LIDETA SUB CITY ADMINISTRATION EDUCATION OFFICE

GRADE 12 HISTORY MODEL EXAMINATIONS

2016E.C/ 2024G.C

NUMBER OF QUESTIONS: 100 **TIME ALLOWED: - 2 HOURS**

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

THIS BOOKLET CONTAINS EXAMINATION HISTORY. IN THIS EXAMINATION, THERE ARE A TOTAL OF 100 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.

CAREFULLY SELECT THE BEST ANSWER AND BLACKEN ONLY THE LETTER OF YOUR CHOICE ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED. FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE ANSWER SHEET AND THE EXAMINATION PAPER CAREFULLY. USE ONLY PENCIL TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS. YOUR ANSWER MARK SHOULD BE HEAVY AND DARK, COVERING THE ANSWER SPACE COMPLETELY. PLEASE ERASE ALL UNNECESSARY MARKS COMPLETELY FROM YOUR ANSWER SHEET.

YOU ARE ALLOWED TO WORK ON THE EXAM FOR 2 HOURS. WHEN TIME IS CALLED, YOU MUST IMMEDIATELY STOP WORKING, PUT YOUR PENCIL DOWN, AND WAIT FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS.

ANY FORM OF CHEATING OR AN ATTEMPT TO CHEAT IN THE EXAMINATION WILL RESULT IN AN AUTOMATIC DISMISSAL FROM THE EXAMINATION HALL AND CANCELLATION OF YOUR SCORE (S).

PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT YOU HAVE WRITTEN ALL THE REQUIRED INFORMATION ON THE ANSWER SHEET BEFORE YOU START TO WORK ON THE EXAMINATION.

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

1. All of the following factors played a great role in the unification of Italy during the 19th Century except;

A. the 1848 revolution and the presence of foreign powers like French and Austria

B. the diplomatic skill of Count Camillo Benso de Cavour

C. the skillful military leadership of Giuseppe Garibaldi

D. the unreserved military and financial support of Russia, Germany and the U.S.A

2. Which one of the following is not pertained with the basic characteristics or features of the industrial capitalism which was occurred during the mid-18thcentury?

A. capitalism is characterized by private ownership of properties, markets and the basic means of Production

B. Capitalist societies are characterized by the split of societies in to two opposite groups of the Bourgeoisies and the proletariat

C. Capitalist societies used huge amount of capital to invest in economically productive areas or sectors unlike the previous system that focuses on un productive sectors

D. the classical ideology of capitalism was orchestrated by Karl Marx

3. Linguists categorized languages of Ethiopia and the Horn in to two major super families of;

A. Niger Congo and Afro Asiatic

C. Afro Asiatic and Nilo Sahara

B. Nilo -Saharan and Khoisan

D. Niger Congo and Khoisan

4. Which one of the following is not pertained with the characteristics of the Zemene Mesafint?

A. peasants were forced to pay numerous amounts of tributes for numerous lords and they were also forced to feed for their armies

B. the orthodox church had maintained its unity and abled to play its central role in bringing the unity of its followers

C. due to the existence of weak central government and strong regional lords, defending foreign aggressors had resided on the shoulders of the regional rulers or lords

D. the period of the Zemene Mesafint was highly dominated by the Amharized Yejju Oromo dynasty

5. Which one of the following precipitated for the growth of Nationalism in Europe during the 19th century?

A. Governments of the time applied compulsory education for state building and inculcating patriotism

B. Pseudo-Science stimulated the sense4 of nationalism and inculcated aggressive hostile feelings against their neighboring states

C. Much of the literature of the period ahead of the WWI had highly emphasized on nationalist sentiment and warned against the dangers of neighboring countries.

D. During that period, national question was against of the domestic politics of many states particularly in multi- nationalist countries.

