life of its spirit, cools and decays.
The reason the deepest communication of our spirit is with our breathing and our heart is that all our vital processes depend on these, not only in a general way, but in every specific.[c]

d. Love is the very being of human life: 5002. Love is spiritual warmth and is therefore our own vital essence: 1589, 2146, 3338, 4906, 7081–7086, 9954, 10740. Affection is a corollary of love: 3938.
e. The heart corresponds to the Lord's heavenly kingdom and the lungs to his spiritual kingdom: 3635, 3886, 3887.

After this separation, our spirit stays in the body briefly, but not after the complete stoppage of the heart, which varies depending on the cause of death. In some cases the motion of the heart continues for quite a while, and in others it does not. The moment it does stop, we are awakened, but this is done by the Lord alone. "Being awakened" means having our spirit led out of our body and into the spiritual world, which is commonly called "resurrection."

The reason our spirit is not separated from our body until the motion of the heart has stopped is that the heart answers to affection, an attribute of love, which is our essential life, since all of us derive our vital warmth from love.[d] Consequently, as long as this union lasts there is a responsiveness, and therefore the life of the spirit is [still] in the body.

I have not only been told how the awakening happens, I have been shown by firsthand experience. The actual experience happened to me so that I could have a full knowledge of how it occurs.[262]

I was brought into a state in which my physical senses were inoperative — very much, then, like the state of people who are dying. However, my deeper life and thought remained intact so that I could perceive and retain what was happening to me and what does happen to people who are being awakened from death. I noticed that my physical breathing was almost suspended, with a deeper breathing, a breathing of the spirit, continuing along with a very slight and silent physical one.

At first then a connection was established between my heartbeat and the heavenly kingdom, because that kingdom corresponds to the human heart.[e] I also saw angels from that kingdom, some at a distance, but two sitting close to my head. The effect was to take away all my own affection but to leave me in possession of thought and perception. [2] I remained in this state for several hours.

Then the spirits who were around me gradually drew away, thinking that I was dead. I sensed a sweet odor like that of an embalmed body, for

when heavenly angels are present anything having to do with a corpse smells sweet. When spirits sense this, they cannot come near. This is also
how evil spirits are kept away from our spirit when we are being admitted
into eternal life.

340 HEAVEN AND HELL §449
The angels who were sitting beside my head were silent, simply sharing their thoughts with mine (when these are accepted [by the deceased], the angels know that the person's spirit is ready to be led out of the body). They accomplished this sharing of thoughts by looking into my face. This is actually how thoughts are shared in heaven.
[3] Since I had been left in possession of thought and perception so that I could learn and remember how awakening happens, I noticed that
at first the angels were checking to see whether my thoughts were like those of dying individuals, who are normally thinking about eternal life. They wanted to keep my mind in these thoughts. I was later told that as the body is breathing its last, our spirit is kept in its final thought until eventually it comes back to the thoughts that flowed from our basic or ruling affection in the world.
Especially, I was enabled to perceive and even to feel that there was a pull, a kind of drawing out of the deeper levels of my mind and therefore
of my spirit from my body; and I was told that this was being done by the Lord and is what brings about our resurrection.
When heavenly angels are with people who have been awakened they do not leave them, because they love everyone. But some spirits are simply
unable to be in the company of heavenly angels very long, and want them to leave. When this happens, angels from the Lord's spiritual kingdom
arrive, through whom we are granted the use of light, since before this we could not see anything but could only think.
I was also shown how this is done. It seemed as though the angels rolled back a covering from my left eye toward the center[263] of my nose so that my eye was opened and able to see. To the spirit, it seems as though this were actually happening, but it is only apparently so. As this
covering seemed to be rolled back, I could see a kind of clear but dim light like the light we see through our eyelids when we are first waking up. It seemed to me as though this clear, dim light had a heavenly color to it, but I was later told that this varies. After that, it felt as though

something were being rolled gently off my face, and once this was done I had access to spiritual thought. This rolling something off the face is an appearance, for it represents the fact that we are moving from natural thinking to spiritual thinking. Angels take the greatest care to shield the awakening person from any concept that does not taste of love. Then they tell the individual that he or she is a spirit.

After the spiritual angels have given us the use of light, they do everything for us as newly arrived spirits that we could ever wish in that state. They tell us—at least to the extent that we can grasp it—about the realities

of the other life. However, if our nature is such that we do not want to be taught, then once we are awakened we want to get out of the company of angels. Still, the angels do not leave us, but we do leave them. Angels really do love everyone. They want nothing more than to help people, to teach them, to lead them into heaven. This is their highest joy.

When spirits leave the company of angels, they are welcomed by the good spirits who are accompanying them and who also do all they can for them. However, if they had led the kind of life in the world that makes it impossible for them to be in the company of good people, then they want to get away from these as well. This happens as long and as many times as necessary, until they find the company of people their earthly life has fitted them for. Here they find their life; and remarkable as it may sound, they then lead the same kind of life they had led in the world.

This first stage of our life after death does not last more than a few days, though. In the following pages I will be describing how we are then brought from one state into another until finally we arrive either in heaven or in hell. This too is something I have been allowed to learn from a great deal of experience.

I have talked with some people on the third day after their death, when the events described in §§449 and 450 have been completed. I talked with three whom I had known in the world and told them that their funeral services were now being planned so that their bodies could be buried. When they heard me say it was so that *they* could be buried, they were struck with a kind of bewilderment. They said that they were

alive, and that people were burying what had been useful to them in the world. Later on, they were utterly amazed at the fact that while they had
been living in their bodies they had not believed in this kind of life after death, and particularly that this was the case for almost everyone in the church.
Some people during their earthly lives have not believed in any life of the soul after the life of the body. When they discover that they are alive, they are profoundly embarrassed. However, people who have convinced
themselves of this join up with others of like mind and move
away from people who had lived in faith. Most of them link up with some hellish community because such people reject the Divine and have no use for the truths of the church. In fact, to the extent that we convince
ourselves in our opposition to the ideal of the eternal life of the soul, we also convince ourselves in opposition to the realities of heaven and the church.

a. In us all the elements of the divine design are gathered together, and by virtue of creation we are the divine design in form: 4219, 4220, 4223, 4523, 4524, 5114, 5368, 6013, 6057, 6605, 6626,
9706, 10156, 10472. To the extent that we live according to the divine design, in the other life we
look like complete and lovely people: 4839, 6605, 6626.

After Death, We Are in a Complete Human Form

THE fact that the form[264] of a spirit-person is the human form or that a spirit is a person as far as form is concerned follows from what has been presented in a number of the earlier chapters, especially where I explained
that every angel is in a perfect human form (§§73–77), that
everyone is a spirit inwardly (§§432–444), and that the angels in heaven are from the human race (§§311–317).
[2] This may be grasped even more clearly from the fact that we are human because of our spirit, not because of our body, and because our physical form is appended to the spirit in keeping with its form, not the other way around, since a spirit is clothed with a body that suits its form.
As a result, the human spirit acts upon the individual parts of the body, even the smallest ones, even to the point that any part that is not activated
by the spirit, any part in which there is no spirit acting, is not alive. Anyone may realize this by considering that thought and intent activate

absolutely everything in the body and are so completely in control that nothing dissents, and that if anything does not consent it is not part of the body. It is actually expelled as something with no life in it. Thought and intent are attributes of our spirit, not of the body.

[3] The reason we cannot see the human form of spirits who have left the body and spirits still within the people we meet is that our physical organ of sight, the eye, is material to the extent that it can see in this world, and what is material sees only what is material. What is spiritual, though, does see what is spiritual; so when the material eye is cove red over and loses its coordination with the spirit, then spirit is visible in its own form.

This is a human form not only for spirits who are in the spiritual world but also for spirits in people we meet while they are still in their bodies. The reason the form of a spirit is a human one is that in re g a rd to our spirits we have been created in the form of heaven, since all the elements of h e a ven and its design are summed up in the elements of the human mind.[a]

343 AFTERDEATHWEAREHUMAN §455

This is the source of our ability to accept intelligence and wisdom. It makes no difference whether you talk about our ability to accept intelligence and wisdom or our ability to accept heaven, as you may gather from what has been presented concerning heave n's light and warmth (§§1 2 6–1 4 0) , h e a ve n's form (§§2 0 0–2 1 2), angels' wisdom (§§2 6 5–2 7 5), and from the chapter titled "The Whole He a ven, Grasped as a Single En t i t y, Reflects a Single In d i v i d u a l" (§§5 9–7 7). This is caused by the Lord's divine human n a t u re, which is the source of heaven and its form (§§7 8–8 6) .

Rational individuals can understand what has been said so far because they can see this from the chain of causes and from truths in their pattern. However, people who are not rational do not understand these things. There are several reasons why they do not understand. The primary one is that they do not want to understand because these things contradict the false opinions that they have made their truths. People who do not want to understand for this reason close off the path of

heaven into their rational ability. Even so, it can still be opened if only their will does not offer resistance (see above, §424). A great deal of experience
has shown me that people can understand what is true and be rational if only they are willing. Quite often, evil spirits who have become irrational by denying the Divine and the truths of the church in this world (and convincing themselves in their denial) have by divine compulsion
been faced toward people who were in the light of truth. Then
they understood everything like angels and admitted that they were true
and that they understood everything. However, the moment they turned back toward the love proper to their own intentions, they did not understand
anything and said just the opposite. [2] I have even heard some
hellish people saying that they knew and recognized that what they were
doing was evil and what they were thinking was false, but that they could
not resist the gratification of their love and therefore of their will. This moved their thoughts to see evil as good and falsity as true. I could see from this that people who are immersed in false notions because of their
malice could understand and could therefore be rational, but that they did not want to. The reason they did not want to was that they loved false notions more than true ones because the former supported the evil pursuits they were engaged in. Loving and intending are the same thing because we love what we intend and intend what we love.
[3] Since we are by nature able to understand what is true if we are willing to, I have been granted the privilege of supporting spiritual tru t h s ,
t ruths of the church and heaven, by rational considerations. This is to the
end that the false notions that have obscured the rational functioning of

b. A starting point should be derived from the truths of church doctrine drawn from the Word, and these should be acknowledged first; then it is all right to take factual knowledge into account:
6047. So if people have an affirmative attitude toward truths of faith, it is all right for them to support them rationally with factual knowledge; but this is not appropriate for people who have a
negative attitude: 2568, 2588, 4760, 6047. It is in accord with the divine design to work rationally
from spiritual truths into factual knowledge, natural truths, but not from the latter into the former,
because there is an inflow of spiritual things into natural ones but not from natural or physical things into spiritual ones: 3219, 5119, 5259, 5427, 5428, 5478, 6322, 9110, 9111.
many people may be dispelled by rational considerations and their eye s

perhaps opened a little. If people are focused on truths, it is granted them
to support spiritual truths by rational ones. Who would possibly understand
the Wo rd simply from its literal meaning unless they saw some
t ruths in it by enlightened reason? What else is the cause of the many
h e resies drawn from the same Wo rd ?b
Years and years of daily experience have witnessed to me that after separation from the body the human spirit is a person and is in a similar form. I have seen this thousands of times, I have heard such spirits, and I
have talked with them even about the fact that people in the world do not believe that they are what they are, and that scholars think people who do believe are simpletons. Spirits are heartsick over the fact that this
kind of ignorance is still common in the world and especially in the church. [2] They say, however, that this belief stems especially from academics
who have thought about the soul on the basis of physical sensory reality. The only concept this can yield is one of pure thought, and when this lacks any medium in which and on the basis of which it is examined,
it is like some volatile form of pure ether that can only dissipate when the
body dies. Since the church believes in the immortality of the soul on the
basis of the Word, though, they cannot help but attribute something vital
to it, something thoughtlike. However, they do not attribute to it any sensory capacity like ours until it is reunited with its body. Their doctrine
of the resurrection is based on this notion, as is their belief that there will
be a reunion [of soul and body] when the Last Judgment comes. The result
is that when people think about the soul on the basis of both doctrine and speculation, they do not at all grasp the fact that it is the spirit and that it is in human form. There is also the fact that hardly anyone nowadays knows what the spiritual is, let alone that people who are spir
-
itual, as all spirits and angels are, have a human form.
[3] This is why almost all the people who arrive from this world are as astonished as they can be to find that they are alive and that they are just as

c. Desecration is the mingling of the good and the evil and of the true and the false within us:
6348. The only people who can desecrate what is true and good, or the holy things of the Word and the church, are people who have first acknowledged them, all the more if they have lived by them, and later fall away from their faith, deny them, and live for themselves and the world: 593,
1008, 1010, 1059, 3398, 3399, 3898, 4289, 4601, 10284, 10287. If we fall back into prior evils after
heartfelt repentance, we commit desecration; and then our later state is worse than our former one: 8394. People cannot desecrate holy things if they have not acknowledged them, and still less
if they have not even known about them: 1008, 1010, 1059, 9188, 10284. Non-Christians who are
outside the church and do not have the Word are incapable of desecration: 1327, 1328, 2051, 2081.
This is why deeper truths were not disclosed to the Jews, because if they had been disclosed and
acknowledged, they would have desecrated them: 3398, 3489, 6963. The fate of desecrators in the
other life is the worst of all because the good and truth they acknowledged is still there and so is
what is evil and false; and since these coexist, there is a wrenching of their very life: 571, 582, 6348.
So the Lord takes the greatest care to prevent desecration: 2426, 10384.

human as eve r, that they are seeing and hearing and talking, that their bodies
are still endowed with the sense of touch, and that nothing at all has changed (see §7 4 a b ove). Once they get over their amazement, though, then
they are amazed that the church does not know anything about this state of
ours after death and there f o re does not know anything about heaven or hell,
e ven though all the people who have lived in this world are in the other life
and are living people. Since they do keep wondering why this has not been
made plain to people on earth through visions, inasmuch as it is essential to
the faith of the church, they have been told from heaven that such visions
could happen whenever it pleased the Lord—nothing could be easier. Howe
ve r, people would not believe even if they we re to see, because they have
convinced themselves of the opposing false notions. Fu rt h e r, it is dangero u s
to use visions to convince people of anything if they are immersed in false
opinions, because they will believe at first and then deny. In this way they
will desecrate the truth itself, since desecration is believing and then denying.

People who desecrate truths are forced down into the lowest and dire s t
hell of all.[c]
[4] This is the danger meant by the Lord's words, "He has blinded their eyes and hardened their hearts lest they see with their eyes and understand
with their heart and turn themselves and I might heal them" (John 12:40); and the fact that people immersed in false opinions still would not believe is meant when it says, "Abraham said to the rich man in hell, They have Moses and the prophets, let them heed them. But he said, No, Father Abraham, but if someone from the dead were to come to them, they would change. But Abraham said, If they do not heed Moses and the prophets, then even if someone were raised from the dead,
they would not believe" (Luke 16:29–31).

d. Our faces are formed to be responsive to our inner natures: 4791–4805, 5695. On the correspondence
of our faces and their expressions with the affections of our minds: 1568, 2988, 2989, 3631, 4796, 4797, 4800, 5165, 5168, 5695, 9306. For heaven's angels, the face forms a single whole
with the deeper levels of the mind: 4796, 4797, 4798, 4799, 5695, 8250. So in the Word, "the face" means the deeper levels of the mind, or of affection and thought: 1999, 2434, 3527, 4066, 4796, 5102, 9306, 9546. How the inflow from the brains into the face changed in the course of time, and with it the face itself in regard to its responsiveness to our deeper natures: 4326, 8250.

When we first enter the world of spirits (which happens shortly after the reawakening just described), our spirit has a similar face and tone of
voice as it did in the world. This is because at that point we are in the state of our external concerns, with our deeper concerns not yet uncove red. This is our initial state after decease. Later, though, our face changes and becomes quite different. It comes to look like the ruling affection
in which the deeper reaches of our minds we re engaged in the world, the kind of affection characteristic of the spirit within our body, because the face of our spirit is ve ry different from the face of our b o d y. We get our physical face from our parents and our spiritual face f rom our affection, which it images. Our spirit takes on this face after our physical life is ove r, when the outer coverings have been re m ove d .
This is our third state.[2 6 5]
I have seen some newcomers from the world and have recognized them by their faces and voices; but when I saw them later, I did not recognize
them. People who were engaged in good affections had lovely faces, while people who were engaged in evil affections had ugly ones.

Seen in its own right, our spirit is nothing but our affections, whose outward
form is our face.
The reason our faces change is that in the other life no one is allowed to pretend to affections they do not really have, so we cannot put on a face that is contrary to the love we are engaged in. We are all refined down to a state in which we say what we think and manifest in expression
and act what we intend. This is why our faces all become forms and images of our affections; and this is why all the people who have known each other in the world still recognize each other in the world of spirits, but not in heaven or hell, as already noted (§427).d
The faces of hypocrites change more slowly than those of other people, because by constant practice they have formed the habit of arranging their inner minds into a counterfeit of good affections. So for a long time
they look fairly attractive. However, since this false front is gradually

stripped off and the deeper elements of their minds are arranged in the form of their affections, eventually they are uglier than other people. Hypocrites are people who talk like angels but who inwardly respect only nature, not the Divine Being, and who therefore deny the realities of the church and of heaven.
It does need to be known that our human form is lovelier after death to the extent that we have more deeply loved divine truths and have lived
by them, since our deeper levels are opened and formed according to both our love of these truths and our life. So the deeper the affection and
the more it accords with heaven, the lovelier the face. This is why the angels
who are in the inmost heaven are the loveliest—because they are forms of heavenly love. On the other hand, people who have loved divine
truths more outwardly and have therefore lived by them more outwardly
are less lovely, since only the more outward aspects radiate from their faces, and the deeper heavenly love—which means the form of heaven as
it is in its own right—does not shine through these more outward forms. You can see something relatively dim in their faces, not enlivened by a light of their inner life shining through. In short, all perfection increases
as you move inward and lessens as you move outward. As the perfection

increases or lessens, so does the beauty.
I have seen faces of angels of the third heaven so beautiful that no painters, with all their skill, could render a fraction of their light with their pigments or rival a thousandth part of the light and life that show in their faces. The faces of angels of the outmost heaven, though, can be
mirrored to some extent.
Finally, I should like to offer a secret no one has ever known before, namely that everything good and true that comes from the Lord and makes heaven is in the human form. This is true not only of the greatest whole but also of every least part. This form influences everyone who accepts
what is good and true from the Lord, and causes everyone in
heaven to be in a human form according to that acceptance. This is why heaven is consistent with itself in general and in particular, why the human
form is the form of the whole, of each community, and of each angel, as explained in the four chapters from §59 to §80. I need to add here that this is also the form of the details of thought that come from heavenly
love in angels.
This secret may not fit well into the understanding of anyone on earth, but it is clear to the understanding of angels because they are in heaven's light.

After Death, We Enjoy Every Sense, Memory, Thought, and Affection We Had in the World: We Leave Nothing Behind except Our Earthly Body

REPEATED experience has witnessed to me that when we move fro m
the natural world into the spiritual, which happens when we die, we take with us eve rything that pertains to our character except our eart h l y
b o d y. In fact, when we enter the spiritual world or our life after death, we
a re in a body as we we re in this world. T h e re seems to be no differe n c e ,
since we do not feel or see any difference. This body is spiritual, though,
so it has been separated or purified from earthly matter. Fu rt h e r, when

anything spiritual touches and sees something spiritual, it is just like something natural touching and seeing something natural. So when we have become a spirit, we have no sense that we are not in the body we inhabited in the world, and there for we do not realize that we have died.

[2] As "spirit-people," we enjoy every outer and inner sense we enjoyed in the world. We see the way we used to, we hear and talk the way we used to; we smell and taste and feel things when we touch them the way we used to; we want, wish, crave, think, ponder, are moved, love, and intend the way we used to. Studious types still read and write as before.

In a word, when we move from the one life into the other, or from the one world into the other, it is like moving from one [physical] place to another; and we take with us everything we owned as persons to the point that it would be unfair to say that we have lost anything of our own after death, which is only a death of the earthly body. [3] We even take with us our natural memory, since we retain everything we have heard, seen, read, learned, or thought in the world from earliest infancy to the very end of life. However, since the natural objects that reside in our memory cannot be reproduced in a spiritual world, they become dormant the way they do when we are not thinking about them. Even so, they can be reproduced when it so pleases the Lord. I will have more to say soon, though, about this memory and its condition after death.[266]

Sense-centered people are quite incapable of believing that our state after death is like this because they do not grasp it. Sense-centered people can think only on the natural level, even about spiritual matters. This

[267] means that anything they do not sense—that is, see with their physical eyes and touch with their hands—they say does not exist, as we read of Thomas in John 20:25, 27, 29. The quality of sense-centered people has been described above in §267, and in note c there.

Nevertheless, the difference between our life in the spiritual world and our life in the natural world is considerable, in regard both to our outer senses and the way they affect us and to our inner senses and the way they affect us. People who are in heaven have far more delicate senses. That is, they see and hear and also think more discerningly than when they were in

t h i s w o r l d . T h i s i s b e c a u s e t h e y a re s e e i n g i n h e a ve n’s l i g h t , w h i c h va s t l y
s u r p a s s e s t h e w o r l d’s l i g h t (s e e a b ove , §1 2 6) , a n d t h e y h e a r by w a y o f a
s p i r i t u a l a t m o s p h e re t h a t va s t l y s u r p a s s e s t h e a t m o s p h e re o f t h e e a r t h (s e e
§2 3 5) . T h e d i f f e re n c e i n t h e i r o u t e r s e n s e s i s l i k e t h a t b e t we e n s o m e t h i n g
c l e a r a n d s o m e t h i n g h i d d e n by a c l o u d , o r l i k e n o o n d a y l i g h t a n d t h e
d i m n e s s o f e ve n i n g . Be c a u s e i t i s d i v i n e t ru t h , h e a ve n’s l i g h t e n a b l e s a n g
e l s’ s i g h t t o n o t i c e a n d d i f f e re n t i a t e t h e s l i g h t e s t t h i n g s . [2] Fu r t h e r, t h e i r
o u t e r s i g h t i s re s p o n s i ve t o t h e i r i n n e r s i g h t o r d i s c e r n m e n t , s i n c e f o r a n g
e l s t h e o n e s i g h t f l ow s i n t o t h e o t h e r a n d t h e y a c t a s a s i n g l e f a c u l t y. T h i s
i s w h y t h e y a re s o k e e n . T h e i r h e a r i n g i s s i m i l a r l y re s p o n s i ve t o t h e i r p e rc
e p t i o n , w h i c h i s a f u n c t i o n o f b o t h d i s c e r n m e n t a n d vo l i t i o n . So t h e y
p i c k u p i n t h e t o n e a n d w o r d s o f s p e a k e r s t h e s l i g h t e s t s h a d i n g s o f t h e i r a ff
e c t i o n a n d t h o u g h t — s h a d i n g s o f a f f e c t i o n i n t h e t o n e , a n d s h a d i n g s o f
t h o u g h t i n t h e w o r d s (s e e a b ove , § §2 3 4–2 4 5) .
However, the other senses are not as delicate for angels as their senses of sight and hearing, because sight and hearing serve their intelligence and wisdom, while the others do not. If the other senses were as sensitive,
they would take away the light and pleasure of angels’ wisdom and interject
a pleasure of motivations centering in various physical appetites, appetites
that obscure and weaken the intellect to the extent that they
flourish. This happens to people in the world as well, who become dull and mindless in regard to spiritual truths to the extent that they pander to their taste and to the sensual allurements of the body.
[3] What was presented in the chapter on the wisdom of heaven’s angels
(§§265–275) may suffice to indicate that the deeper senses of heaven’s angels, the senses of their thought and affection, are more delicate and perfect than the ones they had in the world.
As for the difference in state of people who are in hell from their state in the world, this too is substantial. The perfection and wonder of the

outer and inner senses of angels in heaven is paralleled by their imperfection
for people in hell. However, we need to deal with their state later.[268]

As for our keeping our whole memory when we leave the world, I have been shown this by many examples and have seen and heard a great deal worth talking about. I should like to cite a few examples in a sequence. There have been people who denied the crimes and transgressions they had committed in the world. To prevent them from believing
they were blameless, everything was disclosed and drawn out
of their own memory in sequence from the beginning of their life to the end. Most of these transgressions were acts of adultery and promiscuity.
[2] There were people who had deceived others with malicious skill and had stolen from them. Their deceptions and thefts were also recounted
one after the other, many of them known to practically no one
in the world other than themselves. They even admitted them because they were made plain as day, along with every thought, intention, pleas
ure, and fear that mingled in their minds at the time.
[3] There were people who had taken bribes and made money from judicial decisions. They were similarly examined from their own memories,
and everything was recounted from their first taking office to the end. The details of amount and value, of the time, and of their state of mind and intention, all consigned to their remembrance together, were brought to view, a hundred or more instances. In some cases, remarkably
enough, the very diaries in which they had recorded these deeds were opened and read to them, page by page.
[4] There were men who had lured virgins to dishonor and violated their chastity. They were summoned to a similar judgment, and the details
were drawn out of their memory and listed. The actual faces of the virgins and other women were presented as though they were there in person, along with the places, the words, and the thoughts. It was done as instantaneously as when something is actually being witnessed firsthand.
Sometimes these presentations lasted for hours.
[5] There was one man who thought nothing of slandering others. I heard his slanders recounted in sequence as well as his blasphemies, along with the actual words, the people they were about, and the people

they we re addressed to. All these we re presented together as lifelike as could be even though he had ve ry carefully kept them hidden fro m his victims while he was living in the world.
[6] T h e re was one man who had defrauded a re l a t i ve of his legacy by some devious pretext. He was exposed and judged in the same way. Re m a rk a b l y, the letters and documents they exchanged we re read aloud

to me, and he said that not a word was missing. [7] This same man had also secretly killed a neighbor by poison just before his own death, which was disclosed in the following way. A trench seemed to open under
his feet, and as it was opened, a man came out as though from a tomb and screamed at him, “What have you done to me?” Then eve rything
was disclosed—how the poisoner had talked amicably with him and offered him a drink, what he had thought beforehand, and what happened afterw a rd. Once this was uncove red, the murd e rer was condemned
to hell.
[8] In a word, all their evils, crimes, thefts, wiles, and deceptions a re made clear to eve ry evil spirit. They are drawn from their ow n memories and exposed. T h e re is no room for denial because all the circumstances
are presented together.
I also heard that angels have seen and displayed from the memory of one individual eve rything he had thought one day after another ove r the course of a month, with never an erro r, recalled as though he himself
we re back in those ve ry days.
[9] We may gather from these instances that we take our whole m e m o ry with us, and that nothing is so concealed in this world that it will not be made known after death, made known in public, accord i n g to the Lord’s words, “Nothing is hidden that will not be uncove re d , and nothing concealed that will not be known. So what you have said in darkness will be heard in the light, and what you have spoken in the ear will be proclaimed from the ro o f t o p s” (Luke 1 2:2–3) .
When we are being faced with our deeds after death, angels who h a ve been given the task of examining look searchingly into the face and continue their examination through the whole body, beginning with the fingers first of one hand and then of the other and continuing t h rough the whole. When I wondered why this was so, it was explained to me. The reason is that just as the details of our thought and intention are inscribed on our brains because that is where their beginnings

a re, so they are inscribed on the whole body as well, since all the elements
of our thought and intention move out into the body from their beginnings and take definition there in their outmost forms. This is why the things that are inscribed on our memory from our intention and consequent thought are inscribed not only on the brain but also on the whole person, where they take form in a pattern that follows the pattern of the parts of the body. I could there f o re see that our ove r a l l
n a t u re depends on the nature of our intention and consequent thought,

a. Good people, spirits, and angels are their own good and their own truth: that is, the nature of the whole person depends on the nature of that good and truth: 10298, 10367. This is because the
good constitutes our volition and the true constitutes our intellect, and volition and intellect constitute
the entire life for a person here, for a spirit, and for an angel: 3332, 3623, 6065. This is the same as saying that people here, spirits, and angels are their love: 6872, 10177, 10284.
b. We have two memories, an outer and an inner, or a natural one and a spiritual one: 2469–2494. We are not aware that we have this inner memory: 2470, 2471. How much better the
inner memory is than the outer one: 2473. The contents of our outer memory are in the world's light, while the contents of our inner memory are in heaven's light: 5212. It is because of our inner
memory that we can think and talk intelligently and rationally: 9394. Absolutely everything we have thought, said, done, seen, and heard is inscribed on our inner memory: 2474, 7398. That memory is our book of life: 2474, 9386, 9841, 10505. In our inner memory are the true things that
have become matters of our faith and the good things that have become matters of our love: 5212,
8067. Things that have become second nature to us and part of our life and therefore have been erased from our outer memory are in our inner memory: 9394, 9723, 9841. Spirits and angels talk
from their inner memory, which is why they have a universal language: 2472, 2476, 2490, 2493. Languages in the world are matters of the outer memory: 2472, 2476.
so that evil people are their own evil and good people are their own good.a
We may also gather from this what is meant by our book of life, mentioned in the Word.269 It is the fact that all our deeds and all our thoughts are written on our whole person and seem as though they are read from a book when they are called out of our memory. They appear in a kind of image when our spirit is looked at in heaven's light.
I should like to add to this something noteworthy about the memory that we keep after death, something that convinced me that not just the general contents but even the smallest details that have entered our memory
do last and are never erased. I saw some books with writing in them like earthly writing, and was told that they had come from the memories
of the people who had written them, that not a single word was missing

that had been in the book they had written in the world. I was also told that all the least details could be retrieved from the memory of someone
else, even things the person had forgotten in the world. The reason for this was explained as well; namely, that we have an outer and an inner memory, the outer proper to our natural person and the inner proper to our spiritual person. The details of what we have thought, intended, said,
and done, even what we have heard and seen, are inscribed on our inner
or spiritual memory.[b] There is no way to erase anything there, since everything is written at once on our spirit itself and on the members of our body, as noted above. This means that our spirit is formed in accord
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with what we have thought and what we have done intentionally. I know
these things seem paradoxical and hard to believe, but they are true nevertheless.
Let no one believe, then, that there is anything we have thought or done in secret that will remain hidden after death. Believe rather that absolutely
everything will come out into broad daylight.
While our outer or natural memory is still part of us after death, still the merely natural things that are in it are not recreated in the other life,
only spiritual things that are connected to the natural ones by correspondence.
Still, when they are presented visually, they look just the same as they did in the natural world. This is because everything we see in the heavens looks as it did in the world, even though in essence it is not natural
but spiritual, as has been explained in the chapter on representations and appearances in heaven (§§170–176).
[2] As for our outer or natural memory, though, to the extent that its contents are derived from matter, time, space, and everything else proper
to nature, it does not fulfill the same function for the spirit that it fulfilled
in the world. This is because in the world, when we thought on the basis of our outer sensitivity and not at the same time on the basis of our
inner or intellectual sensitivity, we were thinking on the natural level and
not on the spiritual one. However, in the other life, when our spirit is in the spiritual world, we do not think on the natural level but on the spiritual

one. Thinking on the spiritual level is thinking intelligently or rationally. This is why our outer or natural memory then goes dormant as far as material things are concerned. The only things that come into play are what we have gained in the world through those material things and have made rational. The reason our outer memory goes dormant as far as material things are concerned is that they cannot be recreated. Spirits and angels actually talk from the affections and consequent thoughts of their minds, so they cannot utter anything that does not square with these, as you may gather from what was said about the language of angels in heaven and their communication with us (§§234–257). [3] This is why we are rational after death to the extent that we have become rational by means of languages and the arts and sciences in this world, and emphatically not to the extent that we have become skilled in them.

