

A city mouse or a country mouse?

What are we going to talk about?



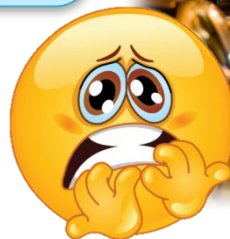
About someone who likes living in the city or in the country.



Listen to the



sound. What can you see / smell / hear? How do they make you feel? (stressed? relaxed? free? worried? happy? lonely?)



Use the phrases and your own ideas to tell the class about your preferences.

Don't you know these phrases?
Let's learn them!

very important
to me

can't stand

LEAD IN UNHEALTHY LIFESTYLE

HIGH COST OF LIVING

TRAFFIC

CROWDED STREETS

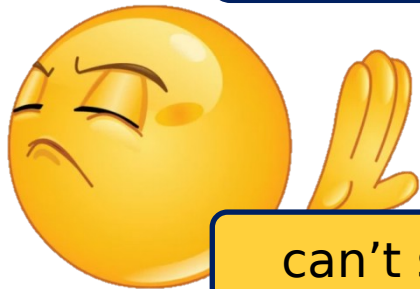
THEATRES
ENTERTAINMENT

POOR QUALITY

FRESH AIR

PEACE AND QUIET

SCAPES



Вести нездо
жи

What can you see on the
pictures?

сококачественный
образ жизни

И

у

Ма

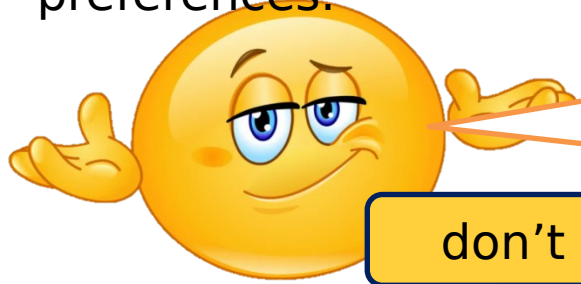
М

выс
прожив
Низкий у
безрабо



ень

Use the phrases and your own ideas to tell the class about your preferences.



I don't mind the peace and quiet of the country, but I can't stand feeling isolated. I'm a city mouse.

don't mind



A high quality lifestyle is very important to me. I like fresh air and beautiful landscapes. I think I'm a country mouse.

very important
to me

HIGH QUALITY LIFESTYLE

FRESH AIR



I'm a city mouse. Convenient public transport and crowded streets are very important to me.

can't stand

BEAUTIFUL LANDSCAPES

Before reading learn new words.



ГОСТЬ

рядом

чудесный

обмен

толчея и
суета

двор
фермы

огромный
оборудование,
приспособлени

ДОИТЬ

тоскующий
по дому

хлев, сарай

кормление

скучать

изолированн
ый, одинокий

родной город



LIFESWAP

Read the title of the unit and the headings on this page. What do you expect to read about in the text on p. 7? Listen, read and check.

Swap

Annabel, 14

Day 2

Everyone gets up at 5 am because there's a lot to do on the farm. Sarah's mum is very nice. She brings me a cup of tea in bed, but I just go back to sleep. Later, I go outside to the **farmyard** to help Sarah's family. Today we are **milking** the cows in the **barn** and **feeding** the chickens. The animals are lovely, but I can't stand the smell.

Day 4

Sarah's mum takes me to school every morning. We drive five miles to meet the school bus, which leaves at 7 am. Sarah's school is very small, but everyone's so friendly.

Day 6

Learning about farming is interesting, but I'm happy I'm going home tomorrow. The fresh air is nice but it's too quiet here. I also feel **isolated**. In the city, the streets are crowded but you have everything **close at hand**. I miss the **hustle and bustle** of London but I don't want to leave all my new friends.

The text is about teenage lifestyles. Two teenagers are taking part in a reality show in which they swap families and schools.

schools for a week.



