TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY

KCSE PREDICTION TRIALS (1-10)

2nd Series of Sampled Top National Schools Prediction Trials of Anticipated Possible History &Government Questions in Intensive Thorough Preparation of the Candidates for the Annual KCSE Examinations.

SERIES 2

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 1 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.

a) *Write your **NAME, SCHOOL** and **INDEX NUMBER** in the spaces provided above.*

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c) *This paper consists of three sections **A**, **B** and **C**. Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **ANY TWO** questions from section **C**.*

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SECTION	MAXIMUM SCORE	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Identify **one** aspect of History. **(1mark)**

2. Name the basic political unit among the Cushites during colonial period. **(1mark)**

3. What was the main reason for the migration of the Eastern Bantus from Shungwaya during pre-colonial period? **(1mark)**

4. Identify **two** communities that adopted mixed reactions towards the British Colonialization of Kenya during the 19th century. **(2marks)**

5. Identify **two** evidences which shows that Chinese traders reached the Kenyan Coast before 1500AD **(2marks)**

6. State **two** procedures involved in arbitrating a conflict. **(2marks)**

7. Identify the main reason why the second Lancaster House conference was held in 1962. **(1mark)**

8. What was the main method used by Thomas Mboya in the struggle to protect African rights against colonialism. **(1mark)**

9. What was the main constitutional amendment made in 1975? **(1mark)**

10. Who is the founder of the "Green Belt Movement" in Kenya? **(1mark)**

11. Give **two** types of cases handled by the Kenyan judiciary. **(2marks)**

12. Name the court that handles presidential election petition. **(1mark)**

13. Identify **two** educational commissions appointed by the government in independent Kenya. **(2marks)**

14. Give **two** challenges facing utilization of the Constituency Development Fund in Kenya. **(2marks)**

15. State the main contribution of the senate in Kenya. **(1mark)**

16. Give **two** main ways on how the National government spends her revenue. **(2marks)**

17. State **two** objectives of Devolution of government in Kenya. **(2marks)**

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SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions in this question

18. **(a)** Give reasons that led to the migration and settlement of the Western Bantu. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the social organization of the Mijikenda during pre-colonial period.**(10marks)**

19. **(a)** State **five** factors that led to the growth of towns along the Kenyan Coast before 19th Century. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain **five** factors that led to the decline of the Portuguese rule. **(10marks)**

20. **(a)** Identify **three** methods used by the colonial government to discourage the Mau Mau movement. **(3marks)**

(b) Describe the roles of women during the struggle for independence in Kenya**. (12marks)**

21. **(a)** Give **three** ways in which the government of Kenya has promoted culture of the people since independence. **(3marks)**

(b) Describe **six** challenges facing Multi-party democracy in Kenya. **(12marks)**

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SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

Answer any TWO questions in this question

22. **(a)** State **five** values of good citizenship in Kenya. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain the rights of an accused person during trial in a court of law in Kenya. **(10marks)**

23. **(a)** Give **five** functions of the Attorney General. **(5marks)**

(b) Give reasons why there should be separation of powers between the Legislature, Judiciary and the Executive. **(10marks)**

24. **(a)** State **three** principles of Public Finance in Kenya. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain the reasons why it is important for the national government to prepare the National Budget annually. **(12marks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 1 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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a) *Write your **NAME, SCHOOL** and **INDEX NUMBER** in the spaces provided above.*

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Mention **one** political importance of studying History. **(1mark)**

2. Identify **two** characteristics of the Aegyptopithecus. **(2marks)**

3. What was the importance of the development of writing in Mesopotamia during the Agrarian Revolution **(1mark)**

4. Identify **two** factors that led to the development of local trade. **(2marks)**

5. State **one** way in which European colonization led to the decline of the Trans-Atlantic trade. **(1mark)**

6. Identify **two** trans-continental railway lines in the modern world. **(2marks)**

7. Identify **two** factors that led to the scientific revolution. **(2marks)**

8. Give **one** factor that led to the emergence of London as a major trading centre. **(1mark)**

9. Identify **two** external factors that led to the decline of the Asante empire. **(2marks)**

10. Give **two** negative political effects of the partition of Africa by the European powers. **(2marks)**

11. State how Islamic religion enabled the Mandinka to resist French invasion from 1886 to 1898. **(1mark)**

12. Identify **one** social shortcoming of Indirect role in Nigeria. **(1mark)**

13. Identify **one** factor that led to the riots of 1948 in Ghana. **(1mark)**

14. Give the role that diplomacy played in the struggle for independence in South Africa. **(1mark)**

15. State **one** way in which the violation of the Treaty of Versailles led to the outbreak of the Second World War (1939 – 1945). **(1mark)**

16. Mention **two** personalities who led in the formation of the Non-Aligned Movement. **(2marks)**

17. State **two** objectives of the Pan-African Conference of 1900. **(2marks)**

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SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions in this question

18. **(a)** State **five** ways in which the discovery of fire changed the life of early man. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain **five** disadvantages of the open-field system of Agriculture in Europe before the Agrarian Revolution. **(10marks)**

19. **(a)** Identify **three** ways in which the development of steam enhanced the development of industries in Europe. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain **six** economic factors that promoted industrial development in Britain. **(12mks)**

20. **(a)** Identify **three** economic activities that led to the growth of Buganda kingdom during the Pre-colonial period. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain the social organization of the Shona during the pre-colonial period. **(12marks)**

21. **(a)** State **three** political challenges faced in the struggle for Independence in Mozambique. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain the contributions of Nelson Mandela in the struggle for independence in South Africa. **(12marks)**

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

Answer any TWO questions from this question

22. **(a)** Identify **three** new methods of fighting used in the World War I. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain any **five** reasons why the League of Nations failed to maintain World Peace and Security. **(12marks)**

23. **(a)** State **three** aims of the Commonwealth of Nations. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain the steps taken to ease the Cold War. **(12marks)**

24. **(a)** State **three** functions of the specialized technical commissions of the African Union. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain the achievements of the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa **(COMESA).** **(12marks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 2 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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a) *Write your **NAME, SCHOOL** and **INDEX NUMBER** in the spaces provided above.*

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A	25	
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TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) What is Ethnology? **(1mark)**

2) Name two communities that were assimilated by the Maasai. **(2marks)**

3) Identify two duties of the council of elders among the Abagusii during the 19th century. **(2marks)**