I have talked with any number of people who were regarded as learned in the world because of their knowledge of such ancient languages as Hebrew and Greek and Latin, but who had not developed their rational functioning by means of the things that were written in those

languages. Some of them seemed as simple as people who did not know anything about those languages; some of them seemed dense, though there still remained a pride, as though they were wiser than other people.

[4] I have talked with some people who had believed in the world that wisdom depends on how much we have in our memory and who had therefore filled their memories to bursting. They talked almost exclusively from these items, which meant that they were not talking for themselves but for others; and they had not developed any rational function by means of these matters of memory. Some of them were dense, some silly, with no grasp of truth whatever, no sense of whether anything was true or not. They seized on every false notion sold as true by people who called themselves scholars. They were actually incapable of seeing anything as it actually was, whether it was true or not, so they could not see anything rationally when they listened to others.

[5] I have talked with some people who had written a great deal in

the world, some of them in all kinds of academic fields, people who had therefore gained an international reputation for learning. Some of them could quibble about whether truths were true or not. Some of them understood
what was true when they turned toward people who were in the light of truth; but since they still did not want to understand what was true, they denied it when they focused on their own false opinions and were therefore really being themselves. Some of them did not know any more than the illiterate masses. So they varied depending on the way they had developed their rational ability through the treatises they had written or copied. Still, if people had opposed the truths of the church, had based their thinking on the arts and sciences, and had used them to convince themselves of false principles, they had not developed their rational
ability but only their skill in argumentation—an ability that is confused with rationality in the world, but is in fact a different ability from rationality. It is an ability to prove anything one pleases, to see false
things rather than true ones on the basis of preconceptions and illusions.
There is no way people like this can be brought to recognize truths because
it is impossible to see truths from false principles, though it is possible from true principles to see what is false.
[6] Our rational faculty is like a garden or flower bed, like new l y tilled land. Our memory is the soil, information and experiential learning are the seeds, while heave n's light and warmth make them p ro d u c t i ve. T h e re is no germination without these latter. So there is
no germination in us unless heave n's light, which is divine truth, and

h e a ve n's warmth, which is divine love, are let in. They are the only s o u rce of rationality.
Angels are profoundly grieved that scholars for the most part keep attributing eve rything to nature and there f o re close the deeper levels of
their minds so that they can see no trace of truth from the light of tru t h ,
the light of heaven. As a result, in the other life they are deprived of their ability to reason so that they will not use reason to spread false notions
among simple people and mislead them. They are dismissed to d e s e rt are a s .
One particular spirit resented the fact that he could not remember much of what he had known during his physical life. He was grieving

over the pleasure he had lost because it had been his chief delight. He was
told, though, that he had not lost anything at all and that he knew absolutely
everything. In the world where he was now living he was not allowed to retrieve things like that. It should satisfy him that he could now think and talk much better and more perfectly without immersing his rational
functioning in dense clouds, in material and physical concerns, the way he had before, in concerns that were useless in the kingdom he had now reached. Now he had whatever he needed for his functioning in eternal life, and there was no other way he could become blessed and happy. So it was the counsel of ignorance to believe that the removal and
dormancy of material concerns in the memory led to the disappearance of intelligence,270 when in fact the more the mind can be led out of the sensory concerns that are proper to the outer person or the body, the more it is raised up to spiritual and heavenly concerns.

In the other life, people are sometimes shown what memories are like by having them presented visually in forms that are merely appearances
(many things are presented visually there that for us here are strictly conceptual).

The outer memory there looks like a callus, while the inner
looks like the medullary substance found in the human brain. This also enables us to recognize their quality.

For people who have focused solely on memorization during their physical lives, without developing their rational ability, their memory has a callused quality that looks hard and streaked with tendons inside. For people who have filled their memories with false notions it looks shaggy because of the random mass of disorganized stuff. For people who have focused on memorization with themselves and the world first in mind, it looks stuck together and bony. For people who have tried to probe divine secrets through acquired information, especially

philosophical information, without believing anything before they are convinced by the information, their memory looks dark, with a quality that actually absorbs rays of light and turns them into darkness. Fo r people who have been guileful and hypocrites it looks bony and hard as ebony that reflects light rays.

However, for people who have focused on the good of love and truths of faith, no such callus is visible. This is because their inner memory
is transmitting rays of light into their outer memory, and those rays

find definition in its objects or concepts as though it were their foundation
or their soil, and find congenial vessels there. This is because the outer memory is the outmost element of the design, where spiritual and heavenly matters come gently to rest and dwell when there are good and
true contents in it.
While we are living in the world, if we are engaged in a love for the Lord and in thoughtfulness toward our neighbor, we have with and within us an angelic intelligence and wisdom, but it is hidden away in the depths of our inner memory. There is no way this intelligence and wisdom can become visible before we leave our bodies. Then our natural
memory is put to sleep and we are awakened into consciousness of our inner memory and eventually of our actual angelic memory.
I do need to explain briefly how our rational ability is developed. A genuine rational ability is made up of true elements and not of false ones. Anything made up of false elements is not rational. T h e re are t h ree kinds of true elements: civic, moral, and spiritual. Civic tru t h s h a ve to do with judicial matters and the governmental affairs of nations—in general, with what is fair and equitable. Moral truths have to do with matters of personal life in its societal and social contexts, in general with what is honest and upright, and in particular with all kinds of virtues. Spiritual truths, howe ve r, have to do with matters of heave n
and the church, in general with what is good in respect to love and what
is true in respect to faith.
[2] There are three levels of life in every individual (see above, §267). Our rational ability is opened at the first level by means of civic truths, at
the second level by moral truths, and at the third level by spiritual truths.
We need to realize, though, that our rational ability is not formed and opened simply by virtue of our knowing these truths, but by virtue of our living by them. Living by them means loving them out of a spiritual
affection; and loving them out of a spiritual affection means loving what is fair and equitable because it is fair and equitable, what is honest

and upright because it is honest and upright, what is good and true because
it is good and true. On the other hand, living according to them

and loving them out of a physical affection is loving them for the sake of oneself, one's repute, prestige, or profit. Consequently, to the extent that we love these truths out of a carnal affection, we do not become rational because we do not love them; we love ourselves, with the truths serving us the way slaves serve their master. When truths become slaves, they do not become part of us or open any level of our life, not even the first. Rather, they stay in our memory like information in material form and unite with love for ourselves there, which is a physical love.

[3]We may gather from this how we become rational, namely that at the third level it is through a spiritual love of what is good and true in regard to heaven and the church; at the second level it is through a love of what is honest and upright; and on the first level it is through a love of what is fair and equitable. The latter two loves also become spiritual from a spiritual love of what is good and true that flows into them and unites itself to them and forms its own face in them, so to speak.

Spirits and angels have memory just as we do. What they hear and see and think and intend and do stays with them; and through their memory they are constantly developing their rational ability forever. This is why spirits and angels are being perfected in intelligence and wisdom through experiences of what is true and good just the way we are.

I have been shown that spirits and angels have memory by a great deal of experience as well. I have seen everything they had thought and done called up from their memory both in public and in private, when they were with other spirits. I have also seen people who had been focused on some truth from simple virtue become steeped in insights and in a consequent intelligence and then taken up into heaven.

It should be realized, though, that they are not steeped in insights and a consequent intelligence beyond the level of the affection for what is good and true that engaged them in the world.[271] In fact, each spirit and angel retains the amount and kind of affection she or he had in the world, and this is afterward perfected by being filled in. This too goes on forever, since everything is capable of infinite variation and enrichment by different means, so it can be multiplied and can bear fruit. There is no end to any instance of goodness, since its source is the Infinite.

The fact that spirits and angels are constantly being perfected in intelligence and wisdom by means of insights into what is true and good

has been presented in the chapters on the wisdom of heaven's angels

(§§265–275); on non-Christians or people outside the church in heaven (§§318–328); and on infants in heaven (§§329–345). This happens at the level of the affection for the good and the true that engaged them in the world, and not beyond it (§349).

Our Nature after Death Depends on the Kind of Life We Led in the World

ANY Christian knows from the Word that our life is still with us after death, since it says in many places that we will be judged according to our deeds and works and rewarded accordingly. Further, anyone who thinks on the basis of what is good and from real truth cannot help but see that people who live well enter heaven and people who live evil lives enter hell. However, people who are intent on evil do not want to believe that their state after death depends on their life in the world. They think rather, especially when their health begins to fail, that heaven is granted to all on the basis of mercy alone no matter how people have lived, and that this depends on a faith that they keep separate from life.

It does say in many places in the Word that we will be judged and requited according to our deeds and works. I should like to cite a few passages here.

The Human-born One is to come in the glory of the Father with his angels, and then he will render to everyone according to his or her works. (Matthew 16:17 *[16:27]*)

Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord. Truly, says the spirit, so that they may rest from their labors, their works follow them. (Revelation 14:11 *[14:13]*)

I will give to all according to their works. (Revelation 2:23)

I saw the dead, small and great, standing in the presence of God, and books were opened, and the dead were judged according to what was

written in the books, according to their works; the sea gave up those who had died in it, and death and hell gave up the people who were in them, and they were all judged according to their works. (Revelation 20:13, 15 *[20:12, 13]*)

See, I am coming; and my reward is with me, and I will give to all according to their works. (Revelation 22:12)

Everyone who hears my words and does them I will compare to a prudent person, but everyone who hears my words and does not do them is like a foolish person. (Matthew 7:24, 26)

Not everyone who says to me, "Lord, Lord," will enter into the kingdom of the heavens, but the one who does the will of my Father who is in the heavens. Many people will say to me on that day, "Lord, Lord, have we not prophesied through your name, and through your name cast out demons, and in your name done many powerful deeds?" But then I will confess to them, "I do not recognize you. Get away from me, workers of iniquity." (Matthew 7:22, 23)

Then you will begin to say, "We have eaten in your presence and drunk, and you have taught in our streets." But he will say, "I tell you, I do not recognize you, workers of iniquity." (Luke 13:25–27)

I will repay them according to their work, and according to the deeds of their hands. (Jeremiah 25:14)

Jehovah, whose eyes are open upon all our paths, to give to us all according to our ways and according to the fruit of our works. (Jeremiah 32:19)

I will visit upon their ways and repay them their works. (Hosea 4:9)

Jehovah deals with us according to our ways and according to our works. (Zechariah 1:6)

W h e re the Lord is predicting the Last Judgment, he recounts only deeds, and [says] that the people who have done good works will enter eternal life, and that the people who have done evil works will enter damnation (Ma t t h ew 2 5:3 2–4 6). T h e re are many other passages as well that deal with our salvation and damnation.

We can see that our outward life consists of our works and deeds, and that the quality of our inner life is manifested through them.

"Works and deeds," though, does not mean works and deeds solely the way they look in outward form. It also includes their deeper nature. Everyone knows, really, that all our deeds and works come from our intention and thought, for if they did not come from there they would be no more than motions like those of machines or robots.[272] So a deed or work in its own right is simply an effect that derives its soul and life from our volition and thought, even to the point that it is volition and thought in effect, volition and thought in an outward form. It follows, then, that the quality of the volition and thought that cause the deed or work determines the quality of the deed or work. If the thought and intent are good, then the deeds and works are good; but if the thought and intent are evil, then the deeds and works are evil, even though they may look alike in outward form. A thousand people can behave alike—that is, can do the same thing, so much alike that in outward form one can

hardly tell the difference. Yet each deed in its own right is unique because
it comes from a different intent.
[2] Take for example behaving honestly and fairly with an associate. One person can behave honestly and fairly with someone else in order to
seem honest and fair for the sake of self and to gain respect; another person
can do the same for the sake of worldly profit; a third for reward and credit; a fourth to curry friendship; a fifth out of fear of the law and loss of reputation and office; a sixth to enlist people in his or her cause, even
if it is an evil one; a seventh in order to mislead; and others for still other
reasons. But even though all of their deeds look good (for behaving honestly
and fairly toward a colleague is good), still they are evil because they are not done for the sake of honesty and fairness, not because these qualities
are loved, but for the sake of oneself and the world, because these are loved. The honesty and fairness are servants of this love, like the servants
of a household whom their lord demeans and dismisses when they do not serve.
[3] People behave honestly and fairly toward their colleagues in a similar outward form when they are acting from a love of what is honest and fair. Some of them do it because of the truth of faith, or obedience, because it is enjoined in the Word. Some of them do it for the sake of the
goodness of faith or conscience, because they are moved by religious feeling.
Some of them do it out of the good of thoughtfulness toward their neighbor, because one's neighbor's welfare is to be valued. Some of them
do it out of the goodness of love for the Lord, because what is good should be done for its own sake; so too what is honest and fair should be

a. Just as everything in the universe that occurs in an orderly fashion goes back to what is good and true, so everything in us goes back to volition and intellect: 803, 10122. This is because it is our volition that receives what is good and our intellect that receives what is true: 3332, 3623, 5332,
6065, 6125, 7503, 9300, 9930. It amounts to the same thing whether you talk about what is true or
faith, since faith is a matter of truth and truth is a matter of faith; and it also amounts to the same
thing whether you talk about what is good or love, since love is a matter of what is good, and

what is good is a matter of love: 4353, 4997, 7178, 10122, 10367. So it follows that intellect is the
recipient of faith and volition the recipient of love: 7178, 10122, 10367; and since our intellect can
accept faith in God and our volition love for God, we can be united to God by faith and love; and anyone who can be united to God by faith and love cannot die forever: 4525, 6323, 9231.

done for the sake of honesty and fairness. They love these qualities because
they come from the Lord, and because the divine nature that emanates from the Lord is within them. So if we see them in their true essence, they are divine. The deeds or works of these people are inwardly
good, so they are outwardly good as well; for as already noted, the nature
of deeds and works is entirely determined by the nature of the thought and intent from which they stem, and apart from such thought and intent
they are not deeds and works but only lifeless motions.

We may gather from this what is meant by works and deeds in the Word.

Since deeds and works are matters of intention and thought, they a re also matters of love and faith to the point that their quality is the quality of their love and faith. That is, it amounts to the same thing whether you talk about our love or about our intentions, whether yo u talk about our established faith or about our thought, since what we l ove we also intend, and what we believe we also think. If we love what we believe, we intend it as well and do it to the extent that we can. Anyone
can re a l i ze that love and faith dwell within our intentions and thought and not outside them, since intent is what is kindled by love and thought is what is enlightened in matters of faith. This means that only people who can think wisely are enlightened; and depending on their enlightenment they think what is true and intend what is tru e , they believe what is true and love what is tru e .[a]

We do need to recognize, though, that volition makes us who we are. Thought does so only to the extent that it arises from our volition, while deeds and works come from both. Or in other words, love is what makes us who we are; faith does so only to the extent that it arises from love, and deeds and works come from both. It follows from this that love or intent is the actual person, for the things that come forth belong to the

b. Our volition is the essential reality of our life, since it is the vessel of love or what is good; and
our intellect is the consequent manifestation of life because it is the vessel of faith or what is true:
3619, 5002, 9282; so our voluntary life is our primary life and our intellectual life is secondary to

it: 585, 590, 3619, 7342, 8885, 9282, 10076, 10109, 10110. It is like light from a fire or flame: 6032,
6314. It follows from this that we are human because of our volition and our consequent intellect:
8911, 9069, 9071, 10076, 10109, 10110. Every individual is loved and valued by others in proportion
to the virtue of her or his intentions and the consequent thought. We are loved and valued if we intend well and understand well, rejected and demeaned if we understand well but do not intend
well: 8911, 10076. After death we retain the quality of our intentions and our consequent understanding:
9069, 9071, 9386, 10153. This means that after death we retain the quality of our love
and faith. Any elements that are matters of faith but not at the same time of love vanish then because
they are not within us and therefore are not part of us: 553, 2364, 10153.

person they come forth from. To come forth is to be produced and presented
in a form suited to observation and sight.[b]

We may gather from this what faith is apart from love—no faith at all, only information with no spiritual life in it. The same holds true for deeds apart from love. They are not deeds or works of life at all, only deeds or works of death containing some semblance of life derived from a love of evil and a faith in what is false. This semblance of life is what we
call spiritual death.

We should realize as well that we present our whole person in our works and deeds and that our volition and thought, or the love and faith that are our inner constituents, are not complete until they are [embodied]
in the deeds and works that are our outer constituents. These latter are in fact the outmost forms in which the former find definition; and without such definitions they are like undifferentiated things that do not
yet have any real presence, things that are therefore not yet in us. To think and intend without acting when we can is like a flame sealed in a jar and stifled, or it is like seed sown in the sand that does not grow but dies along with its power to reproduce. Thinking and intending and doing,
though, is like a flame that sheds its light and warmth all around, or like seed sown in the soil, that grows into a tree or a flower and becomes
something. Anyone can see that intending and not acting when we can is
not really intending, and loving and not doing good when we can is not really loving. It is only thinking that we intend and love; so it is a matter of isolated thought that disintegrates and vanishes. Love and intent are the very soul of the deed or work. It forms its own body in the honest and fair things that we do. This is the sole source of our spiritual body, the body of our spirit; that is, our spiritual body is formed entirely from what we have done out of love or intent (see above, §463). In a word,

c. Deeper things flow sequentially into more outward ones and ultimately into what is outmost or final, which is where they find presence and permanence: 634, 6239, 6465, 9216, 9217. They not only flow in, they form a simultaneous whole on that outmost level, in a particular design: 5897, 6451, 8603, 10099. This is why all our deeper elements are held in connection and are stable:
9828. Deeds or works are the final forms in which our deeper elements exist: 10331; so being repaid
and judged according to our works is [being repaid and judged] according to everything that pertains to our love and faith or our intentions and thought, since these are the deeper realities within our works: 3147, 3934, 6073, 8911, 10331, 10333.

everything of our character and our spirit is [embodied] in our works or deeds.c

We may gather from this what is meant by the life that stays with us after death. It is actually our love and our consequent faith, not only in theory but in act as well. So it is our deeds or works because these contain
within themselves our whole love and faith.

There is a dominant love that remains with each of us after death and never changes to eternity. We all have many loves, but they all go back to
our dominant love and form a single whole with it, or compose it in the aggregate. All the elements of our volition that agree with our dominant love are called loves because they are loved. There are deeper and more
superficial loves, loves that are directly united and loves that are indirectly
united; there are closer and more distant ones; there are loves that serve in various ways. Taken all together they make a kind of kingdom. They are actually arranged in this way within us even though we are utterly
unaware of their arrangement. However, the arrangement becomes visible to some extent in the other life because the outreach of our thoughts and affections there depends on it. The outreach is into heavenly
communities if our dominant love is made up of loves of heaven,
but it is into hellish communities if our dominant love is made up of loves of hell.

On the outreach into communities of all the thought and affection of spirits and angels, see the previous chapters on the wisdom of heaven’s
angels and on heaven’s form, which determines its gatherings and communications
[§§265–275, 200–212].

What I have said so far, though, is addressed only to our rational thought. In order to present the matter to sensory observation, I should

like to add some experiences that may serve to illustrate and support the
claims that *first,* we are our love or intention after death; *second,* we remain
the same forever in regard to our volition or dominant love; *third,*
we come into heaven if our love is heavenly and spiritual, and into hell if

our love is carnal and worldly without any heavenly and spiritual dimension;
fourth, our faith does not stay with us unless it comes from a heavenly
love; and *fifth,* love in action, and therefore our life, is what remains.
A great deal of my experience has testified to the fact that *we are our love or intention after death.* All heaven is differentiated into communities
on the basis of differences in the quality of love, and every spirit who is
raised up into heaven and becomes an angel is taken to the community
where her or his love is. When we arrive there we feel as though we are in
our own element, at home, back to our birthplace, so to speak. Angels
sense this and associate there with kindred spirits. When they leave and
go somewhere else, they feel a constant pull, a longing to go back to their
kindred and therefore to their dominant love. This is how people gather
together in heaven. The same applies in hell. There too, people associate
according to loves that oppose heavenly ones. On the fact that both
heaven and hell are made up of communities and that they are all differentiated
according to differences of love, see §§41–50 and 200–212 above.
[2] We may also gather that we are our love after death from the fact
that anything that does not agree with our dominant love is then removed
and apparently taken away from us. For good people, what is
removed and apparently taken away is everything that disagrees and conflicts,
with the result that they are admitted to their love. It is much the
same for evil people, except that what is taken away from them is everything
true, while for good people everything false is taken away. Either
way, the result is that ultimately everyone becomes his or her own love.
This happens when we are brought into our third state, which will be
discussed below.

Once this has happened, we constantly turn our faces toward our love and have it constantly before our eyes no matter which way we face (see above, §§123–124).

[3] All spirits can be led wherever you want as long as they are kept in their dominant love. They cannot resist even though they know what is happening and think that they will refuse. Spirits have often tried to do something in opposition, but without success. Their love is like a chain or rope tied around them, with which they can be pulled and which they cannot escape. It is the same for people in this world. Our love leads us as well, and it is through our love that we are led by others. It is even more so when we become spirits, though, because then we are not allowed to present a different love or pretend to a love that is not ours.

[4] It is obvious in every gathering in the other life that our spirit is our dominant love. To the extent that we act and talk in keeping with

d. A way, road, track, lane, or street means things that are true and that lead to something good, as well as false things that lead to something evil: 627, 2333, 10422. To sweep a path is to prepare to accept what is true: 3142. To make a path known, when it is said of the Lord, is to teach people about the truths that lead to what is good: 10564.

someone else's love, that individual looks whole, with a face that is whole, cheerful, and lively. To the extent that we act and talk against someone else's dominant love, though, that individual's face begins to change, to dim, and to be hard to see. Eventually it disappears as though it were not even there. I have often been amazed at this because this kind of thing cannot happen in the world. However, I have been told that the same thing happens to the spirit within us, in that when we turn our attention away from someone, that individual is no longer in our sight.

[5] I have also seen that our spirit is our dominant love from the fact that every spirit seizes and claims whatever suits his or her love and rejects and repels whatever does not suit it. Our love is like a spongy, porous wood that absorbs whatever liquids prompt its growth, and repels others. It is like animals of various kinds. They recognize their proper foods, seek out the ones that suit their natures, and avoid the ones that disagree. Every love actually wants to be nourished by what is appropriate

to it—an evil love by falsities and a good love by truths. I have occasionally
been allowed to see that some particular simple and good people wanted to teach evil people things that were true and good. Faced with this teaching, though, the evil people fled far away; and when they reached their own kind, they seized on whatever falsities suited their love
with great delight. I have also been allowed to see good spirits talking with each other about truths, which other good spirits in attendance listened
to eagerly, while some evil ones who were there paid no attention, as though they did not hear anything.

In the world of spirits you can see paths, some leading to heaven and some leading to hell, each one leading to some specific community. Good spirits travel only the paths that lead to heaven, and to the community
engaged in their own quality of love. They do not see paths that lead anywhere else. On the other hand, evil spirits travel only the paths that lead to hell and to that community there which is engaged in the evil of their own love. They do not see paths that lead anywhere else; and
if they do see them, they still do not want to follow them.

Paths like this in the spiritual world are “real appearances” that correspond
to true and false [understandings]; so this is what “paths” in the Word mean.[d]

These proofs from experience support what was said above on rational grounds, namely that after death we are our own love and our own intent. I say “intent” because for each of us, our intent is our love.

A great deal of experience has also convinced me that *after death we remain the same forever in regard to our volition or dominant love*. I have
been allowed to talk with some people who lived more than two thousand
years ago, people whose lives are described in history books and are therefore familiar. I discovered[273] that they were still the same, just as described,
including the love that was the source and determinant of their lives.

