CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY &GOVERNMENT

(MOCKS TRIALS 1-10)

SERIES 1 COMPILATION OF RECENT TOP CROSS-COUNTRY HISTORY &GOVERNMENT MOCKS IDEAL FOR KCSE REVISION PURPOSES.

KCSE MODEL MOCK TRIALS

SERIES 1

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/WHATSAPP

0707550000 / 0705525657

MWALIMU PUBLISHERS

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 1 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Identify one main source of History and Government of the Kenyan communities during the pre colonial period. **(1mark)**

2. Name two groups of people that form the Coastal Bantu of Kenya. **(2marks)**

3. Name one Kenyan community that had a centralized form of government in the pre-colonial period. **(1mark)**

4. Give two crops that were introduced by the Portuguese at the East African Coast. **(2marks)**

5. State two terms of the Anglo-German agreement of 1886. **(2marks)**

6. Define dual citizenship. **(1mark)**

7. Identify the main grievance of Ukamba Members Association. **(1mark)**

8. Identify two Kenyan communities that showed mixed reactions against colonial invasion. **(2mks)**
9. Mention the woman who led the Agiriama resistance. **(1mark)**
10. State two reasons why Africans in Kenya were denied the right to grow cash crops during the colonial period? **(2marks)**
11. Give two demands of African Elected Members Organization (A.E.M.O). **(2marks)**
12. Who introduced dairy farming in Kenya? **(1mark)**
13. What was the main ideological difference between KANU and KADU before independence in 1963? **(1mark)**
14. Give the main function of Parliament in Kenya. **(1mark)**
15. State the two levels of government in Kenya today. **(2marks)**
16. Identify the constitutional amendment that reverted Kenya to a multi-party state. **(1mark)**
17. Mention two types of funds in which government revenue is deposited. **(2marks)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18. **(a)** State five reasons for the migration of the Nilotes. **(5marks)**
    (b) Describe the social organization of the Maasai. **(10marks)**
19. **(a)** Mention five characteristics of Coastal towns by 1500 AD. **(5marks)**
    (b) Explain five results of plantation agriculture in the East African Coast by Seyyid Said. **(10marks)**
20. **(a)** Outline five ways used by the colonial government to provide labour for the settler farmers. **(5marks)**
    (b) Explain five effects of colonial land policies. **(10marks)**
21. **(a)** Identify three methods used by African nationalists in their struggle for Independence. (3marks)
    (b) Explain six effects of Mau Mau uprising in Kenya. **(12marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

22. (a) State five functions of Kenya correctional facilities. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five factors that undermine the administration of justice in Kenya. **(10marks)**

23. (a) Give three political causes of conflicts. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six ways through which education fosters National Unity. **(12marks)**

24. (a) What is the composition of the County Assembly? **(3marks)**

(b) Describe six challenges facing devolution in Kenya today. **(12marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 1 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Identify two advantages of the upright posture to the early man. **(2marks)**

2. Name the tools used by early man in the second phase of the old stone age period. **(1mark)**

3. State two disadvantages of silent trade. **(2marks)**

4. Mention the form of writing that developed in Egypt as a result of early agriculture. **(1mark)**

5. Give one negative consequence of iron working in Africa. **(1mark)**

6. Identify two demerits of smoke signals as used in traditional communication. **(2marks)**

7. State two advantages of space exploration. **(2marks)**

8. Who invented the printing press? **(1mark)**

9. Mention two characteristics of industrial revolution in Europe. **(2marks)**

10. How did the Shona refer to their God? **(1mark)**

11. State two sources of British law. **(2marks)**

12. Identify two types of Monarchial governments. **(2marks)**

13. Give two peaceful methods used by the Europeans to acquire colonies in Africa. **(2marks)**

14. Mention the French method of administration that replaced the assimilation policy. **(1mark)**

15. Identify the immediate cause of the second world war. **(1mark)**

16. Give the UN agency tasked with promoting workers welfare. **(1mark)**

17. Identify the official head of the common wealth organization. **(1mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18. (a) Identify three hunting methods used by early man. **(3marks)**

(b) Describe the culture of early man during the middle stone age period. **(12marks)**

19. (a) Mention five economic activities carried out in Buganda kingdom in the 19th century. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five factors for the growth of Shona kingdom. **(10marks)**

20. (a) Identify three chattered companies that were used to administer European possessions in Africa. **(3mraks)**

(b) Explain six positive effects of European colonization of Africa. **(12marks)**

21. (a) Mention five reasons for the failure of the Maji Maji uprising. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five disadvantages of Samori Toures second empire at Dabakala. **(10marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

22. (a) Identify five aims of the League of Nations. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five challenges faced by UNO. **(10marks)**

23. (a) Outline five causes of the first world war. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe five effects of cold war. **(10marks)**

24. (a) Identify three reasons why the Manchester Pan African congress of 1945 was unique. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six reasons why Pan African movement was not properly established in Africa by 1945. **(12marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 2 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Give two reasons why a person cannot rely on written materials as a source of information on History and Government. **(2 marks)**

2. State any two economic activities of the Abagusii in the pre-colonial period. **(2 marks)**

3. In what one way did Kenyan communities interact in the pre-colonial period. **(1 mark)**

4. Identify **one** archaeological evidence that prove that early visitors came to the East African coast. **(1 mark)**

5. Give two reasons that influenced Seyyid Said to move his capital from Muscat to Zanzibar in 1840. **(2marks)**

6. State two requirements for one to be registered as a Kenyan citizen. **(2marks)**

7. State one function of a constitution. **(1mark)**

8. State two rights of the Kenyan youth. **(2marks)**

9. Give two reasons that made Nabongo Mumia to collaborate with the British. **(2marks)**

10. State any one feature of missionary education in the colonial period. **(2marks)**

11. Give one political impact of the national philosophies. **(1 mark)**

12. State the main result of the repealing section 2A of the constitution in 1991. **(1 mark)**

13. Give two reasons why Kenya holds general elections. **(2marks)**

14. Give one function of the Attorney general. **(1 mark)**

15. Give the main role of the court of appeal. **(1 mark)**

16. State one function of the county governor. **(1 mark)**

17. Identify one fund into which collected revenue by the national government is deposited. **(1 mark)**

SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section

18. **(a)** Outline the various reasons for the migration of the Cushites from their original homeland. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the political organization of the Mijikenda during the pre-colonial period. **(10 mark)**

