WINSMART ACADEMY

MOTTO: PERSONALISED TUTORING FOR LEADERS OF TOMORROW

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GST202 - CONFLICT AND RESOLUTION SUMMARY

The Latin word _____ is as old as man kind
Conflict

UN stands for_____
United Nations

The word "conflict" is derived from the Latin word _____
confligere

The word "conflict" is derived from the Latin word confligere, meaning to_____
Strike together

The Latin word confligere means to_____
Strike together

_____ is a normal, natural and inevitable phenomenon in any interactive situation of human life
Conflict

Conflict is a_____ of social change and that leads to constructive transformation
Byproduct

Conflict is not necessarily negative in itself.
True

Conflict is a byproduct of social change and that leads to constructive_____
transformation

Quicy Wright (1990) defined _____ as opposition among social entities directed against one another, it distinguished competition and defined it as opposition among social entities independently striving for something of which the resources are inadequate to satisfy all
conflict

_____ defined conflict as opposition among social entities directed against one another, it distinguished competition and defined it as opposition among social entities independently striving for something of which the resources are inadequate to satisfy all
Quicy Wright (1990)

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_____ asserted that conflicts are themselves processes that tend to degenerate from non-violent to violent and from crisis to full-scale war
Quicy Wright's

According to Quicy Wright, _____ is considered a situation during which two or more political groups are equally entitled to settle conflict by armed force
war

In the sociological sense, _____refers to conflicts among political groups carried on by armed forces of considerable magnitude
war

Kriesberg (1973:17) defines _____ as a relationship between two or more parties who believe they have incompatible goals
conflict

_____ defines conflict as a situation in which two or more human beings desire goals which they perceived as being obtainable by one or the other, but not both
Stagner

Stagner defines _____ as a situation in which two or more human beings desire goals which they perceived as being obtainable by one or the other, but not both
conflict

_____ inferred that without conflict we cannot have change
Ross (1993)

Ross (1993) inferred that without conflict we cannot have _____
change

Conflict that produces negative results is referred to as _____
Destructive conflict

_____ see conflict as incompatible behaviour between parties whose interests are or appear to be incompatible or clashing
Action Aid (1994) and Hoivik and Meijer (1994)

The following are the causes of Conflict
• conflicts over resources
• conflicts over psychological needs
• conflicts involving values
• conflicts over inadequate information

Conflict is inevitable
True

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Which of these types of conflicts are usually easy to identify?
Conflicts over Resources

Conflicts over _____occurs when two or more people are competing for inadequate (or perceived to be inadequate) resources over a period of time
Resources

Conflicts over _____assume negative or destructive dimension when the available resources are not evenly and judiciously distributed
Resources

Marxian theory of conflict states that the more the rate of unequal distribution of scarce resources in the society, the greater the basic conflict of interest between its dominant and subordinate segments

_____ theory of conflict states that the more the rate of unequal distribution of scarce resources in the society, the greater the basic conflict of interest between its dominant and subordinate segments
Marxian

Resources that cause conflict include these

- landed properties
- money
- vehicles
- company ownership/shares

Conflicts which cannot be seen but affect the psyche of the individual and group self-actualisation, need for individual and group respect, attempt to project one's group to be better than the others is Conflict over Psychological Needs

Maslow's theory states that when an individual psychological need is achieved or satisfied, such an individual becomes dominated by a drive for the other unsatisfied needs through a process called_____
Fulfillment Progression

The following causes conflict over psychological needs

- structural factor
- politics
- personality clash
- ethnicity

Conflict involving_____ are the most difficult to understand and resolve because most times people could die for what they believe in
Values

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The most difficult conflict to understand and resolve is Conflict involving _____
Values

According to _____ likens culture to an iceberg and inferred that internal culture is implicitly learnt and difficult to change
Weaver

_____states that when an individual psychological need is achieved or satisfied, such an individual becomes dominated by a drive for the other unsatisfied needs through a process called fulfillment progression
Maslow's theory