There were others who had lived seventeen centuries ago, also known from history books, and some who had lived four centuries ago, some three, and so on, with whom I was also allowed to talk and to learn that the same affection still governed within them. The only difference was that the pleasures of their love had been changed into corresponding

ones.
Angels have told me that the life of our dominant love never changes for anyone to all eternity because we are our love, so to change it in any spirit would be to take away and snuff out his or her life.
They have also told me that this is because after death we can no longer be reformed by being taught the way we could in this world, since
the outmost level, made up of natural insights and affections, is then dormant
and cannot be opened because it is not spiritual (see above, §464).
The deeper functions of our mind or spirit rest on this level the way a house rests on its foundation, which is why we do stay forever like the life
of our love in the world. Angels are utterly amazed that people do not realize
that our nature is determined by the nature of our dominant love
and that many people actually believe they can be saved by instantaneous
mercy, simply on the basis of their faith alone, regardless of the kind of life they have led, not realizing that divine mercy operates through means. The means involve being led by the Lord in the world as well as afterward in heaven, and the people who are led by mercy are the ones who do not live in evil. People do not even know that faith is an affection
for what is true, an affection that comes from a heavenly love that comes
from the Lord.
We come into heaven if our love is heavenly and spiritual and into hell if our love is carnal and worldly without any heavenly and spiritual dimension. My evidence for this conclusion is all the people I have seen raised into heaven and cast into hell. The ones who were raised into heaven had lives of heavenly and spiritual love, while the ones who were

e. In the highest sense, the Lord is our neighbor because he is to be loved above all; however, loving
the Lord is loving what comes from him because he is in everything that comes from him, so [our neighbor is] whatever is good and true: 2425, 3419, 6706, 6711, 6819, 6823, 8123. Loving what
is good and true, which come from him, is living by them, and this is loving the Lord: 10143, 10153, 10310, 10336, 10578, 10648. Every individual and community, our country and church, and
in the broadest sense the Lord’s kingdom, is our neighbor; and loving our neighbor is helping them from a love for their good in keeping with their state. This means that their welfare, which we are to value, is the neighbor: 6818–6824, 8123. Moral good, or what is honest, and civic good,
or what is fair, are our neighbor as well; and acting honestly and fairly out of a love for what is

honest and fair is loving the neighbor: 2915, 4730, 8120, 8121, 8122, 8123. Consequently, thoughtfulness
toward our neighbor includes all aspects of our lives, and doing what is good and fair, and acting honestly from the heart in every position we hold and in everything we do, is loving our neighbor: 2417, 8121, 8124. The doctrine of the early church was a doctrine of charity, and this was the source of their wisdom: 2417, 2385, 3419, 3420, 4844, 6628.

cast into hell had lives of carnal and worldly love. Heavenly love is loving what is good, honest, and fair because it is good, honest, and fair, and doing it because of that love. This is why they have a life of goodness, honesty, and fairness, which is a heavenly life. If we love these things for their own sakes and do or live them, we are also loving the Lord above all because they come from him. We are also loving our neighbor, because these things are our neighbor who is to be loved.e Carnal love, though, is loving what is good and honest and fair not for their own sakes but for our own sake, because we can use them to gain prestige, position, and profit. In this case we are not focusing on the Lord and our neighbor within what is good and honest and fair but on ourselves and the world, and we enjoy deceit. When the motive is deceit, then whatever is good and honest and fair is actually evil and dishonest and unfair. This is what we love within [the outward appearance].

[2] Since these loves define our lives, we are all examined as to our quality immediately after death, when we arrive in the world of spirits, and we are put in touch with people of like love. If we are focused on h e a venly love, we are put in touch with people in heaven; and if we are focused on carnal love, we are put in touch with people in hell. Fu rt h e r, once the first and second states have been completed the two kinds of people are separated so that they no longer see or re c o g n i ze each other. We actually become our own love not only as to the deeper levels of our minds but outwardly as well, in face, body, and speech, since we become images of our love even in outward things. People who are carnal love s look coarse, dim, dark, and misshapen; while people who are heave n l y l oves look live l y, clear, bright, and love l y. They are completely different in

spirit and in thought as well. People who are heavenly loves are intelligent and wise, while people who are carnal loves are dense and rather silly.

[3] When leave is given to examine the inner and outer aspects of the thoughts and affections of people engaged in heavenly love, the inner

reaches look as though they were made of light, in some cases like the light of a flame; and their outer manifestations are of various lovely colors,
like a rainbow. In contrast, the inner reaches of people who are engaged
in carnal love look gloomy because they are closed in, in some cases like a smoky fire for people who were inwardly maliciously deceptive.
Their outer manifestations have an ugly color, depressing to look at (both the inner and outer aspects of the mind and spirit are presented visually
in the spiritual world whenever it so pleases the Lord).
[4] People who are engaged in carnal love do not see anything in heaven's light. Heaven's light is darkness to them, while hell's light, which
is like the light of glowing embers, is like daylight to them. In fact, in heaven's light their inner sight is deprived of light to the point that they become insane. As a result, they run away from it and hide in caves and caverns of a depth that corresponds to the false convictions that stem from their evil intentions. Exactly the reverse is true for people who are engaged in heavenly love, though. The deeper or higher they enter into heavenly light, the more clearly they see everything and the lovelier it all
looks, and the more intelligently and wisely they grasp what is true.
[5] There is no way that people who are engaged in carnal love can live in heaven's warmth, because heaven's warmth is heavenly love. They
can live in hell's warmth, though, which is a love of cruelty toward people
who do not support them. The pleasures of this love are contempt for others, hostility, hatred, and vengefulness. When they are absorbed in these they are in their very life, with no knowledge whatever of what it means to do good for others out of sheer goodness and for the sake of the
good itself. All they know is how to do good out of malice and for the sake of malice.
[6] People who are engaged in carnal love cannot breathe in heaven either. When evil spirits are taken there, they draw breath like someone who is struggling painfully. On the other hand, people who are engaged in heavenly love breathe more freely and feel more alive the deeper into heaven they come.
We may gather from this that a heavenly and spiritual love is heaven for us because everything heavenly is written on that love; and that carnal
and worldly love apart from heavenly and spiritual love is hell for us because

everything hellish is written on that love.

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We can see, then, that people come into heaven who have a heavenly and spiritual love, and people come into hell who have a carnal and worldly love without a heavenly and spiritual one.

The fact that *our faith does not stay with us unless it comes from a heavenly love* has been brought home to me by so much experience that if I were to relate what I have seen and heard about it, it would fill a book. I can attest to this: that there is no faith whatever and there can be none for people who are engrossed in carnal and worldly love apart from heavenly and spiritual love. There is only information, or a secondhand belief 2 7 4 that something is true because it serves their own love. Further, a number of people who thought they had had faith were introduced to people of real faith; and once communication was established they perceived that they had no faith at all. They even admitted later that simply believing the truth or the Word is not faith; but faith is loving what is true from a heavenly love and intending and doing it from a deep affection. I was also shown that the secondhand belief they called faith was only like the light of winter in which everything on earth lies dormant, bound by the ice and buried in snow because there is no warmth to the light. As a result, the moment it is touched by rays of heaven's light, the light of their secondhand faith is not only extinguished but actually becomes a dense darkness in which people cannot even see themselves. At the same time, too, their deeper reaches are so darkened that they cannot discern anything and ultimately go mad because of their false convictions.

The result is that all the truths such people have learned from the Word and from the teaching of the church are taken away from them, all the things they claimed were part of their faith, and in their place they are filled with everything false that accords with the evil of their life. They are actually all plunged into their loves and into the false notions that support them as well. Then, since truths contradict the false, malicious notions they are absorbed in, they hate the truths, turn their backs on them, and reject them.

I can bear witness from all my experiences of what happens in heaven and in hell that people who have confessed faith alone as a matter of doctrine

and have engaged in evil as regards their lives are all in hell. I have seen thousands of them sent there and have described them in the booklet
The Last Judgment and Babylon Destroyed.[275]
The fact that *love in action, and there fore our life, is what remains* follows logically from what I have presented from experience and what I have just said about deeds and works. Love in action is the work and the deed.

f. Our own nature is to love ourselves more than God and the world more than heaven, and to regard the neighbor as nothing in comparison to ourselves, so it is a love for oneself and for the world: 634 *[694],* 731, 4317. This is the self into which we are born, and it is solid evil: 210, 215, 731, 874, 875, 876, 987, 1047, 2307, 2318 *[2308],* 3518, 3701, 3812, 8480, 8550, 10283, 10284, 10286, 10731 *[10832].* From our self-image comes not only everything evil but also everything false: 1047, 10283, 10284, 10286. The evils that come from our self-image are contempt for others, hostility, hatred, vengefulness, cruelty, and deceit: 6667, 7372, 7373, 7374, 9348, 10038, 10742 *[10743].* To the extent that our self-image rules, we either reject or stifle or pervert the goodness of love and the truth of faith: 2041, 7491, 7492, 7643, 8487, 10455, 10743. Our self-image is hell for us: 694, 8480. Anything good that we do because of our self-image is not good but is essentially evil: 8478 *[8480, 8487].*

We do need to know that all works and deeds are matters of moral and civic life and therefore focus on what is honest and right and what is fair and equitable. What is honest and right is a matter of moral life, and what is fair and equitable is a matter of civic life. The love these come from is either heavenly or hellish. The works and deeds of our moral and civic life are heavenly if we do them from a heavenly love, because things that we do from a heavenly love we do from the Lord, and everything we do from the Lord is good. On the other hand, the deeds and works of our moral and civic life are hellish if they come from a hellish love, since whatever[276] we do from this love, which is a love for ourselves and the world, we do from ourselves, and whatever we do from ourselves is intrinsically

evil. In fact, seen in our own right, or in terms of what is actually ours, we are nothing but evil.[f]

After Death, the Pleasures of Everyone's Life Are Turned into Things That Correspond

I explained in the last chapter that our dominant affection or predominant love stays with us forever. Now, though, I need to explain that the pleasures of that affection or love change into things that correspond. "Changing into things that correspond" means changing into spiritual things that answer to the natural ones. We may gather that they change

into spiritual things from the fact that as long as we are in our earthly bodies we are in the natural world; but once we leave that body behind, we arrive in the spiritual world and put on a spiritual body. (On angels having perfect human forms and being people after death, and on the bodies they wear being spiritual, see above, §§73–77 and 453–460; and for a description of the correspondence of spiritual things with natural ones, see §§87–115.)

All our pleasures stem from our dominant love, for the only things that feel pleasant to us are the ones that we love; so the most pleasant of all is what we love above all. Whether you say "our dominant love" or "what we love above all," it amounts to the same thing.

There are different pleasures—as many, generally speaking, as there are different dominant loves, which means as many as there are of us, and of spirits and angels, since no one's dominant love is entirely like that of anyone else. This is why no one's face is exactly like that of anyone else, since the face is the image of the mind, and in the spiritual world is an image of the dominant love. The pleasures of any specific individual are infinitely varied as well, with no pleasure ever entirely like any other. This applies both to the pleasures that come in sequence and to the ones that occur simultaneously. No two are ever alike. However, the specific pleasures of any given individual go back to that single love which is that individual's dominant love. In fact, they constitute it and therefore become one with it. In much the same way, all pleasures overall go back to one love that is universally dominant—in heaven, a love for the Lord, and in hell, a love for oneself.

The only way to know the kinds and qualities of the spiritual pleasures

into which natural pleasures turn after death is through a knowledge of correspondences. This teaches in general that there is nothing natural to which something spiritual does not answer, and it teaches specifically the identity and nature of whatever does so correspond. This
means that people who are engaged in this knowledge can recognize and
know their state after death provided they know their love and how it relates
in its nature to the universally dominant love to which, as we have just stated, all loves go back.
However, people who are involved in self-love cannot know what their dominant love is because they love whatever is theirs and call their
evils good. They also call false things true, the false notions that support
them and that they use to rationalize their evils. If they were willing, though, they could still know [their dominant love] from other people who are wise, because these latter see what they themselves do not. This

a. By reason of correspondence, darkness in the Word means falsities, and dense darkness or gloom means falsities that stem from evil: 1839, 1860, 7688, 7711. Heaven's light is darkness to evil
people: 1861, 6832, 8197. People who are in the hells are said to be in darkness because they are engrossed
in false notions that stem from evil; with some discussion: 3340, 4418, 4531. In the Word, "the blind" means people who are engrossed in false convictions and do not want to be taught: 2383, 6990.

does not happen, though, in the case of people who are so enmeshed in their self-love that they have nothing but contempt for any teaching of the wise.
[2] On the other hand, people who are in heavenly love do accept instruction
and do see the evils into which they were born when they are led into them. They see them from truths because truths make evils obvious.
Anyone can in fact see what is evil and the distortion it causes by seeing from the truth that arises from what is good; but no one can see what is good and true from an evil standpoint. This is because the false notions that arise from evil are darkness and correspond to it. So people
who are caught up in false notions that arise from evil are like blind people
who do not see things that are in the light, and they avoid them the way owls avoid daylight.[a] On the other hand, the true perceptions that

arise from good are light and correspond to light (see above, §§126–134).

So people who are focused on the true perceptions that arise from good are sighted and open-eyed and can differentiate between things that are
in light and shade.

[3] I have been granted confirmation of this too by experience. The angels who are in the heavens both see and grasp the evil and false promptings that well up in them from time to time; and they can also see
the evil and false promptings that engage the spirits in the world of spirits
who are in touch with the hells, though the spirits themselves cannot see their own evil and false promptings. They do not grasp what the virtue of heavenly love is, what conscience is, what is honest and fair (except
as it is to their own advantage), or what it means to be led by the Lord. They say these things do not exist and therefore make no difference
whatever.

All this has been presented to encourage people to examine themselves and to identify their dominant love on the basis of their pleasures, so that according to their grasp of the knowledge of correspondences, they may know their state of life after death.[277]

It is possible to know from a knowledge of correspondences how our life pleasures are changed after death into what corresponds to them; but

b. In the Word, rocky crevices and fissures mean what is dim and false in faith: 10582; because rocks mean faith from the Lord: 8581, 10580; and stone means truth of faith: 114, 643, 1298, 3720,
6426, 8608, 10376.

c. [Swedenborg's note at this point refers the reader back to the note in §487:2.]

d. Defilement of truth corresponds to urine: 5390.

since this is not common knowledge, I should like to shed some light on the matter from experience.

People who are caught up in evil and who have formed fixed false convictions against the truths of the church, especially people who have rejected the Word, flee from heaven's light. They plunge into cellars that
look murky through their openings and into crevices in the rocks and hide themselves there. This is because they have loved their false notions
and hated true ones. Cellars like this, and crevices in the rocks as well,[b] and false things, correspond to darkness;[c,278] and light corresponds to

things that are true. They find it pleasant to live there, and painful to live
out in the open.
[2] People who took delight in covert plotting and in manufacturing deceptive schemes in secret also live in these cellars and move into rooms
so dark that people can barely see each other. They whisper in each other's
ears in the corners. This is what becomes of the pleasures of their love.
If people have loved the academic disciplines only in order to sound learned, without using them to develop their ability to reason, taking delight
in their pride at the contents of their memories, they love sandy
areas and prefer them to meadows and gardens because sandy areas correspond
to these kinds of study.
[3] People who are wrapped up in knowing the doctrines of churches, their own and others', without applying them to life, love stony areas and
live among rock piles. They avoid cultivated land because it is repulsive to them.
If people have given nature—and their own prudence—credit for everything and have used various devices to gain high office and a great
deal of wealth, in the other life they study magical arts that are misuses of
the divine design, and find in them the greatest pleasure of their life.
[4] People who have adapted divine truths to their own loves and have therefore falsified them love urinary things because urinary things correspond to the pleasures of this kind of love.[d]
People who were filthy misers live in cubicles and love the filth of pigs and the foul odors they breathe out from half-digested food in their stomachs.

[5] If people have devoted their lives wholly to pleasure, living elegantly,
pandering to the gullet and the belly, loving this as the greatest good of life, in the other life they love feces and latrines and find them delightful. This is because pleasures like these are spiritual filth. They avoid places that are clean and free from filth because they find them distasteful.
[6] People who took pleasure in adultery pass their time in brothels where everything is filthy and foul. They love these places and avoid chaste homes. The moment they come near such homes they feel faint. Nothing pleases them more than to break up marriages.
People who have been bent on revenge and have therefore taken on a

savage and sadistic nature love places like morgues, and are in hells of that sort.

Others fare differently.

In contrast, the life pleasures of people who have lived in heavenly love in the world change into the kinds of corresponding things that exist in the heavens, things that come into being from heaven's sun and from its light. The things which that light renders visible have hidden within them divine realities. What comes to view from this source moves the deeper reaches of angels' minds and the outer levels of their bodies as well; and since a divine light (which is divine truth emanating from the Lord) is flowing into their minds, which have been opened by heavenly love, it presents in outward form things that answer to the pleasures of their love. In the chapter that dealt with representations and appearances in heaven (§§170–176) and the chapter on the wisdom of heaven's angels (§§265–275), I have explained that the things presented to angels' sight in the heavens answer to their own deeper natures or to elements of their faith and love, and therefore to their intelligence [and] wisdom.

[2] Since I have begun supporting this general proposition by examples drawn from my experience, to shed light on what has been said so far on the basis of the causes of things, I should also like to bring in at this point something about the heavenly pleasures into which the natural pleasures turn for people who live in heavenly love in the world.

People who have loved divine truths and the Word from a deep affection, or from an affection for the truth itself, live in the light, in uplands that look like mountains, and are constantly bathed in the light of heaven there. They know nothing of the kind of darkness we have at night in the world, and they live in a springtime climate as well. Their scenery offers them views like fields ripe for harvest and vineyards. Everything in their houses gleams as though it were made of precious stones. Looking through their windows is like looking through pure crystal.

e. A harvest in the Word means a state of acceptance and growth of what is true because of the good: 9291. Standing grain means truth being conceived: 9146. Vineyards mean the spiritual church and the truths of that church: 1069, 9139. Precious stones mean truths of heaven and of the church translucent from the good: 114, 9863, 9865, 9868, 9873, 9905. Windows mean the intellectual function of our inner sight: 655, 658, 3391.

f. Gardens, groves, and parks mean intelligence: 100, 103, 3220. Therefore the early people held

their holy worship in groves: 2722, 4552. Flowers and flower beds mean truths of information and
insight: 9553. Small plants, grasses, and lawns mean true information: 7571. Trees mean perceptions
and insights: 103, 2163, 2682, 2722, 2972, 7692.

These are their visual pleasures; but they are actually deeper pleasures because
of their correspondence with divine heavenly qualities, since the
truths from the Word that they have loved correspond to the harvest
fields, vineyards, precious stones, windows, and crystals.[e]

[3] People who have applied the teachings of the church from the
Wo rd directly to their lives are in the inmost heaven and more than
a n yone else are absorbed in the pleasures of wisdom. They see divine
realities in particular objects. They actually do see the objects, but the
c o r responding divine realities flow directly into their minds and fill
them with a sense of blessedness that affects all their sensory
functions.

As a result, eve rything they see seems to laugh and play and live (on
this, see above, §2 7 0) .

[4] If people have loved learning and have developed their rational
ability accordingly and thereby gained intelligence, and if they have
acknowledged
the Divine Being at the same time, their delight in knowledge
and pleasure in reasoning changes in the other life into a spiritual
pleasure that is the delight of firsthand knowledge of what is good and
true. They live in gardens where you can see flower beds and lawns
beautifully
marked off, surrounded by rows of trees with arcades and promenades.
The trees and flowers change from day to day. Looking at all this
brings pleasure to their minds generally, and the specific changes make
it
constantly new. Further, since all this corresponds to divine qualities,
and
since these people are drawn to their knowledge of correspondences,
they
are constantly being filled with new insights and thereby having their
spiritual rational faculty perfected. They enjoy these pleasures because
gardens, flower beds, lawns, and trees correspond to information,
insights,
and the intelligence that ensues.[f]

[5] If people have given the Divine credit for eve rything and
re g a rded nature as re l a t i vely dead, simply subservient to spiritual
concerns,
and if they have convinced themselves of this, they are in heavenly
light; and eve rything that presents itself to their eyes derives a
kind of translucence from that light. In that translucency they see

innumerable shadings of light that their inner sight seems to drink directly
in. This is how they perc e i ve deeper pleasures. The objects in
their houses look like diamonds with similar variegations of light. I
h a ve been told that their walls look like crystal and are there f o re also
translucent, and that within them one can see what looks like fluid
forms re p re s e n t a t i ve of heavenly things, again with constant va r i e t y.
This is because this kind of translucence corresponds to an intellect
that has been enlightened by the Lord, with the shadows that arise
f rom faith in and love of natural things taken away. Things like this—
and infinitely more — a re what people who have been in heaven are
talking about when they say that they have seen what the eye has neve r
seen, and that from the grasp of divine things conve yed to them in
this connection, they have heard what the ear has never heard .2 7 9
[6] If people have not acted covertly but have wanted everything they
were thinking to be out in the open to the extent that civil law allows,
then since they have thought nothing but what was honest and fair because
of the Deity, in heaven their faces are radiant. Because of that radiance,
the details of their thoughts and affections are visible in their faces
as though presented in a form; and in both speech and action they are
virtual images of their feelings. They are more beloved than others.
When they are talking, their faces dim a little, but after they have spoken,
then the very things they have said can be fully and plainly seen in
their faces. Further, since everything around them answers to their
deeper natures, everything takes on a countenance that enables others to
see clearly what they represent and mean. Spirits who have found pleasure
in covert activity get as far from them as they can, and seem to
themselves to slither away from them like snakes.
[7] People who have re g a rded adultery as unspeakable and have live d
in chaste love of their marriage are more in the pattern and form of
h e a ven than anyone else. This gives them a total beauty and a constant
f l ower of youth. The pleasures of their love are indescribable, and incre a s e
to eternity. This is because all the joys and delights of heaven flow into
that love; and this in turn is because that love comes down from the Lord’s
union with heaven and with the church and in general from the union of

the good and the true that is heaven in general and in eve ry individual angel
in particular (see above, §§3 6 6–3 8 6). Their external pleasures are so w o n d e rful that they cannot be described in human word s .
Still, what I have said about the correspondences of pleasures for people
who are involved in heavenly love is only a little.
This enables us to know that after death our pleasures do change into corresponding ones, but that the love itself remains the same forever,

especially marriage love, the love of what is fair, honest, good, and true, the love of information and insights, the love of intelligence and wisdom,
and the rest. The things that flow from these loves like streams from their
spring are pleasures that not only last but are raised to a higher level when they are changed from natural pleasures into spiritual ones.

Our First State after Death

THERE are three states that we pass through after death before we arrive
in either heaven or hell. The first state is one of more outward concerns, the second is one of more inward concerns, and the third is one of preparation. We go through these states in the world of spirits.
Some people, however, do not go through these states but are either raised into heaven or cast into hell immediately after their death. The people immediately raised into heaven are ones who have been regenerated
and thus prepared for heaven in this world. People who have been regenerated and prepared to this extent need only to slough off their natural
uncleanness along with their bodies and are immediately taken into heaven by angels. I have seen people taken up an hour after their death.
On the other hand, people who have been profoundly malicious but have outwardly worn a guise of goodness, people who have therefore filled their malice with guile and used goodness as a means of deception
are cast directly into hell. I have seen people like this cast into hell immediately
after their death. One of the most deceitful went head first and feet last; for others it is different.
T h e re are also people who are sent off into caves right after their death

and in this way are segregated from people in the world of spirits. They are alternately brought out and sent back in. These are people who have treated their neighbors maliciously under the pretext of civic behavior. There are few such people, though, compared to the number of people who are kept in the world of spirits and prepared there for either heaven or hell according to the divine plan.

As to the first state, the state of more outward concerns, we arrive in this immediately after our death. Everyone has more outward and more inward aspects of the spirit. We use the outer aspects of our spirit to

adapt our bodies in the world—especially our faces, speech, and behavior—to our interactions with other people. The more inward aspects of our spirit are the ones proper to our intentions and consequent thought, which rarely show in our faces, speech, and behavior. We are trained from infancy to present ourselves as friendly, benevolent, and honest, and to conceal the thoughts of our own intentions. So we acquire a habitual lifestyle that is outwardly moral and civil no matter what we are like inwardly.

As a result of this habitual behavior, we scarcely know our own inner natures and pay no attention to them.

Our first state after death is like our state in this world, since we are then similarly involved in outward concerns. We have similar faces, voices, and character; we lead similar moral and civil lives. This is why it still seems to us as though we were in this world unless we notice things that are out of the ordinary and remember that angels told us we were spirits when we were awakened (§450). So the one life carries on into the other, and death is only a passage.

Since this is what we are like as spirits immediately after our life in the world, our friends and people we had known in the world then recognize us. Spirits perceive who we are not only from our faces and voices but also from the aura of our life when they come near. In the other life, whenever we think about someone, we call up that individual's face in our thought along with many details about her or his life; and when we do this, the other is called to us. Things like this happen in the spiritual world because thoughts are shared there and because space is not what it

is in the natural world (see above, §§191–199). This is why as soon as we arrive in the other life, we are all recognized by our friends and relatives and by people we have known in one way or another. Further, we talk with each other and continue to see each other in keeping with our friendship in the world. I have heard many people who had just come from the world overjoyed to see their friends again, and their friends overjoyed that they had arrived.

It often happens that married partners meet and welcome each other joyfully. They stay together as well, but for a longer or shorter time depending on how happily they had lived together in the world. Ultimately, unless they had been united by real marriage love (which is a union of minds from heavenly love), they separate after having been together for a while.

If the minds of the partners disagreed, however, and if they were inwardly repellent to each other, they break out into open hostility and sometimes actually fight with each other. Still, they are not separated until they enter the second state, which will be described shortly.

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Since the life of newly arrived spirits is not unlike their life in the world, and since they do not know anything about life after death, heaven, or hell except what they have learned from the literal meaning of the Word and some sermons drawn from it, once they get over their astonishment at being in a body and enjoying all the senses they had in the world, seeing familiar things around them, they find themselves wanting to know what heaven and hell are like and where they are. Consequently, their friends tell them about the state of eternal life and take them around to various places, into the company of different people. They go to different cities, to gardens and parks, often to gorgeous ones because things like this appeal to the outward concerns they are involved in. Then from time to time they are led into the thoughts they had had during their physical lives about the state of the soul after death and about heaven and hell. This brings them to the point of resentment that they

had been so ignorant about such matters, and also that the church had been so ignorant.

Almost all of them want to know whether they will make it into heaven. Many of them think they will because they led moral and civic lives in the world, not reflecting that both evil and good people lead similar outward lives, being similarly helpful to others, going to church, listening to sermons, and praying similarly, utterly unaware that outward behavior and outward worship accomplish nothing whatever; only the inner realities that give rise to these outward ones are effective. Scarcely one in thousands even knows what the inner realities are or that they are the focal point of heaven and the church for us. Even fewer realize that the quality of our outward actions is determined by the quality of our intentions and thoughts and the love and faith within them, from which our actions arise. Even when they are told, they do not grasp the fact that thinking and intending actually make a difference. They attach importance only to speaking and acting. Many of the people who are coming into the other life from the Christian world are like this nowadays.

Eventually, good spirits examine them to determine their nature. This is done in various ways because in this first state evil people can say true things and do good things just the way good people do. As I have already explained, this is because they have lived just as morally in outward form because they were living under governments and laws, and because this gained them a reputation for fairness and honesty, won people over to them, and raised them to high office and wealth. However, one can tell evil spirits from good ones particularly by the fact that the evil ones pay close attention when the conversation is about external concerns and little attention when it is about more inward matters, about the true and

good principles of the church and heaven. They do hear such things, but without any real attention or pleasure. One can also identify them by the

fact that they consistently turn toward certain regions, and when they are
left to themselves follow paths that lead to them. One can tell what love is leading them from the regions they face and the paths they follow.
All the spirits who arrive from the world are put in touch with some community in heaven or some community in hell. However, this applies only to their deeper natures, and their deeper natures are not apparent to
them as long as they are focused on their outward concerns. This is because
their outward concerns cloak their inner ones, especially for people more deeply involved in evil. However, they come out in the open when they arrive in the second state because there their deeper levels are opened and their outer ones become dormant.
This first state after death lasts a few days for some people, months for some, and a year for some, but rarely more than a year for anyone. The difference for particular individuals depends on the harmony or discord
between their inner and outer natures. These inner and outer natures must act as one and correspond for everyone. No one is allowed to think and intend one way and speak and act another way in the spiritual world. Everyone must be an image of his or her affection or love, which means we must be outwardly what we are inwardly. This is why the outer
concerns of a spirit are first stripped off and brought into order: so that they may serve as a plane[280] responsive to the inner ones.

Our Second State after Death

OUR second state after death is called a state of our deeper interests because then we are given access to the deeper reaches of our minds, or of our intentions and thoughts, while the more outward interests
that engaged us in the first state become dormant.
Anyone who is observant of our life and our words and actions can recognize that we all have more outward and more inward natures, or more outward and more inward thoughts and intentions. We can recognize
this from the fact that if we are involved in civic life, we think about

other people in terms of their reputation, or of what we have picked up about them when they were the subjects of conversation. However, we

do not talk with them the way we think about them, and even if the others
are evil people, we still behave courteously toward them. This is particularly
noticeable in pretenders and sycophants whose words and deeds
are wholly at odds with their thoughts and intentions, and in hypocrites
who talk about God, heaven, the salvation of souls, the truths of the
church, the welfare of the country, and their neighbor as though they
were motivated by faith and love when at heart they believe otherwise
and love no one but themselves.

[2] We may gather from this that we have two thought pro c e s s e s ,
one more outward and one more inward, and that we talk on the basis
of our more outward thinking and feel differently on the basis of our
m o re inward thinking. Fu rt h e r, these two thought processes have been
separated to pre vent the inner from flowing into the outer and becoming
somehow visible.

