KCSE HISTORY LATEST PREDICTIONS 2022

KCSE PREDICTION 1 2022
PAPER 1
SECTION A (25 MARKS)

1. Give two ways in which archaeologists identify a pre-historic site. (2mks)
2. State two ways in which the migration of the Cushite's into Kenya affected the Agikuyu during the pre-colonial period. (2mks)
3. State the main factor that contributed to the growth of city states along the Kenyan coast before 1500A.D. (1mk)
4. State two conditions one must fulfil in order to get Kenyan citizenship by registration. (2mks)
5. Identify one activity that promotes national unity in Kenya. (1mk)
6. Which constitutional amendment re-introduced multi-party democracy in Kenya. (1mk)
7. State two ways in which the Bill of Rights protects the interests of the Kenyan youth.
8. State two ways in which construction of the Kenya-Uganda railway speeded up the colonization of Kenya. (2mks)
9. Name two groups which were involved in the provision of educational services in Kenya during the colonial period. (2mks)
10. State two types of democracy. (2mks)
11. Give one reason why the government encouraged settlers to come to Kenya during the colonial period. (1mk)
12. What was the main contribution of Wangari Maathai to the development of Kenya. (1mk)
13. Name the first African to be appointed a minister in Kenya by the colonial government. (1mk)
14. Identify the political party formed in 1960 to champion the interests of minority groups in Kenya. (1mk)
15. What was the main reason for the second Lancaster House conference held in 1962? (1mk)
16. State the main voting system used in Kenya during general elections. (1mk)
17. Name two branches of the National Police Service in Kenya. (2mks)

SECTION B ANSWER THREE QUESTIONS

18. (a)State five reasons that led to the migration of the Luo from their original homeland to the present-day Kenya. (5mks)
    (b)Describe five aspects of the social organizations of the Agikuyu in the 19th Century (10mks).
19. (a)Give three reasons that led to the coming of Arabs to the Kenyan Coast. (3mks)
    (b)Explain six effects of Christian Missionary activities in Kenya. (12mks)
20. (a)State five social effects of the Uganda Railway. (5mks)
    (b)Explain five ways in which colonial land policies in Kenya undermined the African Economy. (10mks)
21. (a)Give five political contributions by Ronald Ngala. (5mks)
    (b)Explain five factors which promoted the growth of African nationalism between (1945-1960). (10mks)

SECTION C ANSWER TWO QUESTIONS

22. (a)Give three conditions that a person should meet to qualify to be a Kenyan citizen by birth. (3mks)
    (b) Explain six social rights of the individual in Kenya. (12mks)
23. (a) State five qualifications of a Presidential candidate in Kenya. (5mks)
    (b) Explain five functions of the National Assembly in Kenya. (10mks)
24. (a) State five rights of arrested persons in Kenya. (5mks)
    (b) Explain five rights that may undermine the administration of justice in Kenya. (10mks)

PAPER 2

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

1. What is history? 1mk
2. Mention two chemical methods of dating fossils. 2mks
3. Give two species of Australopithecus. 2mks
4. State two types of tools used during the Stone Age period. 2mks
5. Differentiate between barter and currency trade. 2mks
6. List two items of trade obtained from Western Sudan during the Trans-Saharan trade. 2mks
7. Give two reasons why African slaves were better than slaves from other races. 2mks
8. State the major disadvantage of sailing boats. 1mk
9. Identify the most appropriate means of transport for the export of fresh flowers. 1mk
10. Give one contribution of internet on education. 1mk
11. Name two early sources of energy. 2mks
12. State one African territory that was colonized by Italy 1mk
13. Outline two terms of the Buganda Agreement of 1900. 2mks
14. Give the main method of British admistration in West Africa . 1mk
15. State one French commune in Senegal. 1mk
16. Identify the permanent decision making organ of the United Nations (UN) 1mk
17. Name one weapon used in the cold war. 1mk

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions in this section

18a. Five methods of hunting used by man in the Old Stone Age. 5mks
b. Explain five effects of early agriculture in Egypt. 10mks

19a. State 3 factors that facilities scientific revolution. 3mks
b. Explain six challenges facing Johannesburg today. 12mks

20a.State 3 ways the Europeans used to colonize territories in Africa. 3mks
b. Explain six factors that caused the Chimurenga (Shona- Ndebele) was against the British. 12mks

21a. State five factors that promoted African nationalism in the 20th Century. 5mks
b. Explain the factors that undermined African Nationalism in Mozambique 10mks

SECTION C (30MARKS

Answer any two questions from this section

22a. State five factors for the growth of the Buganda kingdom in the 19th Century. 5mks
b. Describe the political organization of the Shona in the pre-colonial period. 10mks

23a. State three reasons why USA stayed neutral in the World War 1 upto 1917. 3mks
b. Explain six political consequences of the World War 2. 12mks

24a. State 3 organs of the Common Wealth. 3mks
b. Explain the achievements of the Non –Aligned Movement. 12mks

KCSE PREDICTION 2 2022

PAPER 1

SECTION A. (25MKS)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

1. Identify two written sources of information on Kenyan History. (2mks)
2. Name one aspects of history that you have studied. (1mks)
3. Give the main reason for the migration of Eastern Bantus from Shungwaya. (1mk)
4. Identify two functions of the warriors among the Bantu communities in pre-colonial period.(2mks)
5. Identify one reason that can lead to revocation of citizenship by birth in Kenya. (1mk)
6. State ways in which the nation accord and reconciliation Act 2008 affected the composition of Government in Kenya. (2mks)
7. Identify two types of democracy. (2mks)

8. Give two social factors that led to the scramble and partition of East Africa. (2mks)
9. Give two methods which were used by the British to establish their rule in Kenya. (2mks)
10. Give the name of the Wanga leader who collaborated with the British (1mk)
11. Who was the British administrator in charge of the British Imperial East African Company (1mk)
12. Give two objectives for establishing colonial health centres. (2mks)
13. Identify the political party formed in 1960 to champion the interest of minority groups in Kenya. (2mks)
14. Name the election body that organizes general elections in Kenya. (2mks)
15. Give two types of elections held in Kenya. (2mks)
16. Identify the main voting system used in Kenya during elections. (1mk)
17. Who is the head of judiciary in Kenya. (1mk)