Jyllands Posten published cartoons caricaturing Prophet Mohammad on September 30, 2005

The most recent (conflict involving values) religious crisis in Nigeria is the Boko Haram crisis that has killed an estimated _____people
3,500

The most recent (conflict involving values) religious crisis in Nigeria is the _____ crisis that has killed an estimated 3,500 people
Boko Haram

Boko haram religious crisis in Nigeria is conflict involving_____
Values

Conflict over Information can either be manipulative or _____
Constructive

Conflict over Information can either be _____or _____
Manipulative or constructive

Conflict over Information can either be _____or constructive
Manipulative

These are communication barriers that are capable of distorting

- meanings
- physical distance
- language
- listeners value judgment

The following are types of conflict

- Intra-Personal Conflict
- Inter-Personal Conflict
- Intra-Group Conflict

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- Inter-Group Conflict
- National Conflict
- International Conflict

Conflict that occurs within an individual is called_____
Intra-Personal Conflict

These are examples of Intra-Personal Conflict
- use of time
- choice of partner
- moral questions
- goals and aspirations

_____refers to conflict between two or more individuals over an issue
Inter-Personal Conflict

_____refers to conflict between individuals, or faction within a group
Intra-Group Conflict

_____ refers to conflict between groups such as club, class versus class, family versus family
Inter-Group Conflict

_____ refers to conflicts within a nation, involving different groups within the nation
National Conflict

The article "A Comparative of Civil Strife" was authored by _____
Ted Robert Gurr

Wherp titled his work on classification of conflict _____
"Conflict Resolution"

_____ was a great social philosopher
Karl Marx

Karl Marx was a great ____philosopher
Social

_____ is the great social philosopher who opines that the degree of inequality in the distribution of resources generates inherent conflicts of interest
Karl Marx

_____ sees conflict as highly contingent on the emergence of "charismatic leaders" who could mobilise subordinates
Weber

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Weber sees conflict as highly contingent on the emergence of _____who could mobilise subordinates
charismatic leaders

Theory Model of Dahrendorf can be classified as_____
exogenous and endogenous conflicts

The _____ conflict is the conflict that is generated with an organisation, system or a society
endogenous

The _____ conflict is generated external factors
endogenous

_____ theory of conflict asserts that certain conflicts are based on certain social structural arrangements and hence are bound to arise whenever such structural arrangements are given
Dahrendorf (1958)

The _____ school emerged as a criticism to the political doctrine of sovereignity, the notion that in an independent political system
pluralist

The pluralists believed that within any political system, there are groups with their own interests and beliefs and the government itself depends on their consent, loyalty and cooperation to survive

_____ proposed structural – functional theory after the World War II
Talcott Parson (1960)

Talcott Parson (1960) proposed structural – functional theory after the _____
World War II

Helder (1958) Theory of Structural Balance states that Ego tends to like whom his friend like, but dislike whom his enemy like

According to Person, Novak, and Gleason (1982:1), the word "ethnic" was derived via Latin from the Greek *ethnos*, which means "nation or race"

The word "ethnic" was derived from the Greek word_____
ethnos

The Greek word *ethnos* means "**nation** or **race**"

The definition of ethnic group as a community of people who have the conviction that they have a common identity and common fate based on issues of origin, kinship, ties, traditions, cultural uniqueness, a shared history and possibly a shared language is credited to_____
Thomson (2000)

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The assumption on ethnicity and conflict therefore, states that, ethnic identity has a symbolic dimension which makes conflict arising from it more intense than otherwise

Ethnicity has the symbolic capability of defining for individual the totality of his existence including his hopes, fears and sense of the future

Culture is the sum-total of all human existence which comprises norms, values, traditions, beliefs, customs, languages, patterns of behaviours, art music, food, mode of dressing

An interesting book called *Mindsets* was written by_____
Glen Fisher

_____ proposed that social conflict emerges and develops on the basis of the meaning and interpretation people involved attach to action and events
John Paul Lederach

