

K.C.P.E SECOND TRIAL STANDARD EIGHT 2020

**SOCIAL STUDIES
AND
RELIGIOUS
EDUCATION**

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 – 90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the question booklet:

33. The **MAIN** problem facing tourism in Kenya is?

- A. poaching.
- B. insecurity.
- C. competition from other countries
- D. poor infrastructure.

The correct answer is **B** (insecurity)

On the answer sheet:

3 | A | B | C | D | **13** | A | B | C | D | **23** | A | B | C | D | **33** | A | B | C | D | **43** | A | B | C | D |

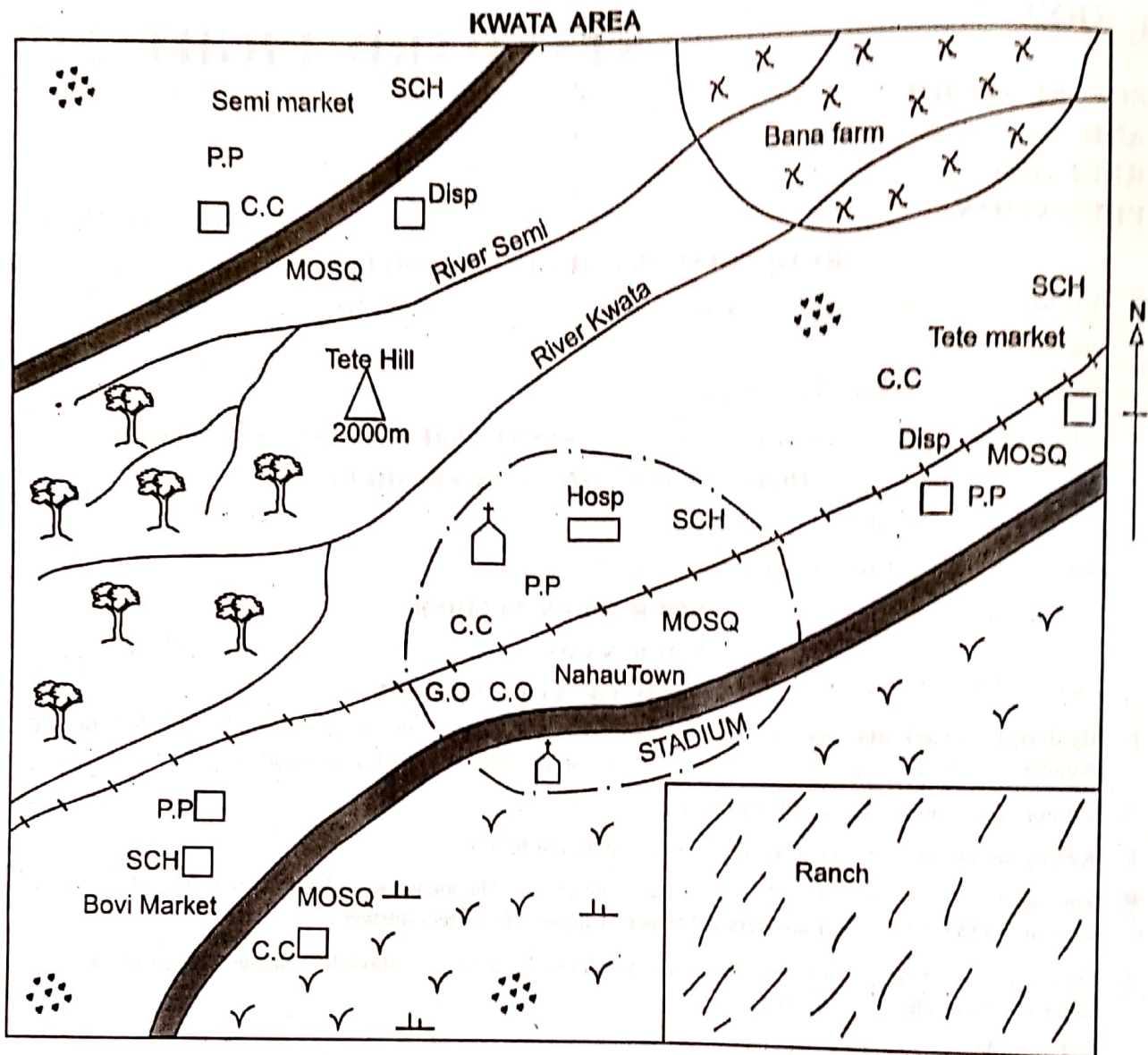
In the set of boxes numbered 33, the box with the letter **B** printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 12 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.

PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES



SCALE: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 KM

KEY

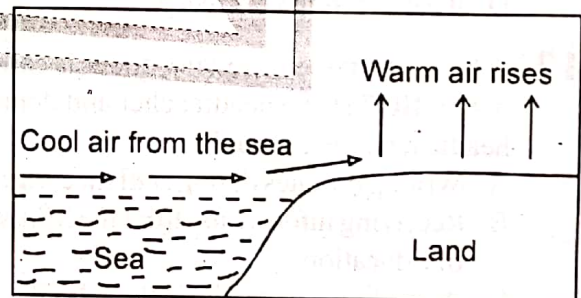
MOSQ	Mosque		Church
DISP	Dispensary		Permanent building
SCH	School		Tarmac road
C.C	Chief's camp		Railway line
HOSP	Hospital		Town boundary
C.O	County Offices		Planted forests
G.O	Governor's office		Grass
P.P	Police post		Scrubs

Use the map of Kwata Area provided to answer questions 1 to 7.

- What is the direction of the ranch from the banana farm?
A. South East B. South
C. North East D. North
- What is the approximate area of the ranch in Kwata area?
A. 11.4km² B. 16km²
C. 26km² D. 29km²
- Most of the residents of Kwata area are
A. Pagans B. Christians
C. Atheists D. Muslims
- The MAIN economic activity in Kwata area is
A. trading
B. crop farming
C. livestock keeping
D. forestry
- The settlement pattern found in Kwata area is
A. nucleated B. linear
C. clustered D. dense
- A trader in Bovi Market wants to start a business at Bovi Market. Where should she/he get a trading license from?
A. The Chiefs camp
B. Governor's office
C. The Police post
D. County offices
- The climate experienced on the southern part of Kwata area is **LIKELY** to be
A. hot and wet
B. cool and wet
C. cool and dry
D. hot and dry
- The Shona and Ndebele are bantus in
A. Egypt
B. Zimbabwe
C. Angola
D. Mozambique

- Which one of the following is **NOT TRUE** about a customary type of marriage?
A. Marriage banns are put up in a public place before the wedding.
B. A council of elders officiates at the wedding ceremony.
C. Bride wealth is paid in terms of livestock and other things.
D. It is carried out according to traditions of a community.
- Which one of the following weather instruments is **CORRECTLY** matched with the element of weather it measures?
A. Hygrometer - Humidity
B. Barometer - Strength of wind
C. Wind sock - Speed of wind
D. Raingauge - Temperature
- The MAIN reason for the migration of the Ngoni from South Africa was to
A. search for fertile land and soils for agriculture.
B. search for pasture.
C. escape external attacks from the Zulu.
D. reduce population pressure.

Use the diagram shown below to answer question 12



- The diagram above shows the formation of
A. land breeze
B. convectional rainfall
C. sea breeze
D. sea currents
- An age group refers to
A. two or more age-sets.
B. people of nearly the same age.
C. people who have a common ancestor.
D. people who were circumcised together.

14. The **MAIN** factor that influences population distribution in Africa is
- A. soils
 - B. climate
 - C. pests and diseases
 - D. urbanisation

15. Below are description about a prominent leader in Africa.

- (i) He was born in 1918.
- (ii) He chaired the Burundi peace talks.
- (iii) He was arrested and charged with treason in 1955.
- (iv) He voluntarily retired from active politics.

The leader described above is **LIKELY** to be

- A. Gamel Abdel Nasser
- B. Nelson Mandela
- C. Lepold Sedar Senghor
- D. Julius Nyerere

16. Tourism in Kenya is important **MAINLY** because it

- A. creates jobs.
- B. promotes agriculture.
- C. creates good relations with other countries.
- D. it earns foreign exchange.

17. Which one of the following duties is carried out by **BOTH** the headteacher and deputy headteacher in a school?

- A. Writing minutes during staff meetings.
- B. Receiving information from the Ministry of Education.
- C. Admitting new pupils in the school.
- D. Supervising the duties of teachers in the school.