6. Identify the one that has achieved its independence as a result of the Balkan wars of 1912-13.

A. Albania B. Greece C. Montenegro D. Serbia

7. Which one of the following is not true pertaining to the American civil war of 1861-65?

A. the political and economic variation between the Northern and Southern states ultimately dragged them in to bloodiest civil war
B. the unionists and the confederates were led by Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis respectively
C. due to the two declarations which were declared by Jefferson Davis, balance of power began to shift in favor of the Southern states from 1863-65 onwards
D. At the end of the war the Unionists abled to get victory and maintained the Unity of the U.S.A.

8. Which one of the following is not pertained with the common features of colonialism?

A. all colonial governments were characterized by undemocratic performances
B. all were characterized by democratic performances
C. colonial rules and policies were introduced without the consent of the African peoples
D. all colonial powers exercised divide and rule policy

9. Which one of the following is true concerning to the Ideology of New imperialism that was introduced during the second half of the 19thcentury

A. During this period, African states were not in opposition to defend European colonizers due to their military superiority
B. in this period, European colonizers came with modern fire armies and medicines to suppress the continent of Africa
C. Europeans abled to control and colonize Africa Completely using their modern
D. during this Period, European colonizers were not able to defeat African chiefs and were not able to resist the tropical disease of tsetse fly and Mesquite

10. Which one of the following is not true concerning to the ‘’Eastern question’’ which was happened in the late 18th and early 20thcentury

A. its fundamental cause was the collapse of the Ottoman Empire and the divergence interest of the major European powers
B. the fundamental interest or motives of the Balkan nations was to deserve their independence from the Ottoman Empire or domination
C. the great European powers like the Great Britain, Russia, France, Germany, and Austria had similar interests on t6he issue of the eastern question or the Balkan Nations
D. the Balkan region was characterized by multinationalism and became another fundamental causes of the First World War

11. Identify the country which has achieved or attained its independence ahead of any other Balkan Nations.

A. Greece B. Bulgaria C. Romania D. Montenegro

12. All of the following are participated in the Evangelical activities of Ethiopia at the beginning of the 19 centuries as protestant Missionaries except;

A. the Anglican Church Missionary society of London
B. the church missionary society of London
C. the Wesleyan methodist society of London
D. Giuseppe Sapeto, Giustino De Jacobis and cardinal Massaja.

13. The European colonization of Africa was motivated by all of the following factors except'

A. to industrialize Africa and to create job opportunities for the unemployed Africans
B. Some European countries were provoked to resolve their economic crises which was happened in the early 1870s
C. they came to Africa to the virgin land of Africa to get raw materials for their huge industries and to get market for their finished commodities
D. their motive was also to lead the world politically as well as economically

14. Which one of the following groups came first in to Africa in the process of European colonization of Africa?

A. Missionaries B. Explorers C. Traders D. Governmental and private companies

15. Which one of the following is not true related to the Maji Maji movement that was occurred in east Africa from 1905-1907.

A. it was led by a prophet of Kinjikitle Ngwale in Tanganyika against German colonialism
B. during this military campaign, the Germans used the military strategies of 'scorched earth' policy
C. the prophet taught his people to sprinkle their bodies with a sacred Majic water, which they believed enemy bullets would turn in to water
D. at the end of the war, the German forces were bitterly defeated by the Tanganyikan forces

16. All of the following played a paramount role for the revival of long-distance trade in the 19^{th} century of Ethiopia except.

A. Due to the presence of peace and stability and absence intense regional feudal wars at the beginning of the 19^{th} century.
B. the establishment of a monarchical system in the South western Oromo region or the existence of peace and stability in the region
C. the improvement of peace and stability in the Red Sea and the coming in to power of Mohammed Ali of Egypt
D. the revival of European interest in Ethiopia and began to send different consuls and delegates to the country

17. Identify the one which served as an important slave market during the 19^{th} century in Gojjam.

A. Abdul Rasul B.Yejube C. Ancharo D. Assandabo

18. Identify merchants of the long-distance trade of the 19th century who dominated the Northern Ethiopian trade as far as the Red Sea