We have been so created that our inner thought may act in unison
with our outer by means of correspondence; and it does act as one when
we are involved in something constructive, since we do not think anything
that is not good, and what we say is good. But if we are involved in
something evil, our deeper thought does not act as one with our outer
thought, because we are thinking something evil and saying something
good. This means that the pattern is inverted, since the good is on the
outside for us and the evil lies within. As a result, the evil controls the
good and suppresses it like a slave, to make it serve as a means to securing
its own ends, the objects of its love. Since this kind of purpose is latent in
the good we say and do, we can see that now the good is not really good
but is infected with evil, no matter how good it may look in outward
form to people who are not aware of deeper matters. [3] It is different for
people who are involved in something good. For them, the pattern is not
inverted; rather, the good flows from their deeper thought into their
more outward thought and therefore into their words and deeds. This is
the pattern into which we were created. In this way, our deeper reaches
are in heaven and in the light there, and since heaven’s light is divine
truth emanating from the Lord and is in fact the Lord in heaven (see
§§126–140), the Lord is leading us.

I mention this to show that each of us has a more inward thought and a more outward thought, and that these are distinguishable. When I say “thought,” I mean volition as well, since thought comes from volition.

No one can actually think without intent.

We can see from this what our states of outer concerns and of inner concerns are.

When I speak of volition and thought, “volition” means affection and love as well as every delight and pleasure that derives from affection and love, since these go back to volition as their basis. Whatever we intend, we love, and it feels delightful and pleasant to us; and in turn, whatever we love and find pleasant and delightful, we intend. Thought, though, also means everything we use to support our affection or love, for thought is nothing but the form of our intention or the means by which what we intend comes to light. This form is constructed by various rational analyses that have their source in the spiritual world and are integral functions of our spirit.

We need to know that our basic quality is determined entirely by the quality of our inner natures, not by what we are like outwardly apart from that inner nature. This is because our inner reaches are our spirit, and since it is from the spirit that the body lives, our life is the life of our spirit. Consequently, whatever we are like in our inward natures, that is what we are like to eternity. Since our more outward natures belong to the body they are separated after death, and any elements of them that cling to the spirit become dormant, serving only as a plane[281] for deeper concerns, as I explained above in describing the memory that we retain after death.[282]

We can see from this what really belongs to us and what does not. For evil people the contents of the outer thought that gives rise to their words and the outer intent that gives rise to their actions do not really belong to them. What belongs to them is the contents of their deeper thought and intentions.

Once the first state has been completed—the state of more outward concerns described in the preceding chapter—we as spirits are brought into the state of our deeper concerns, or into the state of those deeper intentions and consequent thoughts we engaged in when we were left to ourselves in this world and our thinking was free and unfettered. We slip into this state without realizing it much as we did in the world when we drew the thought nearest to our speech, the immediate source of our

speech, back toward our inner thought, and let it pause there a while. So
when we as spirits are in this state, we are being ourselves and living our
real life, since thinking freely from our own affection is our very life and our very self.
Spirits in this state think from their own intent and therefore from their own affection or love; and then their thought forms a unity with

their intention, such a unity that they scarcely seem to be thinking, only intending. It is almost the same when they talk, except that there is some
fear that the thoughts of their intention might appear naked, since their civic life in the world had planted this fear in their intention.
All of us, without exception, are brought into this state after death because it is the proper state of our spirits. The earlier state was characteristic
of our spirit when we were in public, and that is not its very own state. As for the latter state, which is the state of the outer concerns that
we find ourselves in immediately after death (as described in the previous
chapter), there are many reasons to conclude that it is not the proper state of our spirits. For example, spirits not only think but even talk from
their own affection, since that is the source of their language, as is implied
in what was presented in the chapter on the language of angels (§§234–245). We thought the same way in the world when we were turned inward, because at such times we did not think on the basis of our
physical language but simply surveyed it, and could think more things in
a minute than we could say in half an hour.We can also see that this state
of relatively outward concerns is not the proper state of ourselves or our
spirits from the fact that when we were in public in the world, we talked
in keeping with the laws of moral and civic life. Then our deeper thought

controlled our outer thought the way one person controls another, to see
that it did not cross the bounds of propriety and decency. It is also evidenced
by the fact that when we do think privately, we think about what
we will say and do in order to please people and to gain friendship, good
will, and gratitude by devious means—that is, differently than if we were
acting from our actual intent.

We can see from all this that the state of more inward concerns that spirits are led into is their proper state, which means that it was also the
proper state of the individuals when they were living in the world.

When spirits are in this state of their deeper concerns, then it is obvious what kind of people they really were in the world. They actually behave in accord with their own nature. People who were inwardly devoted to the good in the world then behave sanely and wisely, more wisely than
when they were living in the world, in fact, because they have been freed
from any connection with the body and therefore with the earthly things
that darken and cover with a kind of cloud.

In contrast, people who were focused on evil in the world then behave foolishly and insanely, more insanely than when they were in the world, in fact, because they are in freedom and are no longer constrained.

As long as they were living in the world, they were outwardly

sensible, because this was how they imitated rational people. So when the
outer layers are stripped off, their inner insanity is unveiled.

An evil person who outwardly pretends to be good can be compared to a brightly polished jar with a cover on, with all kinds of filth hidden inside, just as the Lord said: “You are like whitewashed sepulchers that look lovely on the outside but are inwardly full of the bones of the dead and all uncleanness” (Matthew 23:27).

All the people who have lived lives in the world focused on what is good and have acted in accord with their consciences—that is, people who have acknowledged the Divine Being and loved divine truths, and especially people who have applied them to their lives—seem to themselves
to have awakened from sleep when they are let into this state of

their more inward concerns, like people who have come from darkness into light. They are actually thinking from heaven's light and therefore from a deeper wisdom; and they are acting from what is good and therefore
from a deeper affection. Heaven is flowing into their thoughts and affections with a profound feeling of blessedness and pleasure that they had never known before. This is because they are in touch with heaven's
angels. Then too, they acknowledge the Lord and worship him with their
very lives, because they are engaged in their own lives when they are in this state of more inward concerns (as noted just above in §505). They are
also acknowledging and worshiping him in freedom, since freedom is a matter of our deeper affection. In this way they move away from an outward
holiness and into the inner holiness that is the essence of real worship. This is the state of people who have lived a Christian life in accordance with the precepts of the Word.

[2] Quite the opposite, though, is the state of people who in the world lived lives focused on evil, who had no conscience and there f o re denied the Divine Being; for all the people who live in evil deny the Divine Being inward l y, no matter how convinced they are outward l y that they are not denying but acknowledging. This is because acknow ledging
the Divine Being and living in evil are opposites. When people like this come into the state of their deeper concerns in the other life, they seem foolish when people hear them talk or see them act, because their evil impulses impel them to break out into wicked deeds—into contempt for others, into derision and blasphemy, hatred, and ve n g efulness.

They cook up plots, some of them with such ingenuity and malice that you would scarcely believe anything like this existed in any human being. They are then free to act in accord with the thoughts of their intentions because they are separated from the more outward

factors that constrained them in the world. In short, they lose their rationality
because in the world their rationality did not dwell in their deeper natures but in their outer ones. Still, they seem to themselves to be wiser than anyone else.

[3] Once people like this are in the second state, they are let back into the state of their more outward concerns for brief periods of time. They then retain a memory of how they behaved when they were in the state

of their more inward concerns. Some of them are embarrassed, and admit that they were insane. Some of them are not embarrassed at all. Some of them resent the fact that they are not allowed to be in the state of their more outward concerns all the time, but they are shown what they would be like if they were constantly in this state. They would be constantly trying to do the same things covertly, misleading people of simple heart and faith with simulations of goodness, honesty, and fairness. They would destroy themselves completely, because eventually their outer natures would be ablaze with the same fire as their inner natures; and this would consume their whole life.

When spirits are in this second state, they actually look exactly the way they were inwardly in the world. The things they had done and said in secret are made public, too, because now, since outward factors are not restraining them, they say the same things openly; and they keep trying to do the same things without any of the fear for the reputations that they had in the world. Further, they are then led into many states of their evils, so that they look to angels and good spirits like the people they really are. This is how hidden things are opened and covert things are uncovered according to the Lord's words, "Nothing is hidden that will not be disclosed or concealed that will not be recognized. What you have said in darkness will be heard in the light, and what you have spoken in the ear in closets will be proclaimed on the rooftops" (Luke 12:2–3); and again, "I tell you, every idle word people have spoken, they will give an account of it on the day of judgment" (Matthew 12:36).

There is no way to describe briefly what evil people are like in this state because their insanity depends on their urges, and these vary. So I should like to mention just a few particular cases that will enable you to draw conclusions about the rest.

Some people have loved themselves above all else. They have focused on their own prestige in their duties and positions, they have done constructive things not for the sake of doing them or from finding pleasure in them but for the sake of their reputation, to be ranked above other

people on that account, therefore finding pleasure in their reputation for

eminence. When they arrive in the second state, they are supremely stupid
because the more they love themselves the farther they move from heaven, and the farther they move from wisdom.
[2] There are people caught up in self-love and in guile at the same time, people who have used devious means to raise themselves to positions
of esteem. They take up company with the worst people of all and study magical arts that are abuses of the divine design, using them to harass
everyone who does not defer to them. They hatch plots, cherish hatred, breathe out vengeance, and long to savage everyone who does not
submit to them. They plunge into all these behaviors to the extent that the malevolent horde supports them. Eventually, they start mulling over how they can climb up to heaven and destroy it, or how they can be worshiped
there as gods. Their madness carries them all the way to this.
[3] Catholics like this are more insane than others.[283] They cherish the thought that heaven and hell are in their power and that they can forgive
sins at will. They claim everything divine for themselves and call themselves Christ. Their belief that this is true is so strong that wherever
it flows in it disturbs minds and brings on a darkness to the point of pain. They are much the same in both states, though in the second they lack rationality. There will be particular information about their forms of
insanity and their lot after this state in the booklet *The Last Judgment and*
Babylon Destroyed.[284]
[4] There are people who have attributed creation to nature and have therefore denied the Divine Being at heart, though not out loud, thus denying everything about the church and heaven. They gather with people
like themselves in this state and call everyone God who is particularly guileful, even honoring such individuals with divine worship. I have seen
people like this in a meeting worshiping a magician, discussing nature, and behaving like idiots—as though they were animals in human form.

Some of them had been appointed to high office in the world and some had been considered learned and wise. The details may vary.

[5] You may gather from these few cases what people are like whose deeper levels of mind are closed toward heaven. This is what happens for everyone who does not accept any inflow from heaven by acknowledging the Divine Being and by a living life of faith. People may judge for themselves what they would be like if this were their nature, if they were allowed to behave with no fear of the law or fear for their lives, without any outward restraints—threats to their reputation or to their rank, their profit, and the pleasures that attend them.

[6] However, the Lord controls their madness so that it does not transgress the bounds of usefulness, for there is some use for every such individual. Good spirits see in them what evil is and what its nature is, and what people are like if they are not led by the Lord. Openly evil individuals also serve to gather people of similar evil and separate them from good people, to remove from evil people the true and good elements that they presented and feigned outwardly, and to lead them into the evils of their life and the falsities of their malice and thus prepare them for hell.

[7] This is because people do not get into hell until they are immersed in their malice and in the falsities that stem from it, because no one is allowed to have a divided mind, to think and say one thing and intend something else. Every evil person there must think what is false out of malice and talk out of that malicious falsity there, both from intent and therefore from his or her own love and pleasure and gratification. This is how they behaved in the world when they were thinking in their spirit—that is, when they were thinking within themselves, from their deeper affection.

This is because intent is the essential person, not thought except as it is derived from intent; and volition is the essential nature or character of the human being. So being remanded to our own intentions is being remanded to our own nature or character and to our own life as well, since it is through life that we acquire our nature. After death, we retain the nature we had gained by our life in the world, which for evil people

can no longer be changed for the better by the path of thought or of understanding
what is true.
Since evil spirits plunge into all kinds of evils when they are in this second state, it is normal for them to be punished often and seve re l y. T h e re are many kinds of punishments in the world of spirits, and there
is no respect for rank, for whether someone was a king or a servant in the world. Eve ry evil brings its own punishment with it. They are united; so whoever is invo l ved in something evil is invo l ved in the punishment
of the evil as well. Still, no one suffers any punishment for evil things done in the world, only for current evil deeds. It boils down to the same thing, though, and makes no difference whether you say that we suffer punishments because of our evil deeds in the world or that we suffer punishments because of our evil deeds in the other life, because after death we all return to our life, which means that we are invo l ved in
the same kinds of evil. This is because our nature is determined by the kind of physical life we led (§§4 7 0–4 8 4) .
The reason they are punished is that fear of punishment is the only means of taming their evils in that state. Encouragement does not work

any more, or teaching or fear of the law or fear for their reputation, because
they are acting from their nature, which cannot be compelled or broken by anything but punishments.
Good spirits are never punished, though, even though they have done bad things in the world. This is because their evils do not come back. I have also been granted a knowledge that their evils are of a diff e rent kind or nature. They do not stem from any deliberate re s i s t a n c e
to what is true, and they are not from any evil heart except the one they a c q u i red by heredity from their parents, which blind pleasure drove them into when they we re invo l ved in outward concerns separated fro m
inner ones.
Every individual comes to the community where her or his spirit was in the world. Each of us, as to spirit, is actually united to some community,
either heavenly or hellish, evil people to hellish communities and good people to heavenly ones. (See §438 on the fact that we are brought
to our own communities after death.) Spirits are brought there gradually,

and ultimately get in. When evil spirits are in the state of their deeper concerns, they gradually turn toward their own communities and eventually face them directly, before this state is completed. When the state is completed, then the evil spirits themselves plunge into a hell where there are people of like mind. To the eye, this plunge looks like someone falling backward headfirst. The reason it looks like this is that such people are in an inverted order. They have loved hellish things and spurned heavenly ones. During this second state, some evil people go in and out of various hells; but they do not seem then to go headlong the way people do when they have been completely undone.

The actual community where their spirits were in the world is shown to them, too, while they are in the state of their outer concerns, so that they know from this that they were in hell during their physical life; but still they are not in the same state as the people who are in hell itself. Rather, they are in a state like that of people in the world of spirits. I will explain later what this state is like compared to that of people in hell.[285]

The separation of evil spirits from good spirits takes place in this second state, since in the first state they were all together. The reason is that as long as spirits are focused on their outward concerns it is like the situation in the world—evil people together with good ones and good ones with evil ones. It is different when people have been brought into their inner natures and are left to their own nature or intentions.

There are various means used for this separation of good people from evil ones. Often it is by having them led around to the communities they had been in touch with through their good thoughts and affections

during the first state. This brings them to communities they had misled by outward appearance into believing that they were not evil. Often they are led around through a great arc, and their intrinsic quality is displayed to good spirits everywhere. The good spirits turn away as soon as they see them; and as they turn away, so the evil spirits who are being led around

turn away as well, facing the hellish community that is their destination.
I forbear to mention other modes of separation; there are many of them.

Our Third State after Death, Which Is a State of Instruction for People Who Are Entering Heaven

OUR third state after death, or the third state of our spirits, is one of instruction. This state is for people who are entering heaven and becoming angels, but not for people who are entering hell, because these latter cannot be taught. As a result, their second state is also their third, and ends in their turning straight toward their own love and therefore toward the hellish community that is engaged in a love like their own.
Once this has happened, their intentions and thinking flow from that love; and since it is a hellish love, they intend only what is evil and think only what is false. These are their pleasures because they are matters of their love. Further, this results in their rejecting everything that is good and true that had served their love as means.
[2] Good people, though, are brought from the second state into a third, which is a state of preparation for heaven by means of instruction.
In fact, no one can be prepared for heaven except by knowing at first hand what is good and true, and therefore only by being taught. This is because without being taught, no one can know what spiritual good and truth are and what the evil and falsity that oppose them are. We can know in the world what civil and moral good and truth are, what is called fair and honest, because there are civil laws there that teach what is fair, and there are also social situations where we learn to live by moral laws, which all deal with what is honest and equitable. Spiritual good and truth, however, are not learned from the world but from heaven. We can in fact know them from the Word and from the church's doctrine from the Word, but this still cannot flow into life unless we are in heaven in

regard to the deeper levels of our minds. We are in heaven when we acknowledge the Divine Being and at the same time act fairly and honestly, recognizing that we should because it is commanded us in the Word. In

this way we live fairly and honestly for the sake of the Divine and not for the sake of ourselves and the world as our primary goals. [3] However, no one can behave like this without first having been taught things like the fact that God exists, that heaven and hell exist, that there is a life after death, that God is to be loved above all and our neighbor as ourselves, and that we are to believe what it says in the Word because the Word is divine. Without recognizing and admitting these principles we cannot think spiritually, and without thought about such matters we cannot intend them; for what we do not know we cannot think, and what we do not think we cannot intend. However, when we do intend such things, heaven flows in—that is, the Lord flows into our lives through heaven, for he flows into the will and through that into the thought, and through both of these into the life, since they are where our whole life comes from. We can see from this that spiritual good and truth are not learned from the world but from heaven, and that no one can be prepared for heaven except by instruction.

[4] Then too, to the extent that the Lord flows into our life he does teach us, since to that same extent he kindles our intentions with a love of learning what is true and enlightens our thought so that we know what is true. To the extent that this happens, our deeper reaches are opened and heaven is sown in them. Even beyond this, to that same extent what is divine and heavenly flows into the honest deeds of our moral life and the fair deeds of our civic life and makes them spiritual, since then we are doing them from the Divine because we are doing them for the sake of the Divine. The honest and fair deeds of our moral and civic life that we do from this source are actual effects of spiritual life; and an effect derives all its being from its efficient cause,[286] because the quality of the cause determines the quality of the effect.

The teaching is done by angels from a number of communities, mainly ones in the northern and southern regions, because these angelic communities are focused on intelligence and wisdom based on firsthand knowledge of what is good and true. The teaching sites are in the north; and there are different ones, differentiated and arranged according to the genera and species of heavenly virtues so that everyone can be taught there in a manner suited to his or her character and receptivity. The sites are spread out over a large area there.

Good spirits who need to be taught are taken there by the Lord after

their time in the world of spirits has been fulfilled. This does not apply to

a. Shattering experiences do happen in the other life—that is, some people who arrive there from the world are shattered there: 698, 7122, 7474, 9763. Upright people are shattered as regards false elements, and evil people as to true ones: 7474, 7541, 7542. Shattering experiences happen to upright people so that they can shed the earthly and worldly preoccupations they acquired while they were living in the world: 7186, 9763; and so that evil and false things may be removed, providing room for the inflow of good and true things out of heaven from the Lord, and providing the ability to accept them: 7122, 9331 *[9330].* We cannot be raised into heaven before things like this are removed because they get in the way and do not agree with heavenly values: 6928, 7122, 7136 *[7186],* 7541, 7542, 9763. This is how people who are to be raised into heaven are prepared: 4728, 7090. It is dangerous for people to enter heaven before they have been prepared: 537, 538.
On the state of enlightenment and the joy of people who are emerging from shattering experiences and being raised into heaven, and on how they are accepted there: 2699, 2701, 2704. The area where shattering experiences take place is called "the lower earth": 4728, 7090. A description of this area under the soles of the feet, surrounded by hells: 4940–4951, 7090; from experience: 699. The particular hells that attack and shatter more than the others: 7317, 7502, 7545. People who attack and shatter upright souls later fear and flee and avoid them: 7768. These attacks and shattering experiences take different forms depending on the stubbornness of the evil and false elements and the manner and mode in which they persist: 1106–1113. Some people undergo shattering experiences willingly: 1107. Some people are shattered by fears: 4942; some by being assailed by evil things they had done in the world and false things they had thought in the world, which gives rise to anxiety and pangs of conscience: 1106. Some are shattered by spiritual imprisonment, which is ignorance and deprivation of truth yoked to a longing to know what is true: 1109, 2694; some by dreams [reading *somnium;* the first edition has *somnum,* "sleep"], some by a state halfway between waking and sleep, with a description: 1108. People who have claimed credit for their deeds seem to be chopping wood: 1110. And so on, with a wide range of variety: 699.

everyone, though, since people who have been taught in the world have already been prepared for heaven by the Lord and are taken up into heaven by a different route. For some, this happens immediately after death. For others, it happens after a short stay with good spirits for the removal of the cruder elements of their thoughts and affections (acquired because of concerns for rank and wealth in the world), and their consequent purification. Some people are shattered first, which happens in sites under the soles of the feet called the lower earth, where they suffer

harsh treatment. These are people who have convinced themselves of false principles but still have lived good lives. False convictions cling hard, and until they are dispelled, truths cannot be seen and therefore cannot be accepted. These shattering experiences and the different ways
they happen have been treated in *Secrets of Heaven,* though, and some references to that work are appended in the note.a
The people who are at these instructional sites live in different places. As individuals, they are inwardly in touch with the communities of heaven they are headed for; so since heaven's communities are arranged
in a heavenly form (see above, §§200–212), so too are the places where the teaching takes place. As a result, when you look at these sites from

heaven, they look like a heaven in lesser form. In length they stretch from
east to west, and in breadth from south to north; but the breadth seems to be less than the length.
The general arrangement is like this. Toward the front are people who have died in childhood and are being educated in heaven up to the age of early adolescence. After having spent their infancy with women educators, they are brought to this location by the Lord and taught. Behind them are the places where people are taught who died as adults and who in the world were drawn to truth because of the goodness
of their lives.
Behind these again are people who we re devoted to Islam and had led a
moral life in the world, acknowledged one God, and re c o g n i zed the Lord as
the essential prophet. When they let go of Muhammad because he cannot
do anything for them, they turn to the Lord and worship him, re c o g n i z i n g
his divine nature; and then they re c e i ve instruction in the Christian re l i g i o n .
Behind these, and farther to the north, there are sites for the instru ction
of various non-Christian people who in the world lived good lives in a c c o rd with their own religion, acquired a kind of conscience, and behave d
fairly and honestly not because of the laws of their nation but because of
the laws of their religion, believing these laws to be holy and not to be violated

by their actions in any way. All of them are readily led to re c o g n i ze the Lord when they have been taught, because at heart they have held that
God is not invisible but visible in human form. T h e re are more of these
than of any other kind, and the best of them are from Africa.
Not everyone is taught in the same way or by the same communities of heaven. People who have been raised in heaven from infancy are taught by angels of the inner heavens because they have not absorbed false notions from distortions of religion or befouled their spiritual life with impurities drawn from rank and wealth in the world.
Most people who have died as adults are taught by angels of the outmost
heaven because these angels are better adapted to them than are angels
of the more inward heavens. These latter focus on a deeper wisdom that the deceased cannot yet accept.
Muslims, though, are taught by angels who once adhered to that religion
but have turned to Christianity. Other non-Christians too are taught by their own angels.
All the teaching there is from doctrine drawn from the Word, and not from the Word apart from doctrine. Christians are taught on the basis
of a heavenly doctrine that is in complete agreement with the inner meaning of the Word. The others, like the Muslims and non-Christians,

b. Everything good has its delight from constructive activities and in keeping with them; this is also the source of its quality, so the nature of the activity determines that of the good: 3049, 4984,
7038. Angelic life consists of the virtues of love and thoughtfulness, and therefore in constructive
actions: 453 *[454].* For the Lord and therefore for angels, nothing matters in people except goals
that are useful activities: 1317, 1645, 5844 *[5854].* The Lord's kingdom is a kingdom of useful activities:
453 *[454],* 696, 1103, 3645, 4054, 7038. Serving the Lord is living constructively: 7038. Our character is determined by the uses we have: 1568, 3570, 4054, 6571, 6934 *[6935],* 6938, 10284.
are taught on the basis of doctrines suited to their grasp. These differ from heavenly doctrine only in that spiritual life is taught through a moral life in accord with the good tenets of their own religion, which was
the basis of their life in the world.
Teaching in the heavens differs from teaching on earth in that [there] information is not consigned to memory but to life, since spirits' memory

is in their life. They actually accept and absorb whatever agrees with their life and do not accept, much less absorb, what does not agree. This
is because spirits are affections, and therefore have a human form that resembles
their affections.
[2] Since this is their nature, they are constantly breathing in a desire to know what is true, for the sake of constructive living. The Lord in fact
sees to it that we love the constructive activities that suit our gifts. This love is intensified by our hope of becoming angels. Further, since all the activities of heaven focus on a common use, which is the welfare of the Lord's kingdom (which now is our country), and since we fulfill our distinctive
individual functions to the extent that they focus directly and intimately on that common use, all the countless distinctive and individual functions are good and heavenly. This means that for each of us an affection
for what is true is united to an affection for usefulness to the point that they act as one. A true understanding of use is sown in this way, so that the truths we learn are true perceptions of what is useful. This is how
angelic spirits are taught and prepared for heaven.
[3] There are various ways in which an affection for the truth suited to usefulness is instilled, many of them unknown in the world, primarily by depictions of useful activities. These can be presented in thousands of
ways in the spiritual world, with such grace and charm that they permeate
spirits all the way from the deeper levels of their minds to the outer levels of their bodies and therefore affect the whole person. As a result, spirits virtually become their constructive lives; so when they arrive in the communities their instruction has prepared them for, they are in their own life when they are engaged in their useful activities.b

We may gather from this that awareness, which is an outward form of truth, does not get anyone into heaven. Rather, what gets us in is the useful life that is granted through knowledge.
There were some spirits who while they were in the world had thought their way into the conviction that they would get into heaven and would be accepted before anyone else because they were well educated
and knew a lot about the Word and the doctrine of the churches. They believed that they were wise, that they were the people meant by

the prophecy in Daniel 12:3 that “they will shine like the glory of the firmament
and like the stars.”[287] However, they were examined to see whether their learning was lodged in their memories or in their life. The ones who had a real affection for truth—that is, for the sake of constructive
acts apart from merely physical and worldly motives, acts that were essentially spiritual—once they had been instructed, were accepted into heaven. They were then granted knowledge of what does shine in heaven.
It is the divine truth (which is heaven’s light there) in constructive living,
this being the facet that receives that light and turns it into various kinds
of radiance.
For others, though, the learning was lodged only in their memories. They had there by acquired an ability to reason about truths and to prove
the ones they accepted as fundamental, notions that looked true once they
we re proved, even though they we re false. These people we re not in h e a ve n’s light at all, but we re wrapped up in a faith based on the pride that
c h a r a c t e r i zes so many people of like intelligence, a pride in being especially
erudite and there f o re destined for heaven where they will be waited on by angels. Because of all this, to extract them from their conceited faith, they we re taken up to the first or outmost heaven to be admitted into one particular angelic community. Even as they we re entering it, though, their sight began to darken at the inflow of heave n’s light. T h e n
their intellects began to be confused, and eventually they began to labor
for breath as though they we re dying. Not only that, when they began to
feel heave n’s warmth, which is heavenly love, they began to feel pro f o u n d
agonies. So they we re expelled, and then we re taught that knowledge does
not make an angel, only the actual life that people have gained thro u g h
their knowledge. This is because in and of itself, knowledge is outside of
h e a ven; but a life gained through knowledge is inside heave n .
After spirits have been prepared for heaven in these learning sites

(which does not take long, because they are surrounded by spiritual concepts
that comprehend a great deal at once), they are dressed in angelic

clothing, usually white as linen, taken to a path that leads up toward heaven, and turned over to guardian angels there. Then they are accepted
by other angels and put in touch with their communities and with a host of blessings. The Lord then takes each angel to her or his community. This happens in various ways, sometimes with detours. No angel knows the paths along which they are taken, only the Lord. When they arrive at
their own communities, their inner natures are opened, and since they are in harmony with the inner natures of the angels who are members of
that community, they are recognized instantly and accepted with joy.
I should like to add here something remarkable about the paths that lead from these sites to heaven, the paths by which newly arrived angels
are admitted. There are eight paths, two from each teaching site. One leads up toward the east and the other toward the west. People who are entering the Lord's heavenly kingdom are admitted by the eastern path, while people who are entering the Lord's spiritual kingdom are admitted
by the western path.
The four paths that lead to the Lord's heavenly kingdom are graced by olive trees and various fruit trees, while the ones that lead to the Lord's
spiritual kingdom are graced by grapevines and laurel. This is because of
correspondence, since vines and laurel correspond to an affection for truth and its uses, while olive and fruit trees correspond to an affection for what is good and its uses.