SECTION B;- (45MKS)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

18. a) Give five reasons for the migration of the Luo in Kenya during the 19th century. (5mks)
    b) Explain five effects of migration and settlement of the Luo into Kenya. (10mks)
19. a) State three reasons why Seyyid Said transferred his capital from Muscat to Zanzibar in 1840. (3mks)
    b) Explain six factors which contributed to the development of trade between the Kenyan Coast and the outside world in the 16th century. (12mks)
20. a) State three powers given to Imperial British East African Company by the British. (3mks)
    b) Explain the reason for an end to the Imperial British East Company rule in 1895. (12mks)
21. a) Give five early political organizations formed in Kenya upto 1935. (5mks)
    b) Explain the problems experienced by European settlers in Kenya. (10mks)

SECTION C:- 30MKS)

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

22. a) Give three levels of conflicts that can be experienced in Kenya. (3mks)
    b) Explain six factors that promote National Unity in Kenya. (12mks)
23. a) State five Principles of Democracy. (5mks)
    b) Explain Kenya's Constitutional Review process (10mks)
24. a) State five functions of returning officers in a general election in Kenya. (5mks)
    b) Explain five factors which can interfere with free and fair elections in Kenya. (10mks)

PAPER 2

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

1. State **two** reasons why the study of government is important (2 marks)
2. Define the term 'pre-history' (1 mark)
3. Name **two** economic activities of man in the pre-historic period (2 marks)
4. Give **two** examples of tools made by middle stone age man (2 marks)
5. Identify **one** factors that forced early man to change from hunting and gathering to food production (1 marks)
6. Name **two** early centers of agriculture in the world. (2 marks)
7. Name the type of writing invented by the early world. (1 mark)
8. Give **two** advantages of money system in trade (2 marks)
9. State **two** ways in which the industrial revolution in Europe promoted colonialism (2 marks)
10. What was the **most** important symbol of unity among the Asante? (1 mark)
11. Name **one** chartered companies which were used to administer European colonial possessions in Africa. (2 marks)
12. State **two** conditions that one had to fulfill to become assimilated to French West Africa. (2 marks)
13. State one way through which the European maintained peace among themselves during the partition of Africa (1 mark)
14. Apart from Nigeria and Ghana, name other West African country which was ruled by Britain(1 mark)
15. What is the **main** function of the security council of the UNO? (1 mark)

16. Mention **one** method used by the international community to hasten independence in South Africa. (1 mark)
17. Identify **one** types of democracy. (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

18 a) State **three** roles played by the Tuaregs in the Trans-Saharan trade. (3 marks)
b) Explain **six** effects of the Trans-Saharan trade (12 marks)

19 a) Identify **three** ways in which trade contributed to the growth of Kingdoms in Africa in the 19th C. (3 marks)
b) Explain **six** factors that led to the rise and growth of the Buganda Kingdom. (12 marks)

20 a) Give **five** reasons why many developing countries have lagged behind in industrialization. (5 marks)
b) Explain **five** effects of the industrial Revolution in Europe. (10 marks)

21 a) Name **three** systems of colonial administration used by European powers in Africa. (3 marks)
b) Discuss the difference between the British and French forms of administration in Africa. (12 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

22 a) State **three** reasons why the United States of America (USA) was reluctant to join the First World War during the initial stages. (3 marks)
b) Explain **six** results of the first world war (12 marks)

23 a) State **three** objectives of the Non –aligned movement (3 marks)
b) Explain **six** factors that undermined the activities of Non-aligned movement (12 marks)

24 a) Outline **three** functions of the East African community (3 marks)
b) Explain **six** problems which the East African Community faced upto 1977 (12 marks)

KCSE PREDICTION 3 2022

PAPER 1

SECTION A.25 MARKS.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

1. Name the first settlement of the River lake Nilotes during their migration to Kenya (1mks).
2. Identify the main source of history and government of the Kenyan communities in the pre colonial period (1mks)
3. State one factor that facilitated contact between the Kenyan coast and the outside world in the 16th century (1mk)
4. Give two items of trade from the coast of East Africa during the long distance trade (2mks)
5. State two ways through which Kenyan citizens exercise direct democracy.(2mk)
6. Outline two reasons why the colonial chiefs in Kenya were unpopular (2mks)
7. Identify the main feature of the Kenyan independence constitution (1mk)
8. Give two roles of welfare organizations in Kenya during the colonial period (2mk)
9. Highlight two ways through which the colonial land policies promoted settler farming in Kenya during the colonial period (2mk)
10. Give the main reason why KANU refused to form government after 1961 elections (1mk)
11. State the main reason why the Taita Hills association was formed in 1939 (1mk)
12. Who was the founder of Kenya Peoples Union(KPU) in 1966 (1mk)
13. Outline two political events that threatened the stability of Kenya between 1975 and 1978. (2mk)
14. Name two superior courts in Kenya. (2mks)
15. Identify two parliamentary committees that monitor government expenditure in Kenya (2mk)
16. Give one function of the clerk of the National Assembly in Kenya (2mk)
17. Mention one legislative function of the president of the republic of Kenya. (1mk)

SECTION B.

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

18. (a). identify five sub groups of the Kelenjin community of Kenya (5mks)
    (b).Explain five effects of the migration and settlement of the eastern cushites to Kenya (10mks)
19. (a).Give five reasons why the Akamba actively participated in the long distance trade(5mks)
    (b).Discuss five effects of the long distance trade in Kenya during the 19th century. (10mks)
20. (a) State five ways in which Nabongo Mumia of the Wanga collaborated with the British (5mks)
    (b).Describe the hierarchy of the British colonial administration in Kenya (10mks)
21. (a).State five reasons why the government of Kenya adopted sessional paper no 10 of 1965 (3mks)
    (b). Describe the social effects of national philosophies in Kenya (10mks)

SECTION:30MARK

ANY TWO QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

22. (a).State three factors that may lead to revocation of citizenship by registration (3mks)
    (b) Explain six rights enjoyed by arrested persons in Kenya (12mks)
23. (a).why are general elections held in Kenya after every five years .(3mks)
    (b).Discuss six functions of the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (12mks)
24. (a). Identify five ways of reducing criminal activities in Kenya (5mks)
    (b) Discuss six challenges facing the Judiciary in Kenya (12mks)