19. **(a)** State any five factors that contributed to the development of the international trade in the 19th century. **(5marks)**

(b) **Explain** the factors that led to the decline of the coastal towns after 1500AD **(10marks)**

20. **(a)** State any three ways in which colonial land policies negatively affected the African in the colonial period. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six ways in which the colonial government promoted settler farming. **(12marks)**

21. **(a)** Identify **three** types of landholding in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** political challenges that have faced post-independent Kenya. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22.(a) State three types of Bills discussed by the National assembly**.** **(3marks)**

(b) Describe the process of law making at the national level. **(12 marks)**

23.(a) Give any three ways of peaceful conflict resolution in a country such as Kenya. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain any six factors that limit Kenya's national unity. **(12marks)**

24.(a) Identify **five** indirect taxes paid by Kenyans **(5marks)**

(b) Explain **five** ways through which parliament ensures public finance is **not** misused **(10marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 2 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Give two ways in which anthropology contributes to information on History and Government **(2 marks)**

2. Identify two chemical methods of dating materials used by archaeologists **(2 marks)**

3. Give two physical features of *Homo erectus* **(2 marks)**

4. State Charles Darwin's theory of Evolution. **(1 mark)**

5. Give the main reason why man domesticated the dog **(1 mark)**

6. State any two disadvantages of using messengers to pass messages **(2 marks)**

7. State one disadvantage of the internet as a means of communication **(2 marks)**

8. State the major limitation of gold as a metal **(1 mark)**

9. Outline two factors that influenced the development of early urban centres in Africa **(2 marks)**

10. Identify the leader who convened the Berlin conference of 1884-1885 **(1 mark)**

11. Identify one country in Africa that was not colonized by the European powers **(1 mark)**

12. Give two reasons that influenced Lewanika to collaborate with the British **(2 marks)**

13. Identify two military tactics that Samori used against the French. **(2 marks)**

14. Identify one characteristic of the cold war **(1 marks)**

15. Give ONE functions of the council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity. **(1 mark)**

16. State any two objectives for the formation of the Economic Community of West African States **(2 marks)**

17. Name the form of government that is practiced in Great Britain? **(1 mk)**

SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer only three questions in this section

18. **(a)** State five reasons why early man domesticated crops and animals during the Neolithic period. **(5marks)**

(b) What was the impact of the Agrarian Revolution in Britain **(10marks)**

19. **(a)** State three factors that contributed to the development of Trans-Saharan trade. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain five positive results of Trans-Saharan trade on the people of Western Sudan. **(10marks)**

20. **(a)** State any three factors that led to the growth of London as an urban Centre **(3marks)**

(b) Discuss any six problems facing modern urban centre in Africa . **(12marks)**

21. **(a).** Outline five terms of the Berlin conference of 1884-1885. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain FIVE factors that led to the defeat of Shona and Ndebele during the Chimurenga uprising. **(10marks)**

SECTION C (30marks)

Answer only two questions in this section

22.(a) Outline five causes of the First World war **(5marks)**

(b) Discuss five reasons why the League of Nations failed to preserve World peace **(10marks)**

23.(a) State three economic aspects of the Shona during the pre-colonial period. **(3marks)**

(b) Describe the political organization of the Asante Empire during the 19th Century **(12marks)**

24.(a) Identify three ways through which a person can become a member of the House of Lords in Britain. **(3marks)**

(b) Discuss six roles of the prime Minister in Britain **(12marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 3 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Define the term government as a subject in secondary schools. **(1 mark)**

2. Give the **MAIN** method used by the archaeologists to gather their historical data. **(1 mark)**

3. Name the **MAIN** source of historical information used in grouping the language groups in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

4. Give **two** reasons for the migration of the Borana from Ethiopia into Kenya. **(2 marks)**

5. Name **two** councils of elders among the Nandi in the 19th century. **(2 marks)**

6. Which community of East Africa was the most active in the long distance trade in the 19th century. **(1 mark)**

7. State **one** reason why the government may limit the freedom of speech. **(1 mark)**

8. State **two** advantages of using arbitration as a method of resolving conflict. **(2 marks)**
9. Give **two** reasons why the constitution of Kenya as important. **(2 marks)**
10. Mention **one** type of representative democracy. **(1 mark)**
11. Name the document that contains the rights of the child in Kenya. **(1 mark)**
12. Give the **MAIN** reason why poll tax was introduced in Kenya during the colonial period. **(1 mk)**
13. Give **two** reasons why Africans were reluctant to provide labour during the colonial period. **(2 marks)**
14. State **two** recommendations of the Lyttelton constitution of 1954. **(2 marks)**
15. Give the composition of County Assembly. **(2 marks)**
16. State **two** ways in which the government of Kenya has promoted the culture of the people of Kenya since independence. **(2 marks)**
17. Identify the **MAIN** political challenge facing the government of Kenya today. **(1 mark)**

SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

*Answer **ANY three** questions from this section.*

18. **(a)** Outline **five** reasons for the migration of the Luo from their ancestral homeland. **(5 marks)**
    (b) Describe the political organization of the Mijikenda during the pre-colonial period. **(10 mks)**
19. **(a)** Identify **three** contributions of the European missionaries to the exploration of East Africa in the 19th century. **(3 marks)**
    (b) Explain **six** factors which promoted missionary activities in East Africa in the 19th century. **(12 marks)**
20. **(a)** Identify **three** problems that the independent schools faced during the colonial period. **(3 marks)**
    (b) Explain **six** results of the establishment of independent churches in Kenya during the colonial period. **(12 marks)**
21. **(a)** State **five** main features of African socialism. **(5 marks)**
    (b) Explain **five** economic effects of African socialism. **(10 marks)**

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

*Answer **two** questions from this section.*

22. (a) State any **three** ways in which the Kenya constitution promotes National unity. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** peaceful methods of resolving conflicts. **(10 marks)**

23. (a) Identify **five** challenges Kenya faced in the process of making a new constitution. **(5 marks)**

(b) What were the main terms of the National Accord and Reconciliation Act 2008 **(10 marks)**

24. (a) Outline the composition of the County Executive Committee. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain how multipartism has promoted democracy in Kenya. **(10 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 3 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