UK /swb/ US /swd/

an exchange, or something that is going to be or has been exchanged.

with 1,500 students and her friends are very interesting and helpful. I'm enjoying the lessons, but most of all I love the **facilities**. The computer room and the swimming pool are my favourites.

Day 6

Today, I'm feeling a bit tired. It's always noisy here and you can hear the traffic all night. I think I'm getting a bit **homesick**, too. I **miss** the beautiful landscapes and the people from my **hometown**. I'm happy I'm going home tomorrow but I'm sure I'll visit London and see Annabel's **lovely** family again!

Day 2

Everyone stays in bed late here. It's 8 am and Annabel's mum is making breakfast! In the afternoon, we're going shopping on Oxford Street and then we're going to the cinema! I'm so excited!

Day 4

I travel to Annabel's school by tube. Her school is **huge** with 1,500 students and her friends are very interesting and helpful. I'm enjoying the lessons, but most of all I love the **facilities**. The computer room and the swimming pool are my favourites.

Day 6

Today, I'm feeling a bit tired. It's always noisy here and you can hear the traffic all night. I think I'm getting a bit **homesick**, too. I **miss** the beautiful landscapes and the people from my **hometown**. I'm happy I'm going home tomorrow but I'm sure I'll visit London and see Annabel's **lovely** family again!

T (true) or F (false). Then explain

Annabel, 14

Sarah, 14

is false

facilities true
each the

programme.

isolated

farmyard

hustle and bustle

to miss

to milk

close at hand

huge

hometown

Nice and kind

lovely



to swap

facilities

homesick

to feed

guests

lovely

barn

One of you works for a magazine. Interview Annabel or Sarah about their new lifestyle.

Scheme

You're welcome.



Well, thank you very much for your time.



Present Simple VS Present Continuous



Present

Постоянные действия и
состояния

Mark lives in New Zealand.

Непреложные истины и законы
природы

The Moon goes round the Earth.

Привычки и регулярные
действия

She always cleans the house at
weekends.

Key words:

- usually
- often
- always
- every day
- every week
- every month
- every year
- in the morning
- in the afternoon
- in the evening
 - at night
- at the weekend
 - on Fridays

Расписания и
программы

The train leaves at 6:00 am.

Чувства и
ЭМОЦИИ

I love skiing because it's a fun
sport.

Present Simple
употребляется также в
спортивных
комментариях, обзорах,
повествованиях

Beckham wins the ball, then he crosses and Owen
scores.



Present

Действия, происходящие в момент речи, в настоящий период времени.

Mum is cooking in the kitchen.

He is looking for a new penfriend in England.

Запланированные действия в будущем.

He is playing tennis this afternoon.

Меняющиеся и развивающиеся ситуации

Mary is getting more and more beautiful.

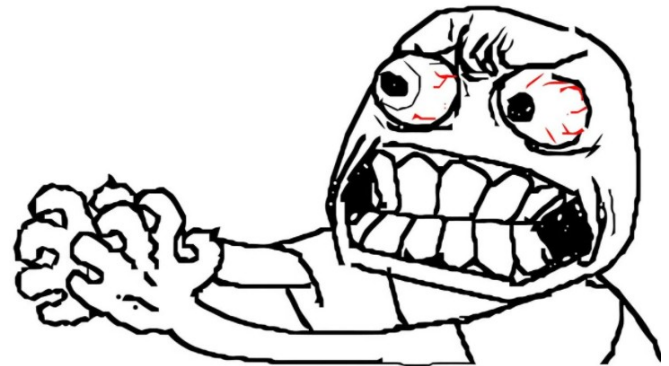
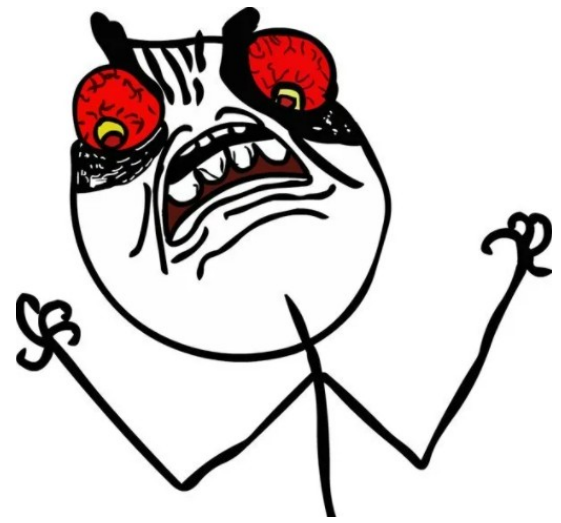
Key words:

- now
- at the moment
- at present
- these days
- nowadays
 - still
- today
- tonight



Такие наречия, как always, для выражения эмоционального состояния (часто раздражения) по поводу повторяющегося действия.

She is always losing her keys.



Stative verbs – глаголы состояния

Обозначают
состояния

~~Present
Continuous~~

Глаголы
восприятия

taste

appear

smell

hear

sound

see

seem

She **sounds** quite
happy.

She **appears** happy.

The food **tastes**
delicious.

The milk **smells**
strange.

Do you **see** that bird
now?

Stative verbs – глаголы состояния

Обозначают
состояния

~~Present
Continuous~~

Глаголы мыслительной
деятельности

believe

forget

know

realise

understand

remember

He **believes** in ghosts.

I don't **understand**
you.

Do you **remember**
me?

Please, don't **forget**
about it.

I **know** it is truth.

Stative verbs – глаголы состояния

Обозначают
состояния

~~Present
Continuous~~

Глаголы,
выражающие чувства
и эмоции

want

desire

love

hate

prefer

enjoy

like

I **like** ice cream.

I **like** your new haircut.

I **hate** Monday
mornings.

We **prefer** lemonade.

He **wants** a new car.

Stative verbs – глаголы состояния

They **own** three cows.

Обозначают
состояния

~~Present
Continuous~~

It **belongs** to me.

Другие глаголы

include

be

have

need

want

contain

own

fit

belong

cost

matter

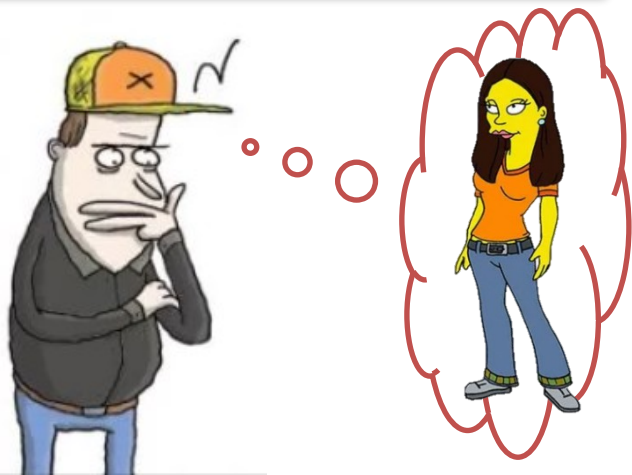
wish

Некоторые из этих глаголов могут употребляться в Present Continuous, но с иным значением.

Think

Думать,
полагать

I **think** she's beautiful.



Обдумывать,
размышлять

He **is thinking** about
going to France.



Некоторые из этих глаголов могут употребляться в Present Continuous, но с иным значением.

Have

Иметь, владеть

She **has** twelve cats.



Хорошо проводить
время; принимать душ,
обедать

James **is having** a great
time at school.

He **is having** a shower.
They **are having** dinner.



Некоторые из этих глаголов могут употребляться в Present Continuous, но с иным значением.

See

Видеть;
понимать

You can **see** the tree in
my garden.
I **see** what he means.



Встречаться

I'm **seeing** John this
afternoon.



Некоторые из этих глаголов могут употребляться в Present Continuous, но с иным значением.