PAPER 2

SECTION A (25MARKS)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Define the term pre-history (1mk)
2. Give **two** reasons for studying social history ((2mks)
3. Give **one** custodian of oral tradition as a source of information in history. (1mk)
4. State **one** theory about the origin of iron working in Africa (1mk)
5. Mention two contribute of Louis Pasteur in the field of medicine. (2mks)
6. List **two** manmade factors that influenced the development of earl agriculture in Egypt (2mks)
7. Give the **main** reason for the growth of Kilwa (1mks)
8. Give **two** European activities in Africa before 1850 (2mks)
9. Give **two** economic benefits enjoyed by assimilated Africans in Senegal (2mks)
10. Identify **one** Portuguese colony in Africa (1mk)
11. Outline **two** shorting coming of Samori Toure's second empire (2mks)
12. What was Schielefen Plan (1mk)
13. Name **two** Congolese provinces that attempted to secede during crisis (2mks)
14. Identify the military wing of Economics Community of West Africa States (ECOWAS) (1mk)
15. Name **two** leader from Nigeria who attended the 1945 Manchester pan African conference (2mks)
16. Give **two** military Alliance that formed during the Cold War (2mks)
17. Identify the body that elect the president of United States of America (1mk)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

18. (a) Identify **three** species of Homo Sapiens (3mks)
    b) Describe the culture of early Man during old age period (12mks)
19. a) State **three** political benefits of modern means of communication (3mks)
    (b) Explain **six** impacts of modern means of transportation (12mks)
20. a) Give **three** reasons why Odwira festival in the ancient Asante kingdom was important (3mks)
    (b) Describe social organization of the Shona in 19th century (12mks)
21. a) Identify **five** challenges which Europe colonialist faced as they established their rule in Africa (5mks)
    b) Explain **five** reasons for rise of nationalism in Ghana (10mks)

SECTION C (30MARKS)
ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

22. a)State **three** roles of emirs in Northern Nigeria (3mks)
    b) Explain **six** reasons why in direct rule was unsuccessful in Southern Nigeria. (12mks)
23. (a) Give **five** causes of first world war (1914_1918) (5mks)
    b) Discuss the political effects of Second World War (10mks)
24. (a)State **three** sources of the British Constitution. (3mks)
    (b)Discussion **Six** functions of British Prime Minister (12mks)

KCSE PREDICTION 4 2022

PAPER 1

Section A (25 Marks) Answer all the questions

1) Distinguish the term pre-history from history. (2mks)
2) Give two characteristics of historical event. (2mks)
3) Which is the main method historian use to obtain historical information about Kenyan communities. (1mark)
4) In what two ways has the HIV/AIDS pandemic contributed to food shortages in Kenya.(2mks)
5) What was the main reason for the migration of the Eastern Bantu from Shugwaya during Pre-colonial period?(1mark)
6) Name the community classified as southern cushite in Kenya.(1mk)
7) Give the evidence that proofed that the Greeks were amongst the early visitors to the east African coast upto 1500. (1mk)
8) Give **two** reasons why Kenyan Communities fought against each other during the pre-colonial period. (2 marks)
9) Identify the **two** main items of trade from the interior of Kenya during the long distance Trade. (2 marks)
10) Name one treaty that led to the abolition of slave trade in East Africa.(1mark)
11) Give the meaning of the term Human rights.(1mark)
12) Give one negative methods of conflict resolution. (1mk)
13) What constitutional amendment made Kenya return to a multi-party state? (1 mark)
14) Identify **two** economic benefits of the Kenya-Uganda railway during the colonial period. (2 marks)
15) Stated two powers granted to the Imperial British East Africa Company through the royal charter of 1888. (2mks)
16) Give **two** ways through which the colonial government acquired land in Kenya during the Colonial period. (2 marks)
17) State **one** change introduced by the Lyttleton constitution of 1954 that benefitted the Africans in the struggle for independence. (1 mark)

SECTION B 45 Marks- Answer any three questions

18. a) Outline five features of the earliest people who occupied Kenya. (5Marks)
    b) Describe the economic organization of the Akamba during the pre-colonial period.
19. a) State five factors that facilitated the spread of Christianity in East Africa. (5marks)
    b) Discuss five positive effects of slave trade on people of East Africa.(10mks)
20. a) Outline three social factors that contributed to the scramble and partition of East Africa.(3mks)
    b) Discuss six factors that facilitated the establishment of the British control over Kenya during the 19th century.(12mks)
21. a) Give three reasons why the Bukusu resisted the British rule.(3mks)
    b) Describe the structure of the colonial administration in Kenya.(12mks)

SECTION C 30 Marks- Answer any two questions.

22. a) Outline five Key changes in the New Kenya Constitution 2010.

b) Describe five constitutional reforms agreed by Inter Party Parliamentary Group (IPPG to level the ground before the 1997 general elections. (10mks)

23. a) Outline three consumer rights that are entitled to citizens. (3mks)
    b) Explain six factors that undermine national unity in Kenya. (12mks)
24. a) What are the qualifications of a voter in an electoral process in Kenya. (5mks)
    b) Describe the role of the speaker of the national assembly. (10mks)

PAPER 2

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions in this section

1. Identify **two** chemical methods of dating fossils (2 marks)
2. State **two** features of a government. (2 marks)
3. Name **one** source of information on the creation theory. (1 mark)
4. Give **two** symbols of authority in pre-colonial Buganda Kingdom. (2 marks)
5. Name **two** participants of the Trans-Saharan trade apart from the Tuaregs. (2 marks)
6. Apart from scrolls, give one other material on which messages were written in ancient times. (1 mark)
7. Give **two** political effects of the Industrial Revolution in Europe. (2 marks)
8. Give **one** importance of the Odwira Festival in the ancient Kingdom of Asante. (1 mark)
9. Give **two** factors that determine the form of a constitution. (2 marks)
10. Mention **one** social factor that led to the African resistance during the colonial period. (1 mark)
11. State **one** undiplomatic method used by the Europeans to acquire colonies in Africa. (1 mark)
12. Name the underground movement established by African National Congress to fight against apartheid system in South Africa. (1 mark)
13. State **two** functions of emirs in Northern Nigeria. (2 marks)
14. State the main reason why U.S.A. took a neutral stand at first during the First World War. (1 mark)
15. State the immediate incident that sparked off the Second World War (1 mark)
16. What is Veto power as adopted by United Nations Security Council? (1 mark)
17. Name **one** two political parties that fought for independence in Ghana (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer ANY THREE questions in this section