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DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Give **two** contributions of Archaeology to the study of History. **(2 marks)**
2. Which is the title of the tools made by the New Stone Age Man? **(1 mark)**
3. Give the **MAIN** reason why early agriculture developed in Egypt. **(1 mark)**
4. Give **two** inventions that led to the Agrarian Revolution in Britain. **(2 marks)**
5. Name **one** metal that was used as currency in pre-colonial Africa. **(1 mark)**
6. State **one** advantage of pipeline over vehicles in transporting oil. **(1 mark)**
7. Give **two** challenges faced by space explorers. **(2 marks)**
8. State **one** disadvantage of using wood as a source of energy. **(1 mark)**
9. Give **one** invention that revolutionalized food preservation during the nineteenth century. **(1 mk)**

10. Identify **one** use of steel during the industrial revolution. **(1 mark)**

11. Give **two** social functions of the ancient city of Athens in Greece. **(2 marks)**

12. Give **one** way in which public opinion in Europe contributed to the colonization of Africa. **(1 mark)**

13. State **one** way in which African collaboration with Europeans hastened colonization in Africa. **(1 mark)**

14. Identify **two** differences between British and French colonial administration. **(2 marks)**

15. Mention **two** ways in which the treaty of Versailles signed in 1919 affected Germany. **(2 marks)**

16. State **one** condition that a country should fulfill inorder to become a member of the Non-Aligned Movement. **(1 mark)**

17. Identify **two** ways in which the congress checks the powers of the President of USA. **(2 marks)**

SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

*Answer **ANY three** questions from this section.*

18. (a) State **five** reasons why early people domesticated crops and animals. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** causes of food shortages in Africa today. **(10 marks)**

19. (a) Give **three** problems faced by factory workers in Europe during the industrial revolution. **(3 marks)**

(b) Why did the industrial revolution take place in Britain ahead of other European countries. **(12 marks)**

20. (a) Name **three** political parties in South Africa. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** factors that led to the development of African Nationalism in Ghana. **(12 marks)**

21. (a) Give the achievements of ECOWAS. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** challenges faced by Non-Aligned Movement since its formation. **(10 marks)**

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

*Answer **two** questions from this section.*

22. (a) Describe the social organization of the shona during the pre-colonial period. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain the political organization of the Mwene Mutapa Kingdom during the pre-colonial period. **(10 marks)**

23. (a) Give **five** reasons why the central powers were defeated in the First World War. **(5 marks)**

(b) Describe **five** social effects of the Second World War. **(10 marks)**

24. (a) State **five** merits of the federal government of the United States of America. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain **five** reasons why parliament is the supreme institution in Britain. **(10 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 4 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Give two examples of early inhabitants of Kenya. **(2marks)**

2. Identify two cultural practices introduced by the Cushites in Kenya. **(2marks)**

3. Identify the title given to the war leader among the Luo community **(1mark)**

4. State two characteristics of a good constitution. **(2marks)**

5. Identify any two groups that monitor human rights in Kenya. **(2marks)**

6. Apart from the legislative council mention two other bodies that assisted the central government in administering the protectorate during the colonial period. **(2marks)**

7. Identify three recommendations of the Lenox-Boyd constitution of 1957. **(3marks)**

8. Mention one main strategy introduced by Jomo Kenyatta to try and eliminate the social problems that faced Kenya at independence. **(1mark)**

9. State two major challenges facing Health sector in Kenya. **(2marks)**

10. Name two sources of Nyayo philosophy **(2marks)**

11. Name the education commission that was established in 1982 to review the 8.4.4 system of education. **(1mark)**

12. Give two rule that govern that concept of natural justice **(2mark)**

13. Who is the head of judiciary in Kenya? **(1mark)**

14. State two operation forts established by the British to enhance political control in central Kenya **(2marks)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions from this section

15. a) Name three similarities in social organization of the Agikuyu and Luo during pre-colonial period. **(3 marks)**

b) Describe the political organization of the Kenyan Somali during the pre-colonial period **(12marks)**

16.a) Identify Five constitutional changes in Executive in 2010 **(5marks)**

b) Explain five challenges that Kenyans encountered in the search for new constitution.**(10mks)**

17.a) State five measures used by colonial government in Kenya to force Africans to provide labour in settler farms. **(5marks)**

b) Describe five consequences of colonial land policies. **(10 marks)**

18.a) Name three rights of aliens in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain six civic responsibilities of Kenyan Citizens **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section

19.a) List three methods used by the British to occupy Kenya towards the close of the 19th century **(3marks)**

b) Explain six challenges that faced the Imperial British East Africa Company in its Administration of the protectorate **(12 marks)**

20.a) Identify three methods that have been used to conduct elections in Kenya. **(3marks)**

b) Why is parliament an important institution in Kenya? **(3marks)**

21.a) Give three aims of Harambee movement in Kenya. **(3marks)**

b) Explain six problems that faced Harambee movement in Kenya. **(12 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 4 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Give the main method used by anthropologist to gather their historical data. **(1mark)**
2. Identify the method used in making sangoan tools. **(1mark)**
3. Identify two external reasons for Lewanika's collaboration with the British **(2marks)**
4. Identify the chartered company that British used to administer parts of west Africa **(1mark)**
5. Give two reasons why the location of Samori Toures second empire contributed to his defeat by the French **(2marks)**
6. Identify two ancestors of man associated with the making of Oldowan Tools **(2marks)**
7. List two inventions which Jethro Tull a British farmer invented. **(2marks)**
8. State two regions where salt was mined during Trans-Saharan Trade. **(2marks)**

9. State two ways in which knowledge of iron working led to the rise of kingdoms in pre-colonial period **(2marks)**

10. Identify two social classes that made up the Baganda society in the pre-colonial period. **(2marks)**

11. State one way through which the European nations maintained peace among themselves during the partition of African continent. **(1mark)**

12. State two duties of native affairs Department in Zimbabwe during the colonial period. **(2marks)**

13. Name the underground movement that spearheaded the armed resistance in South Africa during the apartheid system **(1mark)**

14. Identify two weapons used during cold war. **(2marks)**

15. Identify two vessels used in space exploration. **(2marks)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section