A. the Jabarti B. the Afkala C. the Safare D. Argobba

19. Which one of the following is not taken as the effects of Legitimate trade in Africa which introduced during the first half of the 19th century

A. it led to the intensive exploitation of African natural resources
B. it stimulated the colonialism of the African continent
C. the spread of Christianity led to an unequal trading system
D. Europeans accepted the equality of African peoples with European peoples

20. During the Zemene Mesafint, the name Sabrakussa and May Aslamay indicates or refers to'

A. major Slave markets C. battle fields

B. monasteries in Tigray D. title of the war lords

21. Emperor Tewodros II Quarreled with the Ethiopian Orthodox Church during his reign due to;

A. pertaining to his support for the followers of the catholic followers and declared Catholicism as the state religion of Ethiopia
B. his confiscation of Church lands and restriction of the number of priests and deacon in to two and three in every church
C. due to his support for the followers of Hulet lidet or Karra
D. due to his support for the followers of Sost Lidet

22. Which one of the following precipitated for the final collapse of Emperor Tewodros II in 1868?

A. his harsh measures against regional rebels, public opposition and the conflict with the British government
B. due to his conflict with the Catholic and protestant followers
C. the invasion of the Red Sea by South Arabia and the international lifeline of the country was cut
D. due to the internal invasion of Argobba people and external invasion of the Germany

23. Identify the region which was incorporated in to Emperor Menelik's Empire peacefully.

A. Arsi B. Jimma C. Harar D. Walaita

24. During his territorial expansion, Emperor Menelik II incorporated the following regions in his final stage except

A. Christian Guraghe, Arsi and Jimma
B. Bale, Kaffa, Harar and walaita
C. Borana, Gambella, Ogaden and Benishangul
D. Gibe Oromo states, the Qallam states

25. Which one of the following is introduced federal system of approach or governance in the history of the country?

A. Emperor Tewodros II C. Emperor Menelik II

B. Emperor Teklegiorgis II D. Emperor Yohannes IV

26. Which one of the following is not true pertaining to the reign of emperor Yohannes IV?

A. Emperor Yohannes IV died fighting with the Egyptian forces at the battle of Gundet in1876
B. Emperor Yohannes the IV was flexible towards political perspective unlike his rigid attitude towards religious affairs
C. At the religious council of Borumeda, Yohannes declared Orthodox as the official religion of the country
D. Emperor Yohannes IV Crowned as Adal Tesema of Gojjam Negus of Kaffa and Gojjam in 1881.

27. The enmity between emperor Yohannes IV and the Mahdist Sudan began to grow after the battle of;

A. Qoatit B. Senaffe C. kufit D. Mattamma

28. Identify the Aksumite king who ruled part of South Arabia or Yemen for fifty (50) years.

A. Ezana B. Kaleb C. Ella Seham D. Dil- Naod

29. Which one of the following is not pertained with the use and nature of History?

A. History helps us to resolve problems through war or force than peacefully
B. History provides us a sense of identity and to have better understanding about the present
C. History provides the basic background for other disciplines
D. History teaches critical skills and supplies endless source of Fascination

30. Which one of the following sources is categorized under Primary Sources?

A. Biographies B. Articles C. books and text books D.travel documents

31. Which one of the following is not pertained or related with the earliest known reference that we have on the History of Ethiopia and the Horn.

A. The Periplus of the Erythrean Sea,the contribution of European Missionaries
B. The Christian topography and Arabic- speaking visitors to the coast
C. Inscriptions and manuscripts related to Hagiographies and Muslim accounts
D. The accounts of West African and South African writers

32. Identify the one who has founded the Ethiopian Studies in Europe in the 17thcentury A.D

A. Job ludolf of Germany B. Frederick Angeles C. Thomas More D. John Lock

33. Which one of the following is not true pertaining to History

A. Regarding to periodization, history is categorized in to three minor periods

B. Secondary sources are more reliable than primary sources

C. The organized study and narration of the past was introduced by Herodotus and Thucydides

D. Pertaining to Periodization, history is divided in to two major periods

34. Olduwan and Acheulean cultural evolution (tool making) technologies were evolved and used by one of the following Genus Homos respectively.