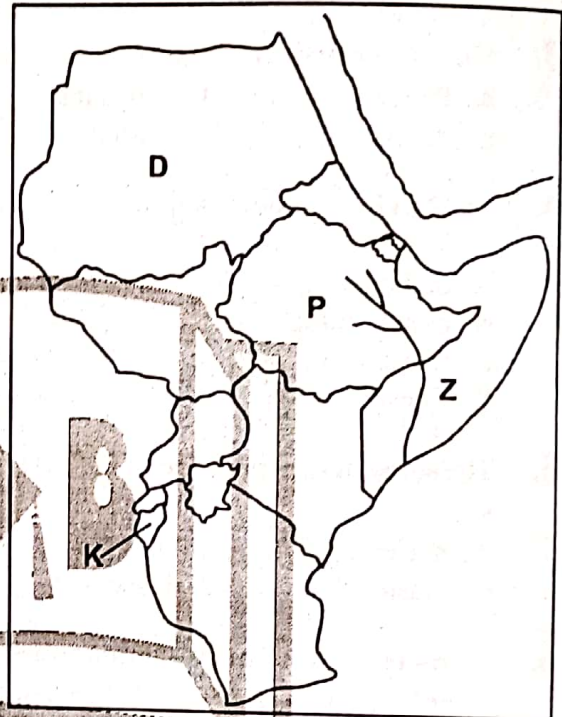
18. Which one of the following factors promotes peace in the society?

- A. Games and sports.
- B. Political differences.
- C. Cattle rustling.
- D. Unequal application of the law.

19. 1st June is celebrated in Kenya every year as the day

- A. Kenya became a republic.
- B. of independence in Kenya.
- C. Kenya was granted internal self government.
- D. Kenyatta became a Prime Minister.

Use the map of Eastern Africa provided below to answer questions 20 to 23.



20. The country marked **K** is

- A. Rwanda
- B. Uganda
- C. Burundi
- D. Tanzania

21. The **MAIN** export crop for the country marked **P** is

- A. bananas
- B. tea
- C. flowers
- D. coffee

22. The river marked **Z** is

- A. Ruvuma
- B. Juba
- C. Tana
- D. Nile

23. The country marked **D** gained independence in

- A. 1956
- B. 1957
- C. 1960
- D. 2011

24. The following are conditions necessary for the growth of a certain crop.
- (i) High temperatures of 12°C to 27°C .
 - (ii) Gently sloping land.
 - (iii) High rainfall of between 1400mm and 2000mm.
 - (iv) Deep fertile soils.

The conditions listed above are necessary for the growth of

- A. sugarcane
- B. cotton
- C. wheat
- D. bananas

25. Which one of the following is TRUE about Koitalel arap Samoei of the Nandi? He
- A. was along distance trader.
 - B. collaborated with the British.
 - C. was a religious leader.
 - D. led the Nandi in building the railway line.

26. Which one of the following is TRUE according to traditional methods of weather observation?
- A. Apperance of a rainbow means it is about to rain.
 - B. Croaking of frogs indicated the onset of the dry season.
 - C. The position of the moon told people about the tides.
 - D. The flying of butterflies means it is going to get cold.

27. Which one of the following is a way of assisting the physically impaired learners?
- A. Assisting them to push their wheelchairs at school.
 - B. Reading for them textbook, for them to understand.
 - C. Encouraging them to use sign language during lessons.
 - D. Allowing them to use brailles during reading lessons.

28. Which one of the following groups of people consists **ONLY** of members of a nuclear family?

A. Father
Mother
Cousin

B. Father
Mother
Children

C. Grandmother
Father
Children

D. Aunt
Mother
Daughter

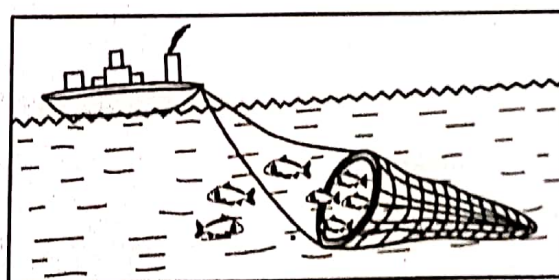
29. Below are descriptions of population structure.

- (i) Birth rate is very high.
- (ii) Young people are fewer than those in the working population.
- (iii) Life expectancy is about 80 years.
- (v) Population growth rate is above 5%.

Which combination of descriptions describes the population structure of Germany?