16. a) Identify three reasons why African slaves were more preferred than other races during the Trans-Atlantic trade **(3marks)**

b) Explain six factors which contributed to the decline of the Trans-Saharan Trade. **(12marks)**

17. a) Name three advantages of the use of radio over newspaper in modern society. **(3marks)**

b) Describe six contributions of TV to economic development. **(12marks)**

18. a) Outline five factors that led to rise of Shona community before the 19th century **(5marks)**

b) Describe the political organization of Asante Empire in the pre-colonial period **(10 marks)**

19. a) Other than Nigeria name other three British colonies in West Africa. **(3marks)**

b) Explain six reasons why the British used Direct rule in Zimbabwe. **(12marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section

20.a) Name three political parties that struggled for independence in Ghana. **(3marks)**

b) Explain six factors that contributed to nationalism in Ghana. **(12marks)**

21.a) Give five reasons for the failure of the peace settlement after the First World War **(5marks)**

b) Discuss five causes of the Second World War. **(10marks)**

22.a) Name three founders of Non-Aligned Movement **(3marks)**

b) Explain six factors that undermined the activities of Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) **(12marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 5 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Identify **two** sources of Kenyan History. **(2 marks)**

2. State **two** similarities in the political organization of the Ameru and the Abagusii during the 19th Century. **(2 marks)**

3. Give the **main** reason why the rulers of Malindi welcomed the Portuguese in the 16th Century. **(1 mark)**

4. State **two** advantages of a written constitution. **(2 marks)**

5. Identify **one** fighting tactic used during the African resistance against the establishment of British rule in Kenya . **(1 mark)**

6. Identify **one** feature of African farming in Kenya during the colonial period. **(1 mark)**

7. Give the **main** reason why poll tax was introduced in Kenya during the colonial period. **(1 mark)**

8. Name **one** personality who inspired Jomo Kenyatta to join politics. **(1 mark)**

9. Identify **one** condition that one must fulfill in order to register as a voter in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

10. Give **one** member of the African Elected Members Organization (AEMO) at its inception in 1957. **(1 mark)**

11. Give **one** strategy used by the colonial government to achieve its objectives in offering missionary education in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

12. Outline **two** roles of polling clerks in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

13. Identify **two** functions of the National Intelligence Service **(NIS)** in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

14. Give **two** roles played by the ruling party in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

15. Give **two** ways in which parliamentary supremacy is undermined in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

16. Give the **main** function of the Commission on Revenue Allocation in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

17. State **two** ways through which the savings and credit cooperative societies in Kenya benefit their members. **(2 marks)**

SECTION B (45 marks)

*Answer any **three** questions from this section.*

18. **(a)** Identify **three** communities that interacted with the Abagusii as they migrated and settled in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe the social organization of the Abagusii. **(12 marks)**

19. (a)Identify **three** factors which enabled the white settlers to establish farms in Kenya during the colonial period **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** ways in which the colonial government promoted settler farming in Kenya **(12 marks)**

20. (a) Apart from Kenya African National Union (KANU) name **three** other political parties formed in Kenya between 1960 and 1963 **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain the political developments which hastened the achievement of independence in Kenya between 1945 -1963 **(12 marks)**

21. (a) Identify **three** education commissions appointed by the government to review the education systems since independence. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** challenges facing the education sector in Kenya today. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 marks)

*Answer any **two** questions from this section.*

22. (a) Identify **three** ways that could be used to amend the constitution in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** challenges faced in giving Kenyans a new constitution. **(12 marks)**

23. (a) Outline the procedure for solving disputes in presidential elections in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** functions of the Senate in Kenya. **(12 marks)**

24. (a) State **three** reasons why African socialism was adopted. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain **six** social impacts of National philosophies in Kenya. **(12 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 5 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. What is meant by paleontology? **(1 mark)**

2. State the earliest form of art by early man. **(1 mark)**

3. Why was the trans-Atlantic trade referred to as triangular trade? **(1 mark)**

4. State two ways in which railway transport promoted industrialization in Europe. **(2 marks)**

5. State one way through which European powers maintained peace among themselves during partition of Africa. **(1 mark)**

6. State to pottery- making styles associated with iron working. **(2 marks)**

7. Identify two terms of the treaty signed between Lobengular and Charles Rudd the BSA company representative. **(2 marks)**

8. State two methods used by Ghananians in articulating their quest for nationalism. **(2 mark)**

9. State two regions that attempted to break away from Congo during 1960s Congo crisis. **(2 marks)**

10. Identify two fighting methods used in the First World War. **(2 marks)**

11. Name two sources of laws for British unwritten constitution. **(2 marks)**

12. State the main function of e international court of justice. **(1 mark)**

13. State the main objective of the Marshall plan after the Second World War. **(1 mark)**

14. State two demands of the Australian government towards Bosnia after the assassination of Franz Ferdinad. **(2 marks)**

15. Name one leader who was the founder of the non-Aligned movements. **(1 mark)**

16. Name the head of the government in Aristocratic government. **(1 mark)**

17. Which body is in charge of elections in USA? **(1 mark)**

SECTION B (45 marks)

*Answer any **three** questions from this section.*

18. (a) Give five reasons why it is important to study history. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain five advantages of using linguistics as a source of information on History and government. **(5 marks)**

19. (a) Identify three challenges of air transport. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain six positive effects of telecommunication today. **(12 marks)**

20. (a) State five factors that led to the growth of Johannesburg. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain five ways in which the Industrial and Agrarian Revolution influenced urbanization in Europe in the 19th century. **(10 marks)**

21. (a) Identified three chartered companies which were used. European powers to acquire colonies in Africa. **(3 marks)**

(b) Discuss six political impacts of partition of Africa by European powers. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

22. **(a)** Name ***three*** communes of Senegal where Assimilation policy was successfully applied. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** reasons why indirect rule failed in southern Nigeria. **(12 marks)**

23. **(a)** Identify ***three*** methods used by nationalists in Ghana during their struggle for independence. **(3 mks)**

(b) Describe ***six*** factors that contributed to the struggle for independence in South Africa. **(12 mk)**