No One Enters Heaven on the Basis of Mercy Alone

IF people have not been taught about heaven, the way to heaven, and the life of heaven for those on earth, they think that acceptance into h e a ven comes from a pure mercy extended to people of faith, people for
whom the Lord intercedes, so that admission depends solely on grace.[2 8 8]
They there f o re think that anyone at all can be saved out of good will;

and some people even think that this includes the inhabitants of hell.

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Howe ve r, they do not know anything about human beings, that our quality depends on our lives and our lives on our loves. This applies not only to the deeper levels of our volition and intellect but e ven to the outer aspects of our bodies, with the physical form being nothing but an outward form in which our deeper natures manifest t h e m s e l ves in practice. This means that our love is our whole person (see above, §3 6 3). Nor do they re a l i ze that the body does not live on its own but from its spirit, and that our spirit is our actual affection, with our spiritual body being nothing more than our affection in the kind of human form it presents after death (see above, §§4 5 3–4 6 0). As long as these facts are not known, people can be led to believe that salva t i o n is nothing more than the divine pleasure that we call mercy and grace.

First, though, let me state what divine mercy is. Divine mercy is a p u re mercy tow a rd the whole human race with the intent of saving it, and it is constant tow a rd eve ry individual, never withdrawing fro m a n yone. This means that eve ryone who can be saved is saved. Howe ve r, no one can be saved except by divine *m e a n s ,* the means re ve a l e d by the Lord in the Wo rd. Divine means are what we refer to as divine t ruths. They teach how we are to live in order to be saved. The Lord uses them to lead us to heaven and to instill heave n's life into us. T h e L o rd does this for eve ryone; but he cannot instill heave n's life into a n yone who does not refrain from evil, since evil bars the way. So to the extent that we do refrain from evil, the Lord in his divine merc y leads us by divine means, from infancy to the end of life in the world and thereafter to eternity. This is the divine mercy that I mean. We can there f o re see that the Lord's mercy is pure merc y, but not unmediated: that is, it does not save people whenever it feels like it, no matter h ow they have live d .

The Lord never does anything contrary to his design because he himself is the design. The divine truth that emanates from him is what establishes the design, and divine truths are the laws of the design by which the Lord is leading us. Saving people by unmediated mercy is c o n t r a ry to the divine design, and anything contrary to the divine design is contrary to the divine nature .

The divine design is heaven for us. We have distorted it by living

c o n t r a ry to its laws, which are divine truths. The Lord brings us back
into the design out of pure merc y, through the laws of the design; and to the extent that we are brought back, we accept heaven into ours e l ves. W h o e ver accepts heaven enters heave n .

397 NOTBYMERCYALONE §525

a. Divine truth emanating from the Lord is the source of his design, and divine good is the essence of the design: 1728, 2258, 8700, 8988. As a result, the Lord is the design: 1919, 2011, 5110,
5703, 10336, 10619. Divine truths are the laws of the design: 2247 *[2447],* 7995. The whole heaven
is arranged by the Lord according to its divine pattern: 3038, 7211, 9128, 9338, 10125, 10151, 10157.
So heaven's form is a form in accord with the divine design: 4040–4043, 6607, 9877. To the extent
that we live according to the design, that is, to the extent that we live intent on what is good according to divine truths, we accept heaven into ourselves: 4839. The human being is where all
the elements of the divine design are gathered together, and by creation we are the divine design
in form because we are its vessels: 4219, 4220, 4223, 4523, 4524, 5114, 5368 *[4839],* 6013, 6057, 6605,
6626, 9706, 10156, 10472. We are not born into what is good and true but into what is evil and false, and therefore not into the divine design but into a pattern contrary to it, which is why we are born into pure ignorance and need to be born again or regenerated; the Lord effects this through divine truths, in order to bring us back into the design: 1047, 2307, 2308, 3518, 3812, 8480, 8550, 10283, 10284, 10286, 10731. When the Lord is forming us afresh or regenerating us, he
arranges everything in us according to the design, or into heaven's form: 5700, 6690, 9931, 10303.
Evil and false things are contrary to the design, but still people who are absorbed in them are governed
by the Lord, not according to the design but from it: 4839, 7877, 10778 *[10777].* It is impossible for someone who is living in evil to be saved out of pure mercy, because this goes against the divine design: 8700.

This shows again that the Lord's divine mercy is pure mercy but not unmediated.a

If we could be saved by nothing but mercy then everyone would be saved, even the people in hell. In fact, there would not be any hell because
the Lord is mercy itself, love itself, goodness itself. So it goes against his essential divine nature to say that all people can be saved directly
and that he does not save them. We know from the Word that the Lord intends the salvation of all and the damnation of no one.

Many people who arrive in the other life from the Christian world bring with them a faith that they are going to be saved out of straight mercy, because they plead for it. When they are examined, though, it turns out that they have believed that getting into heaven was simply a matter of being let in, and that people who had been admitted were in

heavenly joy. They have had no notion of what heaven is or what heavenly joy is. So they are told that the Lord does not deny heaven to anyone. They can be let in if they wish and even stay there. Some who wanted to were actually let in; but at the very threshold, at the touch of heaven's warmth (that is, of the love angels are engaged in) and the inflow of heaven's light (which is divine truth), they were seized with such pain in the heart that they felt themselves in the torments of hell rather than in the joys of heaven. Struck by this, they plunged down headlong. In this way they were taught by firsthand experience that no one can enter heaven out of straight mercy.

398 HEAVEN AND HELL §526

I have at times talked with angels about this and have said that many people in the world who have lived intent on evil and have talked with others about heaven and eternal life say only that getting into heaven is simply a matter of being let in on the basis of pure mercy. This is true especially of people who make faith the only means of salvation, since from this fundamental tenet of their religion they do not focus on life or on the deeds of love that make up one's life. As a result, they do not focus on the other means the Lord uses to instill heaven into us and render us open to heavenly joy. So since they reject all the actual means, the necessary corollary of their premise is that we enter heaven on the basis of pure mercy, believing God the Father to be moved to it through the intercession of the Son. [2] Angels have responded that they know this kind of dogma follows necessarily from acceptance of the principle of salvation by faith alone and that this dogma is the head of the others, a head into which no light from heaven can flow, because it is not true. It is therefore the source of the ignorance the church is mired in nowadays— ignorance about the Lord, heaven, life after death, heavenly joy, the essential nature of love and thoughtfulness, and in general about what is good and its union with what is true. This results in ignorance about human life, its source, and its quality. Life is never gained by mere thought, but only by intent and consequent deeds. It is the result of thought to the extent that the thought derives from intent, so it is from faith only to the extent that faith derives from love. Angels grieve that

these people do not re a l i ze that faith alone cannot exist in anyone because
faith apart from its source, which is love, is only information, or
for some a secondhand belief that counterfeits faith (see above, §4 8 2) .
This belief is not part of our life but is outside it, since it is separated
f rom us if it is not coherent with our love .
[3] Angels have also said that people who are caught up in this kind of principle concerning the essential means of our salvation cannot help believing in straight mercy because they can tell from natural light and from visual experience that faith by itself does not constitute human life—people who are leading evil lives can think and convince themselves
of the same principles. This is why they believe that evil people can be saved just like good ones, provided in the hour of their death they talk about intercession and mercy obtained by it.
The angels kept insisting that they have never yet seen people who lived an evil life accepted into heaven out of straight mercy, no matter how fervently they had spoken in the world from faith, or from the trust that is meant by *faith* in its primary sense.

b. In the inner meaning of the Word, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob mean the Lord in regard to his divine nature and his divine human nature: 1893, 4615, 6098, 6185, 6276, 6804, 6847. Abraham is
unknown in heaven: 1834, 1876, 3229. David means the Lord in regard to his divine kingship: 1888, 9954. The twelve apostles represented the Lord in regard to all the elements of the church,
and therefore to matters of faith and love: 2129, 3354, 3488, 3858, 6397. Peter represented the Lord
in respect to faith, James in respect to thoughtfulness, and John in respect to thoughtful works: 3750, 10087. The statement that the twelve apostles would sit on twelve thrones and judge the twelve tribes of Israel means that the Lord will judge according to the true and good elements of
faith and love: 2129, 6397. The names of people and places in the Word do not make their way into heaven, but change into things and states; and in fact the names cannot even be pronounced
in heaven: 1876, 5225, 6516, 10216, 10282, 10432. Further, angels think without reference to roles:
8343, 8945 *[8985],* 9007.
[4] When they have asked about Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, and David, about the apostles, whether they were not accepted into heaven out of straight mercy, angels have answered that none of them was. Each one was accepted on the basis of his life in the world. They should realize where they were. No one had more prestige than anyone else. They said that the reason these individuals were mentioned in the Word with such respect was that they referred in the deeper meaning to the Lord—Abraham,
Isaac, and Jacob to the Lord in respect to his divine nature and his divine human nature, David to the Lord as to the regal divine nature, and the apostles to the Lord as to divine truths. The angels do not pay

any attention to these individuals when the Word is being read by people
on earth because their names do not cross over into heaven. They are conscious of the Lord instead, as just noted. So the Word that is in heaven (described above in §259) never mentions them, since that Word is the inner meaning of the Word that exists in the world.b

I can testify on the grounds of abundant experience that it is impossible to grant the life of heaven to people who have led lives opposed to it in the world. There have actually been people who believed that they would readily accept divine truths after death when they heard them from angels, that they would become believers and lead different lives, so
that they could be accepted into heaven. However, this has been tried with any number of individuals (though only with people who shared this same kind of belief), granted them so that they could learn that there
is no repentance after death. Some of them did understand truths and seemed to accept them; but the moment they turned back to the life of their own love they rejected them and even argued against them. Some rejected them on the spot, unwilling even to listen to them. Some wanted the life of the love they had acquired in the world to be taken

away from them and an angelic life or the life of heaven poured in to replace
it. Permission was given for even this to be done for them; but once the life of their own love was taken away, they lay there like corpses, with
no control over themselves.

These and other similar kinds of experience teach simple good people that there is no way to change anyone's life after death, no way to rewrite an evil life into a good one or a hellish life into an angelic one. This is because the nature of every spirit from head to toe is determined
by his or her love and consequently by his or her life. To change this into
its opposite would mean the total destruction of the spirit. Angels insist that it is easier to change one owl into a dove or another[289] into a bird of
paradise than to change a hellish spirit into an angel of heaven.

The reader may see in the appropriate chapter above (§§470–484) that our nature after death is determined by the quality of our life in the world. We can gather from this that no one can be accepted into heaven on the basis of pure mercy.

It Is Not So Hard to Lead a Heaven-Bound

Life as People Think It Is

SOME people believe it is hard to lead the heaven-bound life that is called "spiritual" because they have heard that we need to renounce the world and give up the desires attributed to the body and the flesh and
"live spiritually."[290] All they understand by this is spurning worldly interests,
especially concerns for money and prestige, going around in constant devout meditation about God, salvation, and eternal life, devoting their lives to prayer, and reading the Word and religious literature. They
think this is renouncing the world and living for the spirit and not for the flesh. However, the actual case is quite different, as I have learned from an abundance of experience and conversation with angels. In fact, people who renounce the world and live for the spirit in this fashion take

on a mournful life for themselves, a life that is not open to heavenly joy, since our life does remain with us [after death]. No, if we would accept heaven's life, we need by all means to live in the world and to participate
in its duties and affairs. In this way, we accept a spiritual life by means of
our moral and civic life; and there is no other way a spiritual life can be formed within us, no other way our spirits can be prepared for heaven. This is because living an inner life and not an outer life at the same time
is like living in a house that has no foundation, that gradually either settles
or develops gaping cracks or totters until it collapses.
If we look critically at human life with rational insight, it turns out to be threefold—spiritual life, moral life, and civic life. These lives are distinguishable:
some people live a civic life but not a moral or spiritual one,
some live a moral life but not a spiritual one, and some live a civic and a moral life and a spiritual life as well. These last are the ones who are leading
heaven's life, while the former are leading the world's life, divorced from heaven's life.
To begin with, then, we may gather that a spiritual life is not separate from a natural life or the world's life but is united to it like a soul to its body; and if they were separated, it would be like a house without a foundation, as just stated.

In fact, moral and civic living is what spiritual life does, for intending well is the essence of spiritual life and behaving well is the essence of moral and civic life. If these are separated from each other, spiritual life consists solely of thinking and talking, and the intent ebbs away because
it has no support. Yet intent is our actual spiritual substance.
What follows will make it possible to see that it is not all that hard to lead a heaven-bound life.
Who *can't* lead a civic and moral life? After all, we are introduced to it in infancy and know it from living in the world. We do in fact lead this kind of life whether we are evil or good, since no one wants to be called dishonest or unfair. Almost everyone practices honesty and fairness outwardly,
even to the point of seeming genuinely honest and fair, or seeming to act from genuine honesty and fairness. Spiritual people have to live in much the same way and can do so just as easily as natural people, the
difference being that spiritual people believe in the Divine Being and act
honestly and fairly not just because it follows civil and moral laws but also because it follows divine laws. In fact, since they are thinking about
divine [laws] when they act, they are in touch with heaven's angels; and to the extent that they are, they are united to them, and their inner

person—which is essentially a spiritual person—is opened. When this is our nature, the Lord adopts and leads us without our realizing it, and whatever things we do that are honest and fair—the deeds of our moral and civil life—come from a spiritual source. Doing what is honest and fair from a spiritual source is doing it from genuine honesty and fairness,
or doing it from the heart.
[2] Outwardly, such honesty and fairness look just like the honesty and fairness of natural people or even evil and hellish people, but inwardly
they are totally different. Evil people do what is fair and honest solely for the sake of themselves and the world. If they were not afraid of
the law and its penalties, of losing their reputation, their wealth, and their life, they would act with utter dishonesty and unfairness. Since they
have no fear of God or of any divine law, they have no inner restraint that keeps them in check; so to the extent that they can, they cheat and

rob and plunder others just for the pleasure of it. Their inner nature is especially
clear from people like them in the other life, when all people's
outer natures are stripped away and their inner natures disclosed, the natures
in which they will go on living to eternity (see above, §§499–511).
Since they are then acting without external restraints, which are (as just
noted) fears of the law and of losing reputation, prestige, profit, and life,
they act wildly and scoff at honesty and fairness.
[3] In contrast, people who have lived honestly and fairly because of divine laws act wisely when their outer natures are stripped away and they are left to their inner natures, because they are united to heaven's angels,
who share their wisdom with them.
This enables us to gather initially that spiritual people can behave much the same as natural people in their civil and moral life, provided they are united to the Deity in their inner person, in their intent and thought (see above, §§358, 359, 360).
The laws of spiritual life, the laws of civil life, and the laws of moral life are handed down to us in the Ten Commandments. The first three commandments contain the laws of spiritual life, the next four the laws of civil life, and the last three the laws of moral life. Outwardly, purely natural people live by these same commandments just the way spiritual people do. They worship the Divine, go to church, listen to sermons, wear devout faces, do not kill or commit adultery or steal or bear false witness, do not cheat their colleagues of their goods. However, they behave
this way solely in their own interest, in order to look good in the world. Inwardly, these same people are exactly the opposite of what they
seem to be outwardly. Because at heart they deny the Divine, they play

the hypocrite in their worship. In their private thinking they scoff at the holy rites of the church, believing that they serve only to restrain the simple
masses. [2] This is why they are wholly cut off from heaven. So since they are not spiritual, they are not moral or civic people either; for even though they do not kill, they hate everyone who gets in their way and burn with vengefulness because of their hatred. So if they were not constrained
by civil laws and the outward restraints exercised by their fears,
they would kill. Because this is what they crave, it follows that they are

constantly killing. Even though they do not commit adultery, still because they believe there is nothing wrong with it they are constantly adulterous, and actually do commit it as much as they can and as often as they have the opportunity. Even though they do not steal, still since they do covet other people's assets and regard cheating and malicious devices as legally justifiable, they are constantly stealing in their minds. The same applies to the other commandments of moral life—not bearing false witness or coveting the goods of others. All who deny the Divine are like this, all who do not have some conscience based on religion. Their nature shows obviously in similar people in the other life when they are let into their inner nature after their outer nature has been stripped away. Since they are separated from heaven at that point, they act in unison with hell; so they keep company with the people who live there.

[3] It is different for people who at heart have acknowledged the Deity and have attended to divine laws in the deeds of their lives, living both by the first three commandments of the Decalogue and by the others as well.[291] When they are let into their inner nature, after their outer nature is stripped away, they are wiser than they were in the world. Coming into their inner natures is like coming from darkness into light, from ignorance into wisdom, from a sad life into a blissful one, because they are in the Divine and therefore in heaven.

I have mentioned this to let it be known what each kind of person is like, though both may lead the same kind of outward life.

Anyone may recognize that thoughts tend to follow where intentions lead, or to go where we aim them. Thought is actually our inner sight and behaves like our outward sight. It turns and dwells where it is directed and aimed. If our inner sight or thought is turned toward the world and dwells there, it follows that our thought becomes worldly. If it is turned toward self and our prestige, it becomes carnal. However, if it is turned toward heaven, it becomes heavenly. So if it is turned toward heaven, it is raised up; if it is turned toward self, it is pulled away from heaven and immersed in the physical; if it is turned toward the world, it

is also turned away from heaven and spread out among whatever items meet our eyes.
[2] It is our love that creates our intentions and that focuses our inner sight or our thought on its objects. So love for ourselves directs our thought tow a rd ourselves and what we claim as our own, love of the world directs it tow a rd worldly matters, and love of heaven directs it tow
a rd heavenly matters. This can enable us to know what state the inner reaches of our minds are in once we identify our love. That is, if we love h e a ven, the inner reaches are raised up tow a rd heaven and open upw a rd .
If we love the world and ourselves, our inner reaches are closed upw a rd
and open outward. So we may gather that if the higher reaches of our minds are closed to what is above them, we can no longer see the objects
that pertain to heaven and the church. These are in darkness for us, and
w h a t e ver is in darkness we either deny or do not understand. This is why people who love themselves and the world above all, since the higher levels of their minds are closed, deny divine truths at heart; and if
they do say anything about them from their memory, they still do not understand it. They have the same attitude tow a rd these matters as tow
a rd worldly and physical interests; and since they are like this, they cannot think about anything except what comes in through their physical
senses, which are their sole delight. Their sensory experience also includes
much that is foul, obscene, irreligious, and criminal. They cannot be distracted from these obsessions because there is no inflow fro m h e a ven into their minds, since as already noted their minds are closed to
what is above them.
[3] The purpose that focuses our inner sight or thought is our volition, since our intentions determine our aims and our aims determine our thoughts. So if we aim for heaven, we focus our thinking on it, and with our thinking, our whole mind, which is therefore in heaven. This means it looks at the concerns of the world as below itself, like someone on the roof of a house. This is why people in whom the deeper levels of the mind are open can see the evil and false elements in themselves, since

these are below their spiritual mind. Conversely, if people's inner reaches
are not open, they cannot see their evil and false elements because they are in them and not above them. We may gather from this where our wisdom comes from and where our insanity comes from, and what we will be like after death when we are left to intend and think and then to act and speak in keeping with our inner nature.

Again, this has been presented to show what we are like inwardly, no matter how much alike we may seem outwardly.

405 NO HARD TO REACH HEAVEN §534

We can now see that it is not so hard to lead the life of heaven as people
think, because it is simply a matter of recognizing, when something attractive comes up that we know is dishonest or unfair, that this is not to
be done because it is against the divine commandments. If we get used to
thinking like this, and from this familiarity form a habit, then we are gradually united to heaven. To the extent that we are united to heaven, the higher levels of our minds are opened, and to the extent that they are
opened, we see what is dishonest and unfair; and to the extent that we see this, these qualities can be dispelled. For no evil can be banished until
it has been seen. This is a state we can enter because of our freedom, since everyone is free to think in this way. However, once the process has
started, the Lord works his wonders within us, and causes us not only to
see evils but to refuse them and eventually to turn away from them. This
is the meaning of the Lord's words, "My yoke is easy and my burden light" (Matthew 11:30).

It is important to realize, though, that the difficulty of thinking like this and also of resisting evils increases to the extent that we deliberately
do evil things—in fact, to that extent we become used to doing them until
ultimately we no longer see them. Then we come to love them and to excuse them to gratify our love and to rationalize them with all kinds of self-deceptions and call them permissible and good. This happens, though, to people who in early adulthood plunge into all kinds of evil without restraint and at the same time at heart reject everything divine.

I was once shown the way to heaven and the way to hell. There was a broad path leading off to the left or north. There seemed to be a great many spirits traveling along it. In the distance, though, I could see a

fairly large boulder where the broad path ended. Then two paths led off from the boulder, one to the left and the other, on the other side, to the right. The path to the left was narrow and confined, leading around through the west to the south, and therefore into the light of heaven. The
path to the right was broad and open, leading obliquely down toward hell.
At first, everyone was clearly following the same path as far as the large boulder at the fork; but at that point they parted company. The good turned to the left and started along the confined path that led to heaven. The evil did not even see the boulder at the fork but fell over it and hurt themselves. When they got up, they rushed along the broad path to the right that led toward hell.
[2] Later, the meaning of all this was explained to me. The first path, the broad one where so many good and evil people we re trave l i n g

a. A stone means truth: 114, 643, 1298, 3720, 6426, 8609, 10376. So the law was written on stone
tablets: 10376. The rock of Israel is the Lord as to divine truth and as to his divine human nature:
6426.
t o g e t h e r, chatting with each other like friends with no visible differe n c e
b e t ween them, pictured people who live similarly honest and fair outw
a rd lives, with no visible difference between them. The stone at the f o rk or corner where the evil people stumbled, from which they ru s h e d
along the path to hell, pictured divine truth, which is denied by people who are focusing on hell. In the highest sense this stone meant the L o rd's divine human nature. Howe ve r, people who acknowledge divine
t ruth and the divine nature of the Lord as well we re taken along the path that led to heave n .
This showed me again that both evil and good people live the same life outwardly, or travel the same path, one as readily as the other. Yet the
ones who at heart acknowledge the Divine, especially those within the church who acknowledge the Lord's divine nature, are led to heaven; while those who do not acknowledge it are led to hell.
[3] Paths in the other life picture the thoughts that flow from our aims or intentions. The paths that are presented to view there answer exactly to the thoughts of our aims, and our course follows the thoughts that flow from our aims. This is why you can tell the quality of spirits

and of their thoughts from their paths. This also showed me the meaning
of the Lord's words, "Enter through the narrow gate, for broad is the gate and open the way that leads to destruction, and there are many who walk along it; confined is the path and narrow the gate that leads to
life, and there are few who find it" (Ma t t h ew 7:1 3–1 4). The way that leads to life is not narrow because it is difficult but because so few people
find it, as stated.

The boulder I saw at the corner where the broad, common path ended and the two ways seemed to lead in opposite directions showed me the meaning of the Lord's words, "Have you not read what is written,
'The stone that the builders rejected has become the head of the corner'?
Whoever falls over this stone will be shattered" (Luke 20:17–18).[292] The stone means divine truth, and the rock of Israel means the Lord in regard
to his divine human nature. The builders are the people of the church. The head of the corner is where the fork is, and to fall and be shattered is
to deny and perish.[a]

407 NOTHARDTOREACHHEAVEN §535

I have been allowed to talk with some people in the other life who had distanced themselves from the affairs of the world in order to live in
devotions and sanctity, and also with some who had mortified themselves
in various ways because they thought this was renouncing the world and
taming the desires of the flesh. However, most of them had wound up with a gloomy kind of life from this and had distanced themselves from that life of active thoughtfulness that can be led only in the world, so they could not associate with angels. The life of angels is cheerful and blessed. It consists of worthwhile activities that are deeds of thoughtfulness.

Particularly, people who have led a life withdrawn from worldly concerns are aflame with a sense of their own worth and constantly crave
heaven. They think of heavenly joy as their reward, with no knowledge whatever of what heavenly joy actually is. When they are with angels and
are let into that joy—which has no sense of merit and consists of activities
and public duties and in bliss at the good that is accomplished

through them—they are as bewildered as though they were seeing something totally alien to their faith. Since they are not open to these joys, they move off and associate with people who have led the same kind of life in the world.

[2] There are other people who have lived outwardly devotional lives, constantly in churches and at prayer there. They have mortified their souls while constantly thinking about themselves, how they are worthier and more estimable than others and will be regarded as saints after their death. They are not in heaven in the other life because they have done all this with themselves first in mind. Since they have polluted divine truths by the self-love they immersed them in, some of them are so deranged that they think they are gods. So they are with similar people in hell. Some of them are ingenious and crafty and are in hells for the crafty people who used their skills and wiles to construct outward appearances that would lead the masses to believe them possessed of a divine sanctity.

[3] This includes many of the Catholic saints. I have been allowed to talk with some of them and have had their lives clearly described, both the lives they had led in the world and what they were like afterward. I have mentioned all this to let it be known that the life that leads to h e a ven is not one of withdrawal from the world but a life in the world, and that a life of piety apart from a life of thoughtfulness (which is possible only in the world) does not lead to heaven at all. Rather, it is a life of thoughtfulness, a life of behaving honestly and fairly in eve ry duty, eve ry a f f a i r, eve ry task, from our deeper nature and there f o re from a heave n l y

b. A life of piety apart from a life of thoughtfulness accomplishes nothing, but together they accomplish everything: 8252, 8253. Thoughtfulness toward our neighbor is doing what is good, fair, and upright in every task and in every duty: 8120, 8121, 8122. Thoughtfulness toward our neighbor includes absolutely everything we think, intend, and do: 8124. A life of thoughtfulness is a life by the Lord's commandments: 3249. Living by the Lord's commandments is loving the Lord: 10143, 10153, 10310, 10578, 10648 *[10645].* True thoughtfulness is not for credit because it comes from a deeper affection and a consequent deeper pleasure: 2340 *[2380],* 2373 *[2371],* 2400, 3887, 6388–6393. Our abiding character after death is determined by the quality of our life of thoughtfulness in the world: 8256. Heavenly bliss flows from the Lord into a life of thoughtfulness: 2363. No one is let into heaven simply by thinking, but by intending and doing together with thinking:

2401, 3459. Unless doing what is good is united to intending what is good and thinking what is good, there is no salvation and no union of our inner person with our outer: 3987.

s o u rce. The source of this life is within us when we act honestly and fairly because doing so is in accord with divine laws. This life is not hard, but a life of piety apart from a life of thoughtfulness is hard. Still, this latter life leads away from heaven as surely as people believe it leads to heave n .b

HE L L

The Lord Governs the Hells

IN the earlier discussion of heaven, it was made clear throughout (particularly in §§2–6) that the Lord is the God of heaven and that the whole government of the heavens is in the Lord's hands. Since the relationship of heaven to hell and of hell to heaven is like that of two opposites that act against each other, with the action and reaction yielding the state of equilibrium within which everything exists, in order for absolutely everything to be kept in this balance, it is necessary that the ruler of the one be the ruler of the other as well. That is, unless the same Lord controlled the attacks of the hells and restrained their madness, the balance would be destroyed; and if the balance were destroyed, everything else would go.

First, though, I need to say something about the balance. It is recognized that when two forces act against each other and when one reacts and resists as much as the other acts and pushes, neither has any force because each has the same amount of power. Then either can be moved by a third force at will, since when the two have no force because of their equal resistance, the force of the third has total control and acts as easily as if there were no resistance at all.

