



THE ABC MODEL OF

ATTITUDE

What Is an Attitude?

An attitude is a learned tendency to respond positively or negatively toward a person, object, idea, or situation. It influences:

- Behavior
- Perception
- Judgments & beliefs



We form attitudes through experiences, interactions, and role models like parents or teachers.

Example

A child who once froze during a speech may grow up with a fear of public speaking, even without further bad experiences.



The 3 Components of Attitude

Attitudes have three parts, often remembered as A-B-C:

Behavioral –
How we act

Affective –
How we feel

Cognitive –
What we think



Let's explore each one →

Affective Component

This is the emotional part of an attitude—how something makes you feel emotionally.

Example

You feel calm and happy while gardening = a positive emotional response (affective attitude) toward gardening.



Behavioral Component

This refers to the actions you take based on your attitude.

Example

Because you enjoy gardening, you spend time planting, shopping for tools, or joining gardening events.



Cognitive Component

This is the thinking part—your beliefs, thoughts, and ideas.



Example

You believe home-grown vegetables are healthier = a cognitive belief shaping your gardening habit.

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