24. **(a)** Give ***three*** reasons why the United States of America (USA) was reluctant to join the First World war **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** social effects of the Second World War. **(12 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 6 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Identify **two** classifications of Monarchical government **(2marks)**
2. State **two** economic results of the Oromo settlement in their present homeland **(2marks)**
3. Name the largest linguistic group in Kenya **(1mark)**
4. State **two** functions of Fort Jesus to the Portuguese during their rule **(2marks)**
5. Give **two** reasons why the Portuguese attempts to introduce Christianity to the Coastal people failed between 1500- 1700 AD **(2marks)**
6. Define the term 'thrift' as a value of good citizenship **(1mark)**
7. Give the main significance of the Appeal of section 2A of the constitution of Kenya in 1991 **(1mark)**

8. Name two reserves that were created for Maasai by the British after their collaboration **(2marks)**

9. State the main political factor that made it difficult for the British to effectively administer Kenya during the colonial period **(1 mark)**

10. Identify the main significance of the Devonshire white paper of 1923 **(1mark)**

11. Highlight the disagreement that led Kenya African national Union and Kenya African Democratic Union to attend second Lancaster House conference (1962) **(1mark)**

12. Give two functions of the National Intelligence Service **(2marks)**

13. Identify two sources of the Nyayo philosophy **(2marks)**

14. What step has the government of Kenya taken to help eliminate literacy among adults **(2marks)**

15. Name the smallest county in Kenya **(1mark)**

16. State two principles of devolved government **(2marks)**

17. Identify the body that investigates and recommends for prosecution of Public officers who misuse public finances **(1marks)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any Three questions from this Section

18. **(a)** State 5 results of the migration and settlement of the Eastern cushites into Kenya by 1800c **(5 mark**

(b) Describe Economic Organization of the Somali in the 19th Century **(10 marks)**

19. **(a)** What were the reasons for the construction of Kenya-Uganda Railway, during the colonial period **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain 5 reasons which led to the formation of independent churches and Schools during the colonial Period **(5 mark)**

20. **(a)** Outline 5 demands of coast African Association formed in 1943 **(5marks)**

(b) Explain 5 ways through which the colonial government promoted settler farming in Kenya **(10marks)**

21. **(a)** State 5 factors that favoured Mau Mau freedom fighters in Kenya **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain 5 factors that made the political organization and movement to demand for political independence after 1945 in Kenya **(10 mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any Two Questions from this section

22. (a) State **three** composition of the cabinet **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain Six functions of the national Assembly **(12 marks)**

23. (a) State 3 ways through which direct democracy is practised in Kenya **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six functions of Kenya National Human rights commission **(12 marks)**

24. (a) State three Principles of devolved government **(3marks)**

(b) Explain 6 challenges facing county government in Kenya **(12 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 6 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Define the term Palaentology **(1mar**

2. State Charles Darwins theory of evolution **(1mark)**

3. A part from tool making, identify two other early industries of the early man **(2marks)**

4. Name two methods of irrigation used during early Agriculture in Egypt **(2marks)**

5. Identify the **MAIN** disadvantage of most of telecommunication system **(1mark)**

6. State one religious use of steam in early Egypt **(1mark)**

7. State two factors that led to the growth of urban centres in Europe **(2marks)**

8. Give two economic factors that led to the growth Asante empire **(2marks)**

9. Identify two external threats which faced Ndebele Kingdom, under Lobengula **(2mar**

10. State one challenge faced by Fredrick Lugard, when he tried to establish colonial rule in Northern Nigeria **(1mark)**

11. State the role played by the church in the struggle for independence in South Africa **(1marks)**

12. Identify two religious functions that emerged after the death of Kabaka Mutesa of Buganda by 1884 **(2marks)**

13. State two reasons why Adolf Hittler was interested in Russia at the beginning of the 1st World War **(2marks)**

14. Identify the event that prompted the U.S.A to join the 1st World War **(1marks)**

15. Name two permanent members of The United Nations Security Council **(2marks)**

16. Identity one common Social Service provided by the E.Africa Community between 1967-1977 **(1mark)**

17. State the MAIN Political challenge that has faced Democratic Republic of Congo since independence **(1mark)**

SECTION B: (45 Marks)

Answer Three Questions from this section

18. **(a)** Give three reasons why increase in population led to the beginning of early Agriculture. **(3mks)**

(b) Describe the way of life of the early man during the lower stone age period. **(12 mks)**

19. **(a)**Identify three kingdoms that contributed to the development of Trans-Saharan trade **(3mks)**

(b) Describe the Political organization of the Shona in the 19th Century **(12mks)**

20. **(a)** Name the three colonies which made up the British Central Africa territory **(3mks)**

(b) Explain Six reasons why it took long for Mozambique to decolonize **(12 mks)**

21. **(a)** Outline three roles played by the food and Agriculture organization (FAO) as a specialized agency of the U.N. **(3mks)**

(b) Explain 6 ways in which telecommunication has negatively affected the Society **(12mks)**

SECTION C: (30 MKS)

Answer Two Questions from this section

22. (a) Outline five causes of the Second World War **(5mks)**

(b) Explain five challenges facing the Common Wealth **(10 mks)**

23. (a) State five objectives of the economic organization of West African States **(5mks)**

(b) Explain five achievements of the league of Nations **(10 mks)**

24. (a) State five functions of the British Monarch **(5mks)**

(b) Describe five duties of the Prime Minister in Britain **(10mks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 7 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Name *one* remnant of the hunter and gatherer community in Western Kenya. **(1 mark)**

2. State *two* economic results of the migration and settlement of the Kenyan communities during the pre-colonial period. **(2 marks)**

3. Give *one main* reason why the Portuguese conquered East Africa so easily? **(1 mark)**

4. State *two* ways in which East African slave trade undermined local industries. **(2 marks)**

5. Name the treaty that marked the end of the scramble and partition of East Africa. **(1 mark)**

6. State *two* methods used by the colonial government to promote settler farming in Kenya.**(2 mks)**

7. What was the *main* outcome of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923? **(1 mark)**

8. Give *two* common characteristics of the political parties formed after 1945. **(2 marks)**

9. State *two* ways in which the trade union movement contributed to the struggle for independence. **(2 marks)**

10. What *major* political change was introduced during the Limuru Conference of 1966? **(1 mark)**

11. Give *two* militant ways of solving conflicts. **(2 marks)**

12. Give the first step that is taken when solving conflicts by negotiation. **(1 mark)**

13. State how the citizens of Kenya participate in their government. **(1 mark)**

14. Give *one* political right of the youth guaranteed in the New Constitution of Kenya. **(1 mark)**

15. State *two* functions of the Judiciary in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

16. Identify *two* political events that threatened the stability of Kenya between 1975 and 1978.**(2mks)**

17. Name the fund into which all government revenue is paid. **(1 mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

18. (a) Give *five* reasons for the migration of Somali into Kenya. **(5 marks)**