18. (a) Identify **five** factors that facilitated early agriculture in Mesopotamia. (5 marks)
    (b) Explain **five** causes of food shortage in Africa today . (10 marks)
19. (a) State **three** disadvantages of using coal as a source of energy. (3 marks)
    (b) Explain **six** effects of scientific inventions on industry. (12 marks)
20. (a) State **three** factors that enabled Europeans to colonize Africa in the 19th Century. (3 marks)
    (b) Explain ***six political effects*** of partitioning Africa. (12 marks)
21. (a) State ***five conditions*** that one had to fulfill in order to be fully assimilated in Senegal. (5 marks)
    (b) Explain ***the effects*** of British Direct rule in Zimbabwe. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer ANY TWO questions in this section

22. (a) Give ***three parts*** into which the Asante kingdom was divided into (3 marks)
    (b) Explain ***six aspects*** of the political organization of Shona kingdom during the pre-colonial period. (12 marks)
23. (a) Name any ***three treaties*** that formed the Treaty of Versailles. (3 marks)

b) Explain ***six reasons*** why the League of Nations failed to preserve world Peace and security (12 marks)

24 (a) Identify any ***three Pan- Africanists*** from Africa. (3 marks)

(b) Explain ***six achievements*** of Pan-Africanism. (12 marks)

KCSE PREDICTION 5 2022

PAPER ONE

1. Name the local state of the evolution of Man 1mk
2. State two ways in which migration of the Cushites into Kenya affected the Agikuyu 2mks
3. State two functions of the council of elders among the Somali.
4. State the main factor that contributed to the growth of city states along the Kenyan coast before 1500A.D 1mk
5. Give one economic responsibility of a Kenyan citizen 1mk
6. State two ways in which poverty undermines national unity 2mks
7. Identify two minority groups whose rights were protected by the constitution of kenya at independence 2mks
8. Identify the main disadvantage of democracy 1mk
9. Identify two ways in which the results of collaboration of the Maasai with the British were similar to that of the Wanga
10. Give one reason why government encouraged settlers to come to Kenya during the colonial period 1mk
11. What was the main reason for the formation of the Kenya African democratic union in 1960 1mk
12. Name two African leaders who represented the Kenya African national union in the second Lancaster house conference 2mks
13. Identify the main reason for the impeachment of county governors in Kenya 1mk
14. Identify two types of ownership spelt out in the African socialism adopted in kenya after independence 2mks
15. Identify two accounts where public revenue is stored in Kenya 2mks
16. Name the body that makes laws in Kenya's devolved units
17. Give the main challenges facing the free primary education programme since 2003

SECTION B

18. a. Give five reasons which influenced the migration of the Abagusii into Kenya during the pre-colonial period 5mks

    b. Discuss five effects of the migration and settlement of the plain Nilotes during the pre-colonial period

19. a. Give three causes of the Somali resistance to the British rule in Kenya during the 19th century 3mks

b. Explain six negative effects of British colonial rule on the people of Kenya

20. a. State five factors that facilitated the Mau Mau Movement 5mks

b. Explain five roles played by the trade union movement in the struggle 10mks

21. a. Identify three pillars of the Nyayo Philosophy 3mks

b. Discuss six achievements of Daniel Moi as president between 1978 – 2002 12mks

SECTION C

22. a. Name three National holidays recognized by the constitution of Kenya (2010) 3mks

b. Explain six principles of Democracy as exercised in Kenya 12mks

23. a. State three qualification for a person to be eligible for election as a member of the National Assembly 3mks

b. Explain six functions of the speaker of the National Assembly in Kenya 12mks

24. a. Identify five ways in which capital expenditure is utilized 5mks

b. Describe five ways how county and National government relate in Kenya today 10mks

KCSE PREDICTION 6 2022
Paper 1
SECTION-25 MARKS

1) Give two unwritten sources of information on History and Government. **(2 marks)**
2) What was the main reason for the migration of the Eastern Bantu from Shugwaya during Pre-colonial period? **(1 mark)**
3) State one political functions of the council of elders among the Agikuyu in the 19thC.**(1mark)**
4) State two reasons why Seyyid Said transferred his capital from Muscat to Zanzibar. **(2marks)**
5) Identify the two main items of trade from the interior during the long-distance trade. **(2marks)**
6) State two function of the African welfare organizations in urban during the colonial period **(2marks)**
7) Give two reasons that can make a registerd person to lose citizenship in Kenya. **(2marks)**
8) Two practices that may interfere with national unity in Kenya. **(2marks)**
9) Give one factor that led to the growth of Nairobi as a modern urban centre. **(1mark)**
10) Give any characteristic of a good constitution.
11) Identify two types of democracy **(2marks**
12) State one contributions of parastatals to the economic development of Kenya **.(1mark)**
13) Who is the head of the national police services? **(1mark)**
14) Give the main reason why poll tax was introduced in Kenya during the colonial period.**(1mark)**
15) Give one way through which white settlers acquired land during the colonial period.**(1marks)**
16) Identify two types of land holdings in Kenya **(2marks)**
17) State one way in which the rule of law is upheld in Kenya. **(1mark)**

SECTION B: (45 MARKS)
Answer any three questions

18. (a) Give five reasons for the migration of the Mijikenda from Shungwaya during the pre-colonial period. **(5 marks)**
(b) Explain five social effects of the migration and settlement of the Mijikenda in their present homeland. **(10 marks)**
19. (a) State five characteristics of early Coastal city states. **(5marks)**
(b) Explain five factors that led to the decline of the Portuguese rule along the Kenyan Coast. **(10marks)**
20. a) Give 3 reasons why African were put in reserves during the colonial period **(3marks)**
b) Explain six problems faced by African workers for the European settlement during the colonial period. **(12marks)**
21. (a) State five griencies that the Asians presented to the Duke of Devonshire in 1923. **(5mark)**
(b) Explain five effects of the Devonshire white paper of 1923. **(10marks**)

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)
Answer any Two questions in this section