A. Homo erectus and Homo Habilis

B. Homo Sapienses Sapiens and pangidae

C. Modern human beings

D. Homo habilis and Homo erectus

35. Which one of the following is not categorized under central Cushitic Super families?

A. Aweign B. Kunfel C. Bilen D. Geez

36. Identify the one which is included or categorized under Indigenous religion in Ethiopia.

A. Orthodox faith

B. Islamic religion

C. Waqeffanna

D. Seventh day Adventist faith

37. Which one of the following is taken as the internal factor for the down fall of the Zagwe dynasty?

A. Internal power struggle/ problem of power succession among themselves

B. the opposition that came from the ancient Aksumite rulers

C. the invasion of Adulis by South Arabia

D. the invasion that came from the Beja people, the Agaw people and queen Bani al Hamwiyah (Yodit)

38. The best described and illustrated expedition from ancient Egypt to ancient Punt was under taken by the order of the famous Egyptian Queen of ;

A. Cleopatra B. Jemila Hazizu C. Sofia Kemila D. Hatshepsut

39. Ethiopian state formation was begun around 1000 B.C. During the civilization of;

A. Yeha B. Addi Seglemeni C. Hawelti Melazo D. Damot

40. Which one of the following is not true about the Muslim Sultanate of Shewa?

A. It is founded by the Makhzumi Khalid ibn al-Walid

B. It is flourished during the 9th century A.D. or 896 AD.

C. It is the oldest Muslim sultanate and flourished before the Muslim sultanate of Dahalak

D. It is flourished after the Muslim sultanate of Ifat in the 16th century A.D.

41. Which one of the following is not true pertaining to the ancient civilization of the Aksumite state?

A. Zagwe churches were registered first in 1978 A.D.before the Aksumite stele

B. Geez language was used before Sabean language in Aksum

C. Sabean language used only consonant words

D. The earliest Sabean inscriptions in Ethiopia and Eriterea dated to the 9th century B.C.

42. Identify the one that is not taken as the characteristics of the Neolithic revolution

A. Domestication of plants and animals

B. Sedentary way of life and surplus food production

C. the introduction of Agriculture and the emergence of complex communities

D. The main economic life of People was depended on hunting and gathering

43. Linguists classified languages of Ethiopia and Horn in to two major Super-families of;

A. Niger Congo and Khoisan

B. Nilo- Saharan and Omotic

C. Afro-Asiatic and Nilo-Saharan

D. Bantu and Swahili

44. Identify the first Patriarch of the Ethiopian Orthodox Church who sent by the Alexandrian Patriarch of Atenatewos during the 4th century A.D.

A. Kasate Birhane or Abba Salama

B. Abune Basilos

C. Abuna Isaq

D. Abune Taklahaymanot

45. Identify the one who had founded the Zagwe dynasty in the mid twelfth century A.D.

A.Yimirhana Kristos

B. Mara Taklahaymanot

C. Ne'akuto Leab

D. King Lalibela

46. Why Islamic religion was spread or introduced peacefully towards the Horn of Africa especially to Ethiopia?

A. due to the warm reception that was made by Ella Seham of the Aksumite king to the Muslim refugees who came to Ethiopia in 615 A.D.

B. due to the military superiority of the Horn of Africa and Ethiopia

C. due to religious similarity of Ethiopia and Mecca

D. because, the Muslim societies had no modern fire army and well-trained soldiers.

47. Identify the one which is said to be the most finely built in the shape of the Cross among the eleven Monolithic Hewn churches of Lalibela.