[2] T h e re is this kind of equilibrium between heaven and hell. Howe ve r, it is not the kind of equilibrium that occurs between two people who are fighting physically, with one just as strong as the other; it is rather a spiritual balance, one of the false against the true and the evil

against the good. Malicious falsity constantly breathes forth from hell and benevolent truth constantly breathes forth from heaven. This is the spiritual balance that provides us with our freedom for thinking and intending,
since eve rything we think and intend depends either on evil and its consequent falsity or on good and its consequent truth. [3] So when we are in this state of equilibrium, we are in freedom either to let in and accept what is evil from hell and its consequent falsity or to let in and accept what is good from heaven and its consequent truth. Each of us is kept in this equilibrium by the Lord, who governs both heaven and h e l l .293
I will explain later, in a separate chapter, why we are kept in this freedom
by means of the balance, and why the evil and the false are not taken away from us by divine power and the good and true instilled.294

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412 HEAVEN AND H E L L §538
I have sometimes been allowed to sense the aura of malevolent falsity flowing out of hell. It was like a constant effort to destroy everything good and true, united to an anger, a kind of rage at not being able to do so. Especially, it was an effort to destroy the divine nature of the Lord because
this is the source of everything good and true.
I have sensed an aura of benevolent truth from heaven, though, that served to restrain the rage of the effort rising up from hell, which yielded
an equilibrium. I perceived that the sole source of this aura was the Lord,
even though it seemed to be coming from angels in heaven. The reason it
comes solely from the Lord and not from angels is that every angel in heaven admits that nothing of what is good and true comes from herself or himself, but that it all comes from the Lord.
All the power in the spiritual world belongs to benevolent truth and none whatsoever to malevolent falsity.
The reason all power belongs to what is good and true is that the essential
divine nature in heaven is divine good and divine truth, and all p ower belongs to the Divine. Ma l e volent falsity has no power because all power belongs to benevolent truth, and there is no benevolent tru t h in malevolent falsity. This is why all the power is in heaven, and none in hell. Eve ryone in heaven is focused on what is true for the sake of the good, and eve ryone in hell is focused on what is false for the sake of what is evil. This is because no one is let into heaven until she or he is

focused on what is true for the sake of good, and no one is cast into hell until she or he is focused on what is false for the sake of what is evil. In s u p p o rt of this, see the chapters where I dealt with our first, second, and
t h i rd states after death (§§4 9 1–5 2 0); and on benevolent truth possessing
p owe r, see the chapter on the power of heave n's angels (§§2 2 8–2 3 3) .
This, then, is the balance between heaven and hell. People in the world of spirits are in this balance, since the world of spirits is halfway between heaven and hell. So too we in the world are kept in the same kind of balance, since the Lord governs us in the world by means of spirits
in the world of spirits, a subject I shall deal with below in a separate chapter.[295]
This kind of balance would not be possible unless the Lord ruled both heaven and hell and regulated both. Otherwise, malicious falsity would cross the boundaries and affect the simple, good people who are in
the outmost parts of heaven, people who are more easily misled than actual
angels. This would destroy the balance, and with the balance would go our freedom.

413 THE LORD GOVERNS THE HELLS §543
Like heaven, hell is differentiated into communities. In fact, there are just as many communities in hell as there are in heaven, since each heavenly
community has an opposite number in hell, for the sake of the balance. Howe ve r, the communities in hell are differentiated according to their evils and consequent falsities because the communities in heave n a re differentiated according to their good will and consequent tru t h s .
We may be sure that there is some evil opposite to eve rything good and some falsity opposite to eve rything true from the fact that nothing exists
without a relationship to its opposite. The opposite enables us to know its actual nature and level. Opposition is the source of all perception and
s e n s a t i o n .[296]
This is why the Lord is constantly taking care that every community of heaven has its opposite in some community of hell and that there is a balance between them.
Because hell is differentiated into as many communities as heaven is,

there are also as many hells as there are communities of heaven. As each
community of heaven is a heaven in smaller form (see §§51–58), so each community of hell is a hell in smaller form.

Because there are three heavens overall, there are also three hells ove r a l l .

T h e re is a deepest hell that is opposite to the inmost or third heaven; there
is a middle hell that is opposite to the middle or second heaven; and there is
a highest hell that is opposite to the outmost or first heave n .

I need to explain briefly how the hells are governed, though. Overall, the hells are governed by a general impingement of divine good and divine
truth from the heavens through which the general effort that flows out of the hells is restrained and controlled. There is also a specific impingement
from each heaven and from each community of heaven.

Specifically, the hells are governed by means of angels who are given the ability to look into the hells and check the insanities and riots there. Sometimes angels are sent there, and their very presence brings matters
under control.

In general, though, all the people in the hells are governed by their fears, some by fears sown and still in place from the world. However, since these fears are not adequate and gradually weaken, they are governed
through fears of punishment, which are the primary means of preventing
them from doing evil. There are many kinds of punishment
there, milder or more severe depending on the evil [they are restraining].

Most of the time, the relatively malevolent spirits are in power, having

gained control by their experience and skill; and they are able to keep the
rest in servile obedience by punishments and the fears that these give birth to. These dominant spirits do not dare go beyond fixed limits.

We do need to realize that the only way of controlling the violent rages of people in the hells is through fear of punishment. There are no other means.

People in the world still believe that there is a devil who rules the hells and that he was created as an angel of light but was cast into hell

with his gang after he led a rebellion. The reason for this belief is that the Wo rd talks about the devil and Satan, and about Lucifer as well; and
in these cases the Wo rd is understood literally. Howe ve r, in these passages
the devil and Satan mean hell. The devil means the hell tow a rd the rear where the worst people live, the people called evil demons; and Satan means the hell that is tow a rd the front where the less malevo l e n t
people live, the people called evil spirits. Lucifer means the people who a re from Babel or Ba bylon, the ones who extend their control all the way into heave n .
We can also see that there is no devil to whom the hells are subject from the fact that all the people who are in the hells, like all the people in
the heavens, are from the human race (see §§311–317), that there are millions
there from the beginning of creation to the present day, and that everyone there is the kind of devil he or she became by opposition to the
Deity while in the world (see above, §§311–312).

The Lord Does Not Cast Anyone into Hell: Spirits Cast Themselves In

SOME people cherish the notion that God turns his face away from people, spurns them, and casts them into hell, and is angry against them because of their evil. Some people even go so far as to think that God punishes people and does them harm. They support this notion from the literal meaning of the Word where things like this are said, not

a. Blazing wrath is attributed to God in the Word, but it is the wrath in us; and the Word says such things because it seems that way to us when we are being punished and condemned: 798 *[5798],* 6997, 8284, 8483, 8875, 9306, 10431. Even evil is attributed to the Lord, though nothing
comes from the Lord but what is good: 2447, 6073 *[6071],* 6992 *[6991],* 6997, 7533, 7632, 7677 *[7679],* 7926, 8227, 8228, 8632, 9306. Why the Word says such things: 6073 *[6071],* 6992 *[6991],*
6997, 7643, 7632, 7679, 7710, 7926, 8282, 9009 *[9010],* 9128. The Lord is pure mercy and clemency: 6997, 8875.

realizing that the spiritual meaning of the Word, which makes sense of the letter, is wholly different. So the real doctrine of the church, which is
from the spiritual meaning of the Word, teaches something else. It teaches that the Lord never turns his face away from anyone or spurns anyone, never casts anyone into hell or is angry.a

A n yone whose mind is enlightened perc e i ves this while re a d i n g the Wo rd simply from the fact that the Lord is goodness itself, love its e l f, and mercy itself.[297] Good itself cannot do harm to anyone. Love itself and mercy itself cannot spurn anyone, because this is contrary to m e rcy and love and is there f o re contrary to the divine nature itself. So
people who are thinking with an enlightened mind when they read the Wo rd perc e i ve clearly that God never turns away from us, and that because
he does not turn away from us, he behaves tow a rd us out of goodness and love and merc y. That is, he wills well tow a rd us, loves us,
and has compassion on us.
Enlightened minds also see from this that the literal meaning of the Word where things like this are said has a spiritual meaning concealed within it, a meaning needed to explain expressions that in the letter are adapted to human comprehension, things said in accord with our primary
and general conceptions.
Enlightened people also see that good and evil are two opposite things, as opposite as heaven and hell, and that everything good is from heaven and everything evil from hell. Further, since the Lord's divine nature
constitutes heaven (see §§7–12), nothing flows into us from the Lord but what is good, and nothing from hell but what is evil. So the Lord is constantly leading us out of evil and toward good, while hell is constantly leading us into evil. Unless we were in between, we would have neither thought nor intention, much less any freedom or choice. We have all these gifts because of the balance between good and evil. So
if the Lord were to turn away and we were left to our own evil, we would
no longer be human.

We can see from this that the Lord is constantly flowing into every individual with good, just as much into the evil person as into the good. The difference is that he is constantly leading evil people away from evil,
while he is constantly leading good people toward the good. The reason for this difference lies in us, since we are the ones who accept.[298]
We can gather from this that we do evil from hell and good from the Lord. However, since we believe that whatever we do comes from ourselves,
the evil we do clings to us as though it were our own. This is why we are at fault for our evil, never the Lord. The evil within us is hell

within us, for it makes no difference whether you say “evil” or “hell.” Since we are at fault for our evil, it is we, not the Lord, who lead ourselves into hell. Far from leading us into hell, the Lord frees us from hell to the extent that we do not intend and love to be absorbed in our evil. Our whole volition and love stays with us after death (see §§470–484). People who have intended and loved what is evil in the world intend and love what is evil in the other life, and then they no longer allow themselves to be led away from it. This is why people who are absorbed in evil are connected to hell and actually are there in spirit; and after death they crave above all to be where their evil is. So after death, it is we, not the Lord, who cast ourselves into hell.

I need to mention how this happens. When we arrive in the other life, we are first taken up by angels who do everything for us and also tell us about the Lord, heaven, and angelic life and offer us lessons in what is good and true. However, if we as spirits are the kind of people who have been familiar with things like this in the world but have denied or rejected them at heart, then after some conversation we want to get away from them and try to leave. When the angels notice this, they leave us. After spending some time with various other people, we eventually take up with people who are devoted to similar evils (see above, §§445–452). When this happens, we are turning away from the Lord and turning our faces toward the hell we were united to in the world, where people live who are engaged in a similar love of evil.

We can see from this that the Lord is leading eve ry spirit tow a rd himself through angels and through an inflow from heaven, but that spirits who are absorbed in evil resist strenuously and virtually tear t h e m s e l ves away from the Lord. They are drawn by their evil—by hell, that is—as though it we re a rope; and because they are drawn and want to follow because of their love of evil, it follows that they freely cast t h e m s e l ves into hell.

417 EVIL SPIRITS CHOOSE HELL §550

This is hard to believe in the world because of people’s notions about hell. In fact, it does not even look that way in the other life. It looks different

for people who are outside of hell, though not to the people who are actually casting themselves in. They are entering voluntarily, and the ones who are doing so out of a burning desire for evil look as though they were diving in headfirst. This is why it looks as though they were being thrown into hell by divine power. There will be more on this below (see §574).[299]

We can now see that the Lord does not throw anyone into hell. We throw ourselves in, not only while we are living in this world but after death as well, when we arrive among spirits.

The reason the Lord cannot treat everyone alike from his divine essence, which is goodness, love, and mercy, is that our evil and false preoccupations stand in the way, not only blunting his divine inflow but even rejecting it. These evil and false proclivities are like black clouds that stand between the sun and our eyes and deprive us of the clear sunlight.

All the while, the sun is trying to dispel the clouds. It is behind them, working away, and in the meantime a little hazy light does get through to our eyes by various detours. It is much the same in the spiritual world. The sun there is the Lord and divine love (see §§116–140), the light there is divine truth (§§126–140). The black clouds there are falsities from evil, the eye there is our ability to discern. To the extent that we are absorbed in malevolent falsity, there is a cloud around us whose blackness and density depends on the level of our evil. We can see from this simile that the Lord's presence with everyone is constant, but that our acceptance varies.

Evil spirits are punished severely in the world of spirits to keep them terrified of doing evil. This too seems to come from the Lord, but still no punishment there does come from the Lord. It comes from the evil itself, since an evil is so closely united to its punishment that they cannot be separated. The hellish mob craves and loves nothing more than inflicting harm, especially punishing and torturing, and they do inflict harm and punishment on anyone who is not being protected by the Lord. So when something evil is being done from an evil heart, since this rejects any protection by the Lord, evil spirits assail the evildoer and inflict punishment.

To some extent, this can be illustrated by evil deeds and their punishments
in the world, where they are also united. The laws here set penalties for each crime, so anyone who plunges into evil is plunging into its punishment as well. The only difference is that in the world, evil can be hidden, which cannot happen in the other life.

We can therefore conclude that the Lord does not do harm to anyone. It is like this in the world as well. It is not the king or the judge or the law that is responsible for the punishment of the guilty, because they
are not responsible for the evil of the criminal.

All the People Who Are in the Hells Are Absorbed in Evils and Consequent Falsities because of Their Love for Themselves and the World

ALL the people who are in the hells are devoted to evil goals and the distortions that result. There is no one there devoted to evil goals and interested in true perceptions. Many evil people in the world know about spiritual truths, the truths of the church, since they have learned them first in childhood and later from sermons and from reading the Word and have gone on to take them for granted in their conversations. Some of them have even led others to believe that they were Christians at
heart because they had learned from these truths how to talk with apparent
affection and to behave honestly as though motivated by a spiritual faith. As for the ones who inwardly thought the opposite, though, and who carefully refrained from doing the evil things they were thinking of simply because of civil laws and for the sake of their reputation and rank
and profit, they are all evil at heart, involved in what is true and good only physically, not in spirit. So when their outer layers are stripped off in the other life and the inner natures that constituted their spirits are unveiled, they are wholly absorbed in evil and false concerns, unconcerned
with anything true and good. Then one can see that the true and good values simply dwelt in their memories as things they had learned about, and that they retrieved them from memory when they were talking
and imitated good deeds as though they were motivated by a spiritual love and faith.

a. Before evil people are thrown down into hell they are stripped of what is true and good, and once these elements have been taken away, they move voluntarily into hell: 6977, 7039, 7795, 8210, 8232, 9330. The Lord does not strip them [of good and truth]—they do it to themselves: 7642 *[7643],* 7926. Every evil has something false within it; so people who are intent on evil are intent on what is false, even though some of them do not realize it: 7577, 8094. People who are intent on evil cannot help but think falsely when they are thinking on their own: 7437. All the people who are in hell say what is false, with evil intent: 1695, 7351, 7352, 7357, 7392, 7698 *[7689].*

When people like this are let into their inner natures—into their evils, that is—they can no longer say anything true. They can only say what is false because their speech arises from their evil intentions. It is impossible to say anything true for evil ends because by then their spirits are made up of nothing but their own evil, and falsity emanates from evil.

Every evil spirit is distilled to this state before he or she is thrown into hell (see above, §§499–512). This is called being stripped down as to what is true and good.[a] The stripping down is simply the process of being let into their own inner natures, into what they have claimed as spirits, then, or into their spirits themselves. See also §425 above on these matters.

When we are like this after death, then we are no longer "spiritpersons" the way we were in the first state (described above, §§491–498); we are truly spirits, since people who are truly spirits have faces and bodies responsive to the inner natures of their minds. So they are in an outward form that is the imprint or image of their inner natures. Spirits are like this once the first and second states described above have been completed.

This means that when they are seen by [spiritual] eyes, one can tell instantly what their nature is not only from their faces but also from their bodies, and especially from their speech and behavior. Further, because they are now their essential selves,[300] they can only be where kindred souls are. [2] There is a complete sharing of affections and consequent thoughts in the spiritual world; so spirits move spontaneously toward kindred spirits because they are motivated by what attracts and delights them. In fact, they actually turn in that direction because that is how they breathe in their life, or draw their breath[301] freely, and not when they turn elsewhere. We need to realize that in the spiritual world, communication depends on which way we face, and that the people in

front of us are always the ones who are in a love like our own. This applies
no matter which way we turn our bodies (see above, §151).
[3] This is why hellish spirits all turn away from the Lord toward the gloomy and dark objects there that are in the location of earth's sun and

moon, while heaven's angels all turn toward the Lord as the sun and the moon of heaven (see above, §§123, 143, 144, 151).
This leads us to the conclusion that all the people in the hells are absorbed
in evils and consequent falsities, and also that they turn toward
their loves.
Seen in any of heaven's light, all the spirits in the hells appear in the form of their own evil. Each one is in fact an image of her or his evil, since for each individual the inner and outer natures are acting as a unit,
with the deeper elements presenting themselves to view in the outer ones—in the face, the body, the speech, and the behavior. So you can tell
what they are like by looking at them. In general, they are forms of contempt
for others, threats against people who do not revere them; they are forms of various shadings of hatred, of various forms of vengefulness. Savagery and cruelty show through from within. When others praise them, though, or revere and worship them, their faces compose themselves
and look almost happy and gratified. [2] There is no way to describe briefly all the ways these forms look, since no one is just like any other. There is only a general likeness among people who are absorbed in
similar evils and are therefore in the same hellish community, a similarity
that acts like a common background that gives the individual faces a kind of overall resemblance. In general, their faces are frightful, as lifeless
as corpses. Some of their faces are black, some like little torches, some pimply, with huge ulcerated sores. In many cases there is no visible face,
only something hairy or bony in its place, while with others only the teeth show. Their bodies are equally misshapen, and their speech seems
to embody wrath or hatred or vengeance, since all their articulation comes from their false perception and all the tone comes from their evil intent. In a word, they are all images of their hell.

[3] I have not been allowed to see what form hell itself is in overall. I have only been told that in the same way that all heaven as a single entity
resembles a single human being (§§59–67), so all hell as a single entity resembles
a single devil and can be manifested as a likeness of a single devil (see above, §544). However, I have often seen what form particular hells
or hellish communities have, since at their entrances (which are called the
gates of hell), there often appears a monstrous figure that in a general way
represents the form of the people who live there. The savagery of these inhabitants
is then imaged by frightful horrors that I forbear to mention.
[4] It does need to be known, though, that hellish spirits look like this in heaven's light, but that they look human to each other. This is a

gift of the Lord's mercy, so that they do not look as repulsive to each other as they do to angels. However, this appearance is deceiving, since the moment a ray of light from heaven is let in, these human forms turn into the monstrous ones that they are essentially, the forms just described,
because in heaven's light everything appears as it really is. This is also why they avoid heaven's light and dive into their own illumination, an illumination like that of glowing coals or, in places, like burning sulfur.
This light, though, turns into pure darkness when any ray of light from heaven flows in. This is why the hells are described as being in gloom and darkness, and why the gloom and darkness mean the kinds of
malevolent distortions characteristic of hell.
Having examined the misshapen forms of spirits in the hells, forms that as noted are all forms of contempt for others, of threats against people
who do not respect and revere them, and of hatred and vengeance against people who do not support them, it has become clear to me that in general they are all forms of love for oneself and the world and that the
evils that give rise to individual forms can all be traced back to these two
loves. I have also been told from heaven, and it has been witnessed to me
by an abundance of experience, that these two loves, love for oneself and

love of the world, do rule in the hells and actually constitute the hells, and that love for the Lord and love for one's neighbor rule in the heavens
and actually constitute the heavens. I have also learned that the two loves
that are hell's loves and the two loves that are heaven's loves are absolute
opposites.
At first I wondered why love for oneself and love of the world are so diabolic, why people who are absorbed in them look so frightful. After all, in the world we scarcely give love for ourselves a second thought. We
focus only on that outward inflation of spirit called pride, which we believe
is the only self-love because it is so visible. Not only that, if love for oneself does not express itself in pride, then we in the world think it is the vital fire that rouses us to work for high position and to do constructive
things. We believe that if we saw no prospect of esteem and glory in these efforts, our spirits would become sluggish. People ask, "Who would
do anything decent or useful or remarkable except to be praised and respected
by others, [openly] or in their thoughts; and where does this
come from except from the fire of a love for glory and esteem—that is, for the sake of self?" This is why people in the world do not realize that in
its own right love for oneself is the love that rules in hell and that makes
hell within us.

422 HEAVEN AND HELL §555
Since this is in fact the case, I should like first to describe what love for oneself is, and then explain that everything evil and false wells up from this love.[302]
Love for oneself is intending well to oneself alone, not to others except for the sake of oneself—not the church, the country, or any human community. It is helping them solely for the sake of one's own reputation
and rank and glory. Unless these can be seen in the services we offer, we
are saying at heart, "What difference does it make? Why should I? What's
in it for me?" So we forget it. We can see from this that people who are absorbed in a love for themselves do not love their church or country or

community or any constructive activity. They love only themselves. Their only pleasure lies in self-gratification; and since the pleasure that stems from love constitutes human life, their life is a life of self. A life of self is a life that depends on what we claim as our own, and in its own right what we claim as our own is nothing but evil.

People who love themselves do love their own as well, their own being specifically their children and grandchildren and more broadly all who ally with them, whom they call "their own people." Loving both the former and the latter is actually loving themselves, because they regard the others as though they were in themselves, and focus on themselves in others. These "others" who are claimed as their own include everyone who praises and reveres and worships them.

We can gather what love for oneself is like by comparing it to heavenly love. Heavenly love is loving constructive activity for its own sake, or loving for their own sake the worthwhile things we do for our church, our country, the human community, and our fellow citizens. This is really loving God and loving our neighbor, since all constructive activities and all worthwhile actions come from God and *are* the neighbor whom we are to love. In contrast, people who love these activities for the sake of self love them only as slaves who wait on them. It follows that people devoted to a love for themselves want their church, their country, the human community, and their fellow citizens to be their servants rather than wanting to serve them. They station themselves above these neighbors and put them down. So to the extent that people are devoted to a love for themselves, they move themselves away from heaven because they move themselves away from heavenly love.

Further, to the extent that we are engaged in heavenly love—which is loving constructive and worthwhile activities and being moved by heartfelt pleasure when we provide them to our church, our country, the

423 EVIL & FALSITY §558b

b. The self-image that we get from our parents by heredity is nothing but condensed evil: 210, 215, 731, 876, 987, 1047, 2307, 2318 *[2308],* 3518, 3701, 3812, 8480, 8550, 10283, 10284, 10286, 10731 *[10732].* Our self-centeredness involves loving ourselves more than God and the world more than heaven, and regarding our neighbor as nothing compared to ourselves except when it benefits us;

so it is loving ourselves and is a love for oneself and for the world: 694, 731, 4317, 5660. From love
for oneself and for the world when they are put first come all evils: 1307, 1308, 1321, 1594, 1691,
3413, 7255, 7376, 7480 *[7490],* 7488, 8318, 9335, 9348, 10038, 10742; which are contempt for others,
hostility, hatred, vengefulness, savagery, and deceit: 6667, 7372 *[7370],* 7374, 9348, 10038, 10742;
and from these evils, everything false flows: 1047, 10283, 10284, 10286.

human community, and our fellow citizens—we are being led by the Lord because this is the love he is in and the love that comes from him. However, to the extent that we focus on love for ourselves—doing constructive
and worthwhile things for our own sakes—we are leading ourselves; and to the extent that we lead ourselves, we are not being led by the Lord. Again, then, it follows that the more we love ourselves, the more we move away from the Divine and also from heaven.

Being led by self is being led by what we claim as our own, and what we claim as our own is nothing but evil. It is actually our evil heredity, which involves loving ourselves more than God and the world more than heaven.[b]

We are completely absorbed in our self-image and therefore in our hereditary evil whenever we focus on ourselves in anything worthwhile we are doing, for we are focusing on ourselves and away from what is good and not on what is good and away from ourselves. So in the worthwhile
activities we set up an image of ourselves and not an image of the Divine. I have been assured of this by experience as well. There are evil spirits who live halfway between the north and the west, underneath the
heavens, who are particularly skilled at getting upright spirits involved in
their self-image and therefore focused on various kinds of evil. They do this by getting them absorbed in thinking about themselves, either openly by words of praise and esteem or covertly by focusing their feelings
exclusively on themselves. To the extent that they succeed, they turn the faces of the upright people away from heaven and also becloud their
understanding, calling up evils from their self-concern.

If you look at their origins and essences, you can see that love for oneself
and love of one’s neighbor are opposites. In people who are wrapped up in love for themselves, love of their neighbor begins from self. They claim that everyone is her or his own neighbor; and from this as a center

c. People who do not know what loving their neighbor is think that everyone is their neighbor and that everyone who is in need ought to be helped: 6704. They also believe that we are our own
neighbor, and that love toward our neighbor therefore begins with us: 6933. People who love themselves above all, who therefore are ruled by love for themselves, also begin their love for their
neighbor with themselves: 8120 *[6710].* An explanation of the way in which we are our own neighbors:
6933–6938. However, people who are Christians and who love God above all begin their love toward their neighbor with the Lord, because he is to be loved above all: 6706, 6711, 6819, 6824. There are as many different kinds of neighbor as there are different kinds of good from the
Lord, and good is to be done differently toward each individual depending on the quality of that individual's state, which is a matter of Christian prudence: 6707, 6709, 6710 *[6711],* 6818. There
are countless such differences; so the pre-Christian people, who knew what the neighbor is, sorted thoughtful acts into classes and gave them names that enabled them to know in what way
one or another person was their neighbor and how they were to be helped prudently: 2417, 6629
[6628], 6705, 7259–7262. The doctrine in the pre-Christian churches was a doctrine of thoughtfulness
toward one's neighbor, which was the source of their wisdom: 2417, 2385, 3419, 3420, 4844, 6628 *[6629].*

they reach out to all who ally with them, with progressively less intensity
depending on the love that unites the others with them. They regard people
outside this group as worthless, and people who offer opposition to them and their evildoing they regard as enemies. It does not matter what
they are actually like, whether they are wise or upright or honest or fair.

A spiritual love of their neighbor, though, begins with the Lord, and spreads out from him as its center to all who are united to him by love and faith. Its spread depends on the quality of their love and faith.c
We can see from this that a love of our neighbor that begins with ourselves is the opposite of a love of our neighbor that begins with the Lord. The former comes from evil because it comes from what we claim as our own; while the latter comes from what is good because it comes from the Lord, who is good itself. We can also see that a love of our neighbor that comes from us and from our self-image is a physical love, while a love of our neighbor that comes from the Lord is heavenly.
In a word, when we are absorbed in love for ourselves it constitutes our head, and heavenly love constitutes the feet we stand on. If heavenly
love does not serve us, we trample it underfoot. This is why people who are being thrown into hell look as though they are diving in headfirst, with their heads down and their feet toward heaven (see above, §548).
By nature, self-love runs wild to the extent that its reins are loosened, that is, to the extent that the outward restraints constituted by fears of

the law and its penalties, fears of losing reputation, esteem, profit, position,
and life are taken away. It runs wild even to the extent of wanting to

d. Our world's sun means love for oneself: 2441. How "worshiping the sun" [Deuteronomy 4:19, 17:3] means worshiping things that are contrary to heavenly love and the Lord: 441, 10584. The warming sun [Exodus 16:21] means the rising up of cravings for evil: 8487.

rule not only over the whole globe but even over all heaven and the Lord
himself. It knows no bound or limit. This is latent in everyone who is focused
on self-love even though it may not show in the world, where the restraints we have mentioned hold it back.

We cannot fail to see this in people in power and kings who are not held back by any such restraints. They run wild and conquer as many territories and kingdoms as they can and aspire to boundless power and glory.[304] This is even clearer in the modern Babylon,[305] which extends its
control into heaven and transfers all the Lord's divine power to itself and
even craves more.

The reader may see in the booklet *Last Judgment*[306] that people like this are diametrically opposed to the Divine and to heaven and that they favor hell when they arrive in the other life after death.

Picture a community made up of people like this, all totally in love with themselves, not caring about others unless they are allies, and you will see that their love is no different from that of thieves for each other.

To the extent that they are acting in concert, they embrace each other and call each other friends; but once they stop cooperating, once anyone
resists their control, they attack and butcher each other. If their deeper natures—their minds—are probed, it will be clear that they are full of virulent hatred for each other, that at heart they ridicule anything fair and honest and even ridicule the Deity, tossing it aside as worthless. This
comes out even more clearly from their communities in the hells, which will be described below.

The deeper levels of the thoughts and affections of people who love themselves above all are turned toward themselves and the world—and are turned away, therefore, from the Lord and heaven. This is why such people fall prey to all kinds of evil and why the divine nature cannot flow
in. It is because the moment it does flow in, it is submerged in thoughts about self and polluted, and is saturated with evils that arise from their self-centeredness. This is why they all look away from the Lord in the

other life, toward the gloom that occupies the site of our world's sun there and is directly across from heaven's sun, which is the Lord (see §123
above). Darkness means evil, and our world's sun means self-love.[d]

In broad terms, the evils characteristic of people focused on love for themselves are contempt for others; envy; enmity toward anyone who
is not on their side, and a consequent hostility; various kinds of hatred;
vengefulness; craft; deceit; callousness; and cruelty. In religious matters,
this extends not only to a contempt for the Divine and for the divine gifts that are the true and good elements of the church; it extends also to anger at such things, an anger that turns into hatred when we become spirits. Then not only can we not stand hearing about these matters, we blaze with hatred against everyone who acknowledges and worships the Divine.