22. (a) What five situations can make registered voter to be denied the right to vote in Kenya? **(5marks)**
(b) Explain the rights to an accused person during trial in a court of Law in Kenya. **(10marks)**
23. (a) Identify five categories of persons whose personal liberty is limited. **(5marks)**
(b) Explain five civil responsibilities of the Kenyan citizen. **(10marks)**
24. (a)Outline three occasions when the president attends parliament. **(3marks)**
(b)Explain how parliamentary supremacy is practiced in Kenya. **(12marks)**

PAPER 2

SECTION A(25 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section

1. Give the relationship between "History" and "Government". **(1mark)**
2. Name two types of dwellings used by the early man during the Early Stone Age period. **(2 marks)**
3. Give two inventions that led to the Agrarian Revolution in Britain. **(2 marks)**
4. State any two improvement which were made on macadamized roads in the 19th century **(2marks)**
5. Give two advantages of the use of electricity in industries during the industrial revolution **(2marks)**
6. Give two reasons why early urban centers in Egypt developed in the Nile valley **(2marks)**
7. Identify one form of picture writing during the early civilizations **(1mark)**
8. State one way in which centralization of the authority contributed to the success of the Buganda Kingdom **(1mark)**
9. State one political factor which lead to the scramble for colonies in Africa. **(1mark)**
10. Name one community in West Africa which resisted European invasion in the 19th century **(1mark)**
11. Give two resolutions of the Berlin conference of 1884 to 1885. **(2marks)**
12. Give two reasons. Why the League of Nations was formed in1919. **(2marks)**
13. State one major event that led to the outbreak of the First World War. **(1mark)**
14. Identify two major ways used by the super powers to fight during the cold war. **(2marks)**
15. Give one main function of the international labour organization (ILO). **(1mark)**
16. Name the philosophy that Tanzania adopted at independence to spearhead her development **(1mark)**
17. Give one disadvantage of a federal system of government. **(1mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any *THREE* Questions from this section

18. (a) Give five reasons why hunting of wild animals was mainly a group activity during the Stone Age period. **(5 marks)**
    (b) Describe five ways in which the development of the upright posture improved the early Man's way of life. **(10 marks)**
19. (a) Give three uses of wind as a source of energy in ancient times. **(3 marks)**
    (b) Explain six effects of iron working technology on African communities before the 19th Century. **(12 marks)**
20. (a) Identify the three methods used by the French to acquire colonies in West Africa. **(3marks)**
    (b) Explain six factors that led to the defeat of Samori Toure by the French. **(12marks)**
21. a) State three ways used by nationalists in Ghana to fight for independence. **(3marks)**
    b) Explain six factors that led to the development of African Nationalism in Ghana. **(12marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22. a) Give three reasons why the British used direct rule in Zimbabwe. **(3 marks)**
    (b)Explain six reasons why indirect rule was not successful in Southern Nigeria. **(12 marks)**
23. (a) Name three permanent members of the United Nations Security Council. **(3marks)**
    (b) Explain six ways in which the United Nations provides humanitarian assistance. **(12marks)**
24. (a)State five objectives for the formation of Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) **(5marks)**
    (b)Explain five challenges facing the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa. (COMESA) **(10 marks)**

KCSE PREDICTION 7 2022
PAPER 1
SECTION A (25 MARKS)
Answer ALL questions in this section

1. Give **Two** examples of oral traditions used in the study of Kenyan History **(2Marks)**
2. Name ***One*** pre-historic site in Kenya where Kenya pithecus was discovered **(1Mark)**
3. State ***Two*** reasons why Kenyans communities fought against each other during the pre- colonial period **(2 Marks)**
4. Outline ***Two*** Archaeological evidence that shows that the Kenyan coast had contacts with outside world by 1500 **(2 Marks)**
5. Give the ***Main*** reason why early visitors came to the Kenyan coast by 1500 **(1 Mark)**
6. Identity the dispersal area of the Eastern Bantu **(1 Mark)**
7. State ***Two*** ways in which the constitution promotes national unity **(2 Marks)**
8. Outline ***Two*** development rights of children **(2 Marks)**
9. Give ***One*** body that monitors human rights **(1 Mark)**
10. State ***Two*** strategic factors that made Britain interested in occupying Kenya during the nineteenth century **(2 Marks)**
11. Identify ***One*** role played by Mekatilili Wa Menza in the struggle for independence in Kenya (1 **Mark**)
12. Outline ***Two*** reasons why Africans were denied equal educational opportunities with other races during the colonial period **(2 Marks)**
13. State the ***Main*** reason why the second Lancaster house conference was held in 1962 **(1 Mark)**
14. Name the Court in Kenya that hears and determines presidential election petitions **(1 Mark)**
15. Identify the Main ideological difference between KANU and KADU at independence **(1 Mark)**
16. State ***One*** National philosophy which has been used in Kenya since independence **(1 Marks)**
17. Outline ***Two*** challenges facing the education sector in Kenya today **(2 Marks)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)
Answer any THREE Questions from this section

18. (a) Identify ***Five*** reasons which led to the migration of the Cushites from their original homeland into Kenya during the pre-colonial period **(5 Marks)**
    b) Explain***Five*** effects of Bantu migration and settlement into Kenya **(10 Marks)**
19. (a) Name ***Three*** treaties that were signed between the British and the Omani Arab rulers at the coast of East Africa to end slavery and slave trade. **(3 Marks)**
    b) Discuss ***Six*** effects of the coming of Christian missionaries in Kenya **(12 Marks)**
20. (a) Outline ***Three*** demands for the white sellers contained in the Devonshire white paper of 1923 **(3 Marks)**
    b) Discuss ***Six*** problems encountered by white settlers in Kenya **(12 Marks)**
21. (a) State ***Three*** roles played by African elected members organization. (AEMO) in the struggle for independence in Kenya **(5 Marks)**
    b) Explain the factors that undermined African Nationalist activities in Kenya between 1939 and 1963 **(10 Marks**)

SECTION C (45 MARKS)
Answer any TWO Questions from this section

22. a) Give ***Three*** ways in which conflicts can be prevented in Kenya **(3 Marks)**
    b) Discuss causes of conflicts among the people of Kenya today **(12 Marks)**
23. a) Identify ***Three*** constitutional amendments that took place in 1964 **(3 Marks)**
    b) Explain **Six** features of the independence constitution of Kenya. **(12 Marks)**
24. a) State **Three** non-military functions/duties of the KDF **(3 Marks)**
    b) Discuss ***Six*** functions of the Kenyan president **(12 Marks)**