4) State two categories of rights. **(2marks)**

5) Define the term National Integration. **(1mark)**

6) State two methods of trade. **(2marks)**

7) State two traditional forms of communication. **(2marks)**

8) Name one of the cultural centres in Nairobi. **(1mark)**

9) During the Agiriama resistance an oath was taken. What was the oath called for the men and what was it called for the women? **(2marks)**

10) Apart from Harambee, give two national philosophies adopted in Kenya since independence. **(2marks)**

11) Give one reason for reviewing constituency boundaries from time to time in Kenya. **(1mark)**

12) Name two ex-officio Members of the National Assembly. **(2marks)**

13) Mention one national day recognized by the new constitution in Kenya **(1mark)**

14) Identify one element of the rule of law in Kenya. **(1mark)**

15) Identify the main function of prisons in Kenya. **(1mark)**

16) Give the meaning of "devolved government". **(1mark)**

17) Who heads the Supreme Court of Kenya? **(1mark)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18. **(a)** Name three communities that belonged to the Mijikenda. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six results of the migration and settlement of the Eastern Cushites into Kenya. **(12marks)**

19. **(a)** Give five reasons why the Nandi resisted the British for a long period of time. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain why the Nandi were eventually defeated by the British. **(10marks)**

20. **(a)** State five roles played by Green Belt movement by Wangari Maathai in the liberation of women. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five contributions of Kenyatta towards Kenya's social and economic development during the Independence period. **(10marks)**

21. **(a)** State the factors that led to the formation of early political organizations in colonial Kenya. **(7marks)**

(b) Discuss the achievements of early political movements up to 1939. **(8marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22. **(a)** Name three members of the Executive Committee of the County government in Kenya. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six possible solutions to insecurity challenges facing Kenya. **(12marks)**

23. **(a)** Give five limitations to the freedom of expression. **(5marks)**

(b) Discuss five social responsibilities of a Kenyan citizen. **(10marks)**

24. **(a)** Identify three activities that happen to a bill at the second reading stage in the process of law making in Kenyan Parliament. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six functions of the Public Service Commission. **(12marks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 2 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Identify one limitation that hinder use of electronic sources to get historical data. **(1mark)**

2) Give two major cultural developments by man towards the end of new Stone Age. **(2marks)**

3) State two remedies to perennial food shortages in Africa. **(2marks)**

4) What was the main commodity during the Trans-Atlantic trade? **(1mark)**

5) State two advantages of using aeroplanes over the ship as a means of transport. **(2marks)**

6) Name two important canals that link major water bodies in the world today. **(2marks)**

7) State how William Morton's invention improved the lives of people during operation. **(1mark)**

8) State two factors that led to decline of Meroe as an urban centre. **(2marks)**

9) What was the main purpose of the Golden stool in the Asante kingdom? **(1mark)**

10) Name two countries in West Africa that were colonized by the British. **(2marks)**

11) Give the main reason why the European powers held the Berlin Conference of 1884 to 1885 **(1mark)**

12) State two peaceful methods used by nationalists in South Africa in their struggle for Independence. **(2marks)**

13) Name the European power that was accused of causing the outbreak of first world war. **(1mark)**

14) Identify two organs of the COMESA. **(2marks)**

15) Name one financial institution established by the African Union. **(1mark)**

16) Give one principle of the Arusha declaration in Tanzania. **(1mark)**

17) Name one legislative body in Britain. **(1mark)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18) **(a)** State five reasons for studying history. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the way of life of early people during the middle stone age. **(10marks)**

19) **(a)** State three ways in which the Agrarian Revolution in Britain affected the lives of small scale farmers. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six factors that have contributed to food shortage in third world countries. **(12marks)**

20) **(a)** What are the functions of Katikiro among the Baganda? **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the economic organization of the Asante. **(10marks)**

21) **(a)** State three factors that enabled European powers to colonize Africa in the late 19th Century. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six results of African collaboration to European invasion. **(12marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22) **(a)** State three internal factors that led to African nationalism. **(3marks)**

(b) What are the factors that speeded up the achievement of Independence in Ghana? **(12marks)**

23) **(a)** State three conditions that gave rise to the Non-Aligned movement. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six challenges of the Non-Aligned movement. **(12marks)**

24) **(a)** Identify three sources of Britain's unwritten constitution. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six ways in which the powers of the president of the U.S.A are controlled. **(12marks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 3 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) State **two** advantages of written materials as a source of information on Kenyan history **(2mks)**

2) Name **one** community in Kenya which belongs to the River Lake Nilotes. **(1 mark)**

3) Identify the main economic activity of the Cushites in the pre-colonial Kenya. **(1 mark)**

4) Give **one** fundamental right which a person in prison is deprived off. **(1 mark)**

5) Identify **two** occasions when the Kenya National Anthem is sung. **(2 mark)**

6) Who chairs the National Security council in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

7) Mention **two** types of democracy that are practiced in Kenya **(2 marks)**

8) Name the treaty that marked the spheres of influence in East Africa. **(1 mark)**

9) Sate **two** grievances of the Asians that were addressed by the Devonshire White paper of 1923. **(2 marks)**

10) Mention **two** members of the AEMO from Nyanza at its inception in 1957. **(2 marks)**

11) Give the **main** reason why the nationalists in Kenya formed the Kenya African Democratic Union in 1960. **(1 mark)**

12) Name **two** superior courts in Kenya **(2 marks)**

13) Name **two** sources of Nyayoism **(2 marks)**

14) State **one** contribution of parastatals to economic growth in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

15) Give the legislative function of the county governor in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

16) State **two** functions of the deputy president in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

17) Name **one** elective seat in the county government in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions in this section

18) **a)** State **three** social reasons why the Mijikenda migrated into Kenya in the pre-colonial period. **(3 marks)**

b) Describe the results of the migration and settlement of the Somali into Kenya in the pre-colonial period. **(12 mks)**

19) **a)** State **three** roles of the Portuguese captains at the Kenyan coast in the pre-colonial period. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** results of the long distance trade in Kenya in the 19^{th} century. **(12 mks)**

20) **a)** State **five** problems faced by political organizations in Kenya up to 1939. **(5 marks)**

b) Explain **five** causes of the Mau Mau uprising. **(10 mks)**

21) **a)** Give **three** aims of Harambee spirit. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** social impacts of national philosophies in Kenya. **(12 mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer TWO questions from this section

22) **a)** Identify **three** categories of people who may qualify to be registered as Kenyan citizens. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** elements of good citizenship in Kenya **(12 mks)**