I talked with one man who had been in power in the world and loved himself far too much. When he simply heard the Divine mentioned—especially
when he heard the Lord named—he was so struck by angry hatred that he was consumed with thoughts of murder. When the reins of his love were loosened, he even wanted to be the devil himself in order to
satisfy his love by ceaseless attacks on heaven. Many individuals of the papal religion feel this desire in the other life when they realize that the Lord has all power and that they have none.

Some spirits appeared to me in the western region, toward the south, who said they had been granted high honor in the world and deserved to
be promoted over others and to lord it over them. They were examined by angels to discover what they were like inwardly, and it turned out that
in their earthly offices they had paid no attention to service but only to themselves, which meant that they had put themselves before service. Still, since they were aflame with ambition to be promoted, they were allowed to join a group of people who were discussing some rather important
matters. You could tell, though, that they were unable to pay any attention to the real issues that were being discussed and could not see the matters in any depth. They did not say anything on the basis of the constructive effects of the discussion, but talked only on the basis of their

own self-image. Their behavior was motivated by a desire to ingratiate themselves; so they were dismissed from the task and left to seek office elsewhere. So they went farther westward, where they were accepted here
and there; but in every case they were told that they were not thinking about anything but themselves, that they were not thinking about the business at hand except in terms of themselves. This meant that they were stupid, just like sensual, carnal spirits. Wherever they arrived, then,
they were rejected. After a while they were utterly bankrupt and were asking for handouts.[307]

427 EVIL & FALSITY §565
Once more I could see from this that no matter how wisely people may seem to talk in the world from the fire of self-love, still it is just a matter of rote memory and not of any rational light. So in the other life, when they are no longer allowed to retrieve things from their natural memory, they are more stupid than other people because they are cut off
from the Divine.
There are two ways of being in power. One comes from love for our neighbor and the other from love for ourselves. In essence, these two kinds of power are exact opposites. People who are empowered by love for their neighbor intend the good of everyone and love nothing more than being useful—that is, serving others (serving others means willing well and helping others, whether that is one's church, country, community,
or fellow citizen). This is their love and the delight of their hearts. As such people are raised to high positions they are delighted; but the delight
is not because of the honor but because of the constructive things they can now do more abundantly and at a higher level. This is what empowerment
is like in the heavens.
[2] In contrast, people whose self-love leads them to take power intend good to no one but themselves. Any services they perform for others are actually for their own esteem and renown, since only this is of any use
to them. Helping others is for them simply a means to being waited on and respected and deferred to. They strive for high office not for the good they ought to do for their country and their church but to be prominent and praised and therefore in their heart's delight.
[3] A love of power does stay with all of us after death. Howe ve r, people whose authority rested on their love for their neighbor are ent rusted with power in the heavens. Ac t u a l l y, it is not they who have

p ower but the services that they love, and when service rules, the Lord is
ruling. Howe ve r, people whose authority rested on their self-love in the
world arrive in hell after their life in this world and are miserable slave s
t h e re. I have seen powe rful people whose authority had rested on their
s e l f - l ove in the world abandoned among the most miserable, some of
them living in outhouses.
As for love of the world, it is not so intensely opposed to heavenly love, because there are not so many evils latent in it.
Love of the world is wanting to divert the wealth of others to ourselves by any means available. It is setting our heart on wealth and allowing the world to distract us from the spiritual love that is love for our neighbor and therefore from heaven and the Divine.

This love takes many forms, though. We may love wealth in order to be raised to exalted rank simply because we love exalted rank. We may love exalted rank and high position for the sake of wealth. We may love wealth for the sake of the various pleasures it offers in the world. We may
love wealth simply for the sake of wealth, which is avarice, and so on.
The purpose of being wealthy is called its use, and purpose or use is what
gives a love its quality. That is, the quality of a love is determined by the
goal it aims at. Everything else serves it as means.

Hellfire and Gnashing of Teeth

UNTIL now, hardly anyone has known the meaning of the eternal fire and gnashing of teeth ascribed to people in hell in the Word.[308]
This is because people think materialistically about statements in the Word, in ignorance of its spiritual meaning. So some of them understand
the fire to be material fire, some think it is torment in general, some the pangs of conscience, some that it is just words meant to strike a terror of
evil into us. Some understand the gnashing of teeth to be a kind of grinding, some only the kind of shudder we feel when we hear this kind of clash of teeth.
Anyone familiar with the spiritual meaning of the Word, though, can

realize what eternal fire and gnashing of teeth are, since there is spiritual
meaning in every expression and in the meaning of every expression in the Word. At heart, that is, the Word is spiritual, and spiritual meaning can be expressed to us only in natural terms because we are in a natural
world and think on the basis of what we encounter in it.
In the following pages, then, I shall explain what the eternal fire and gnashing of teeth are that evil people find after death, or that their spirits
experience once they are in the spiritual world.
T h e re are two sources of warmth. One is the sun of heaven, which is the Lord, and the other is our world's sun. The warmth that comes fro m
h e a ve n's sun or the Lord is spiritual warmth, which in its essence is love
(see above, §§1 2 6–1 4 0). The warmth that comes from our world's sun,
though, is a natural warmth that in its essence is not love but serve s s p i r i t u a l

429 HELLFIRE & GNASHING §569
a. There is an inflow of the spiritual world into the natural world: 6053–6058, 6189–6215, 6307–6327, 6466–6495, 6598–6626. There is also an inflow into the lives of animals: 5850; and into the members of the vegetable kingdom as well: 3648. This inflow is a constant effort to act in
keeping with the divine design: 6211–6212.

warmth or love as a vessel. We may gather that love in essence is warmth
f rom the fact that our minds and then our bodies become warmer because
of love and according to its intensity and quality. This happens to us just as much in winter as in summer. We may also notice the warming
of our blood. As for the fact that natural heat arising from the
w o r l d's sun serves spiritual heat as a vessel, this we may gather from the
warmth of the body that is stimulated by the warmth of its spirit and abets it. We may look particularly at what the warmth of spring and summer does for all kinds of animals with their annual love cycles. [2] It is not that the [natural] warmth *m a k e s* this happen, but that it disposes
their bodies to be re c e p t i ve to the warmth that flows into them as we l l
f rom the spiritual world. You see, the spiritual world flows into the natural

the way a cause flows into its effect. People who believe that natural warmth creates these loves are quite mistaken, since the inflow is of the
spiritual world into the natural world and not of the natural world into the spiritual; and all love is spiritual because it is the essence of life itself.

[3] Fu rt h e r, people who believe that anything happens in the natural world apart from the inflow of the spiritual world are also mistaken, since natural phenomena arise and persist only from spiritual ones. Eve n
the members of the vegetable kingdom get their power to sprout fro m this kind of inflow. The natural warmth of spring and summer simply disposes their seeds into their natural forms by swelling and opening them so that the inflow from the spiritual world can have its causative e f f e c t .

I mention all this to make it clear that there are two kinds of warmth, spiritual and natural, and that spiritual warmth comes from heaven's sun
and natural warmth from the world's sun, and that inflow and cooperation
set up the effects that we see before us in the world.[a]

For us human beings, spiritual warmth is the warmth of life, because as already noted it is essentially love. This love is what fire means in the Word. Heavenly fire means love for the Lord and love for our neighbor, and hellish fire means love for oneself and love of the world.

Hellish fire or love has the same source as heavenly fire or love, namely heaven's sun or the Lord. However, it is changed into hellfire by the people who receive it, for all inflow from the spiritual world varies

depending on how it is received or depending on the forms into which it flows. The same thing happens with the warmth and light from the world's sun. Warmth flowing from this source into woods and flower beds produces vegetation and pleasant, soft aromas. The same warmth flowing into manure or carrion produces decay and foul stenches. Similarly
light from the same sun on one object produces lovely, charming colors, while on another it produces ugly and unpleasant ones. It is the same with the warmth and light from heaven's sun, which is love. When that warmth or love flows into good recipients, like good people and spirits or angels, it makes their goodness fertile; whereas when it flows into evil people it has the opposite effect. Their evils either stifle it or distort
it. Similarly, when heaven's light flows into the true perceptions of

good will, it yields intelligence and wisdom; but when it flows into malicious
distortions, it changes there into insanity and various kinds of illusion. Everything depends on reception.
Because hellfire is love for oneself and the world, it is also all the craving
of those loves, since craving is love reaching out. Whatever we love we constantly crave, and it is our delight, since we feel delight when we get what we love or crave. There is no other source of our heart's delight.
So hellfire is the craving and pleasure that well up from these two loves as
its sources. These evils[309] are contempt for others, enmity and hostility toward people who do not support us, envy, hatred, and vengefulness; and savagery and cruelty as a result. In respect to the Divine, they are denial
and a consequent contempt, derision, and blasphemy of the sacred values of the church. After death, when we become spirits, these turn into rage and hatred against such values (see above, §562).
Further, since these evils are constantly breathing out the death and destruction of everyone we see as the enemy, of everyone who is the target
of this blazing hatred and vengefulness, the delight of our lives is the intent to destroy and kill, or to the extent that we cannot do this, to inflict
harm, to wound, and to savage.
[2] These are the meanings of fire in the Word when it deals with evil people and the hells. I should like to cite a few passages in support.
Everyone who is hypocritical and malicious, every mouth that utters folly, because it is aflame with malice as with fire, shall eat briars and brambles and kindle the thickets of the forest, and will rise up with the rising of smoke; and the inhabitants have become the food of fire, a man and his brother do not spare each other. (Isaiah 9:17–18 *[9:17–19]*)
I will make great portents in heaven and on earth—blood and fire and columns of smoke; the sun will turn into darkness. (Joel 2:30, 31)[310]

431 HELLFIRE & GNASHING §570

The earth will become burning pitch, night and day it will not be put out, its smoke will rise up forever. (Isaiah 34:9–10)
Behold, the day is coming that will burn like an oven, and all the proud and all that do wickedness will be stubble, and the coming day will burn them up. (Malachi 4:1)[311]
Babylon has become the dwelling of demons, those who saw the smoke of her burning cried aloud, the smoke rose up forever and ever. (Revelation 18:2, 18; 19:2 *[19:3]*)
He opened the pit of the abyss and smoke came up out of the pit like the smoke of a huge furnace, and the sun was darkened, and the air, by

the smoke from the pit. (Revelation 9:2)
From the mouth of the horses came forth fire and smoke and sulfur; and a third part of the people were killed by the fire and the smoke and the sulfur. (Revelation 11:17–18 *[9:17–18]*)
Whoever worships the beast will drink the wine of the wrath of God mixed with myrrh in the cup of his wrath and will be tortured with fire and sulfur. (Revelation 14:9–10)
The fourth angel poured out his vial on the sun, and it was allowed to burn people by fire with its heat, and so it scorched people with intense heat. (Revelation 16:[8–]9)
They were thrown into a swamp burning with fire and sulfur. (Revelation 19:20; 20:14–15, 21:8)
Every tree that does not produce good fruit will be cut down and thrown into the fire. (Matthew 3:10; Luke 3:9)
The Human-born One will send his angels, and they will gather from his kingdom everything that gives offense and everyone who does iniquity and consign them to a furnace of fire. (Matthew 13:41–42, 50)
The king will say to those on his left, “Leave me, cursed ones, for the eternal fire prepared for the devil and his angels.” (Matthew 25:4 *[25:41]*)
And they will be sent off into eternal fire, into a Gehenna of fire, where their worm does not die and their fire is not quenched. (Matthew 18:8–9; Mark 9:43–49)
The rich man in hell said to Abraham that he was being tormented in flame. (Luke 16:24)

In these and many other passages fire means the craving of love for oneself
and love of the world, and the smoke from the fire means the falsity that comes from this evil.
Because hellfire means the urge to do the evils prompted by love for oneself and the world, and because this kind of urge is characteristic of everyone in hell (see the preceding chapter), when the hells are opened one sees the kind of smoky fire you get in conflagrations. An intense fire
rises from the hells where love for oneself rules, and a flickering one from
the hells where love of the world rules.
When the hells are closed, though, this fire is not visible. Instead, there is something dark, as though made from thickened smoke. Still, that fire is raging inside, as you can tell from the radiating heat. It is like
the heat of ruins after a conflagration, or in some instances like the heat
of an active furnace, or in others like that of a hot bath. When this heat flows into us it rouses our cravings—hatred and vengefulness in evil people,
and dementia in the ill.

This kind of fire or heat is characteristic of people who are engrossed in the aforementioned loves because in spirit they are in touch with these
hells even while they are still living in their bodies.
It does need to be known, though, that the people in the hells are not actually in fire. The fire is an appearance. They do not actually feel any burning, only the kind of warmth they knew in the world. The reason there seems to be fire is correspondence, since love corresponds to fire, and everything we see in the spiritual world has its visible form from its correspondence.
We should bear in mind that this hellish fire or heat changes into an intense cold when warmth flows in from heaven. Then the people there shiver as though they had feverish chills and are in inner torment. This is
because of their absolute opposition to the Divine; and heaven's warmth,
which is divine love, snuffs out the warmth of hell, which is love for oneself,
and along with it the very fire of their life. This is what causes the cold, the shivering, and the pain. It also then brings about darkness there, and folly and confusion.
This does not happen very often, though; only when there is need to quell rebellions that are getting out of hand.
Since hellfire means all the craving to do evil that flows from love for oneself, that same fire also means the kind of torment that occurs in the hells. This is because the impulses that arise from that love are urges to wound people who do not offer respect and deference and reverence. To
the extent that rage takes charge, and the hatred and vengefulness that

come from rage, people are driven to attack others viciously. When this impulse is inherent in everyone in a community where there are no external
restraints, no fears of the law or of loss of reputation or position or profit or life, everyone attacks everyone else out of sheer malice. The strong conquer and subject the rest to their tyranny, cheerfully torturing
any who do not surrender. This latter delight is integral to the delight in tyranny to the point that they are of equal intensity. This is because sadism is inherent in hostility, envy, hatred, and vengefulness, which as already noted are the evils of a love of cruelty.
All the hells are communities like this, so everyone there cherishes

hatred toward others in her or his heart and bursts out in savagery whenever
there is the strength to do so.
These acts of savagery and torture are what are meant by hellfire, because
they are the results of their obsessions.
I explained above (§548) that evil spirits voluntarily throw themselves into hell, so I need to state briefly why this happens when there is such torment in hell.
From each hell there breathes forth an aura of the cravings that obsess its inhabitants. When this aura is sensed by people who are obsessed with
a similar craving, it touches their hearts and fills them with delight because
the craving and the delight are inseparable—whatever we crave is delightful to us.This is why spirits turn in that direction and are impelled
there by their hearts' delight. They do not yet realize what kind of torment
there is in hell, and the ones who do know still feel the craving. In the spiritual world we are all incapable of resisting our impulses because
the impulses come from our love and the love comes from our intent and
the intent comes from our nature, and we all act from our nature there.
[2] So when spirits voluntarily or freely arrive at their hell and go in, they are accepted cordially at first and think they have arrived among friends. This lasts only a few hours, though. All the while they are being probed to find out how crafty they are, and therefore how powerful. Once this probing is complete the attacks begin in various ways, getting more and more severe and intense. The intensification is effected by their
being taken farther and deeper into hell, since the farther and deeper you
go there, the more malevolent are the spirits. After these attacks, the malevolent spirits begin to torment the newcomers with punishments until finally they are reduced to slavery.
[3] However, since rebellious movements are always arising (everyone there wants to be greatest and burns with hatred against everyone else, which keeps generating new attacks), the scene is constantly changing.

b. On the correspondence of teeth: 5565–5568. People who are merely sensory correspond to teeth
and have hardly any spiritual light: 5565. In the Word, a tooth [reading *dens* for the obviously erroneous
Deus, "God"] refers to the sensory level that is the outmost level of human life: 9052,

9062. Gnashing of teeth in the other life comes from people who give nature credit for everything
and credit the Divine with nothing: 5568.

The people who were enslaved are released and offer their support to some new devil for the subjugation of others. Then the ones who do not surrender and yield their obedience are tortured in various ways, and so
on and so on.

Torments like this are the torments of hell that are re f e r red to as hellfire .

The gnashing of teeth, though, is the constant clash and strife of false convictions with each other (and therefore the warfare of the individuals
who hold the false convictions) united to contempt for others, hostility, derision, mockery, and blasphemy. These even break out into various kinds of butchery. Everyone there is defending his or her own false convictions
and calling them true. From outside the hells, these clashes and battles sound like gnashing teeth, and they turn into the gnashing of teeth when truths from heaven flow into hell.

In these hells dwell all the people who acknowledged nature and denied the Divine. The people who deliberately convinced themselves are
in the deeper hells. Since they cannot accept any ray of light from heaven
and can therefore not see anything within themselves, most of them focus
on their senses and their bodies. These are people who do not believe anything they cannot see with their eyes and touch with their hands. So for them, all sensory illusions are the truths on which they base their arguments.

This is why their arguments sound like the gnashing of teeth. It
is because in the spiritual world all false statements grate, and teeth correspond
to the outmost aspects of nature and to our own outmost natures, which have to do with our senses and our bodies.b

On the gnashing of teeth in the hells, see Matthew 8:12; 13:42, 50; 22:13; 24:51; 25:30; and Luke 13:28.

435 MALICE & SKILL §577

The Malice and Unspeakable Skills of Hellish Spirits

AN YO N E who thinks deeply and knows anything about the work i n g s
of the human mind can see and understand how significantly superior

spirits are to other people. In a minute, we can consider and turn ove r and decide in our minds more than we can express in speech or writing in half an hour. This shows how much better we are when we are in the spirit and there f o re when we become spirits, since it is the spirit that thinks and the body is what the spirit uses to express its thoughts in speech or writing.

This is why people who become angels after death have access to indescribable intelligence and wisdom re l a t i ve to the intelligence and wisdom they had while they we re living in the world. While they we re living in the world, their spirits we re confined in a body and by that means we re in the natural world. So when the spirit did think spiritually, the thoughts flowe d into natural concepts that are re l a t i vely general, crude, and hazy. This means they are[3 1 2] not open to the countless elements characteristic of spiritual thought. They also immerse them in the thickets of the cares of the world. It is different once the spirit has been freed from the body and has arrived at its own spiritual state, which happens when it crosses from the natural world to the spiritual world that is appropriate to it. We can see from what has already been said that its state in re g a rd to thoughts and affections is far better than its former state. This is why angels think thoughts that are unutterable and indescribable, things that cannot come through to our natural thoughts. Yet in fact, eve ry angel was born a person on earth and lived as such, and then seemed to himself or herself to be no wiser than anyone else.

The level of wisdom and intelligence for angels is also the level of malice and craft among hellish spirits. The issue is much the same because once the human spirit is freed from its body it devotes itself wholly to its virtue or to its vice. An angelic spirit devotes itself to its virtue and a hellish spirit to its vice. This is because every spirit actually is its own good or its own evil because it is its own love, as has often been stated

and explained above. This means that just as angelic spirits think and intend
and speak and act from their good, so hellish spirits do the same
from their evil. Thinking and intending and speaking and acting from evil itself is doing so on the basis of everything implicit in evil. [2] It was

different while they were living in the flesh because then the evil of their
spirits was under the restraints that apply to all because of the law, or because
of money, position, reputation, and their fears of losing these
things. So the evil of their spirits could not break out and show itself in its true colors. Further, the evil of their spirit then lurked hidden by veils
of outward integrity, honesty, fairness, and affection for what is true and
good, qualities that such people presented and simulated in their speech
for worldly reasons. All the while, the evil remained so hidden and veiled
that they themselves scarcely knew that there was so much malice and craft in their spirits, that they were therefore intrinsically the very devils
they would become after death when their spirits would come into their own and display their own nature.
[3] The kind of malice that surfaces then defies all belief. There are thousands of things that burst forth from the evil itself then, including some that are beyond the words of any language to describe. I have been
allowed to learn and even to observe what they are like by many experiences
because the Lord has granted me to be in the spiritual world as to my spirit while I was in the natural world as to my body. This I can testify:
their malice is so great that scarcely a thousandth part of it can be described. Further, if the Lord did not protect us we would never be able
to escape from hell; for with each of us there are both spirits from hell and angels from heaven (see §§292–293). Further, the Lord cannot protect
us unless we acknowledge the Divine and live faithful, thoughtful lives. Otherwise, we are turning away from the Lord and toward hellish spirits and are therefore in spirit absorbing the same kind of malice. [4]

Still, the Lord is constantly leading us away from the evils that we assimilate
and attract by associating with these spirits, leading us if not by the inner restraints of conscience (which we do not accept if we deny the Divine),
then by the outer restraints already listed, the fears of the laws and their penalties, of the loss of money and the forfeiture of rank and reputation.
People like this can be led away from evils through the delights of their love and the fear of losing and forfeiting these delights, but they cannot be led into spiritual virtues. To the extent that they are led into them, you see, they convert them into guile and craft by pretending to be
good and honest and fair-minded with a view to persuading and deceiving
others. This guile is added to the evil of their spirits and gives it form, lending its own nature to the evil.
The worst people of all are the ones who have been absorbed in evil pursuits because of their love for themselves and whose inward behavior

has been deceitful throughout. This is because the deceit wholly permeates
their thoughts and intentions and infects them with venom, destroying all their spiritual life. Most of them are in the hells toward the rear and are called demons. They take particular delight in making themselves
unnoticeable and floating around others like ghosts, doing their harm covertly, spraying it around like the venom of snakes. They are tortured
more severely than others.
In contrast, if people have not been guileful but have been taken in by the craft of the malicious and still are engaged in evils because of their
self-love, they find themselves toward the rear as well, but not so deep down. People engaged in evils because of their love of the world are in the hells toward the front, though, and are called spirits. They do not have the same kinds of evil, the same kinds of hatred and vengefulness, as
people involved in love for themselves, so they do not have the same kind
of malice and craft. As a result, their hells are milder.
I have been allowed to find out from experience the nature of the malice of the people referred to as demons. Demons do not flow into people’s thoughts but into their affections. They observe them and sniff

them out the way dogs sniff out wild animals in the woods. When they notice good affections, they change them instantly into evil ones by using
delights in something else to lead them astray in quite amazing fashion. They do this so subtly and with such malign skill that the victim does not notice anything. They take the greatest care to prevent anything
from obtruding into thought because this would bring it into the open. In our case, they settle near the back of the head.
These are people who, in the world, enticed the minds of others deceptively,
using the delights of their affections or their impulses to mislead and persuade them.
However, the Lord keeps these spirits away from anyone for whom there is any hope of reformation because they are the kind of spirit who can not only destroy conscience but also stir up our inherited evils that would otherwise lie hidden. So to prevent them from leading us into those evils, the Lord makes sure that these hells are completely closed off.
When people of this nature arrive in the other life after death, they are instantly thrown into their hell. When they are examined as to their guile
and craft, they look like snakes.
You can gather from their unspeakable arts what the malice of these hellish spirits is like. There are so many of these arts that listing them would fill a book, and describing them would take volumes. Most of

these arts are unknown in the world. One kind has to do with the misuse
of correspondences; a second kind has to do with the misuse of the most
superficial features of the divine design; a third kind with the sharing and
instilling of thoughts and affections by distractions, focusing inward, and
the use of decoy spirits as well as by emissaries; a fourth kind with manipulation
by hallucinations; a fifth kind with external projections that
enable the spirits to be present outside their bodies; a sixth kind with various
types of imitation and persuasion and pretense.313
The spirits of evil people come into these arts spontaneously when they are freed from their bodies. These arts are inherent in the evil they are then absorbed in.

They use these arts to torture each other in the hells. However, since with the exception of the different varieties of imitation and persuasion and pretense these arts are unknown in the world, I do not want to describe
them in detail, both because they would not be understood and because they are unspeakable.
The reason tortures are permitted by the Lord in the hells is that there is no other way evils can be restrained and tamed. Fear of punishment
is the only means of controlling and taming evils and keeping the hellish mob in restraints. There is no other way, for if it were not for the fear of punishment and torture, evil would plunge into rage and destroy everything, as would happen in a kingdom on earth where there was neither
law nor punishment.

The Appearance, Location, and Number of the Hells

IN the spiritual world, the world where spirits and angels live, things look much the same as they do in the natural world where we live — s o similar that at first glance there seems to be no difference. You see plains
t h e re, mountains, hills, and cliffs with valleys between them, you see bodies of water and many other things that we find on earth. Howe ve r,

they all come from a spiritual source, so they are visible to the eyes of spirits and angels but not to our eyes because we are in a natural world.
Spiritual people see things that come from a spiritual source, and natural
people see things that come from a natural source. This means that t h e re is no way for our eyes to see things in the spiritual world unless we
a re allowed to be in the spirit, or until we become spirits after death. On
the other hand, angels and spirits are utterly incapable of seeing anything
in the natural world unless they are with some one of us who has been allowed to talk with them. Our eyes are adapted to re c e i ve the light
of the natural world, and the eyes of angels and spirits are adapted to re c e i ve the light of the spiritual world; yet the two kinds of eyes look exactly alike.

Natural people cannot understand that the spiritual world is like this, and sense-centered people even less so, being people who believe nothing
unless they can see it with their physical eyes and touch it with their hands. This means they believe only what they glean through their sight and touch and that they think on this basis; so their thought is material and not spiritual.
Because of this resemblance between the spiritual world and the natural
world, it is hard for people after death to re a l i ze that they are not in the
world where they we re born, the world they have just left; so they actually
call death nothing but a crossing from one world into another like it.
On this kind of resemblance between the two worlds, see the discussion above of representations and appearances in heaven (§§170–176).
The heavens there are on the higher ground, the world of spirits there is in the lower areas, and beneath both lie the hells.
The heavens are not visible to spirits in the world of spirits unless their inner sight has been opened. Sometimes they do appear, looking like gleaming white clouds. This is because heaven's angels are in a more
inward state as regards their intelligence and wisdom, so they are beyond
the sight of people in the world of spirits.
The spirits who are in the plains and valleys can see each other, though when they are being sorted out (which happens when they are being let into their inner natures), then evil spirits do not see the good ones. The good ones can still see the evil ones, but they turn away from them, and spirits who turn away become hard to see.
The hells themselves, though, are not visible, because they are closed. All one can see are the entrances, called gates, when they open to admit
spirits like the ones already there. All the gates into the hells open from the world of spirits, none from heaven.

There are hells everywhere. They are under the mountains and hills and cliffs and under the plains and valleys. The openings or gates to the hells that are under the mountains and hills and cliffs look at first sight like crevices or fissures in the rocks. Some of them are quite broad and open, some narrow and confined, full of rough places. All of them seem dim and gloomy when you look in, although the hellish spirits who live there have the kind of illumination you get from glowing coals. Their eyes are adjusted to the reception of this kind of light. This is because when they were living in the world they were in darkness about divine

truths owing to their denial of them. They were in a kind of light as to their false convictions because they affirmed them, which gave their eyesight
the form it has. This is also why heaven's light is darkness to them, so when they come out of their caves, they cannot see anything. This makes it abundantly clear that we come into heaven's light to the extent that we have acknowledged the Divine and affirmed within ourselves the
values of heaven and the church. We come into the darkness of hell to the extent that we have denied the Divine and affirmed within ourselves values contrary to those of heaven and the church.

The entrances or gates to the hells that are under the plains and valleys have different forms. Some of them are like the ones under the mountains, hills, and cliffs; some of them are like caves and caverns; some are like large chasms and quagmires, some like swamps; and some
like stagnant ponds. All of them are covered over and are visible only when evil spirits are being cast in there from the world of spirits. When they are opened, something breathes out like the smoky fire we see in the
air from conflagrations, or like flame without smoke, or like the kind of soot that comes from a hot chimney, or like a dark storm cloud. I have heard that evil spirits neither see nor feel this because when they are in it,
they are in their element and therefore in the delight of their life. This is
because these appearances correspond to the evils and distortions they are
absorbed in, the fire corresponding to their hatred and vengefulness and
the smoke and soot to their consequent distortions, the flame to the evils
of their self-love, and the dark storm cloud to the distortions that follow from it.