Taste

Быть ... на вкус

This coffee **tastes** good.



Пробовать на
вкус

Ann **is tasting** the
pudding.



Некоторые из этих глаголов могут употребляться в Present Continuous, но с иным значением.

Appear

Казаться,
производить
впечатление

She **appears** to know
the way.



Выступать, играть,
появляться

She **is appearing** in a
Shakespeare play.



Некоторые из этих глаголов могут употребляться в Present Continuous, но с иным значением.

Smell

Иметь запах,
пахнуть

Her perfume **smells**
sweet.



Нюхать, вдыхать
аромат

She **is smelling** the
flower.



Некоторые из этих глаголов могут употребляться в Present Continuous, но с иным значением.

Fit

Быть впору, нужного
размера

The dress **fits** her
perfectly.



Устанавливать

Tom **is fitting** a new
lock on the bathroom
door.



Глаголы **look** (когда речь идёт о чьей-либо внешности), **feel** (переживание определенных эмоций) и **ache** могут использоваться во времена *Simple* и *Continuous* без изменения значения.

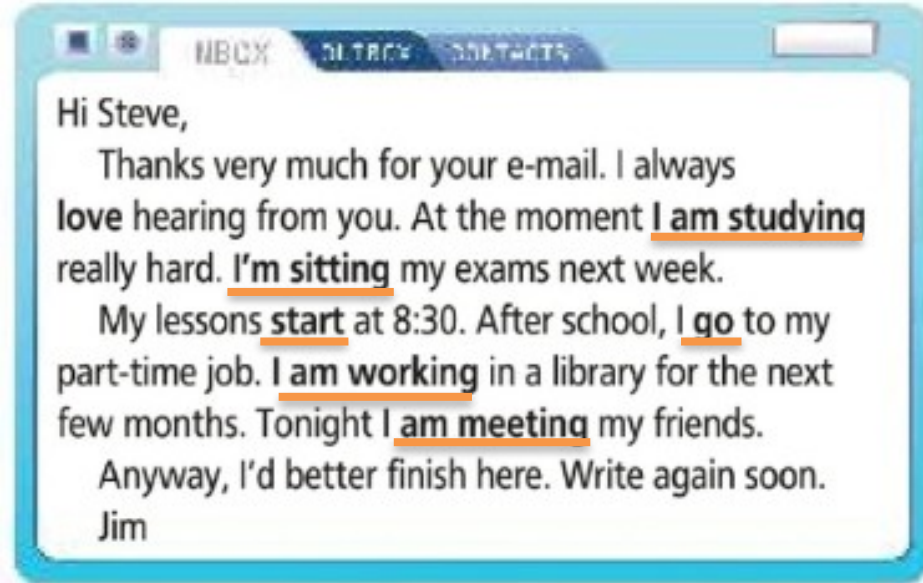
She **feels** very stressed.



She **is feeling** very stressed.



Explain the use of the verbs in bold.



Future plans.

An action happening at the moment of speaking.

Future plans.

Present state and facts.

Routine, habit

Future plans

Find examples in the text above.

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Put the verbs in brackets in the Present Simple or the Present Continuous. Give reasons.

1. A: Why *are you* (you/be) in such a hurry?
B: I'm worried. My exam *starts/ is starting* (start) in ten minutes.
2. A: I ... *am thinking* (think) of changing school.
B: I ... *don't think* (not/think) it's a good idea. You'll be lonely.
3. A: Why *are you* (you/be) angry?
B: My sister *is always taking* (always/take) my clothes.
4. A: Tom *looks* (look) very stressed.
B: Yes. He ... *is studying* (study) a lot these days.
5. A: Why *are you leaving* (you/leave) now?
B: my train ... *leaves* (leave) in an hour.



Writing (an e-mail)

Write an e-mail to your English penfriend. Write about:

Where you live

Your daily routine

What you are doing these days/tonight.