23) **a)** Mention **three** organs of the national government in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** functions of the public service commission. **(12 mks)**

24) **a)** State **five** categories of recurrent expenditure in Kenya. **(5 marks)**

b) Explain **five** reasons why it is important for the Kenyan government to prepare an annual budget. **(10 mks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 3 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Name the most common form of government. **(1 mark)**

2) Name the earliest hominid closer to modern man. **(1 mark)**

3) Give **two** reasons for the development of early agriculture along river valleys. **(2 marks)**

4) Name the main commodity of trade from West Africa during the Trans-Atlantic trade**.(1 mk)**

5) Mention **two** negative impact of internet today. **(2 marks)**

6) Enumerate **two** advantages of fire and smoke signals used in ancient days. **(2 marks)**

7) How did the invention of fertilizer affect industrial revolution in Britain? **(1 mark)**

8) Name the least common type of constitution. **(1 mark)**

9) Name the chartered company that administered the British West African protectorates during the process of colonization. **(1 mark)**

10) State **two** economic effects of the Chimurenga war. **(2 marks)**

11) Identify the European power that took over the administration of Tanganyika after world war **I.** **(1 mark)**

12) State **two** reasons why USA did not join the First World War until 1917. **(2 marks)**

13) Identify **two** demands made by Austria- Hungary against Serbia following the assassination of arch Duke Ferdinand. **(2 marks)**

14) Give **two** countries in which cold war broke into real war. **(2 marks)**

15) Name the principal judicial organ of the United Nations Organization. **(1 mark)**

16) State **two** provisions contained in the Arusha declaration document adopted by Tanzania in 1967. **(2 marks)**

17) Identify the highest organ of the new East African Community. **(1 mark)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions in this section

18) a) State **three** limitations of electronic sources of History. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** reasons why man lived in groups during the Stone Age period. **(12 mks)**

19) a) State **three** reasons why African slaves were preferred by the European peoples during the slavery period **(3 marks)**

b) Describe **six** factors that contributed to the decline of the Trans-Atlantic trade**.12 mks)**

20) a) Give **three** reasons why Lewanika collaborated with the British. **(3 marks)**

b) Describe the grievances of the Chimurenga uprising of 1896 - 1897. **(12 mks)**

21) a) Mention **three** member countries of the United Nations organization with veto powers. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** causes of the Second World War. **(12 mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer two questions from this section

22) a) State **five** reasons why the British adopted indirect rule in Northern Nigeria.**(5 mks)**

b) Explain **five** positive effects of indirect rule in Northern Nigeria. **(10 mks)**

23) a) Give **three** characteristics of commonwealth member states. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain the challenges facing the Commonwealth of Nations. **(12 mks)**

24) a) Give **three** ways in which one can become a member of the house of Lords in Britain. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** functions of the queen of Britain. **(12 mks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 4 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

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B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Name *one* remnant of the hunter and gatherer community in Western Kenya. **(1 mark)**

2. State *two* economic results of the migration and settlement of the Kenyan communities during the pre-colonial period. **(2 marks)**

3. Give *one main* reason why the Portuguese conquered East Africa so easily? **(1 mark)**

4. State *two* ways in which East African slave trade undermined local industries. **(2 marks)**

5. Name the treaty that marked the end of the scramble and partition of East Africa. **(1 mark)**

6. State *two* methods used by the colonial government to promote settler farming in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

7. What was the *main* outcome of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923? **(1 mark)**

8. Give *two* common characteristics of the political parties formed after 1945. **(2 marks)**

9. State *two* ways in which the trade union movement contributed to the struggle for independence. **(2 marks)**

10. What *major* political change was introduced during the Limuru Conference of 1966? **(1 mark)**

11. Give *two* militant ways of solving conflicts. **(2 marks)**

12. Give the first step that is taken when solving conflicts by negotiation. **(1 mark)**

13. State how the citizens of Kenya participate in their government. **(1 mark)**

14. Give *one* political right of the youth guaranteed in the New Constitution of Kenya. **(1 mark)**

15. State *two* functions of the Judiciary in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

16. Identify *two* political events that threatened the stability of Kenya between 1975 and 1978. **(2 marks)**

17. Name the fund into which all government revenue is paid. **(1 mark)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

18. **(a)** Give *five* reasons for the migration of Somali into Kenya. **(5 marks)**

(b) Describe the political organization of the Nandi during the pre-colonial period. **(10 mks)**

19. **(a)** State three functions of fort Jesus during the Portuguese rule . **(3 mrks)**

(b) Explain *six* positive effects of missionary activities in East Africa. **(12 mks)**

20. **(a)** Give *three* ways in which the Kenya Uganda railway promoted economic growth in colonial Kenya. **(3 mks)**

(b) Apart from independent Churches and Schools, explain *six* other factors that speeded the achievement of independence in Kenya after 1945 **(12 mks)**

21. (a) State *three* roles of Wangari Maathai in the history of Kenya. **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain *six* reasons why the Nandi resistance to the British was protracted. **(12 mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

22. **(a)** Identify *three* importance of democracy in Kenya. **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain *six* rights of an accused person in Kenya. **(12 mks)**

23. **(a)** State *five* features of the Independence constitution of 1962. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain *five* functions of the Cabinet in Kenya. **(10 mks)**

24. **(a)** State *five* reforms which have been introduced to improve the conditions of Correctional Services. **(5 mks)**

(b) Explain *five* factors which undermine free and fair elections in Kenya. **(10 mks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 4 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

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C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Identify ***two*** sources historians use to write the history of Africa. **(2 marks)**

2. Give ***two*** factors which influenced early man to begin domesticating animals. **(2 marks)**

3. Identify the ***main*** source of industrial energy from the mid 20th century. **(1 mark)**

4. Identify ***two*** scientific discoveries during the 19th century which contributed to food preservation. **(2 marks)**

5. State ***two*** characteristics of Macadam roads. **(2 marks)**

6. State the ***main*** function of the Golden Stool in the Asante Empire during the pre-colonial period. **(1 marks)**

7. Identify the method used to plant cereal crops when early agriculture began. **(1 marks)**

8. State ***one*** main limitation of barter trade during Trans-Saharan trade. **(1 mark)**

9. Give ***one*** way in which the Agrarian Revolution in England affected the lives of small scale farmers**.** **(1 mark)**

10. Identify ***one*** way in which Africans reacted to European colonization of Africa. **(1 marks)**

11. State ***two*** results of the construction of the Suez Canal. **(2 marks)**

12. Identify ***two*** chartered companies which were used to administer European colonial possessions in Africa. **(2 marks)**