A. Betemedhane B. Bete Giyorgis C. Bete Golgota D. Bete Mariam

48. All of the following civilizations are recalled as the Muslim legacies except;

A. Arabic grammar, law and theology

B. Artistic literacy and scientific creativity for the middle east

C. mathematics, medicine and philosophy, astronomy, history

D. Olympic, marathon psychology and Geez literatures

49. The architectural style of medieval art in western Europe was known as

A. cathedral B. Romanesque C. Hellenistic D. Catholicism

50. During the medieval period of Europe, the binding agreement between the king and the lords was known as;

A. knights B. Vassalage C. Manors D. Janissaries

51. In 661A.D, the Umayad Muslim dynasty established its capital in;

A. Damascus B. Riyadh C. Baghdad C. Tehran

52. All of the following factors precipitated for the dawn fall of the Abbasid caliphs or dynasty

A. the conquered people were exploited and over taxed

B. the occurrence of division between the Arabs and non-Arabs

C. the invasion of the Mongol peoples

D. the invasion that came from the Almoravids

53. Which one of the following is true concerning to the Roman Empire

A. there was peace and stability during the first two hundred years of the Roman republic

B. the Roman Empire was established before the Roman Republic

C. the Roman republic was established in 509 A.D. and lasted for 500 years

D. The Roman republic stayed from 1000B.C-1453A.D.

54. Which one of the following is true regarding to the war of Octavian and Mark Antony?

A. the assassination of Romulus and Remus was the immediate the cause of the war

B. Octavian fell in love with Queen Cleopatra of Egypt

C. Cleopatra and Octavian defeated Mark Antony

D. the assassination of Caesar was the immediate causes of the war

55. One of the following has no connection with the ancient Persian civilization.

A. Pony express B. tall Pyramids C. Cuneiform writing D. Law and religious

56. Which one of the following movements took place in 1517?

A. the Renaissance C. the abolishment of slavery

B. the Reformation D. Enlightenment

57. The flight of prophet Mohammed from Mecca to Medina was happened in the ;

A. 10th century A.D B. 8th century A.D C. the 7th century A.D D.11th century A.D

58. Which one of the following is not true regarding to the Byzantine Empire?

A. the empire began to collapse during the 11thcentury

B. the Byzantine army was defeated by the Seljuk Turkish at the battle of Manzikert

C. after the fall of the Western empire, the eastern Roman empire survived for the next1000 years

D. the empire came to an end in 1453 after the invasion of Constantinople by the Ottoman Turks

59. All of the following are characterized by the strong hold of Shiism except;

A. Iran B. Lebanon C. India D. Saudi

60. Identify the two states which were fight at the battle of Punic war between 204 and 146 B.C.

A. Persia and Greece C. Persia and Carthage

B. Carthage and Rome D. Rome and Mesopotamia

61. Islamic religion was introduced in to the Horn of Africa through the following gateways except;

A. Red Sea B. Gulf of Aden C. Indian Ocean D. Atlantic Ocean

62. The Byzantine empire reached at its peak under the reign of

A. Justinian I B. Romulus C. Remus D. Augustus Caesar

63. Ethiopian studies was founded in Europe in the 17th A.D.by a German historian named

A. Rudolf William B. Job Ludolf C. Leopold Von Ranke D. Ferdinand Ozakite

64. The distinctive periodization between history and pre-history is

A. 6000 B.P B. 5000 B.P C. 9000 B.P D. 4500 B.P.

65. Which one of the following is not true pertained with the ancient Chinese civilization?

A. the first dynasty of Chinese is the Shang dynasty

B. the Shang dynasty was centered in the Huang ho valley

C. At about 1122 B.C, the Shang dynasty overthrown the Zhon or chon dynasty

D. Confucius was the most influential and respected philosopher in Chinese history

66. Which one of the following is referred as the birth place of Western civilization

A. Greece B. Bulgaria C. France D. Germany

67. Which one of the following is not true regarding to the ancient history of Greece?

A. the Peloponnesian war was fought between Athens and Persia

B. The ancient Greece called themselves as Hellens and Hellas to their land

C. they called the period from 146- 320 A.D. as the Hellenistic period

D. After the fall of Alexander the great the empire was divided among his general

68. Identify the one who was not among the power contenders of 1868 following the death of emperor Tewodros II.

A. Adal Tassama of Gojjam C. Wagshum Gobeze Gebremedhin of Lasta

B. Negus Menelik of Shoa D. Kassa Mircha of Tigray

69. Which one of the following is not true pertaining/relating to Menelik's territorial expansion to the southern part of the country?