PAPER 2

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer *ALL* questions in this section

1. State ***Two*** types of monarchical governance **(2 Marks)**
2. Outline ***Two*** limitations of Anthropology as a source of information on History and Government. **(2Marks)**
3. Give ***Two*** major forms of early manuscripts **(2 Marks)**
4. State **One** physical characteristic of Homo Erectus **(1 Mark)**
5. Give ***One*** feature of agriculture in Britain before 1750 **(1 Mark)**
6. State ***Two*** advantages of the use of money over barter as a medium of exchange. **(2 Marks)**
7. Identify ***Two*** effects of development of railway transport in the 19th Century. **(2 Marks)**
8. Give **Two** uses of gold in the ancient Egypt **(2 Marks)**
9. Name the father of road construction **(1Mark)**
10. Identify ***Two*** Characteristics of Athens as an early urban centre **(2Marks)**
11. Name ***One*** historical document accepted as part of the British constitution. **(1Mark)**
12. Identify the chartered company that administered Northern Nigeria during colonization **(1Mark)**
13. Name the president of the Front for Liberation of Mozambique (FRELIMO) in 1962 **(1Mark)**
14. State ***Main*** aim of 1884 -1885 Berlin conference **(1 Mark)**
15. Give***Two*** weakness of schieffen plan during the World War 1. **(2 Marks)**
16. Name ***One*** country with veto powers in the United Nations Organization **(1Marks)**
17. Name the current secretary – General of the United Nation Organization **(1Mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any *THREE* Questions from this section

18. a) Give ***Five*** factors that facilitated early Agriculture in Mesopotamia **(5 Marks)**
    b) Discuss ***Five*** causes of food shortage in Africa today **(10 Marks)**
19. a) State **Three** disadvantages of using coal **(3 Marks)**
    b) Explain ***Six*** effects of scientific invention on industry **(12Marks)**
20. 2a) State ***Five*** factors that enabled Europeans to colonize Africa in the 19th Century **(5Marks)**
    b) Explain ***Five*** political effects of the partition of Africa. **(10Marks)**
21. a) Identify ***Five*** conditions that one had to fulfill in order to be fully assimilated in Senegal. **(5Marks)**
    b) Discuss the effects of British direct rule in Zimbabwe **(10 Marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer Any *TWO* questions in this section

22. a) Give ***Three*** economic activities of the Baganda **(3Marks)**
    b) Discuss the political organization of the Shona during the pre-colonial Period (**12 Marks)**
23. a) Name ***Three*** treaties that formed the Treaty of Versailles **(3Marks)**
    b) Explain ***Six*** reasons why the League of Nations failed to preserve world peace and security. **(12 Marks)**
24. a)State any ***Three*** Pan- Africanist from Africa **(3 Marks)**
    b) Discuss the achievements of Pan- Africa **(12 Marks)**

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PAPER 1

Section A (25 marks)

1. Give two examples of unwritten sources of information on history and government. (2 marks)
2. Name two types of dwellings used by early man during the Old Stone Age period. (2 marks)
3. Apart from Akamba, identify two Eastern Bantu communities which settled in Kenya during the pre-colonial period. (2 marks)
4. Identify one way in which monsoon winds led to the development of trade between the coast and the outside world. (1 mark)
5. Give one reason why Seyyid Said took direct control of the settlements along the coast of Kenya. (1
6. Identify the main reason why suspected criminals are tried in a court of law.
7. Name the document which contains the rights of a child in Kenya. (1 mark)
8. Identify the main disadvantage of democracy. (1 mark)
9. Identify the main reason why the Local Government was established in Kenya during the colonial period. (1 mark)
10. Give two effects of the Wanga collaboration with the British during the establishment of colonial rule in Kenya. (2 marks)
11. Give two ways through which the colonial government in Kenya used to control the migration of Africans to urban centres. (2 mark
12. Give the main contribution of Christian missionaries in Kenya during the struggle for independence up to 1939. (1 mark)
13. Identify the main voting system used in Kenya during the general elections. (1 mark)
14. Outline two reasons that may lead to the removal of a County Governor from office in Kenya. (2 marks)
15. Name the administrative head of the Kenyan parliament. (1 mark)
16. State two ways in which the rule of law is applied in Kenya. (2 marks)
17. State two ways in which harambee spirit promotes national unity in Kenya.

Section B (45 marks)

18(a) Give five reasons responsible for the migration of the River-Lake Nilotes into Kenya (5 marks)

b) Describe the political organization of the Borana during the 19th century.

19 (a) Identify five factors responsible for the development of the Indian Ocean trade. (5 marks)

b) Explain five results of the Indian Ocean trade on the people of East Africa. (10 marks)

20 (a) Identify five demands of the East African Association (EAA). (5 marks)

b) Explain five roles of women in the struggle for independence in Kenya. (10 marks)

21 (a) State five categories of land classified as Public Land in Kenya. (5 marks)

b) Expain five functions of the national land commission in Kenya (10 marks)

Section C (30 marks)

22 (a) State three ways in which one can lose citizenship by registration in Kenya. (3 marks)

(b) Explain six responsibilities of a Kenyan citizen. (12 mark

23. (a) Give the composition of the Cabinet in Kenya. (3 marks)

(b) Explain six solutions to the challenges facing the Judiciary in Kenya. (12 marks)

24. (a) State three principles of Devolution in Kenya. (3 marks)

(b) Explain six roles of Commission on Revenue Allocation. (12 marks)

PAPER 2
SECTION A (25MARKS)
ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

1. Name one of the periods of History (1mk)
2. Identify the hominid that is associated with the invention of fire (1mk)
3. Give two reasons that made Early human beings to live in groups during the stone age period (2mks)
4. State two theories that explain the origin and spread of agriculture
5. Give two reasons why the camel is referred to as "the ship of the desert" (2mks)
6. What was the main item of trade from North Africa in the Trans-Saharan Trade? (1mk)
7. Give two factors that enhanced the spread of iron working in Africa. (2mks)
8. Give the main advantage of a cell phone (2mks)
9. Name two communities that did not take part in the Maji Maji uprising of 1905 – 1907 in Tanganyika (2mks)
10. Name the European power that colonized Zimbabwe (1mk)
11. Name two communes in Senegal where assimilation was successful
12. Give the main reason for the convening of the Berlin conference of 1880-1884 (1mk)
13. Give the main function of international court of justice (1mk)
14. List two founders of Pan-Africanism (2mks)
15. Name any two weapons used during cold war (2mks)
16. Name the European power that was blamed for the outbreak of the first world war (1mk)
17. Name the international organization that took over from O.A.U. (1mk)