13. Name ***one*** political party that fought for independence in Ghana. **(1 mark)**

14. Give the ***main*** reason for the failure of the League of Nations. **(1 mark)**

15. What was the immediate cause of the World War One? **(1 mark)**

16. Identify ***one*** method used by the French to administer their colonies in Africa. **(2 marks)**

17. Give ***two*** principal organs of the United Nations Organization (UNO). **(2 marks)**

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SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

18. **(a)** State ***three*** physical changes of early man according to Charles Darwin. **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** common factors that led to the development of early agriculture in Mesopotamia and Egypt. **(12 mks)**

19. **(a)** Mention any ***three*** factors that led to the spread of iron working in Africa. **(3 mks)**

(b) Describe the social organization of the Shona during the pre-colonial period. **(12 mks)**

20. **(a)** State ***three*** social factors that led to the scramble for and partition of Africa. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe ***six*** effects of the scramble for and partition of Africa. **(12 mks)**

21. **(a)** Give ***three*** reasons why the Lozi collaborated with the British. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain the importance of the Buganda agreement of 1900. **(12 mks)**

SECTION C (30 Marks)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

21. (a) Name ***three*** communes of Senegal where Assimilation policy was successfully applied. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** reasons why indirect rule failed in southern Nigeria. **(12 mks)**

23. **(a)** Identify ***three*** methods used by nationalists in Ghana during their struggle for independence. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe ***six*** factors that contributed to the struggle for independence in South Africa. **(12 mks)**

24. **(a)** Give ***three*** reasons why the United States of America (USA) was reluctant to join the First World war **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** social effects of the Second World War. **(12 mks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 5 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.

a) *Write your **NAME, SCHOOL** and **INDEX NUMBER** in the spaces provided above.*

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SECTION	MAXIMUM SCORE	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Identify **two** classifications of Monarchical government **(2marks)**

2) State **two** economic results of the Oromo settlement in their present homeland **(2marks)**

3) Name the largest linguistic group in Kenya **(1mark)**

4) State **two** functions of Fort Jesus to the Portuguese during their rule **(2marks)**

5) Give **two** reasons why the Portuguese attempts to introduce Christianity to the Coastal people failed between 1500- 1700 AD **(2marks)**

6) Define the term 'thrift' as a value of good citizenship **(1mark)**

7) Give the main significance of the Appeal of section 2A of the constitution of Kenya in 1991 **(1mark)**

8) Name two reserves that were created for Maasai by the British after their collaboration **(2marks)**

9) State the main political factor that made it difficult for the British to effectively administer Kenya during the colonial period **(1 mark)**

10) Identify the main significance of the Devonshire white paper of 1923 **(1mark)**

11) Highlight the disagreement that led Kenya African national Union and Kenya African Democratic Union to attend second Lancaster House conference (1962) **(1mark)**

12) Give two functions of the National Intelligence Service **(2marks)**

13) Identify two sources of the Nyayo philosophy **(2marks)**

14) What step has the government of Kenya taken to help eliminate literacy among adults **(2mks)**

15) Name the smallest county in Kenya **(1mark)**

16) State two principles of devolved government **(2marks)**

17) Identify the body that investigates and recommends for prosecution of Public officers who misuse public finances **(1marks)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any Three questions from this Section

18) **(a)** State 5 results of the migration and settlement of the Eastern Cushites into Kenya by 1800c **(5 marks)**

(b) Describe Economic Organization of the Somali in the 19th Century **(10 marks)**

19) **(a)** What were the reasons for the construction of Kenya-Uganda Railway, during the colonial period **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain 5 reasons which led to the formation of independent churches and Schools during the colonial Period **(5 mark**

20) **(a)** Outline 5 demands of coast African Association formed in 1943 **(5marks)**

(b) Explain 5 ways through which the colonial government promoted settler farming in Kenya **(10marks)**

21) **(a)** State 5 factors that favored Mau Mau freedom fighters in Kenya **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain 5 factors that made the political organization and movement to demand for political independence after 1945 in Kenya **(10 mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any Two Questions from this section

22) **(a)** State **three** composition of the cabinet **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain Six functions of the national Assembly **(12 marks)**

23) **(a)** State 3 ways through which direct democracy is practised in Kenya **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six functions of Kenya National Human rights commission **(12 marks)**

24) **(a)** State three Principles of devolved government **(3marks)**

(b) Explain 6 challenges facing county government in Kenya **(12 marks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 5 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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a) *Write your **NAME, SCHOOL** and **INDEX NUMBER** in the spaces provided above.*

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Define the term Palaentology **(1mark)**

2) State Charles Darwins theory of evolution **(1mark)**

3) A part from tool making, identify two other early industries of the early man **(2marks)**

4) Name two methods of irrigation used during early Agriculture in Egypt **(2maks)**

5) Identify the **MAIN** disadvantage of most of telecommunication system **(1mark)**

6) State one religious use of steam in early Egypt **(1mark)**

7) State two factors that led to the growth of urban centres in Europe **(2marks)**

8) Give two economic factors that led to the growth Asante empire **(2marks)**

9) Identify two external threats which faced Ndebele Kingdom, under Lobengula **(2mark)**

10) State one challenge faced by Fredrick Lugard, when he tried to establish colonial rule in Northern Nigeria **(1mark)**

11) State the role played by the church in the struggle for independence in South Africa **(1marks)**

12) Identify two religious functions that emerged after the death of Kabaka Mutesa of Buganda by 1884 **(2marks)**

13) State two reasons why Adolf Hittler was interested in Russia at the beginning of the 1st World War **(2marks)**

14) Identify the event that prompted the U.S.A to join the 1st World War **(1marks)**

15) Name two permanent members of The United Nations Security Council **(2marks)**

16) Identity one common Social Service provided by the E.Africa Community between 1967-1977 **(1mark)**

17) State the MAIN Political challenge that has faced Democratic Republic of Congo since independence **(1mark)**

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SECTION B: (45 Marks)

Answer Three Questions from this section

18)(a) Give three reasons why increase in population led to the beginning of early Agriculture. **(3mks)**

(b) Describe the way of life of the early man during the lower stone age period. **(12 mks)**

19)(a) Identify three kingdoms that contributed to the development of Trans-Saharan trade **(3mks)**

(b) Describe the Political organization of the Shona in the 19th Century **(12mks)**