I have been allowed to look into the hells and see what they were like inside, for when it pleases the Lord, a spirit or angel who is overhead can
probe visually into the depths and examine their nature with no coverings
in the way. I have also been allowed to explore them in this fashion. Some of the hells looked to me like caves and caverns leading into cliffs and then slanting downward or off at an angle.

Some of these hells looked like the lairs or dens of wild animals in the woods, some like the vaulted chambers and crypts found in mines, with caverns leading downward. Many of the hells are threefold. The higher ones look gloomy inside because the people there are fond of malicious distortions. The lower ones look fiery, though, because their inhabitants are devoted to malice itself. Darkness in fact corresponds to malicious distortions, and fire to the actual malice. That is, the people in the deeper
hells are the ones who acted from evil on a deeper level, while the people
in the hells that are not so deep acted from evils on a more superficial level—that is, on the basis of their malicious distortions.
In some hells you can see what look like the ruins of houses and cities after a fire, where hellish spirits live and hide out.
In the milder hells you can see crude huts, sometimes grouped in something like a city, with alleyways and streets. There are hellish spirits
in these homes, with constant quarrels, hostility, beating, and violence. The streets and alleys are full of thieves and robbers.
In some hells there are nothing but brothels, foul to look at and full of all kinds of filth and excrement.
There are also dark forests where hellish spirits roam like wild beasts; and there are underground caves there where they flee when they are being
threatened by others. Then there are desert areas where everything is barren and sandy, with rugged cliffs here and there with caves in them, and huts scattered around as well. People are exiled from the hells into these desert places if they have suffered to the limit, especially people who in the world were craftier than others in the skills of deliberate manipulation
and deceit. This kind of life is their final lot.
As to the location of specific hells, no one can know this, not eve n an angel in heaven—only the Lord. Ro u g h l y, though, their location is re c o g n i zed by the quarter where they are found. Like the heavens, the
hells are differentiated into regions; and in the spiritual world, re g i o n s
a re marked off according to loves because all regions in heaven start f rom the Lord as the sun, who is the east. So since the hells are the opposite
of the heavens, their regions start from the opposite dire c t i o n , the west. On this subject, see the chapter on the four quarters in h e a ven (§§1 4 1–1 5 3). [2] This is why the hells in the western quarter are
the worst and most fearful of all, worse and more fearful incre m e n t a l l y

the farther they are from the east. The people in these hells are people who we re absorbed in self-love in the world and there f o re in contempt
for others, hostility tow a rd people who did not support them, and hat red and vengefulness against people who did not admire and re ve re

them. In the farthest regions live people from the so-called Catholic religion
who wanted to be worshiped as gods and who there f o re burned with hatred against anyone who did not acknowledge their power ove r human souls and over heaven. They have the same kind of animus—the same kind of hatred and ve n g e f u l n e s s — t ow a rd people who oppose
them, as they did in the world. They take particular delight in cru e l t y, but in the other life this is turned against them; for in their hells (and the western quarter is full of them) they rage against each other because
e ve ryone is claiming divine powe r. T h e re is more about this, though, in
my booklet on *The Last Judgment and Ba bylon De s t roye d* .[314]
[3] Still, we cannot know how the hells are arranged in this region, only that the most horrifying are off to the side toward the northern quarter and the less horrifying toward the southern quarter. That is, the horror of the hells decreases between the northern region and the southern,
and also, successively, toward the east. The people toward the east there are the ones who were foolish and did not believe in the Divine, but still were not given to the same kind of hatred and vengefulness or trickery as the people who are deeper in the western quarter.
[4] At present, there are no hells in the eastern region. The people who were there have been transferred to the front of the western quarter.
There are a good many hells in the northern and southern regions. The people there were absorbed in love of the world during their lives and therefore in various kinds of evil such as enmity, hostility, thievery, robbery, fraud, avarice, and callousness. The worst hells of this sort are in
the northern quarter and the milder ones in the south. Their dreadfulness
increases the nearer they are to the western region and the farther they are
from the south, and decreases toward the east and also toward the south.
Behind the hells in the western region lie dense forests where malevolent

spirits roam like wild animals, and much the same is true of the hells in the northern quarter. Behind the hells in the southern quarter, though,
lie the deserts just described. So much for the location of the hells.
As for the number of the hells, there are just as many hells as there a re angelic communities in the heavens, because there is a hellish community
that corresponds inversely to each heavenly one. I explained in the chapter on the communities that constitute heaven (§§4 1–5 0) and the chapter on the vastness of heaven (§§4 1 5–4 2 0) that there are countless
heavenly communities, all differentiated according to their virt u e s of love, thoughtfulness, and faith. The same holds true for the hellish communities, which are differentiated according to the evils opposite to those virt u e s .

443 EQUILIBRIUM §589
[2] There is an infinite variety to everything evil just as there is to everything good. People do not grasp this if they have only simplistic concepts of particular evils like contempt, hostility, hatred, vengefulness,
deceit, and the like; but they should realize that each of these contains so
many distinctive forms, each of which also contains distinctive or particular
forms, that a whole volume would not be adequate to list them. The hells are so clearly arranged according to the distinctive features of everyone’s
evil that nothing could be more definitely and clearly arranged. We can gather from this that they are beyond counting, some near each other
and some far removed according to the general, specific, and particular differences of their evils.
[3] Further, there are hells below hells. Some communicate by traffic to and fro, many by emanations, all in strict accord with the affinities of each genus and species of evil with others.
I have been given some knowledge of the number of the hells from the fact that they are underneath every mountain, hill, and cliff, every plain and valley, and that they stretch out there far and wide and deep. In
short, it is as though the whole heaven and the whole world of spirits are
hollowed out with one continuous hell under them. So much for the number of the hells.

The Equilibrium between Heaven and Hell

FOR anything to happen, there needs to be an equilibrium of everything involved. If there is no equilibrium, there is no action and reaction because the equilibrium occurs between two forces, one acting and the other reacting. The state of rest arising from equal agents and reagents is called an equilibrium.

In the natural world there is equilibrium throughout, in general in the atmospheres, with the lower layers reacting and resisting to the extent that the upper layers act and bear down. In the natural world there are also states of equilibrium between warmth and cold, light and darkness, dry and wet. Their median blend is the balance point. There is also an

equilibrium in the members of all three of earth's kingdoms—mineral, vegetable, and animal; for nothing would occur in those kingdoms if it were not for the equilibrium. Everywhere, there is a kind of effort acting from one side and another reacting from the other.

[2] Every event, or every result, happens in an equilibrium, or happens by one force acting and another allowing itself to be acted upon, or by one force actively flowing in and the other accepting and yielding appropriately.

In the natural world, what acts and reacts is called force or energy,[315] but in the spiritual world what acts and reacts is called life and volition. Life there is a living force and volition is a living energy, and the actual equilibrium is called a state of freedom. This spiritual balance or freedom occurs, then, between the good acting from the one side and the evil reacting from the other, or from the evil acting on the one side and the good reacting from the other. [3] The balance between active good and reactive evil applies to good people, and the balance between active evil and reactive good applies to evil people. The reason the spiritual balance is between good and evil is that all human life has to do with good and evil, and our volition is their recipient vessel.

There is also a balance between what is true and what is false, but this is secondary to the balance between good and evil. The balance between the true and the false is like the balance between light and darkness, whose effect on members of the vegetable kingdom depends on the amount of warmth or cold there is in the light or darkness. You can tell

that the light and shade themselves do not accomplish anything, only the
warmth they bring, from looking at like amounts of light and darkness in
winter and in spring.

The comparison of truth and falsity to light and darkness rests in their correspondence, since truth corresponds to light and falsity to darkness,
and warmth corresponds to the goodness of love. Further, spiritual light is truth, spiritual darkness is falsity, and spiritual warmth is the goodness of love (on this, see the chapter on light and warmth in heaven,
§§126–140).

There is a constant balance between heaven and hell. An effort to do evil is constantly emanating upward from hell, and an effort to do good is constantly emanating down from heaven. The world of spirits is in this
equilibrium (on its location halfway between heaven and hell, see §§421–431 above).

The reason the world of spirits is in this equilibrium is that after death we first enter the world of spirits and are kept in the same state we
were in in the world. This could not happen unless there were a perfect

a. Traveling in the Word means a process of life, as does going: 3335, 4375, 4554, 4585, 4882, 5493,
5606 *[5605],* 5996, 5181 *[8181],* 8345, 8397, 8417, 8420, 8557. Going and walking with the Lord is accepting
spiritual life and living with him: 10567. Walking is living: 519, 1794, 8417, 8420.

b. A spiritual aura flows out in waves from every human being, spirit, and angel, and surrounds them: 4464, 5179, 7454, 8630. It flows out from the life of our affections and their thoughts: 2489,
4464, 6206–6207. The quality of spirits can be discerned from a distance by their auras: 1048, 1053, 1316, 1504. The auras of evil people clash with those of good people: 1695, 10187, 10312.
These auras have a wide outreach in angelic communities, depending on the kind and amount of their good: 6598–6613, 8063, 8794, 8797; and in hellish communities depending on the kind and
amount of their evil: 8794, 8797.

c. Our own self-image is nothing but evil: 210, 215, 731, 874, 875, 876, 987, 1047, 2307, 2318 *[2308],* 3518, 3701, 3812, 8480, 8550, 10283, 10284, 10286, 10731 *[10732].* Our self-image is hell for
us: 694, 8480.

balance there. This allows everyone to be examined there as to quality, since we keep the same kind of freedom we had in the world. Spiritual equilibrium is a state of freedom for us and for spirits, as just noted (§589).

Angels in heaven can tell the kind of freedom people have by a communication
of affections and consequent thoughts. It also becomes visible

to angelic spirits from the paths people follow, with good spirits following paths that lead to heaven and evil spirits following paths that lead to hell.

These paths are actually visible in that world, which is why paths in the Word mean truths that lead to what is good, or in an opposite sense, falsities that lead to what is evil. This is also why going, walking, and traveling in the Word mean processes of life.[a] I have often been allowed to see paths like these, with spirits walking along on them freely, in accord with their own affections and consequent thoughts.

The reason evil is constantly emanating up from hell and good emanating down from heaven is that everyone is surrounded by a spiritual aura, an aura that flows out in waves from the life of our affections and their thoughts.[b] Further, since this kind of aura flows out from every individual, it also flows out from every heavenly community and every hellish community, therefore from everyone at once, or from all heaven and all hell. The reason good flows out from heaven is that everyone there is involved in what is good, and the reason evil flows out from hell is that everyone there is involved in what is evil.[316] All the good that comes from heaven is from the Lord, since the angels who are in the heavens are all kept out of their self-image and kept in the Lord's image, which is goodness itself. On the other hand, all the spirits who are in the hells are in their own self-image and everyone's own self-image is nothing but evil; and since it is nothing but evil, it is hell.[c]

We may gather from this that the equilibrium angels in the heavens and spirits in the hells are kept in is not like the balance that obtains in the world of spirits. The equilibrium of angels in the heavens depends on how much they had wanted to be involved in good or had lived in goodness in the world—how opposed they were to evil; while the equilibrium of spirits in hell depends on how much they had wanted to be involved in evil or had lived in evil in the world—that is, how resistant they had been to the good, in heart and in spirit.

If the Lord were not in control of both the heavens and the hells,

t h e re would be no equilibrium; and if there we re no equilibrium, there
would be no heaven or hell. Absolutely eve rything in the unive r s e , e ve rything in both the natural world and the spiritual world, is constituted
by an equilibrium. Any rational person can grasp this. Let one
side outweigh the other, with no resistance offered, and will not both be d e s t royed? This is what would happen in the spiritual world if the good
did not react against the evil and constantly suppress its rebellions. Unless
the divine powe r, and nothing else, did this, heaven and hell would perish, and the whole human race along with them. I refer to the “d ivine
power and nothing else” because the selfhood of eve ry angel, eve ry spirit, and eve ry one of us is nothing but evil (see above, §5 9 1). T h i s means that no angel or spirit can ever resist the evil influences that are constantly breathed out of the hells since we all incline tow a rd hell because
of our self-concern. We can see from this that if the Lord alone
we re not in control of both the heavens and the hells, there would be no
s a l vation for anyo n e .
Not only that, all the hells act in unison because the evil energies of the hells are all interconnected the way the good energies are in the heavens;
and nothing but the only divine power can resist all the countless hells acting in concert against heaven and everyone there. That one divine
power emanates from the Lord.
The balance point between the heavens and the hells shifts down and up depending on the number of people entering heaven and entering hell, which amounts to thousands every day. Knowing and grasping this,
adjusting and centering the pointer of the scales, is something no angel can do, only the Lord, since the emanating divine nature is everywhere present and is everywhere watching every deviation. Angels see only what
is around them, and do not even sense within themselves what is happening
in their own community.
Everything in the heavens and the hells is so arranged that each individual
there is in a personal equilibrium. We can to some extent gather

this from what has already been presented concerning the heavens and the hells. That is, all the communities of heaven are very precisely differentiated
according to the genera and species of their goodness, and all the communities of hell according to the genera and species of their evils. Further, there is a corresponding community of hell underneath every community of heaven, and this opposing correspondence yields an equilibrium.

So the Lord is constantly making sure that the hellish community under any heavenly one does not get too strong. To the extent that one begins to get too strong, it is brought under control by various means and returned to its proper balanced relationship. I shall mention only a few of the many means. Some involve a stronger presence of the Lord. Some involve closer communication and union of one or more communities with others. Some involve the exile of extra hellish spirits into desert places, some the transfer from one hell to another, some the reorganization of the people in the hells, which also is accomplished in various ways. Some involve concealing some of the hells under thicker and heavier coverings, some sending them down deeper. Then there are
other means, some involving the heavens overhead.

I mention this so that there may be some grasp of the fact that only the Lord provides that there shall be a balance between good and evil everywhere, and therefore between heaven and hell. On this kind of equilibrium depends the salvation of everyone in the heavens and everyone
on earth.

It needs to be realized that the hells are constantly attacking heaven and trying to destroy it and that the Lord is constantly protecting the heavens by restraining the people there from the evils that arise from their self-concern and by keeping them involved in the good that comes from him. I have often been granted a sense of the aura that radiates from the hells—an aura of nothing but efforts to destroy the divine nature
of the Lord and therefore heaven as well. At times I have also perceived forces boiling up from certain hells, made up of efforts to break
free and wreak destruction. On the other hand, the heavens never attack
the hells, since the divine aura that emanates from the Lord is a constant
effort to save everyone. Since the people in the hells cannot be saved (all
the people there being engrossed in evil and opposed to the Lord's divine

nature), the attacks within the hells are kept as subdued as possible, and
mutual viciousness is held within bounds. This too is accomplished by countless exercises of divine power.
The heavens are differentiated into two kingdoms, the heavenly kingdom and the spiritual kingdom (see above, §§20–28). Similarly, the

hells are differentiated into two kingdoms, one opposite to the heavenly kingdom and one opposite the spiritual kingdom. The one opposite to the heavenly kingdom is in the western quarter, and the people who live
there are called demons; while the one that is opposite to the spiritual kingdom is in the northern and southern quarter, and the people who live there are called spirits.
All the people in the heavenly kingdom are involved in a love for the Lord, and all the people in the hells opposite to that kingdom are involved
in love for themselves. All the people who are in the spiritual kingdom are involved in love for their neighbor, and all the people who are in the hells opposite to that kingdom are involved in love of the world. This has enabled me to see that love for the Lord and love for oneself
are opposites, as are love for our neighbor and love of the world.
The Lord is constantly taking care that nothing should flow out from the hells opposite to the Lord's heavenly kingdom toward the people who
are in the spiritual kingdom. If this were to happen, the spiritual kingdom
would be destroyed, for the reasons given in §§578–579 above.
These are the two general balances that the Lord is constantly keeping intact.

Our Freedom Depends on the Balance between Heaven and Hell

I have just described the balance between heaven and hell and have shown that the balance is between what is good from heaven and what is evil from hell, which means that it is a spiritual balance that in essence
is a freedom.[317]
The reason this spiritual balance is essentially a freedom is that it exists between what is good and what is evil and between what is true and what is false, and these are spiritual realities. So the ability to intend either

good or evil and to think either truth or falsity, the ability to choose one instead of the other, is the freedom I am dealing with here.

449 FREEDOMTHROUGHBALANCE §598
The Lord grants this freedom to every individual, and it is never taken away. By virtue of its source it in fact belongs to the Lord and not to us because it comes from the Lord; yet still it is given us along with our life as though it were ours. This is so that we can be reformed and saved, for without freedom there can be no reformation or salvation. Anyone who uses a little rational insight can see that we have a freedom
to think well or badly, honestly or dishonestly, fairly or unfairly, and that we can talk and act well, honestly, and fairly but not badly, dishonestly,
and unfairly because of the spiritual, moral, and civil laws that keep our outward nature in restraint.
We can see from this that the freedom applies to our spirit, which does our thinking and intending, but not to our outer nature, which does
our talking and acting, except as this follows the aforementioned laws.
The reason we cannot be reformed unless we have some freedom is that we are born into evils of all kinds, evils which need to be taken away if
we are to be saved. They cannot be taken away unless we see them within
o u r s e l ves, admit that they are there, then refuse them and ultimately turn
away from them. Only then are they taken away. This cannot happen unless
we are exposed to both good and evil, since it is from good that we can see evils, though we cannot see what is good from evil. We learn the good
spiritual things we can think from infancy from the reading of the Wo rd and from sermons. We learn the moral and civic values from our life in the
world. This is the primary reason we need to be in fre e d o m .
[2] The second reason is that nothing becomes part of us except as a result of some affection of love. True, other things can enter us, but no deeper than into our thought, not into our volition; and anything that does not enter our volition is not ours. This is because thinking is derive d
f rom our memory, while volition is derived from our life itself. Nothing is
e ver free unless it comes from our volition, or what amounts to the same

thing, from a particular affection that stems from our love. W h a t e ver we
intend or love, we do fre e l y. This is why our freedom and the affection of
our love or intentions are one. So we also have freedom in order to be able
to be moved by what is true and good, or to love them, so that they do become
part of us. [3] In a word, anything that does not enter us in fre e d o m
does not stay with us, because it does not belong to our love or intentions;
and anything that does not belong to our love or intentions does not belong
to our spirit. The actual re a l i t y[318] of our spirit is love or vo l i t i o n —
using the phrase "love or vo l i t i o n" because whatever we love, we intend.
This is why we cannot be reformed except in a state of fre e d o m .

450 HEAVEN AND H E L L §598
But there is more on our freedom in the extracts from *Secrets of Heaven* below.
So that we can be in freedom for the sake of our reformation, we are
united in spirit with heaven and with hell. With each of us there are spirits
from hell and angels from heaven. By means of the spirits from hell
we encounter our evil, and by means of the angels from heaven we encounter
the good we have from the Lord. As a result, we are in a spiritual
equilibrium—that is, in a freedom.
On the presence with us of angels from heaven and spirits from hell,
see the chapter on the union of heaven with the human race (§§291–302).
We need to be aware that our union with heaven and with hell is not
directly with them but is mediated by spirits who are in the world of spirits.
These spirits are with us, none from hell itself or heaven itself.We are
united to hell through evil spirits in the world of spirits and with heaven
through the good spirits there. Because of this arrangement, the world of
spirits is halfway between heaven and hell and is at the point of balance.
On the location of the world of spirits halfway between heaven and
hell, see the chapter on the world of spirits (§§421–431); and on its being
at the point of balance between heaven and hell, see the last chapter

(§§589–596).
We can see from this where we get our freedom.
I need to say something else about the spirits associated with us. A whole community can establish communication with another community or with another individual in any location through a spirit emissary. T h i s
spirit is called the “a g e n t” of the gro u p. Much the same holds true for our
union with communities in heaven and with communities in hell, t h rough spirits associated with us in the world of spirits. On this matter
too, see the re f e rences to *Se c rets of He a ve n* at the close of the chapter.
One last note, about our instinct concerning life after death that results from heaven’s inflow into us. There were some common people who had lived in the virtues of their faith in the world. They were brought back into a state like the one they had in the world (which can happen to
anyone when the Lord allows it), and then shown what kind of notion they had had about our state after death. They said that in the world, some intelligent people had asked them what they thought about their soul after their life in the world, and they said they did not know what a soul was. Then the questioners asked them what they believed about their state after death, and they said they believed they would live as spirits.
Next they were asked what kind of belief they had about spirits, and they said that spirits were people. Their questioners kept asking how they

knew this, and they kept saying that they knew it because it was true. The intelligent people were amazed that simple people had this kind of faith when they themselves did not.
I could see from this that everyone who is united to heaven has an instinctive
notion about life after death. The sole source of this instinctive notion is the inflow from heaven, that is, through heaven from the Lord, by means of spirits who are assigned to us from the world of spirits. This
instinctive notion is possessed by people who have not stifled their freedom
of thought by assumptions about the human soul that they have seized on and confirmed by various means, assumptions that the soul is

either pure thought or some animate principle whose seat they seek in the body.[319] However, the soul is nothing more nor less than our life, while the spirit is the actual person, and the body is an earthly thing we carry around in the world. It is only an agent through which our spirit, the actual person, acts in a way that is adapted to the natural world. What I have been saying in this book about heaven, the world of spirits, and hell, will be obscure to people who find no delight in knowing
about spiritual truths; but it will be clear to people who do have this delight, especially to people involved in an affection for truth for its own sake—that is, people who love truth because it is true. Anything that is loved enters into the concepts of our minds with light, especially when what is loved is true, because all truth is in the light.

References to Passages in *Secrets of Heaven* Concerning Our Freedom, Inflow, and the Spirits Who Are the Means of Communication

[2] On Freedom. All freedom is a matter of love or affection, because whatever we love, we do freely: 2870, 3158, 8907 *[8987],* 8990, 9585, 9591.
Since freedom is a matter of love, it is the life of every individual: 2873.
Nothing seems to be part of us unless it comes from freedom: 2880.
There is a heavenly freedom and a hellish freedom: 2870, 2873, 2874, 9589, 9590.

Heavenly freedom comes from heavenly love, or a love of what is good and true: 1947, 2870, 2872, and since a love of what is good and true comes from the Lord, we are truly free only when we are led by the Lord: 892, 905, 2872, 2886, 2890, 2891, 2892, 9096, 9586, 9587, 9589, 9590, 9591. The Lord brings us into heavenly freedom through regeneration:
2874, 2875, 2882, 2892. We need freedom in order to be regenerated: 1937, 1947, 2876, 2881, 3145, 3146, 3158, 4031, 8700. Otherwise the love of what is good and true could not be sown in us and become so much a part of us as to seem to be our own: 2877, 2879, 2880, 2888.
Nothing is united to us that happens under compulsion: 8700, 2875. If we could be forcibly reformed, everyone would be saved: 2881. Compulsion
in matters of reformation is destructive: 4031. All worship offered in freedom is worship, but not what is offered under compulsion: 1947, 2880, 7349, 10097. Repentance needs to happen in a state of freedom, and if it happens in a state of compulsion, it does not work: 8392. Just what a state of compulsion is: 8392.
[3] We are allowed to act from the freedom we have as rational beings, so that good may be provided to us; we therefore have a freedom of

thinking and intending evil as well, and even of doing it to the extent that the laws do not prevent it: 10777. The Lord holds us between heaven
and hell and therefore in a balance so that we can be in freedom for the sake of our reformation: 5982, 6477, 8209, 8907 *[8987].* What is sown in
freedom stays with us, but not what is sown under compulsion: 9588. So
freedom is never taken away from anyone: 2876, 2881. The Lord does not
compel anyone: 1937, 1947.
To compel oneself stems from freedom, but being compelled does not: 1937, 1947. We ought to compel ourselves to resist evil: 1937, 1947,
7914; and to do good as well, apparently on our own, but still recognizing
that it comes from the Lord: 2883, 2891, 2892, 7914.We become more solidly free in those temptation struggles in which we win, because then we are inwardly compelling ourselves to resist, even though it does not seem that way: 1937, 1947, 2881.
[4] Hellish freedom is being led by love for oneself and love for the world and by their cravings: 2870, 2873. This is the only freedom people
in hell know: 2871. Heavenly freedom is as remote from hellish freedom as heaven is from hell: 2873, 2874. Hellish freedom, which is being led by
love for oneself and love for the world, is not freedom but slavery: 2884, 2890. So slavery is being led by hell: 9586, 9589, 9590, 9591.
[5] On Inflow. Everything we think and intend flows in; [learned] from experience: 904, 2886, 2887, 2888, 4151, 4319, 4320, 5846, 5848,

6189, 6191, 6194, 6197, 6198, 6199, 6213, 7147, 10219. Our ability to look
into things, think, and draw analytic conclusions comes from inflow: 1288 *[1285],* 4319, 4320. We could not live for a moment if we were deprived
of the inflow from the spiritual world, [from] experience: 2887, 5849, 5854, 6321. The life that flows in from the Lord varies depending on
our state and our openness to it: 2069, 5986, 6472, 7343. In evil people, the good that flows in from the Lord is turned into evil, and the truth into falsity; from experience: 3643 *[3642 or 3743],* 4632. We accept the good and true things that flow in from the Lord to the extent that what is
evil and false does not bar the way: 2411, 3142, 3147, 5828.
[6] Everything good flows in from the Lord and everything evil from

hell: 904, 4151. Nowadays people believe that everything is in themselves
and from themselves, when actually everything is flowing in, as they might learn from the doctrine of the church, which teaches that everything
good comes from the Lord and everything evil from the devil: 4249, 6193, 6206. If our belief were in accord with doctrine, we would not claim evil as our own or make good our own: 6206, 6324, 6325. How
happy our state would be if we believed that everything good flows in from the Lord and everything evil from hell: 6325. People who deny heaven or know nothing about it do not realize that there is any inflow from it: 4322, 5649, 6193, 6479. What inflow is, illustrated by comparisons:
6428 *[6128],* 6480 *[6190],* 9407.

[7] All of life flows in from the first wellspring of life because this is its source; and it is constantly flowing in, so it comes from the Lord: 3001, 3318, 3237 *[3337],* 3338, 3344, 3484, 3619, 3741, 3742, 3743, 4318, 4319,
4320, 4417, 4524, 4882, 5847, 5986, 6325, 6468, 6469, 6470, 6479, 9276,
10196. The inflow is spiritual and not physical, which means that the inflow
is from the spiritual world into the natural and not from the natural into the spiritual: 3219, 5119, 5259, 5427, 5428, 5477, 6322, 9110, 9111
[9109]. The inflow comes through the inner person into the outer, or through the spirit into the body, and not the other way around, because our spirit is in the spiritual world and our body in the natural world: 1702, 1707, 1940, 1954, 5119, 5259, 5779, 6322, 9380 *[9110].* The inner person
is in the spiritual world and the outer in the natural world: 978, 1015, 3628, 4459, 4523, 4524, 6057, 6309, 9701–9709, 10156, 10472. It seems as
though there were an inflow from our outer natures into our inner, but this is an illusion: 3721. There is an inflow into our rational workings and
through these into our information processing, and not the other way around: 1495, 1707, 1940. What the pattern of inflow is like: 775, 880, 1096, 1495, 7270. The inflow comes directly from the Lord and indirectly
through the spiritual world or heaven: 6063, 6307, 6472, 9682, 9683. The
inflow from the Lord comes into what is good in us and through that good into what is true, but not the other way around: 5483 *[5482],* 5649,

6027, 8685, 8701, 10153. What is good enables us to accept the inflow from the Lord, but not what is true apart from that good: 8321. Nothing that flows into our thought harms us, only what flows into our volition, because this becomes part of us: 6308.

[8] There is a general inflow: 5850. This is a constant energy favoring action in keeping with the design: 6211. This is what flows into the lives of animals: 5850; and also into the members of the vegetable kingdom: 3648. Further, our thought descends into speech and our intentions into
actions and modes of behavior according to this general inflow: 5862, 5990, 6192, 6211.

[9] ON AGENTS. The spirits who are sent out from communities of spirits to other communities or to individual spirits are called “a g e n t s” :
4 4 0 3, 5 8 5 6. Communications in the other life take place by means of emiss
a ry spirits like these: 4 4 0 3, 5 8 5 6, 5 9 8 3. Spirits who are sent out to act as
emissaries do not think for themselves but think from the spirits who commissioned
them: 5 9 8 5, 5 9 8 6, 5 9 8 7. Mo re about these spirits: 5 9 8 8, 5 9 8 9.

THE END