(b) Describe the political organization of the Nandi during the pre-colonial period.**(10 mks)**

19. (a) State three functions of fort Jesus during the Portuguese rule . **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain *six* positive effects of missionary activities in East Africa. **(12 marks**)

20. (a) Give *three* ways in which the Kenya Uganda railway promoted economic growth in colonial Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Apart from independent Churches and Schools, explain *six* other factors that speeded the achievement of independence in Kenya after 1945 **(12 marks)**

21. (a) State *three* roles of Wangari Maathai in the history of Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain *six* reasons why the Nandi resistance to the British was protracted. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

22. (a) Identify *three* importance of democracy in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain *six* rights of an accused person in Kenya. **(12 marks)**

23. (a) State *five* features of the Independence constitution of 1962. **(5 marks)**

(b) Explain *five* functions of the Cabinet in Kenya. **(10 marks)**

24. (a) State *five* reforms which have been introduced to improve the conditions of Correctional Services. (5 marks)

(b) Explain *five* factors which undermine free and fair elections in Kenya. **(10 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 7 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Identify ***two*** sources historians use to write the history of Africa. **(2 marks)**

2. Give ***two*** factors which influenced early man to begin domesticating animals. **(2 marks)**

3. Identify the ***main*** source of industrial energy from the mid 20th century. **(1 mark)**

4. Identify ***two*** scientific discoveries during the 19th century which contributed to food preservation. **(2 marks)**

5. State ***two*** characteristics of Macadam roads. **(2 marks)**

6. State the ***main*** function of the Golden Stool in the Asante Empire during the pre-colonial period. **(1 marks)**

7. Identify the method used to plant cereal crops when early agriculture began. **(1 marks)**

8. State ***one*** main limitation of barter trade during Trans-Saharan trade. **(1 mark**

9. Give ***one*** way in which the Agrarian Revolution in England affected the lives of small scale farmers. (1 mark)

10. Identify ***one*** way in which Africans reacted to European colonization of Africa. **(1 marks)**

11. State ***two*** results of the construction of the Suez Canal. **(2 marks)**

12. Identify ***two*** chartered companies which were used to administer European colonial possessions in Africa. **(2 marks)**

13. Name ***one*** political party that fought for independence in Ghana. **(1 mark)**

14. Give the ***main*** reason for the failure of the League of Nations. **(1 mark)**

15. What was the immediate cause of the World War One? **(1 mark)**

16. Identify ***one*** method used by the French to administer their colonies in Africa. **(2 marks)**

17. Give ***two*** principal organs of the United Nations Organization (UNO). **(2 marks)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

18. (a) State ***three*** physical changes of early man according to Charles Darwin. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** common factors that led to the development of early agriculture in Mesopotamia and Egypt. **(12 marks)**

19. (a) Mention any ***three*** factors that led to the spread of iron working in Africa. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe the social organization of the Shona during the pre-colonial period. **(12 mks)**

20. (a) State ***three*** social factors that led to the scramble for and partition of Africa. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe ***six*** effects of the scramble for and partition of Africa. **(12 marks)**

21. (a) Give ***three*** reasons why the Lozi collaborated with the British. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain the importance of the Buganda agreement of 1900. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 Marks)

Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided

22. **(a)** Name ***three*** communes of Senegal where Assimilation policy was successfully applied. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** reasons why indirect rule failed in southern Nigeria. **(12 marks)**

23. **(a)** Identify ***three*** methods used by nationalists in Ghana during their struggle for independence. **(3 marks)**

(b) Describe ***six*** factors that contributed to the struggle for independence in South Africa. **(12 mk)**

24. (a) Give ***three*** reasons why the United States of America (USA) was reluctant to join the First World war **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain ***six*** social effects of the Second World War. **(12 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 8 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. State **two** advantages of written materials as a source of information on Kenyan history **(2 marks)**

2. Name **one** community in Kenya which belongs to the River Lake Nilotes. **(1 mark)**

3. Identify the main economic activity of the Cushites in the pre-colonial Kenya. **(1 mark)**

4. Give **one** fundamental right which a person in prison is deprived off. **(1 mark)**

5. Identify **two** occasions when the Kenya National Anthem is sung. **(2 marks)**

6. Who chairs the National Security council in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

7. Mention **two** types of democracy that are practiced in Kenya **(2 marks)**

8. Name the treaty that marked the spheres of influence in East Africa. **(1 mark)**

9. Sate **two** grievances of the Asians that were addressed by the Devonshire White paper of 1923. **(2 marks)**

10. Mention **two** members of the AEMO from Nyanza at its inception in 1957. **(2 marks)**

11. Give the **main** reason why the nationalists in Kenya formed the Kenya African Democratic Union in 1960. **(1 mark)**

12. Name **two** superior courts in Kenya **(2 marks)**

13. Name **two** sources of Nyayoism **(2 marks)**

14. State **one** contribution of parastatals to economic growth in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

15. Give the legislative function of the county governor in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

16. State **two** functions of the deputy president in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

17. Name **one** elective seat in the county government in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions in this section

18. a) State **three** social reasons why the Mijikenda migrated into Kenya in the pre-colonial period. **(3 marks)**

b) Describe the results of the migration and settlement of the Somali into Kenya in the pre-colonial period. **(12 marks)**

19. a) State **three** roles of the Portuguese captains at the Kenyan coast in the pre-colonial period. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** results of the long distance trade in Kenya in the 19^{th} century. **(12 marks)**

20. a) State **five** problems faced by political organizations in Kenya up to 1939. **(5 marks)**

b) Explain **five** causes of the Mau Mau uprising. **(10 marks)**

21. a) Give **three** aims of Harambee spirit. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** social impacts of national philosophies in Kenya. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer TWO quesions from this section

22. a) Identify **three** categories of people who may qualify to be registered as Kenyan citizens. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** elements of good citizenship in Kenya **(12 marks)**

