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Total Score

Name

School.....

Roll No



Republic of Somaliland

Somaliland National Examination Board

Form Four

HISTORY EXAMINATION

JUNE: 2019

TIME 2 HOURS

Plus 10 minutes for reading through the paper

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of 10 printed pages including this one.

Count them now and inform the invigilator if there are any missing.

PART ONE : 20 Multiple Choice questions 40 marks

PART TWO: 10 structured question 60 marks

TOTAL 100 marks

- Answer ALL questions in part 1 and 2
- Extra papers and mobile not allowed

PART ONE: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 QUESTIONS @ 2 MARKS EACH= 40 MARKS).

Instructions: Circle the correct answer for each question.

Answer all questions:

1. Which one of the following countries did the Industrial Revolution begin?
 - a. Holland
 - b. Britain
 - c. Germany
 - d. France
2. Which factor finally led to the fall of the Abbasid Empire?
 - a. Chinese Invasions
 - b. Invasion of Christian forces
 - c. Continuous civil wars
 - d. Many local independent rulers appeared
3. Mass killings of the Jews by Hitler's forces during the Second World War is known as:
 - a. The genocide of the Jewish people
 - b. The Jewish Holocaust
 - c. The Jewish massacre
 - d. The Jewish ethnic elimination.
4. The French Revolution was mainly influenced by
 - a. The Scientific Revolution in the 17th century
 - b. The American Revolution in 1774
 - c. The Industrial Revolution in the 18th century
 - d. The Glorious Revolution of Britain.

5. Which of the following is NOT true about the Peace Treaty between Egypt and Israel in 1978-79?
- a. The USA was pressing Israel to settle their conflict with some of the Arab countries
 - b. Israel was suffering from economic problems
 - c. President Sadat believed that Israel could not be defeated by force
 - d. Russia was pressing Egypt to make peace with Israel
6. Which one of the following Organizations had participated in the struggle for Somaliland independence before 1960
- a. USP, NUF and SNL
 - b. USP, NUF and SYL
 - c. USP, NUF and SNC
 - d. USP, SNL and SYL
7. Which country was NOT part of the Potsdam Conference in July 1945 before the end of the Second World War?
- a. The Soviet Union
 - b. United States of America
 - c. British Empire (United Kingdom)
 - d. Japan.
8. Why did the USA enter the Second World War?
- a. Because of German destruction of American ships
 - b. Because of Italy's attacks on US inventory forces
 - c. Because of Japan's attack on Pearl Harbor
 - d. Because of the Russian invasion of Germany.

9. Which factor is Not among the aims of the African Union?
- a. To unite Africans and African states
 - b. To defend sovereignty and territorial integrity of Africa
 - c. To accelerate socio-economic and political integration of Africa
 - d. To promote and unify Africa's religions.
10. In which year did the Second World War end?
- a. In 1943
 - b. In 1944
 - c. In 1945
 - d. In 1946
11. The major objective of the USA in dropping the first atomic bomb on two Japanese cities was:
- a. To destroy Japanese military morale
 - b. To reduce US military losses and end the war quickly
 - c. To capture more Japanese territories
 - d. To show up the military power of the United States of America.
12. All the following are the roles of Somaliland religious leaders, Except
- a. They are to stand outside secular rivalry and conflicts
 - b. They teach the young the holy Quran
 - c. They mediate people with social disputes
 - d. To assume political leadership of the society.
13. Which of the following is Not a challenge faced by the nationalists in Ghana
- a. Lack of adequate funding for the nationalists.
 - b. Outside interference from African neighboring countries
 - c. Rivalry among political parties in Ghana
 - d. Disunity among the chiefs and elite in Ghana.

14. In which year was the United Nations Organization formed?

- a. In 1946
- b. In 1945
- c. In 1947
- d. In 1948.

15. Which of the following factors is a challenge encountered by the African Union?

- a. Conflict between member states
- b. Availability of adequate funding and mutual understanding
- c. Poverty and scarce resources
- d. Existence of regional power imbalances

16. Which one is not the main factor that helped Japan to industrialize?

- a. Abundance of mineral resources
- b. Availability of skilled and unskilled labor
- c. Existence of good system of transport and communication
- d. Japan invited foreign investors.

17. The most important reason for Arabs to come to East African coast before the 10th century was:-

- a. To expel the Portuguese from the coast
- b. To stop Christian expansion in the coast
- c. To trade in and control commercial activities along the coast
- d. To protect Africans from foreigners.

18. Which one of the following factors limits national unity?

- a. Economic growth
- b. Education development
- c. National language
- d. Culture of tribalism.

19. which of the following is NOT a function of the General Assembly of UNO?

- a. To make decisions on international problems
- b. To expel any member country that breaches world peace
- c. To elect Security Council members of UNO
- d. To supervise the work of many other UN bodies.

20. The most important outcome after Yom kippur war of 1973 was that

- a. Israelis agreed to move their troops back from Suez canal
- b. Syria participated in the Geneva peace talks
- c. Israel rejected to attend the Geneva peace meeting
- d. Iraq attended in Geneva peace talks

PART TWO: Structured Questions

(10 X 6mark = 60 Marks)

Answer all the following questions.

1. Discuss any three factors that helped Somaliland nationalism after the Two World Wars. (6 marks)

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2. The war of 1977-1978 with Ethiopia proved to be disastrous to Somalia.

Briefly identify and explain any two immediate outcomes (results) of this war on
Somalia? (6 marks)

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3. Briefly explain three factors that led to the defeat of the Axis Powers at the end of
the Second World War? (6 marks)

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4. Give any Three of Woodrow Wilson's war aim in his 14 points after the end of the
First World War. (6 marks)

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5. Briefly explain any three economic results of the First World War? (6 marks)

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6. Discuss any three social results of the Second World War? (6 marks)

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7. Evaluate three major causes for the Cold War between the West led by the USA and the East, led by the Soviet Union? (6 marks)

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8. Briefly examine any three principles of democracy?

(6 marks)

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9. Identify and analyze three failures of the League of Nations to preserve world
peace?

(6 marks)

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10. Discuss any two motives of Saddam Hussein in his invasion of Kuwait in 1990-
1991?

(6 marks)

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