A. He applied both peaceful and forceful methods of incorporation

B. Dawuro, Konta, Kambata, Bale, Sidama, Gamo Gofa and Walayta were incorporated from 1865-1882

C. Jimma, Laqa Qallam, Laqa Naqamte and Northern Gurage were incorporated peacefully

D. The great famine or Kefu Qan had a great impact and reinforcement for Menelik's territorial expansion towards Southern parts of Ethiopia

70. In which African country did the British colonial government faced peoples' opposition first?

A. Angola B. Zambia C. Asante D. Namibia

71. All of the following are taken as the characteristics of French direct rule policy in Africa except;

A. the policy was exercised by Albert Sarrout of French colonial minister
B. It was the most difficult and most expensive way of administration
C. It did not use African customary law but used French customary law
D. It was against of association and assimilation policy

72. The ancient Northern Rhodesia is the present day of;

A. Zambia B. Tanzania C. Namibia D. Zimbabwe

73. Which one of the following made Egypt as the most important country both commercially and strategically during the 19thcentury?

A. the skillful military and political leadership of colonel Urabi Pasha
B. the opening of the Suez Canal in 1869
C. the construction of the Aswan Dam
D. due to its military power and strength

74. Which one of the following is not characterized or taken as the common forms of colonial rule of European colonialists?

A. Democracy B. Assimilation C. Association D. Divide and rule

75. Kassa Hailu was anointed by Abune Salama at Deresge Mariam on 9 February, 1885 after his last battle of;

A. Ayshal B. Gorgora C. Deresge D. Gur Amba

76. On July 1871, Emperor Takla Giorgis was defeated by Kssa Mircha at the battle of;

A. Asem B. Chalanqo C. Segele D. Sarwuha

77. Which one of the following is not taken as the impacts of colonialism in Africa?

A. it shaped the economic and political structure of African colonies to serve the interest of European powers
B. it made Africa a supplier of raw materials for European countries
C. Africans deserved or kept their independence
D. it disrupted the development and way of living local communities

78. Queen Victoria of Great Britain sent a letter to Emperor Tewodros II through the British Consul of;

A. Sir Robert Burton C. Sir Robert Napier
B. Cameron D. Hormuzd Rassam

79. Identify the leader of Egyptian forces who entered Harar via the Gulf of Aden (Zeila) on October 1875.

A. Mohhamed Rauf Pasha C. Colonel Arendrup and Arakel Bey
B. Werner Munzinger D. Mohammed Alnasir

80. The coin of Maria Theresa Thaler was introduced from Austria to Ethiopia at:

A. the end of the 19thcentury C. at the first half of the 20th century.
B. the end of the 18thcentury D. the second of the 13th century

81. Which one of the following is not true relating to the rebellions that broke out in the first decade of the 20th century in South West Africa (Namibia) against the German colonial rule?

A. It was a peasant rebellion because the lands of the Heroro and Nama peasants was taken by the white settlers

B. That was happened following the epidemic cattle disease that was occurred from 1896

C. The Heroro and the Nama peasants were led by Samuel Maharero and Hedrik Witbooi Respectively

D. Both the Heroro and the Nama peasants got victory over the German forces

82. Which one of the following Italian states given back to Italy after the defeat of Austria by the Combined forces of France and Piedmont in 1859?