- A. (ii) and (iii)
- B. (i) and (ii)
- C. (iii) and (iv)
- D. (iv) and (v)

30. The fishing method shown below is known as



- A. net drifting.
- B. seining
- C. long lining
- D. trawling

31. Which one of the following countries is **CORRECTLY** matched with its capital city?

- A. Angola - Porto Novo
- B. Ivory Coast - Abidjan
- C. Egypt - Praia
- D. South Africa - Pretoria

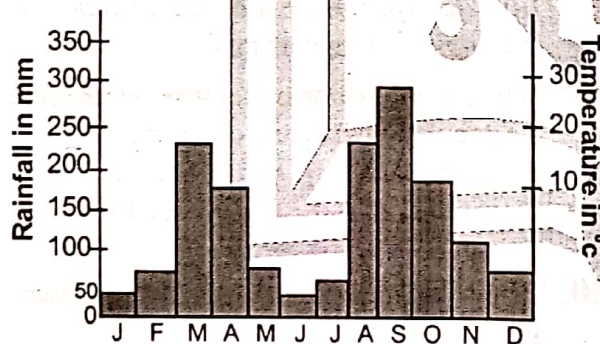
32. Which one of the following was **NOT** a requirement for assimilation in French West Africa?

- A. Readiness to practise French culture.
- B. Ability to read and write in French.
- C. Accepting the French economic set-up.
- D. Converting to Islam.

33. The **MOST** expensive form of transport is

- A. Road
- B. Air
- C. Railway
- D. Water

34. Below is a graph about a climatic zone in Africa.



The climatic zone represented above is **LIKELY** to be

- A. Equatorial climatic zone
- B. Tropical climatic zone
- C. Mediterranean climatic zone
- D. Semi-desert climatic zone

35. Which one of the following groups of lakes shows crater lakes only? Lakes

- A. Itasy and Kivu
- B. Chad and Kyoga
- C. Shala and Nyas
- D. Manyara and Bogoria

36. Who among the following leaders in the Nyamwezi chiefdom is **CORRECTLY** matched with his role?

- A. Mtwale - Organizing the army.
- B. Kikoma - Carrying out religious functions.
- C. Mganwe - Administering a village.
- D. Minule - Collecting information.

37. Which one of the following methods of communication was used to send messages to very far places in the past?

- A. Sending messengers
- B. Blowing horns.
- C. Using smoke signals
- D. Use of telephone.

38. Which of the following is **TRUE** about beef farming in Tanzania?

- A. The main ranches are located in the Moshi-Arusha area.
- B. Beef ranches are managed by the National Agricultural Company?
- C. Beef cattle are transported to Dar-es-salaam by road.
- D. Attacks by wild animals is the main problem facing beef farming.

39. The government of Kenya encourages the use of pipelines in transporting petroleum **MAINLY** because

- A. pipelines reduce road damage by heavy tankers.
- B. there is a continuous flow of petroleum.
- C. it is not affected by traffic jam and congestion.
- D. pipeline transport is cheap and reliable.

40. Which one of the following countries is **NOT** a member state of the Inter-Governmental Authority on Development (IGAD)?

- A. Djibouti
- B. Somalia
- C. Tanzania
- D. Ethiopia

41. On his way from school, Kirinkai saw two of his classmates stealing fruits from his neighbour's farm, as a responsible citizen, Kirinkai should have

- A. reported them to their headteacher.
- B. joined them in stealing the fruits.
- C. shouted to call for help.
- D. beaten them and chased them from the farm.

42. Below are characteristics of a poultry farming method.

- (i) *Birds are allowed to search for food and water.*
- (ii) *Farmers keep a few chickens.*
- (iii) *It is a very cheap method.*
- (iv) *Mostly, traditional types of chickens are kept.*

The method of poultry farming described above is called

- A. battery system
- B. deep litter method
- C. fold system
- D. Backyard rearing

43. The statements below describe a relief region in Kenya.

- (i) *It lies between 1500m and 5199m above sea level.*
- (ii) *It is divided in the middle by the Rift Valley.*
- (iii) *It rises above the general level of the plateau.*

The relief region described above is **LIKELY** to be the

- A. lake Victoria basin
- B. highlands
- C. coastal plains
- D. Rift Valley

44. Which one of the following is **TRUE** about soda ash mining in Kenya?

- A. Soda ash is the second leading mineral export for Kenya.
- B. The supply of soda ash is topped up by underground springs.
- C. Soda ash is extracted using the opencast method.
- D. The mineral is transported by road to Mombasa for export.

45. Jua Kali industries are encouraged by the government **MAINLY** because they

- A. are cheap to start and run.
- B. require little capital.
- C. provide self employment.
- D. reduce importation of manufactured goods.

46. Which one of the following is **NOT** a benefit of democracy?

- A. People are treated fairly in a democracy.
- B. Rights and freedom of people are safeguarded in a nation.
- C. Democratic practices promote peace in a country.
- D. It gives people right to grab property from the government.