20)(a) Name the three colonies which made up the British Central Africa territory **(3mks)**

(b) Explain Six reasons why it took long for Mozambique to decolonize **(12 mks)**

21)(a) Outline three roles played by the food and Agriculture organization (FAO) as a specialized agency of the U.N. **(3mks)**

(b) Explain 6 ways in which telecommunication has negatively affected the Society **(12mks)**

SECTION C: (30 MKS)

Answer Two Questions from this section

22)(a) Outline five causes of the Second World War **(5mks)**

(b) Explain five challenges facing the Common Wealth **(10 mks)**

23)(a) State five objectives of the economic organization of West African States **(5mks)**

(b) Explain five achievements of the league of Nations **(10 mks)**

24)(a) State five functions of the British Monarch **(5mks)**

(b) Describe five duties of the Prime Minister in Britain **(10mks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 6 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Identify **two** sources of Kenyan History. **(2 marks)**
2. State **two** similarities in the political organization of the Ameru and the Abagusii during the 19th Century. **(2 marks)**
3. Give the **main** reason why the rulers of Malindi welcomed the Portuguese in the 16th Century. **(1 mark)**
4. State **two** advantages of a written constitution. **(2 marks)**
5. Identify **one** fighting tactic used during the African resistance against the establishment of British rule in Kenya . **(1 mark)**
6. Identify **one** feature of African farming in Kenya during the colonial period. **(1 mark)**
7. Give the **main** reason why poll tax was introduced in Kenya during the colonial period. **(1 mark)**
8. Name **one** personality who inspired Jomo Kenyatta to join politics. **(1 mark)**
9. Identify **one** condition that one must fulfill in order to register as a voter in Kenya. **(1 mark)**
10. Give **one** member of the African Elected Members Organization (AEMO) at its inception in 1957. **(1 mark)**
11. Give **one** strategy used by the colonial government to achieve its objectives in offering missionary education in Kenya. **(1 mark)**
12. Outline **two** roles of polling clerks in Kenya. **(2 marks)**
13. Identify **two** functions of the National Intelligence Service (NIS) in Kenya. **(2 marks)**
14. Give **two** roles played by the ruling party in Kenya. **(2 marks)**
15. Give **two** ways in which parliamentary supremacy is undermined in Kenya. **(2 marks)**
16. Give the **main** function of the Commission on Revenue Allocation in Kenya. **(1 mark)**
17. State **two** ways through which the savings and credit cooperative societies in Kenya benefit their members. **(2 marks)**

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SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18. (a) Identify **three** communities that interacted with the Abagusii as they migrated and settled in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe the social organization of the Abagusii. **(12 marks)**

19. (a) Identify **three** factors which enabled the white settlers to establish farms in Kenya during the colonial period **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** ways in which the colonial government promoted settler farming in Kenya **(12 marks)**

20. (a) Apart from Kenya African National Union **(KANU)** name **three** other political parties formed in Kenya between 1960 and 1963 **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain the political developments which hastened the achievement of independence in Kenya between 1945 - 1963 **(12 mks)**

21. (a) Identify **three** education commissions appointed by the government to review the education systems since independence. **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain **six** challenges facing the education sector in Kenya today. **(12 mks)**

SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22. (a) Identify **three** ways that could be used to amend the constitution in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** challenges faced in giving Kenyans a new constitution. **(12 mks)**

23. (a) Outline the procedure for solving disputes in presidential elections in Kenya. **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain **six** functions of the Senate in Kenya. **(12 mks)**

24. (a) State **three** reasons why African socialism was adopted. **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain **six** social impacts of National philosophies in Kenya. **(12 mks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 6 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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a) *Write your **NAME, SCHOOL** and **INDEX NUMBER** in the spaces provided above.*

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) What is meant by paleontology? **(1 mark)**

2) State the earliest form of art by early man. **(1 mark)**

3) Why was the trans-Atlantic trade referred to as triangular trade? **(1 mark)**

4) State two ways in which railway transport promoted industrialization in Europe. **(2 marks)**

5) State one way through which European powers maintained peace among themselves during partition of Africa. **(1 mark)**

6) State to pottery- making styles associated with iron working. **(2 marks)**

7) Identify two terms of the treaty signed between Lobengular and Charles Rudd the BSA company representative. **(2 marks)**

8) State two methods used by Ghananians in articulating their quest for nationalism. **(2 mark)**

9) State two regions that attempted to break away from Congo during 1960s Congo crisis. **(2 marks)**

10) Identify two fighting methods used in the First World War. **(2 marks)**

11) Name two sources of laws for British unwritten constitution. **(2 marks)**

12) State the main function of e international court of justice. **(1 mark)**

13) State the main objective of the Marshall plan after the Second World War. **(1 mark)**

14) State two demands of the Australian government towards Bosnia after the assassination of Franz Ferdinad. **(2 marks)**

15) Name one leader who was the founder of the non-Aligned movements. **(1 mark)**

16) Name the head of the government in Aristocratic government. **(1 mark)**

17) Which body is in charge of elections in USA? **(1 mark)**

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SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18) **(a)**Give five reasons why it is important to study history. **(5 mks)**

(b) Explain five advantages of using linguistics as a source of information on History and government. **(5 mks)**

19) **(a)**Identify three challenges of air transport. **(3 mks)**

(b) Explain six positive effects of telecommunication today. **(12 mks)**

20) **(a)**State five factors that led to the growth of Johannesburg. **(5 mks)**

(b) Explain five ways in which the Industrial and Agrarian Revolution influenced urbanization in Europe in the 19th century. **(10 mks)**

21) **(a)**Identified three chartered companies which were used. European powers to acquire colonies in Africa. **(3 marks)**

(b) Discuss six political impacts of partition of Africa by European powers. **(12 mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

22) **(a)** Name ***three*** communes of Senegal where Assimilation policy was successfully applied. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** reasons why indirect rule failed in southern Nigeria. **(12 marks)**

23) **(a)** Identify ***three*** methods used by nationalists in Ghana during their struggle for independence. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe ***six*** factors that contributed to the struggle for independence in South Africa. **(12 marks)**

24) **(a)** Give ***three*** reasons why the United States of America (USA) was reluctant to join the First World war **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** social effects of the Second World War. **(12 marks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 7 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Give two examples of early inhabitants of Kenya. **(2marks)**

