



TEST-1 CIVICS AND ETHICS

Submissions Disabled

Grade: 29/30



My Submissions

Test/Quiz



Abdulaziz Mossa

Submission 2



1/1

Question 1

_refer to the intellectual and participatory ability of citizens. It is the ability of individuals to understand, explain, and evaluate the political and socio-economic situation where they live in.

civic skills refer to the intellectual and participatory ability of citizens. It is the ability of individuals to understand, explain, and evaluate the political and socio-economic situation where they live in.

1/1

Question 2

The subject matter of ethics is more broader and general than civics.

True

False

1/1

Question 3

_contributes to civics and ethical education by enabling the current generation to identify the strengths and weaknesses of past political, economic and social experiences, insight how the present life has come into being and forecast about the future.

history contributes to civics and ethical education by enabling the current generation to identify the strengths and weaknesses of past political, economic and social experiences, insight how the present life has come into being and forecast about the future.

1/1

Question 4

violation or respect of right and obligation in moral society leads to approval or disapproval by the community.

True

False

1/1

Question 5

the list of rights and duties in morality are officially communicated, documented, and guarded by full time public institutions.

True

False

1/1

Question 6

_ is a universal science, which deals with the ultimate causes of all things in a rational , critical and systematic manner

philosophy is a universal science, which deals with the ultimate causes of all things in a rational , critical and systematic manner

1/1

Question 7

_people who have obligations to be performed without rights to be exercised.

☒ subjects people who have obligations to be performed without rights to be exercised.

1/1

Question 8

which one of the following not the importance of moral and civic education ?

- a. The need to instill citizens about their rights and duties:
- b. The Need for Participant Political Culture:
- c. The Need for Relevant Knowledge, Skills and Positive Attitudes

☒ d. The issue of undermining intercultural societies

e. The issue of fostering inclusiveness

1/1

Question 9

Based on sources of legitimacy for rulers and in the context of citizenship and morality, governments' outlooks could be generally classified as _or_

Based on sources of legitimacy for rulers and in the context of citizenship and morality, governments' outlooks could be generally classified as ☒ authoritarian or ☒ democratic

1/1

Question 10

civics/citizenship implies the association of an individual citizen to a political and legal community of the highest order (the state) whereas in morality membership denotes the association of an individual into a certain cultural community tied up by common moral and value bonds.

☒ True

False

1/1

Question 11

The state through the government and all agencies control formally regulate citizenship, whereas institutions such as the church, family, neighborhood and others inspect morality and ethical standards informally.

☒ True

False

1/1

Question 12

Morality lists recommended prescriptions of good behavior and denounces evil/bad actions as per acceptable standards set by the community but it lacks formality and regularity.

☒ True

False

1/1

Question 13

_is the objective of civic and ethical education which refers to understanding basic concepts and principles about government and politics.

☒ civic knowledge is the objective of civic and ethical education which refers to understanding basic concepts and principles about government and politics.

1/1

Question 14

during the monarchical and military regimes of Ethiopia integration of civic and ethical education into the curriculum reflects the desire to make the youth well behaved and democratic citizens by inculcating more right in to constitutional principles.

True

☒ False

1/1

Question 15

Most ethical rules, restrictions and controls over the behaviors of the citizen get their origin from the political traditions and legal thoughts of the community.

True

☒ False

1/1

Question 16

in the strict sense of the term, both ethics and morality can be used interchangeably.

True

☒ False

1/1

Question 17

_defined as a rule of conduct or procedure recognized by a community as binding or enforceable by authority.

☒ law

defined as a rule of conduct or procedure recognized by a community as binding or enforceable by authority.

1/1

Question 18

_deals with areas such as power, authority, legitimacy, the process of decision-making, distribution of political power, political ideologies, political culture, political interaction among interest groups and political parties, institutions of politics and functions of the political system

☒ political science

deals with areas such as power, authority, legitimacy, the process of decision-making, distribution of political power, political ideologies, political culture, political interaction among interest groups and political parties, institutions of politics and functions of the political system

1/1

Question 19

the Convention on the Right of Child, the Convention on All Forms of Discrimination Against Women was ratified during

a. 1948

b. 1951

☒ c. 1979

d. 1968

1/1

Question 20

which of the following group of people were allowed in Athenian democracy?

a. Africans, Asians and Europeans

b. Blacks, Arabs and whites

c. women, slaves and foreigners

d. free male citizens

1/1

Question 21

choose the incorrect statement from the following

- a. some actions that are illegal may not be unethical
- b. some actions that are unethical may not be illegal
- c. laws can be unethical or immoral
- d. all the above

e. none of the above

1/1

Question 22

_refers to dispositions and commitment of citizens that are essential for the maintenance and development of democratic government.

civic virtue refers to dispositions and commitment of citizens that are essential for the maintenance and development of democratic government.

1/1

Question 23

_is generally defined as a trend (of behaviors, attitudes and orientations) among citizens to be concerned with political processes and being efficacious in the political climate.

civic culture is generally defined as a trend (of behaviors, attitudes and orientations) among citizens to be concerned with political processes and being efficacious in the political climate.

1/1

Question 24

violation or respect of right and obligation in moral society does not leads to punishment or reward by community.

True

False

1/1

Question 25

The integration of civic education in Ethiopia introduced with the promulgation of :

a. the 1931 constitution

b. the 1955 constitution

c. the 1987 constitution

d. the 1991 constitution

1/1

Question 26

_is the study of various social relations of humankind. It deals with the development of human as a social being. It also studies the economic, religious, moral and political developments of a society.

sociology is the study of various social relations of humankind. It deals with the development of human as a social being. It also studies the economic, religious, moral and political developments of a society.

0/1

Question 27

which one is incorrect ?

- a. ethics is usually associated with a certain conduct within a profession,
- b. ethics refers to the degree to which an action conforms to a standard or norm of human conduct.
- c. morality is the philosophical study of values and of what constitute good and bad human conduct.
- d. Morality is a more general term referring to the character of individuals and community
- e. B and C are the answer
- f. all of them are incorrect

1/1

Question 28

the economical upper class society tend to be remarkably nationalistic with maximum loyalty to the state and the constitution and need to see only little or no change of the statuesque in the political, moral, legal and social setting..

☒ True

☐ False

1/1

Question 29

The higher level of literacy and democratic development, the lower level of civic competence whereas the lower level of literacy and democratic development, the higher level of civic competence.

☐ True

☒ False

1/1

Question 30

Ethics concerned with the study of the legal and political rules governing the relationship between the individual and the state, while civics deals with the moral rules and values governing an individual's behavior and his/her relations with other individuals in a social group.

☐ True

☒ False

[Back to assessments](#)