47. The **BEST** place to cross a very busy road is

- A. zebra crossing
- B. flyover
- C. round about
- D. foot bridge

48. The **MAIN** problem facing marine fishing in Kenya and Tanzania is

- A. inadequate fishing equipment.
- B. water weeds.
- C. pollution from industries and oil spills.
- D. inadequate market for fish.

49. Three of the following statements are true about planted forests. Which one is NOT?
A. Trees grow to different heights.
B. trees grow in rows.
C. Softwoods are mainly grown.
D. Trees mature very fast.
50. Which one of the following is the MAIN function of Thika town?
A. It is an educational centre.
B. It is an industrial centre.
C. It is an agricultural collection.
D. It is an administrative centre.
51. The MAIN factor that contributed to the rise of the Old Ghana Kingdom is
A. gold mining in the kingdom.
B. powerful and strong leaders.
C. a rich agricultural background.
D. the trans-saharan trade.
52. The rotation of the earth causes
A. different seasons.
B. differences in length of day and night.
C. differences in time along different longitudes.
D. different positions of the mid-day sun.
53. Thuku, a Seventh Day Adventist believer was forced by his Religious Education teacher to go to church on Sunday. Which one of the following rights was he denied?
A. Freedom of movement.
B. Right to liberty.
C. Freedom of worship.
D. Freedom of association.
54. Which one of the following is the BEST way of protecting children from abuse?
A. Educating children on their rights.
B. Providing counselling services to victims of abuse.
C. Educating the society on the need for child protection.
D. Giving stiff punishments to child abusers.
55. The MAIN problem affecting national unity in Kenya is
A. political differences.
B. unequal distribution of resources.
C. corruption
D. tribalism.
56. Who swears in members of parliament after elections?
A. The speaker of the National Assembly.
B. The speaker of the senate.
C. The head of civil service.
D. The chief registrar of the judiciary.
57. Cases concerning children are heard by the
A. Court of Appeal
B. The supreme Court
C. Juvenile courts
D. Courts martial
58. The sixteen women members of the senate are nominated by
A. The President
B. Political parties
C. The speaker of the senate.
D. The Chief Justice
59. A member of the County Assembly may lose a civic seat if he or she
A. acquires dual-citizenship.
B. becomes insane.
C. jailed for 6 weeks.
D. fails to attend four sittings at the County Assembly.
60. Which one of the following groups of tourist destinations are found in South Africa?
A. Kruger National Park, Victoria Falls
B. Coastal beaches, Table Mountains
C. The Black River Gorges National Park, warm climate.
D. The Ancient town of Marakech, Atlas Mountains.

PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

SECTION A CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following shows the **CORRECT** order of creation according to the book of Genesis chapter one?
A. Day 2 - Earth, sea and plants.
B. Day 3 - Sea creatures and birds of the air.
C. Day 4 - The heavenly bodies.
D. Day 5 - Land animals both domestic and wild animals.
62. Who among the following sons of Noah saw their father's nakedness and was cursed with all his descendants?
A. Shem
B. Ham
C. Japheth
D. Seth
63. The sign of the covenant that God made with Abraham was
A. circumcision
B. sacrifice
C. rainbow
D. flames of fire
64. What was Moses doing in the desert when the Angel of the Lord appeared to him in flames of fire from within a bush? He was
A. offering a burnt sacrifice
B. praying and fasting.
C. writing the ten commandments.
D. looking after Jethro's sheep.
65. During their journey to the promised land, the Israelites came to a certain place and they could not drink the water there because it was bitter. What was the name of that place?
A. Shua
B. Mardh
C. Moan
D. Rephidim
66. Who among the following people advised Moses to appoint judges who could help him in settling disputes?
A. Joshua
B. Aaron
C. Jethro
D. Jochebed
67. Who among the following was prophetess and a judge in Israel?
A. Deborah
B. Jael
C. Ruth
D. Shamgar
68. In which one of the following ways did King David misuse his leisure time? He
A. fought and killed Goliath.
B. ran away from King Saul.
C. committed adultery with Bethsheba.
D. played the harp for King Saul.
69. The following is a description of a certain prophet.
(i) He condemned King Ahab and queen Jezebel for killing Naboth.
(ii) God spoke to him in a soft whisper of a voice in a cave.
(iii) He raised the son of the widow of Zarephath.
Which prophet is described above?
A. Elisha
B. Hosea
C. Micah
D. Elijah
70. Who among the following prophets prophesied that Messiah would be born in Bethlehem?
A. Micah
B. Joel
C. Isaiah
D. Zachariah
71. John the baptist was the fore runner of Jesus. He went throughout the whole territory of river Jordan preaching. Which one of the following was his **MAIN** message?
A. Humility
B. Repentance
C. Kindness
D. Tolerance
72. In which one of the following places did Joseph and Mary go to register according to the law of Emperor Augustus Caesar?
A. Nazareth
B. Bethlehem
C. Egypt
D. Jerusalem
73. "Do not be afraid. I bring you good news of great joy that will be for all the people. Luke 2:10. These words were spoken by the Angels to
A. Wisemen
B. Mary and Joseph
C. Merchants
D. Shepherds
74. Which one of the following parables of Jesus encourages Christians to take care of others? The parable of the
A. prodigal son.
B. mustard seed.
C. rich man and Lazarus.
D. lost sheep.
75. "Worship the Lord your God and serve him only". Luke 4:8. These words were said by Jesus during
A. His temptation.
B. His baptism.
C. The sermon on the mount.
D. Crucifixion.