2. Identify two cultural practices introduced by the Cushites in Kenya. **(2marks)**

3. Identify the title given to the war leader among the Luo community **(1mark)**

4. State two characteristics of a good constitution. **(2marks)**

5. Identify any two groups that monitor human rights in Kenya. **(2marks)**

6. Apart from the legislative council mention two other bodies that assisted the central government in administering the protectorate during the colonial period. **(2marks)**

7. Identify three recommendations of the Lenox-Boyd constitution of 1957. **(3marks)**

8. Mention one main strategy introduced by Jomo Kenyatta to try and eliminate the social problems that faced Kenya at independence. **(1mark)**

9. State two major challenges facing Health sector in Kenya. **(2marks)**

10. Name two sources of Nyayo philosophy **(2marks)**

11. Name the education commission that was established in 1982 to review the 8.4.4 system of education. **(1mark)**

12. Give two rule that govern that concept of natural justice **(2mark)**

13. Who is the head of judiciary in Kenya? **(1mark)**

14. State two operation forts established by the British to enhance political control in central Kenya **(2marks)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions from this section

15. **a)**Name three similarities in social organization of the Agikuyu and Luo during pre-colonial period. **(3 marks)**

b)Describe the political organization of the Kenyan Somali during the pre-colonial period **(12marks)**

16. **a)** Identify Five constitutional changes in Executive in 2010 **(5marks)**

b)Explain five challenges that Kenyans encountered in the search for new constitution. **(10marks)**

17. **a)** State five measures used by colonial government in Kenya to force Africans to provide labour in settler farms. **(5marks)**

b) Describe five consequences of colonial land policies. **(10 mks)**

18. **a)** Name three rights of aliens in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain six civic responsibilities of Kenyan Citizens **(12 mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section

19. **a)**List three methods used by the British to occupy Kenya towards the close of the 19th century **(3marks)**

b)Explain six challenges that faced the Imperial British East Africa Company in its Administration of the protectorate **(12 marks)**

20. **a)** Identify three methods that have been used to conduct elections in Kenya. **(3marks)**

b) Why is parliament an important institution in Kenya? **(3marks)**

21. **a)** Give three aims of Harambee movement in Kenya. **(3marks)**

22. **b)** Explain six problems that faced Harambee movement in Kenya. **(12 marks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 7 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Give the main method used by anthropologist to gather their historical data. **(1mark)**

2. Identify the method used in making sangoan tools. **(1mark)**

3. Identify two external reasons for Lewanika's collaboration with the British **(2marks)**

4. Identify the chartered company that British used to administer parts of west Africa **(1mark)**

5. Give two reasons why the location of Samori Toures second empire contributed to his defeat by the French **(2marks)**

6. Identify two ancestors of man associated with the making of Oldowan Tools **(2marks)**

7. List two inventions which Jethro Tull a British farmer invented. **(2marks)**

8. State two regions where salt was mined during Trans-Saharan Trade. **(2marks)**

9. State two ways in which knowledge of iron working led to the rise of kingdoms in pre-colonial period **(2marks)**

10. Identify two social classes that made up the Baganda society in the pre-colonial period. **(2marks)**

11. State one way through which the European nations maintained peace among themselves during the partition of African continent. **(1mark)**

12. State two duties of native affairs Department in Zimbabwe during the colonial period. **(2marks)**

13. Name the underground movement that spearheaded the armed resistance in South Africa during the apartheid system **(1mark)**

14. Identify two weapons used during cold war. **(2marks)**

15. Identify two vessels used in space exploration. **(2marks)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section

16. **a)**Identify three reasons why African slaves were more preferred than other races during the Trans-Atlantic trade **(3marks)**

b) Explain six factors which contributed to the decline of the Trans-Saharan Trade.**(12marks)**

17. **a)**Name three advantages of the use of radio over newspaper in modern society. **(3marks)**

b)Describe six contributions of TV to economic development. **(12marks)**

18. **a)**Outline five factors that led to rise of Shona community before the 19th century **(5marks)**

b)Describe the political organization of Asante Empire in the pre-colonial period **(10 mrks)**

19. a) Other than Nigeria name other three British colonies in West Africa. **(3marks)**

b) Explain six reasons why the British used Direct rule in Zimbabwe. **(12marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section

20. **a)**Name three political parties that struggled for independence in Ghana. **(3marks)**

b)Explain six factors that contributed to nationalism in Ghana. **(12marks)**

21. **a)**Give five reasons for the failure of the peace settlement after the First World War **(5marks)**

b)Discuss five causes of the Second World War. **(10marks)**

22. **a)**Name three founders of Non-Aligned Movement **(3marks)**

b)Explain six factors that undermined the activities of Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) **(12marks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 8 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……..…

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a) *Write your **NAME, SCHOOL** and **INDEX NUMBER** in the spaces provided above.*

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Define the term government as a subject in secondary schools. **(1 mark)**

2) Give the **MAIN** method used by the archaeologists to gather their historical data. **(1 mark)**

3) Name the **MAIN** source of historical information used in grouping the language groups in Kenya**.** **(1 mark)**

4) Give **two** reasons for the migration of the Borana from Ethiopia into Kenya. **(2 marks)**

5) Name **two** councils of elders among the Nandi in the 19th century. **(2 marks)**

6) Which community of East Africa was the most active in the long distance trade in the 19th century**.** **(1 mark)**

7) State **one** reason why the government may limit the freedom of speech. **(1 mark)**

8) State **two** advantages of using arbitration as a method of resolving conflict. **(2 marks)**

9) Give **two** reasons why the constitution of Kenya as important. **(2 marks)**

10) Mention **one** type of representative democracy. **(1 mark)**

11) Name the document that contains the rights of the child in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

12) Give the **MAIN** reason why poll tax was introduced in Kenya during the colonial period. **(1 mark)**

13) Give **two** reasons why Africans were reluctant to provide labour during the colonial period. **(2 marks)**

14) State **two** recommendations of the Lyttelton constitution of 1954. **(2 marks)**

15) Give the composition of County Assembly. **(2 marks)**

16) State **two** ways in which the government of Kenya has promoted the culture of the people of Kenya since independence. **(2 marks)**

17) Identify the **MAIN** political challenge facing the government of Kenya today. **(1 mark)**

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SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

Answer ANY three questions from this section.