23. a) Mention **three** organs of the national government in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** functions of the public service commission. **(12 marks)**

24. a) State **five** categories of recurrent expenditure in Kenya. **(5 marks)**

b) Explain **five** reasons why it is important for the Kenyan government to prepare an annual budget. **(10 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 8 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Name the most common form of government. **(1 mark)**

2. Name the earliest hominid closer to modern man. **(1 mark)**

3. Give **two** reasons for the development of early agriculture along river valleys. **(2 marks)**

4. Name the main commodity of trade from West Africa during the Trans-Atlantic trade. **(1 mark)**

5. Mention **two** negative impact of internet today. **(2 marks)**

6. Enumerate **two** advantages of fire and smoke signals used in ancient days. **(2 marks)**

7. How did the invention of fertilizer affect industrial revolution in Britain? **(1 mark)**

8. Name the least common type of constitution. **(1 mark)**

9. Name the chartered company that administered the British West African protectorates during the process of colonization. **(1 mark)**

10. State **two** economic effects of the Chimurenga war. **(2 marks)**

11. Identify the European power that took over the administration of Tanganyika after world war I. **(1 mark)**

12. State **two** reasons why USA did not join the First World War until 1917. **(2 marks)**

13. Identify **two** demands made by Austria- Hungary against Serbia following the assassination of arch Duke Ferdinand. **(2 marks)**

14. Give **two** countries in which cold war broke into real war. **(2 marks)**

15. Name the principal judicial organ of the United Nations Organization. **(1 mark)**

16. State **two** provisions contained in the Arusha declaration document adopted by Tanzania in 1967. **(2 marks)**

17. Identify the highest organ of the new East African Community. **(1 mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions in this section

18. a) State **three** limitations of electronic sources of History. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain **six** reasons why man lived in groups during the Stone Age period. **(12 marks)**

19. a) State **three** reasons why African slaves were preferred by the European peoples during the slavery period **(3 marks)**

b) Describe **six** factors that contributed to the decline of the Trans-Atlantic trade. **(12 marks)**

20. a) Give **three** reasons why Lewanika collaborated with the British. **(3 marks)**

b) Describe the grievances of the Chimurenga uprising of 1896 - 1897. **(12 marks)**

21. a) Mention **three** member countries of the United Nations organization with veto powers.**(3 mks)**

b) Explain **six** causes of the Second World War. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer two questions from this section

22. a) State **five** reasons why the British adopted indirect rule in Northern Nigeria. **(5 marks)**

b) Explain **five** positive effects of indirect rule in Northern Nigeria. **(10 marks)**

23. a) Give **three** characteristics of commonwealth member states. **(3 marks)**

b) Explain the challenges facing the Commonwealth of Nations. **(12 marks)**

24. a) Give **three** ways in which one can become a member of the house of Lords in Britain.**(3 mks)**

b) Explain **six** functions of the queen of Britain. **(12 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 9 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. What is Ethnology? **(1mark)**

2. Name two communities that were assimilated by the Maasai. **(2marks)**

3. Identify two duties of the council of elders among the Abagusii during the 19th century. **(2marks)**

4. State two categories of rights. **(2marks)**

5. Define the term National Integration. **(1mark)**

6. State two methods of trade. **(2marks)**

7. State two traditional forms of communication. **(2marks)**

8. Name one of the cultural centres in Nairobi. **(1mark)**

9. During the Agiriama resistance an oath was taken. What was the oath called for the men and what was it called for the women? **(2marks)**

10. Apart from Harambee, give two national philosophies adopted in Kenya since independence. **(2marks)**

11. Give one reason for reviewing constituency boundaries from time to time in Kenya. **(1mark)**

12. Name two ex-officio Members of the National Assembly. **(2marks)**

13. Mention one national day recognized by the new constitution in Kenya **(1mark)**

14. Identify one element of the rule of law in Kenya. **(1mark)**

15. Identify the main function of prisons in Kenya. **(1mark)**

16. Give the meaning of "devolved government". **(1mark)**

17. Who heads the Supreme Court of Kenya? **(1mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18. (a) Name three communities that belonged to the Mijikenda. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six results of the migration and settlement of the Eastern Cushites into Kenya. **(12marks)**

19. (a) Give five reasons why the Nandi resisted the British for a long period of time. **(5mks)**

(b) Explain why the Nandi were eventually defeated by the British. **(10marks)**

20. (a) State five roles played by Green Belt movement by Wangari Maathai in the liberation of women. **(5marks)**

(b) Explain five contributions of Kenyatta towards Kenya's social and economic development during the Independence period. **(10marks)**

21. (a) State the factors that led to the formation of early political organizations in colonial Kenya. **(7marks)**

(b) Discuss the achievements of early political movements up to 1939. **(8marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22. (a) Name three members of the Executive Committee of the County government in Kenya. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six possible solutions to insecurity challenges facing Kenya. **(12marks)**

23. (a) Give five limitations to the freedom of expression. **(5marks)**

(b) Discuss five social responsibilities of a Kenyan citizen. **(10marks)**

24. (a) Identify three activities that happen to a bill at the second reading stage in the process of law making in Kenyan Parliament. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six functions of the Public Service Commission. **(12marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 9 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. Identify one limitation that hinder use of electronic sources to get historical data. **(1mark)**

2. Give two major cultural developments by man towards the end of new Stone Age. **(2marks)**

3. State two remedies to perennial food shortages in Africa. **(2marks)**

4. What was the main commodity during the Trans-Atlantic trade? **(1mark)**

5. State two advantages of using aeroplanes over the ship as a means of transport. **(2marks)**

6. Name two important canals that link major water bodies in the world today. **(2marks)**

7. State how William Morton's invention improved the lives of people during operation. **(1mark)**

8. State two factors that led to decline of Meroe as an urban centre. **(2marks)**

9. What was the main purpose of the Golden stool in the Asante kingdom? **(1mark)**

10. Name two countries in West Africa that were colonized by the British. **(2marks)**

11. Give the main reason why the European powers held the Berlin Conference of 1884 to 1885 **(1mark)**

12. State two peaceful methods used by nationalists in South Africa in their struggle for Independence. **(2marks)**

13. Name the European power that was accused of causing the outbreak of first world war. **(1mark)**

14. Identify two organs of the COMESA. **(2marks)**

15. Name one financial institution established by the African Union. **(1mark)**

16. Give one principle of the Arusha declaration in Tanzania. **(1mark)**

17. Name one legislative body in Britain. **(1mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18. **(a)** State five reasons for studying history. **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the way of life of early people during the middle stone age. **(10marks)**

19. **(a)** State three ways in which the Agrarian Revolution in Britain affected the lives of small scale farmers. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six factors that have contributed to food shortage in third world countries. **(12marks)**

20. **(a)** What are the functions of Katikiro among the Baganda? **(5marks)**

(b) Describe the economic organization of the Asante. **(10marks)**

21. **(a)** State three factors that enabled European powers to colonize Africa in the late 19th Century. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six results of African collaboration to European invasion. **(12marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section.