A. Lombardi B. Venetia C. the Papal States D. Rome

83. Which one of the following European countries did not participate in the Balkan crisis?

A. Britain B. Russia C. Austria D. Spain

84. During the American civil war of 1860-65, the Confederates were led by;

A. Abraham Lincoln B. Jefferson Davis C. John Booth D. Davis Alexander

85. Which one of the following countries believe in the'' Mandate of Heaven''

A. China B. Britain C. France D. Greece

86. Which one of the following Ethiopian states had an old tradition of digging trenches and ditches to defend itself from its enemy

A. Kaffa B. Bizamo C. Enarya D. Damot

87. During the French Revolution,the **Gulotine** became very famous for their;

A. construction of government castle C. national assembly

B. an executing machine D. irrigation canal

88. Identify the battle that marked an end to the Napoleonic era in Europe;

A. Leipzig B. Valmy C. Trafalgar D. Waterloo

89. Which one of the following Nigerian City -States served as a major supplier of Slaves

A. Zazzau B. Gobir C. Kano D. Zamfira

90. All of the following are taken as the basic characteristics of Australopithecines except;

A. had small canine teeth C. had large brain, small Jaws and face

B.is referred as Southern ape D. had small brain, large Jaws and face

91. Which one of the following Genus Homos is the first to move outside Africa to Asia & Europe?

A. Homo Habilis B. Homo Erectus C. Homo Sapiens D. Modern human beings

92. One of the following was not pre-Aksumite sites in Northern part of Ethiopia

A. Yeha B. Hawulti- Melazo C. Adafa D. Addi-Seglemeni

93. Which one of the following is not true pertaining to the Ancient Aksumite state?

A. starting from the fourth to the seventh century, Aksumite kings minted and issued coins both for internal and external transaction

B. According to the Periplus of the Erythrean sea, Aksumite trade activities was depended on the red Sea, Gulf of Aden and Indian ocean

C. According to the Christian topography, Aksumite traders went as far as Sasu and beyond the river Abay in the exchange of Iron and Salt bar with Gold

D. the external factor for the collapse of the Aksumite state was the invasion of Adulis by the Meroe kingdom

94. Which one of the following is true regarding to the ancient state of Damat?

A. it is one of the earliest states in Ethiopia and the Horn of Africa which was established in the third Millennium B.C

B. some of the ancient Damat rulers used the South Arabian political and religious title called Mukarib

C. ancient Damat had trade and political relationship with the ancient Egyptians

D. ancient Damat was emerged after the Aksumite state in the third century A.D.

95. All of the following served as a mobile courts from 1270-1636 until the emergence of Gondar as a permanent capital city except;

A. Tegulet and Haiq C. Menagesha and Furi

B. wachacha and Bulga D. Chelenqo and Babile

96. Which one of the following is not a major factor for the Oromo Population movement during the 16th century?

A. intended to control the trade and trade routes of Zeila and Berbera

B. Population pressure and to get a grazing field for their cattle

C. Environmental factors and climate changes

D. the movement intended to get a conducive environment both for their cattle and themselves

97. Which one of the following is not categorized under the Barentu confederacy in the Oromo Gada system

A. Tulama B. Ittu C. Karayu D. Akachu

98. Identify the Political, economic, social and religious institution of the Oromo People

A. Meda Walabu B. Chaffee C. Gada system D. Abba Dulla

99. Which one of the following is **not** a major factor for the political transformation of the Gibe Oromo states from the Gada system in to monarchical system of governance during the early 19^{th}century?

A. Their contact with the Omotic states which had experienced monarchical system for a long period of time

B. The frequent wars gave rise to powerful individuals such as the Abba Dulas who became influential leaders

C. The expansion of Oromo in to a wide area affected the system which worked very well in small groups

D. Their contact with the neighboring Somali peoples which had experienced monarchical system of governance for many years forced them to adopt it

100. Ardipithecus Ramidus Kadaba was discovered in;

A. Middle Awash B. Nile Valley C. Pacific Ocean D. Atlantic Ocean