Section B (45 marks)
Answer any three questions from this section

18 (a) Give **five** disadvantages of open field system of farming in Britain before Agrarian Revolution (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** effects of Agrarian Revolution in the United States of America (USA). (10 marks)
19 (a) Give **five** methods used to acquire slaves from West Africa during the Trans-Atlantic trade. (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** social effects of the Trans-Atlantic slave trade. (10 marks)
20 (a) Identify **five** factors for the growth of early urban centres in Africa.
(b) Explain **five** solutions to the challenges facing Johannesburg as a modern urban centre.(10 marks)
21 (a) State **five** reasons for Kabaka Mutesa I collaboration with the British. (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** reasons why the Shona and Ndebele were defeated during the Chimurenga war (1896-1897). (10 marks)

Section C (30 marks)
Answer any two questions from this section

22 (a) Give **three** factors that led to the rise of the Shona Kingdom. (3 marks)
(b) Describe the political organization of the Asante kingdom in the 19th century. (12 marks)
23 (a) Identify **three** roles of the Emirs in Northern Nigeria during the colonial period. (3 marks)
(b) Explain **six** reasons why the British used direct rule in Zimbabwe. (12 marks)
24 (a) State the three permanent members of the council of the league of nations (3mks)
(b) Explain six achievements of Economic Community of West African states (ECOWAS

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PAPER 1
SECTION A (25 Marks)
Answer ALL questions in this section.

1. Give ***two*** shortcomings of relying on oral traditions as a source of historical information. (2 marks)
2. Give the name of the historical site where the remains of Kenyapithecus (*Ramapithecus*) were firs discovered. 1MK
3. Give ***two*** natural calamities that influenced the migration of the Eastern Cushites into Kenya.(2 marks)
4. State the ***main*** significance of circumcision in some traditional Kenyan societies. (1

5. Mention ***three*** factors that facilitated the coming and settlement of the Arabs to the East African Coast.(3
6. State ***two*** circumstances under which the Government of Kenya may revoke citizenship acquired through registration. (2 marks)
7. State the ***main*** reason why National Integration is important in Kenya. (1 mark)
8. Identify ***two*** characteristics of a written constitution. (2 marks)
9. Identify ***two*** groups of rights entitled to a child in Kenya. (2 marks)
10. State ***two*** terms of the Anglo-German Agreement of 1886. (2 marks)
11. Identify ***one*** duty of the British Governor in Kenya during the colonial period.(1 mark)
12. Name ***one*** political association formed in Kenya before 1939. (1 mark)
13. Give ***two*** reasons why the Kenya Parliament is regarded as supreme. (2 marks)
14. State ***one*** source of Nyayo Philosophy. (1 mark)
15. Identify ***one*** way in which the government promotes Kenyan culture. (1 mark)
16. Name ***one*** organ of the County Government. (1 mark)
17. Give **one** challenge facing the health sector in Kenya today. (1mks)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions from this section.

18. (a) Give any **three** example of the western Bantus that settled in Kenya by 1000AD (3mks)
    (b) Explain the effects of River Lake Nilotes migration and settlement in Kenya up to 19th C (12mks)
19. a) State ***three*** functions of mission stations in Kenya in the 19th century. (3 marks)
    b) Explain ***six*** factors that facilitated missionary activities in Kenya in the 19th century. (12 marks)
20 (a) Identity **three** methods used by the British to establish their rule in Kenya. (3 marks)
    (b) Explain **six** results of the Nandi resistance against British occupation. (12 marks)
21. (a) Identify **three** types of landholding in Kenya. (3 marks)
    (b) Explain **six** political challenges that have faced post-independent Kenya. (12 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section

22a) State **three** ways in which the constitution promotes national unity (3marks)
    b) Explain the importance of National Integration in Kenya (12marks)
23 (a) Give **three** functions of a constitution. (3marks)
    b) Describe the key stages in the constitution making process in Kenya. (12marks)
24 a) Identify **three** conditions one must fulfill to be declared as a winner in the presidential Election (3mrks)
    (b)Explain ***six*** powers and function of the president in Kenya (12 marks)

PAPER 2

Section A (25 marks)

Answer all questions in this section

1. Define the term government. (1 mark)
2. Give **two** methods used by archaeologists to locate archaeological sites. (2 marks)
3. Identify **two** species of Homo Sapiens. (2 marks)
4. Name the method used by early man in the Middle Stone Age to improve his tools. (1 mark)
5. Mention **two** urban centres that emerged as a result of early agriculture in Mesopotamia (2 marks)
6. Give **one** reason why early man developed trade. (1 mark)
7. Give the **main** item of trade from North Africa during the Trans-Saharan trade. (1 mark)
8. Identify **two** advantages of road transport. (2 marks)
9. Give **two** examples of print media as a modern means of communication. (2 marks)
10. Identify **two** reasons why metals were preferred over stone tools. (2 marks)
11. Name the country that pioneered industrial revolution in Europe. (1 mark)
12. Identify the **main** reason for the growth of London as an early urban centre in Europe(1 mark)
13. Give **two** duties of ***Lukiiko*** in the Buganda kingdom. (2 marks)
14. Mention **one** type of spirit in the Shona kingdom in the 19th century. (1 mark)

15. Give **two** strategic factors for the European scramble and partition of Africa. (2 marks)
16. Apart from Assimilation, name another administrative policy used by the French to administer her colonies in Africa. (1 mark)
17. Identify the European power which colonized Mozambique up to 1975. (1 mark)