22. (a) State three internal factors that led to African nationalism. **(3marks)**

(b) What are the factors that speeded up the achievement of Independence in Ghana? **(12mks)**

23. (a) State three conditions that gave rise to the Non-Aligned movement. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six challenges of the Non-Aligned movement. **(12marks)**

24. (a) Identify three sources of Britain's unwritten constitution. **(3marks)**

(b) Explain six ways in which the powers of the president of the U.S.A are controlled. **(12marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 10 PAPER 1

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. How can anthropology be used to source information on history and government. **(1 mark)**

2. Identify one age-set among the Nandi. **(1 mark)**

3. Give two positive contributions of Seyyid said to the economy of Kenyan coast upto 1700 AD. **(2 marks)**

4. Identify the main cause of political conflicts in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

5. Give the main cause of political conflicts in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

6. Give two remedies that have been employed to curb food shortages in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

7. State two main features of the 1962 constitution of Kenya. **(2 marks)**

8. Give two rights of persons with disabilities in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

9. Identify one role of religion during the Agiriama resistance. **(1 mark)**

10. Give one impact of local government in colonial Kenya. **(1 mark)**

11. State two roles of Africans in the provision of health services during the colonial period. **(2 mks)**

12. Give two ways in which the first World War contributed to African political awareness in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

13. Give one contributed of Daniel Moi in environmental conversation in Kenya. **(1 mark)**

14. State two functions of the County Executive Committee. **(1 mark)**

15. Identify one settlement scheme established by the government in former European farms. **(1 mk)**

16. State two achievements of the Kenya African Democratic Union if Kenya. **(2 marks)**

17. Identify one principle of public finance in Kenya. **(2 marks)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section.

18. (a) State five factors that facilitated he coming of Arabs to the Kenyan coast by 1500 AD. **(5 mks)**

(b) Explain five factors that contributed to the decline of early city states along the Kenyan coast. **(10 marks)**

19. (a) Give three reasons for the rise of independent churches during the colonial period. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain six problems that were encountered by Trade Unions during the colonial period. **(12 marks)**

20. (a) Give three reasons why Africans were denied the right to grow cash crops during the colonial period. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain six problems faced by settlers in colonial Kenya. **(12 marks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section.

21. (a) Give three reason that may lead to the impeachment of a government from officer. **(3 marks)**

(b) Explain six challenges facing county governments. **(12marks)**

22. (a) Give five contributions of professor Wangari Maathai to the environmental conservation efforts ion Kenya. **(5 marks)**

(b) Describe the main features of African socialism. **(10 marks)**

CROSSCOUNTRY MOCKS

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

TRIAL 10 PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

NAME…… INDEX NO……

SCHOOL…….. SIGN……..…

DATE……..

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) *This paper consists of **Three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.*

(b) *Answer **ALL** the questions from section **A**, **ANY THREE** questions from section **B** and **TWO** questions from section **C**.*

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in the section.

1. State two advantages of using electronics in History. **(2marks)**

2. Give the MAIN characteristic that distinguish man from other primates **(1mark)**

3. What two factors favoured the beginning of Agriculture during the new stone age period **(2mks)**

4. State two factors that facilitated Trans-Atlantic Trade. **(2marks)**

5. Give one way in which road carnage affects the Economy of a country. **(1mark)**

6. Identify one form of picture writing during the early civilization. **(1mark)**

7. State two uses of water as an early source of energy in industries. **(2marks)**

8. Identify two challenges faced by Athens as a ancient urban centre. **(2marks)**

9. State one way through which trade contributed to the rise of Asante Empire during the 19th century. **(1mark)**

10. Identify one way through which Europeans maintained peace among themselves during partition of African. **(1mark)**

11. State two factors that facilitated application of indirect rule in the Northern Nigeria. **(2marks)**

12. Mention two political challenges facing African states since independence. **(2marks)**

13. Identify the names of the two camps that fought during the First World War. **(2marks)**

14. Give one reason that contributed to the collapse of the ujamaa policy in Tanzania. **(1mark)**

15. Name the organization that replaced Preferential Trade Area (PTA). **(1mark)**

16. Identify one weapon used during cold war. **(1mark)**

17. Give one way in which a person can become a member of parliament in Britain. **(1mark)**

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any 3 questions in this section

18. a) State five factors that facilitated the scientific revolution. **(5mks)**

b) Explain 5 factors that enabled West Germany to recover after the world war. **(10mks)**

19. a) State 3 reasons for Lewanika's collaboration with the British. **(3mks)**

b) Describe the political organization of the Asante in the pre-colonial period. **(3mks)**

20. a) Give 3 causes of army muting Democratic Republic of Congo in 1960. **(3mks)**

b) Explain political development in Tanzania since independence. **(12mks)**

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section.

21. a) State five characteristics of the common wealth states . **(5mks)**

b) Explain five achievements of common wealth to its members. **(10mks)**

22. a) State three reasons for the failure of Schlieffen plan during first world war. **(3mks)**

b) Explain six reasons for the Allies Victory during Second World War. **(12mks)**

THE END

FOR THE FOLLOWING;

- ✓ ONLINE TUITION
- ✓ REVISION NOTES
- ✓ SCHEMES OF WORK
- ✓ SETBOOKS VIDEOS
- ✓ TERMLY EXAMS
- ✓ QUICK REVISION KITS
- ✓ KCSE TOPICALS
- ✓ KCSE PREMOCKS
- ✓ CROSSCOUNTRY PREMOCKS
- ✓ JOINT PREMOCKS
- ✓ KCSE MOCKS
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