76. Jesus taught people in synagogues and throughout the land of Israel. Which one of the following was the **MAIN** teaching of Jesus on the sermon on the mount?
 A. How to become rich.
 B. Values of Christian living.
 C. How to remain poor.
 D. How to inherit the kingdom.
77. Who among the following people witnessed the death of Jesus and said "Truly this man was a son of God."
 A. Nicodemus
 B. The Centurion
 C. Mary Magdalene
 D. John and James
78. The news of the resurrection of Jesus was announced to the women by
 A. The Apostle Paul
 A. Cleopas and his friend
 C. Peter and John
 D. The angel of the Lord.
79. How many days did Jesus stay with his disciples after his resurrection?
 A. 30 days B. 15 days
 C. 40 days D. 20 days
80. After the resurrection of Jesus, He did all the following **EXCEPT**. He
 A. appeared to different people.
 B. talked about the kingdom of God.
 C. gave instructions by the power of the Holy Spirit.
 D. multiplied fish and bread for the disciples.
81. Which one of the following fruits of the Holy Spirit did Moses **fail to use** when he came from the mountain of God and found the Israelites worshipping the golden calf?
 A. Self control B. Tolerance
 C. Humility D. Kindness
82. The following statements explains the obligations of the living towards the ancestors. Which one is **NOT**?
 A. Pouring libation to them.
 B. Visiting them in graveyards.
 C. Naming children after them.
 D. Giving them burnt offerings and sacrifices.
83. The following are reasons why circumcision is practised in traditional African communities. Which one is **NOT**? The initiates
 A. pass from childhood to adulthood.
 B. become members of the extended family.
 C. are allowed to get married.
 D. become full members of their community.
84. Which one of the following duties was **MAINLY** performed by priests in traditional African religion?
 A. Making rain.
 B. Leading in worship.
 C. Settling disputes.
 D. Fortelling the future.
85. The following pupils used their gifts as follows. Who among them failed to use his gifts as expected?
 A. Nkatha who taught the church school children.
 B. Manyasi who spent her time watching television.
 C. Makori who explained some bible verses to his friends.
 D. Atieno who spent her weekend visiting the needy in her village.
86. Moses is a rude boy and occasionally steals money from his parents. As good Christians what should his parents do?
 A. Guide and counsel him.
 B. Send him to an approved school.
 C. Chase away from home.
 D. Give him a thorough beating.
87. Your classmate Catherine asks you for advice on how to spend money given to her by her grandfather during Christmas. As a Christian what is the **BEST** advice to give her?
 A. Give you some of the money.
 B. Buy herself a mobile phone.
 C. Donate some to the needy.
 D. Buy sweets and biscuits for her friends.
88. Antony is a class eight boy who comes from a very rich family. He has a habit of bullying pupils in class and demanding respect from them. Which Christian value would you advise Antony to have?
 A. Humility
 B. Patience
 C. Kindness
 D. Self control
89. Which one of the following is the **BEST** reason why Christians condemn prostitution? It
 A. leads to death.
 B. is against God's law.
 C. leads to unwanted pregnancies.
 D. leads to sexually transmitted diseases.
90. Which one of the following organisations took part in translating the bible?
 A. Kenya Institute of Education.
 B. Bible Society of Kenya.
 C. The Kenya Episcopal.
 D. National Council of Churches in Kenya.