Section B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section

18. (a) Give **five** disadvantages of open field system of farming in Britain before Agrarian Revolution (5 marks)
    (b) Explain **five** effects of Agrarian Revolution in the United States of America (USA). (10 marks)
19. (a) Give **five** methods used to acquire slaves from West Africa during the Trans-Atlantic trade. (5 marks)
    (b) Explain **five** social effects of the Trans-Atlantic slave trade. (10 marks)
20. (a) Identify **five** factors for the growth of early urban centres in Africa. (5 marks)
    (b) Explain **five** solutions to the challenges facing Johannesburg as a modern urban centre.(10MKS
21. (a) State **five** reasons for Kabaka Mutesa I collaboration with the British. (5 marks)
    (b) Explain **five** reasons why the Shona and Ndebele were defeated during the Chimurenga war (1896-1897). (10 marks)

Section C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section

22. (a) Give **three** factors that led to the rise of the Shona Kingdom. (3 marks)
    (b) Describe the political organization of the Asante kingdom in the 19th century. (12 marks)
23. (a) Identify **three** roles of the Emirs in Northern Nigeria during the colonial period. (3 marks)
    (b) Explain **six** reasons why the British used direct rule in Zimbabwe. (12 marks)
24. (a) Give **three** methods used by nationalists in Ghana during the struggle for independence. (3 marks)
    (b) Explain **six** challenges faced by nationalists in South Africa in the struggle for independence. (12 marks)

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PAPER 1
SECTION A: (25 Marks)
Answer All questions in this section

1. Name one early documentary source of the early History of the East African coast. 1mk
2. Name one community in Kenya that belongs to the River-Lake nilotes. 1mk
3. State two political functions of the Oloibon among the Maasai during the 19th century. 2mks
4. Identify two landmarks left behind by the Portuguese at the end of their rule at the Kenyan coast.2mks
5. Name the winds that aided the early visitors to come to the Kenyan coast upto 1500 AD.1mk
6. State two reasons why Nabongo Mumia of Wanga collaborated with British. 2mks
7. Name the document that contains the rights of citizens in Kenya. 1mk
8. Name two types of funds established by the Kenyan constitution 2010. 2mks
9. State two reasons why the British colonialist built the Ugandan Railway between 1896 – 1901. 2mks
10. State two reasons why Africans migrated to the Urban centres during the colonial period. 2mks
11. Give two benefits of Swynnerton Plan of 1954 to Africans in Kenya 2mks
12 Name one member of the cabinet in Kenya other than the President. 1mk
13. Name one level of government in Kenya today. 1mk
14. State two reasons for the declaration of the state of emergency in Kenya in 1952. 2mks
15. What is the role of the president in the Kenya Defence Force (KDF) 1mk

16. Name the first Post-independence opposition party 1mk
17. Who is the Chief Executive of the County Government 1mk

SECTION B: (45 Marks)

Answer all the questions in this section

18. a) Give five reasons for the migration of the Bantu 5mks
    b) Explain the effects of Bantu migration and settle in Western Kenya. 10mks
19. a) Mention five characteristics of the coastal city states in Kenya by 1500AD . 5mks
    b) Explain five reasons for the decline of the Portuguese Rule along the East African coast. 10mks
20. State five grievances of Africans nationalists against the colonial government upto 1945 in Kenya. 5mks
    b) Explain five political developments which hastened the achievement of independence in Kenya. 10mks
21. a) Identify any five roles of National philosophies in Kenya . 5mks
    b) Explain five problems that have undermined the performance of the National Philosophies in Kenya. 10mks

SECTION C: (30 Marks)

Answer any two questions from this section

22. a) Identify three natural symbols. 3mks
    b) Explain six factors which have undermined government efforts of promoting National unity in Kenya. 12mks
23. a) Give three disadvantages of democracy 3mks
    b) Explain six challenges in Kenya today 12mks
24. a) State five functions of correctional facilities in Kenya 5mks
    b) Explain five factors that undermine the administration of justice in Kenya today. 10mks

PAPER 2

SECTION A: (25 marks)

Answer All Questions in this section

1. Identify one electronic source of information in History and Government. 1mk
2. Name one theory that explain the origin of man. 1mk
3. Give two roles of takshifts during the Trans-Saharan Trade. 2mk
4. Give the name given to the Buganda parliament upto 19th century. 1mk
5. Name two inventions that improved textile industry in Britain during industrial revolution. 2mks
6. Identify one advantage of Macadamized roads 1mk
7. State two factors that led to the development of Kilwa into an early urban centre. 2mks
8. Identify two ways in which the invention of the wheel promoted early transport. 2mks
9. Identify one symbol of unity in the Shona kingdom during the pre-colonial period. 1mk
10. Give the main reason why nationalism developed in Ghana during the colonial period. **1mk**
11. Identify any two qualifications one had to meet to be assimilated in French West Africa. 2mks
12. Name one social challenge that Tanzania has faced since independence. 2mks
13. Give the main characteristics of the commonwealth member states. 1mk
14. Name two organs of the East African community (EAC) 2001. 2mks
15. Outline two compositions of the Executive Arm of the Government in the USA. 2mks
16. Name two categories of people who are not eligible to the election in the House of Commons in Britain. 2mks
17. Name one military Alliance formed by super powers during the cold war. 1mk

SECTION B: (45 marks)

ANSWER Any THREE Questions in This Section

18. a) State five reasons why early people domesticated crops and animals during the Neollitic period. 5mks

b) Explain five results of early agriculture in Mesopotamia. 10mks

19. a) State three disadvantages of coal as a source of energy. 3mks
    b) Explain six effects of the scientific inventions on industry during industrial revolution 12mks
20. a) State five social functions of the Ancient Athens as an early urban centres. 5mk
    b) Explain six factors for the emergence of growth of early urban centres on pre-colonial Africa.
21. a) Give three reasons why the Maji Maji rebellions failed. 3mks
    b) Explain six reforms introduced by the German administration after the Maji Maji rebellion. 12mks

SECTION C: (30 Marks)

Answer any TWO questions from this section

22. a) Give three factors that led to the growth of Buganda Kingdom. 3mks
    b) Describe the social organisation of the Shona Kingdom. 12mks
23. a) State five methods used by African Nationalists in South Africa to struggle against apartheid policy. 5mks
    b) Explain five challenges faced by the nationalists in the fight against the colonialism in Mozambique 10mks
24. a) State three causes of the First World War 1914 – 1918). 3mks
    b) Discuss the political effects of the Second World War 1939 – 1945. 12mks