Hi Shannon,

Thanks very much for your e-mail. I am very well. I am happy living in the country because I can't stand the constant noise and pollution of the city.

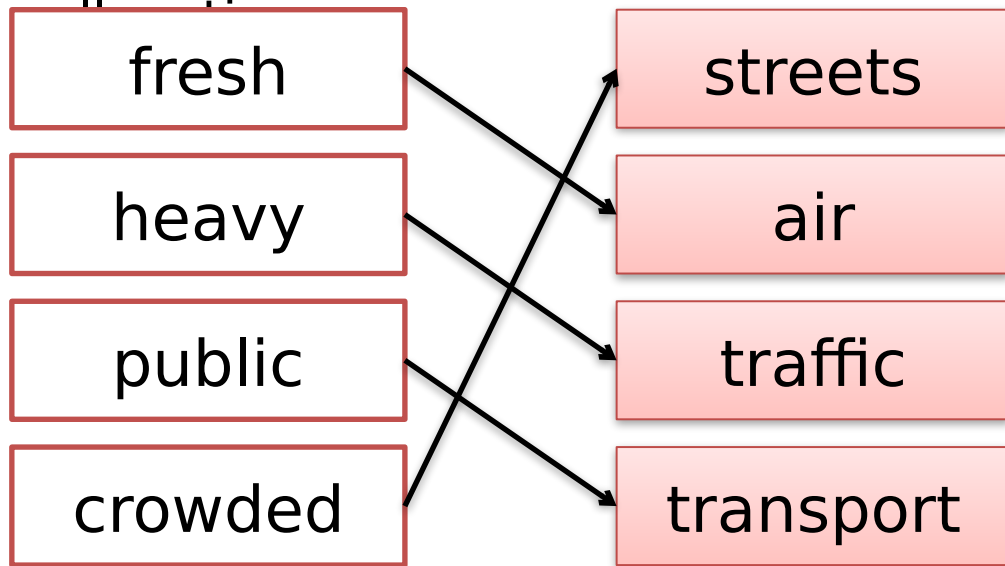
I get up very early every morning and I get the bus to school. My lessons start at 8 am and I finish at 4 pm. I like my school and I have a lot of friends there.

At the moment, I am studying very hard for my exams, but next weekend I am going to the seaside with my friends. I can't wait!

Write to me again soon.

Love,
Clara

Match the words to form



Fill in the correct words.

lead

constant

convenient

unemployment

isolated

landscapes

Workbook

1. Very few people lead a healthy lifestyle in big cities.
2. Our house is next to a convenient train station, which is very convenient.
3. Many young people have to deal with unemployment.
4. The country is a country with amazing landscapes.
5. I can't study when there's constant noise.

Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

1. Does he like (he/like) the English countryside?
2. Peter is going (go) to the theatre now.
3. I'm happy I am flying (fly) home tomorrow.
4. She wants (want) to visit London again.
5. I don't know (not know) where she is.
6. He starts (start) school at 8:30 every day.
7. She is always calling (always/call) me late at night.

Going to school in the Australian Outback

The places in Australia that are very far away from the city are called The Australian Outback. In the Australian Outback, children don't walk to school. They don't even take the bus or the train. This is because the school is more than 300 kilometres away.



So how do these children get an education? The answer is simple. These children don't go to school at all! They have lessons on their home computer and speak to their teachers through a web camera.

Children in the Australian Outback are very good students. Maybe this is because it is easier to study away from the hustle and bustle of a big city or maybe computer lessons are more fun than normal lessons. Whatever the reasons, children in the Australian Outback seem to enjoy "school" more than many other children in the world.

Read and choose A, B or C.

1. The Australian Outback is close to the sea.

True

False

Doesn't say

2. Children in the Australian Outback don't get an education.

True

False

Doesn't say

3. The students study online.

True

False

Doesn't say

4. The students don't speak to their teachers.

True

False

Doesn't say

5. School is more fun for children in the Australian Outback.

True

False

Doesn't say