18) **(a)**Outline **five** reasons for the migration of the Luo from their ancestral homeland.**(5 mks)**

Describe the political organization of the Mijikenda during the pre-colonial period.**(10 mks)**

19) (a)Identify **three** contributions of the European missionaries to the exploration of East Africa in the 19th century. **(3 marks)**

Explain **six** factors which promoted missionary activities in East Africa in the 19th century. **(12 marks)**

20) **(a)**Identify **three** problems that the independent schools faced during the colonial period. **(3 marks)**

Explain **six** results of the establishment of independent churches in Kenya during the colonial period. **(12 marks)**

21) **(a)** State **five** main features of African socialism. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** economic effects of African socialism. **(10 marks)**

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

Answer two questions from this section.

22) **(a)** State any **three** ways in which the Kenya constitution promotes National unity.**(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** peaceful methods of resolving conflicts. **(10 marks)**

23) **(a)**Identify **five** challenges Kenya faced in the process of making a new constitution.(**5 mks)**

(b) What were the main terms of the National Accord and Reconciliation Act 2008**(10 mks)**

24) **(a)**Outline the composition of the County Executive Committee. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain how multipartism has promoted democracy in Kenya. **(10 marks)**

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TOP KCSE PREDICTIONS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 8 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.

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C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Give **two** contributions of Archaeology to the study of History. **(2 marks)**

2) Which is the title of the tools made by the New Stone Age Man? **(1 mark)**

3) Give the **MAIN** reason why early agriculture developed in Egypt. **(1 mark)**

4) Give **two** inventions that led to the Agrarian Revolution in Britain. **(2 marks)**

5) Name **one** metal that was used as currency in pre-colonial Africa. **(1 mark)**

6) State **one** advantage of pipeline over vehicles in transporting oil. **(1 mark)**

7) Give **two** challenges faced by space explorers. **(2 marks)**

8) State **one** disadvantage of using wood as a source of energy. **(1 mark)**

9) Give **one** invention that revolutionalized food preservation during the nineteenth century. **(1 mark)**

10) Identify **one** use of steel during the industrial revolution. **(1 mark)**

11) Give **two** social functions of the ancient city of Athens in Greece. **(2 marks)**

12) Give **one** way in which public opinion in Europe contributed to the colonization of Africa. **(1 mark)**

13) State **one** way in which African collaboration with Europeans hastened colonization in Africa. **(1 mark)**

14) Identify **two** differences between British and French colonial administration. **(2 marks)**

15) Mention **two** ways in which the treaty of Versailles signed in 1919 affected Germany. **(2 marks)**

16) State **one** condition that a country should fulfill inorder to become a member of the Non-Aligned Movement. **(1 mark)**

17) Identify **two** ways in which the congress checks the powers of the President of USA. **(2 marks)**

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SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

Answer ANY three questions from this section.

18) **(a)** State **five** reasons why early people domesticated crops and animals. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** causes of food shortages in Africa today. **(10 marks)**

19) **(a)** Give **three** problems faced by factory workers in Europe during the industrial revolution. **(3 marks)**

(b) Why did the industrial revolution take place in Britain ahead of other European countries. **(12 marks)**

20) **(a)** Name **three** political parties in South Africa. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** factors that led to the development of African Nationalism in Ghana. **(12 mks)**

21) **(a)** Give the achievements of ECOWAS. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** challenges faced by Non-Aligned Movement since its formation. **(10 marks)**

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

Answer two questions from this section.

22) **(a)** Describe the social organization of the shona during the pre-colonial period. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain the political organization of the Mwene Mutapa Kingdom during the pre-colonial period. **(10 marks)**

23) **(a)** Give **five** reasons why the central powers were defeated in the First World War. **(5 marks)**

(b) Describe **five** social effects of the Second World War. **(10 marks)**

24) **(a)** State **five** merits of the federal government of the United States of America. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** reasons why parliament is the supreme institution in Britain. **(10 marks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 9 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Give two reasons why a person cannot rely on written materials as a source of information on History and Government. **(2 marks)**
2. State any two economic activities of the Abagusii in the pre-colonial period. **(2 marks)**
3. In what one way did Kenyan communities interact in the pre-colonial period. **(1 mark)**
4. Identify **one** archaeological evidence that prove that early visitors came to the East African coast. **(1 mark)**
5. Give two reasons that influenced Seyyid Said to move his capital from Muscat to Zanzibar in 1840. **(2marks)**
6. State two requirements for one to be registered as a Kenyan citizen. **(2marks)**
7. State one function of a constitution. **(1mark)**
8. State two rights of the Kenyan youth. **(2marks)**
9. Give two reasons that made Nabongo Mumia to collaborate with the British. **(2marks)**
10. State any one feature of missionary education in the colonial period. **(2marks)**
11. Give one political impact of the national philosophies. **(1 mark)**
12. State the main result of the repealing section 2A of the constitution in 1991. **(1 mark)**
13. Give two reasons why Kenya holds general elections. **(2marks)**
14. Give one function of the Attorney general. **(1 mark)**
15. Give the main role of the court of appeal. **(1 mark)**
16. State one function of the county governor. **(1 mark)**
17. Identify one fund into which collected revenue by the national government is deposited. **(1 mark)**

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SECTION B: (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section

18.(a) Outline the various reasons for the migration of the cushites from their original homeland. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the political organization of the Mijikenda during the pre-colonial period.**(10 mark)**

19. (a) State any five factors that contributed to the development of the international trade in the 19th century. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain the factors that led to the decline of the coastal towns after 1500AD **(10marks)**

20.(a) State any three ways in which colonial land policies negatively affected the African in the colonial period. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six ways in which the colonial government promoted settler farming. **(12marks)**

21.(a) Identify **three** types of landholding in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** political challenges that have faced post-independent Kenya. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22.(a) State three types of Bills discussed by the National assembly**.** **(3marks)**

(b) Describe the process of law making at the national level. **(12 marks)**

23.(a) Give any three ways of peaceful conflict resolution in a country such as Kenya. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain any six factors that limit Kenya's national unity. **(12marks)**

24.(a) Identify **five** indirect taxes paid by Kenyans **(5marks)**

(b) Explain **five** ways through which parliament ensures public finance is **not** misused **(10marks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 9 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1. Give two ways in which anthropology contributes to information on History and Government **(2 marks)**

