

SOME PATTERNS OF ANALOGY

❖ Characteristic

1. Fire:Heat::Snow:Coldness
2. Roses:Fragrance::Clouds:Whiteness
3. Gold:Shininess::Water:Liquidity
4. Thunder:Loudness::
Lightning:Brightness
5. Wood:Hardness::Glass:Transparency
6. Ice:Coldness::Chocolate:Sweetness
7. Music:Melody::Rain:Wetness
8. Sun:Warmth::Stars:Twinkling
9. Leaves:Greenness::Flowers:Beauty
10. The ocean:Vastness::Mountains:Height

❖ Lack

1. Ignorance:Knowledge::Poverty:Wealth
2. Hunger:Food::Thirst:Water
3. Weakness:Strength::Fear:Courage
4. Sadness:Joy::
Loneliness:Companionship
5. Homelessness:Home::Blindness:Sight
6. Deafness:Hearing::Unemployment:Job
7. Hopelessness:Hope::
Impatience:Tolerance
8. Dishonesty:Truthfulness::
Insecurity:Self-assurance
9. Inflexibility:Adaptability::
Indecision: Determination.

❖ Degree

1. Warm:Hot::Chilly:Cold
2. Damp:Wet::Dim:Dark
3. Soft:Hard::Small:Tiny
4. Loud:Deafening::Slow:Sluggish
5. Sad:Depressed::Happy:Ecstatic
6. Angry:Furious::Scared:Terrified
7. Wet:Soaked::Cold:Freezing
8. Hot:Scalding::Bright:Glaring
9. Quiet:Silent::Fast:Lightning-fast

❖ Cause and Effect

1. Fire:Heat::Rain:Flooding
2. Wind:Waves::Sunlight:Warmth
3. Exercise:Sweating::Laughter:Joy
4. Fear:Trembling::Hunger:Weakness
5. Thirst:Dehydration::
Smoking:Lung Cancer

6. Stress:Anxiety::Happiness:Smiling
7. Sadness:Crying::Anger:Aggression
8. Love:Happiness::Kindness:Gratitude
9. Negligence:Accidents::
Hard work:Success
10. Education:Knowledge::
Pollution:Environmental damage

❖ **Part and Whole**

1. Leaf:Tree::Branch:Tree
2. Wheel:Car::Door:House
3. Button:Shirt::Page:Book
4. Leg:Body::Island:Continent
5. Cloud:Sky::River:Watershed
6. Petal:Flower::Bone:Skeleton
7. Cell:Body::Word:Sentence
8. Sentence:Paragraph::State:Country
9. Pixel:Image::Note:Melody
10. Player:Team::Piece:Puzzle

❖ **Item and Category**

1. Apple:Fruit::Dog:Animal
2. Rose:Flower::Car:Vehicle
3. Table:Furniture::Book:Literature
4. Movie:Entertainment::
Mountain:Landform
5. River:Water body::
Cloud:Weather phenomenon
6. Gold:Metal::Water:Liquid
7. Air:Gas::House:Building
8. School:Institution::Song:Music
9. Painting:Art::Computer:Technology
10. Bicycle:Transportation::
Game:Entertainment

➤ ***Now, complete the analogy with a partner.***

1. Carpenter is to hammer as dentist is to _____ (**drill**, mouth, tooth).
2. Atom is to molecule as letter is to _____ (spell, number, **word**).
3. Pillar is to column as bush is to _____ (flower, post, **shrubs**).
4. Conclusion is to introduction as poverty is to _____ (influential, **wealth**, successful)
5. Innocence is to guilt as triumph is to _____ (evil, victory, **failure**).
6. Uncertainty is to hesitation as error is to _____ (**regret**, carelessness, success).
7. Crocodile is to reptile as oxygen is to _____ (chemistry, air, **gas**).
8. Anxious is to calm as amateur is to _____ (**professional**, experience, athlete).
9. Iguana is to lizard as vowel is to _____ (language, **letter**, consonant).
10. Comedy is to laughter as insecurity is to _____ (**anxiety**, tense, confidence)

➤ **ANSWERS with detailed explanations:**

1. Carpenter is to hammer as dentist is to drill.

Type: Tool and Worker

Explanation: This analogy highlights the relationship between a professional and the primary tool they use in their work. A carpenter uses a hammer for construction, and a dentist uses a drill for various dental procedures.

Dental Drill

Purpose: Used to remove tooth decay and shape teeth for fillings or crowns.

2. Atom is to molecule as letter is to word.

Type: Part and Whole

Explanation: This analogy illustrates how smaller units combine to form a larger entity. Atoms combine to form molecules, and letters combine to form words.

3. Pillar is to column as bush is to shrubs.

Type: Synonyms

Explanation: This analogy connects pairs of words that have similar or identical meanings. "Pillar" and "column" are synonyms, and "bush" and "shrubs" are synonyms, both referring to types of plants.

4. Conclusion is to introduction as poverty is to wealth.

Type: Antonyms

Explanation: This analogy links words that have opposite meanings. "Conclusion" and "introduction" are opposites in the context of a story or essay. Similarly, "poverty" and "wealth" are opposites, representing extremes on a socioeconomic scale.

5. Innocence is to guilt as triumph is to failure.

Type: Antonyms

Explanation: This analogy pairs opposite concepts. "Innocence" and "guilt" are opposites, representing contrasting states of moral standing. Similarly, "triumph" and "failure" are opposites, representing contrasting outcomes.

6. Uncertainty is to hesitation as error is to regret.

Type: Cause and Effect

Explanation: This analogy demonstrates a relationship where one event or action directly results in another. Uncertainty can lead to hesitation or delay in action. Similarly, an error can lead to regret or remorse.

7. Crocodile is to reptile as oxygen is to gas.

Type: Class and Member

Explanation: This analogy relates a specific item to the broader category it belongs to. A crocodile is a specific type of reptile. Similarly, oxygen is a specific type of gas.

8. Anxious is to calm as amateur is to professional.

Type: Antonyms

Explanation: This analogy pairs opposite states or conditions. "Anxious" and "calm" are antonyms, representing contrasting emotional states. Similarly, "amateur" and "professional" are antonyms, representing contrasting levels of skill or expertise.

9. Iguana is to lizard as vowel is to letter.

Type: Class and Member

Explanation: This analogy relates a specific item to the broader category it belongs to. An iguana is a specific type of lizard. Similarly, a vowel is a specific type of letter.

10. Comedy is to laughter as insecurity is to anxiety.

Type: Cause and Effect

Explanation: This analogy demonstrates a relationship where one event or action directly results in another. Comedy often tends to cause laughter. Similarly, insecurity often tends to cause anxiety.

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