2. Identify two chemical methods of dating materials used by archaeologists **(2 marks)**

3. Give two physical features of *Homo erectus* **(2 marks)**

4. State Charles Darwin's theory of Evolution. **(1 mark)**

5. Give the main reason why man domesticated the dog **(1 mark)**

6. State any two disadvantages of using messengers to pass messages **(2 marks)**

7. State one disadvantage of the internet as a means of communication **(2 marks)**

8. State the major limitation of gold as a metal **(1 mark)**

9. Outline two factors that influenced the development of early urban centres in Africa **(2 marks)**

10. Identify the leader who convened the Berlin conference of 1884-1885 **(1 mark)**

11. Identify one country in Africa that was not colonized by the European powers **(1 mark)**

12. Give two reasons that influenced Lewanika to collaborate with the British **(2 marks)**

13. Identify two military tactics that Samori used against the French. **(2 marks)**

14. Identify one characteristic of the cold war **(1 marks)**

15. Give ONE functions of the council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity. **(1 mark)**

16. State any two objectives for the formation of the Economic Community of West African States **(2 marks)**

17. Name the form of government that is practiced in Great Britain? **(1 mark)**

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SECTION B: (45 marks)

Answer only three questions in this section

18.(a) State five reasons why early man domesticated crops and animals during the Neolithic period. **(5marks)**

(b) What was the impact of the Agrarian Revolution in Britain **(10marks)**

19.(a) State three factors that contributed to the development of Trans-Saharan trade. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain five positive results of Trans-Saharan trade on the people of Western Sudan. **(10mks)**

20.(a) State any three factors that led to the growth of London as an urban Centre **(3marks)**

(b) Discuss any six problems facing modern urban centre in Africa . **(12marks)**

21.(a). Outline five terms of the Berlin conference of 1884-1885. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain FIVE factors that led to the defeat of Shona and Ndebele during the Chimurenga uprising**.** **(10marks)**

SECTION C: (30marks)

Answer only two questions in this section

22.(a) Outline five causes of the First World war **(5marks)**

(b) Discuss five reasons why the League of Nations failed to preserve World peace **(10marks)**

23.(a) State three economic aspects of the Shona during the pre-colonial period. **(3marks)**

(b) Describe the political organization of the Asante Empire during the 19th Century **(12marks)**

24.(a) Identify three ways through which a person can become a member of the House of Lords in Britain. **(3marks)**

(b) Discuss six roles of the prime Minister in Britain **(12marks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 10 PAPER 1

2 ½ HOURS

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B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Identify one main source of History and Government of the Kenyan communities during the pre colonial period. **(1mark)**

2) Name two groups of people that form the Coastal Bantu of Kenya. **(2marks)**

3) Name one Kenyan community that had a centralized form of government in the pre-colonial period. **(1mark)**

4) Give two crops that were introduced by the Portuguese at the East African Coast. **(2marks)**

5) State two terms of the Anglo-German agreement of 1886. **(2marks)**

6) Define dual citizenship. **(1mark)**

7) Identify the main grievance of Ukamba Members Association. **(1mark)**

8) Identify two Kenyan communities that showed mixed reactions against colonial invasion. **(2marks)**

9) Mention the woman who led the Agiriama resistance. **(1mark)**

10) State two reasons why Africans in Kenya were denied the right to grow cash crops during the colonial period? **(2marks)**

11) Give two demands of African Elected Members Organization (A.E.M.O). **(2marks)**

12) Who introduced dairy farming in Kenya? **(1mark)**

13) What was the main ideological difference between KANU and KADU before independence in 1963? **(1mark)**

14) Give the main function of Parliament in Kenya. **(1mark)**

15) State the two levels of government in Kenya today. **(2marks)**

16) Identify the constitutional amendment that reverted Kenya to a multi-party state. **(1mark)**

17) Mention two types of funds in which government revenue is deposited. **(2marks)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18) (a) State five reasons for the migration of the Nilotes. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the social organization of the Maasai. **(10marks)**

19) (a) Mention five characteristics of Coastal towns by 1500 AD. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five results of plantation agriculture in the East African Coast by Seyyid Said. **(10marks)**

20) (a) Outline five ways used by the colonial government to provide labour for the settler farmers. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five effects of colonial land policies. **(10marks)**

21) (a)Identify three methods used by African nationalists in their struggle for Independence. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six effects of Mau Mau uprising in Kenya. **(12marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

22) (a) State five functions of Kenya correctional facilities. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five factors that undermine the administration of justice in Kenya. **(10marks)**

23) (a) Give three political causes of conflicts. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six ways through which education fosters National Unity. **(12marks)**

24) (a) What is the composition of the County Assembly? **(3marks)**

(b) Describe six challenges facing devolution in Kenya today. **(12marks)**

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 10 PAPER 2

2 ½ HOURS

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A	25	
B	45	
C	30	
TOTAL SCORE	100	

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SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL Questions in this section.

1) Identify two advantages of the upright posture to the early man. **(2marks)**

2) Name the tools used by early man in the second phase of the old stone age period. **(1mark)**

3) State two disadvantages of silent trade. **(2marks)**

4) Mention the form of writing that developed in Egypt as a result of early agriculture. **(1mark)**

5) Give one negative consequence of iron working in Africa. **(1mark)**

6) Identify two demerits of smoke signals as used in traditional communication. **(2marks)**

7) State two advantages of space exploration. **(2marks)**

8) Who invented the printing press? **(1mark)**

9) Mention two characteristics of industrial revolution in Europe. **(2marks)**

10) How did the Shona refer to their God? **(1mark)**

11) State two sources of British law. **(2marks)**

12) Identify two types of Monarchial governments. **(2marks)**

13) Give two peaceful methods used by the Europeans to acquire colonies in Africa. **(2marks)**

14) Mention the French method of administration that replaced the assimilation policy. **(1mark)**

15) Identify the immediate cause of the second world war. **(1mark)**

16) Give the UN agency tasked with promoting workers welfare. **(1mark)**

17) Identify the official head of the common wealth organization. **(1mark)**

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18) (a) Identify three hunting methods used by early man. **(3marks)**

(b) Describe the culture of early man during the middle stone age period. **(12marks)**

19) (a) Mention five economic activities carried out in Buganda kingdom in the 19th century. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five factors for the growth of Shona kingdom. **(10marks)**

20) (a) Identify three chattered companies that were used to administer European possessions in Africa. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six positive effects of European colonization of Africa. **(12marks)**

21) (a) Mention five reasons for the failure of the Maji Maji uprising. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five disadvantages of Samori Toures second empire at Dabakala. **(10mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

22) (a) Identify five aims of the League of Nations. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five challenges faced by UNO. **(10marks)**

23) (a) Outline five causes of the first world war. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe five effects of cold war. **(10marks)**

24) (a) Identify three reasons why the Manchester Pan African congress of 1945 was unique. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six reasons why Pan African movement was not properly established in Africa by 1945. **(12marks)**

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