One of these is the best known theorists and practitioners in the field of conflict transformation today?
John Paul Lederach

_____ is defined as that set of activities associated with any given position in an organization (which include potential behaviours in that position, and not only those of the incumbent in question)
Role

_____ is defined as that set of activities associated with any given position in an organization
Role

The Chinese people do not see conflict as negative in their language
True

The _____see conflict as an opportunity or chance for change as well as risk or danger
Chinese

Conflict is neither positive nor negative
True

The two key propelling variables in conflict (escalation) cycle:_____
opportunity and willingness

There are _____ key propelling variables in conflict (escalation) cycle
two

_____ and willingness are the key propelling variables in conflict (escalation) cycle
Opportunity

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Opportunity and _____ are the key propelling variables in conflict (escalation) cycle
willingness

The desire or need to act is called _____
Willingness

The following are the stages of conflicts emerging in different parts of the world

1. Formation stage (early warning signs)
2. Escalation stage
3. Violent crisis
4. De-escalation stage
5. Improvement stage
6. Transformation stage

The _____ Stage is the first stage of conflict whereby a problem emerges and acts or things, or situations that were previously ignored or taken for granted now turn to serious issues
Formation

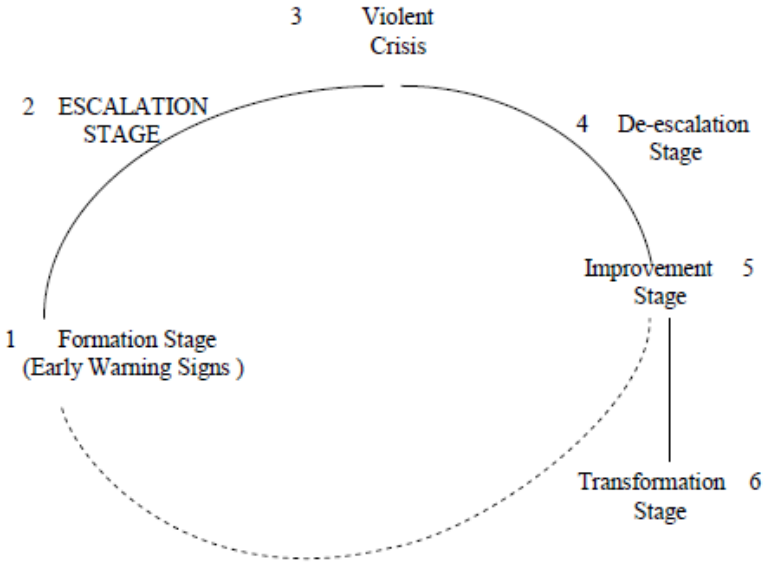
The _____stage is characterised by the formation of enemy images
Escalation

The stage in which parties in conflict begin to experience gradual cessation of hostility arising from conflict weariness, hunger, sanctions or external intervention is_____
De-escalation stage

At _____ stage, stakeholders begin to have a rethink, shift ground and needs for dialogue are recognised and efforts are made towards attaining relative peace
Improvement

_____ is a conflict stage whereby all causes of conflicts have been removed at this stage and reconciliation has occurred
Transformation Stage

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Source: Conflict Resolution Stakeholders' Network (CRESNET) Training Manual 2001.

_____is the first phase of the conflict cycle where a conflict is dormant and barely expressed by the conflicting sides that may not even be conscious of their conflicting interests or values
Latent Phase

A conflict can easily be "nipped in the bud" through a preventive action on the basis of early warning in principle

_____ is characterised by direct physical attacks and confrontations leading to spilling of blood and loss of life of both conflicting parties
Violent Phase

A phase whereby conflicting parties express their demands and grievances openly, but only by legal means is _____
Manifest Phase

Escalation comes to a halt in _____ phase
Contained

The _____ phase is the most perceived critical stage of all the conflict phases, as success or failure of post-conflict peace-building will determine whether the conflict will flare up again
Resolution

The following are ways in which individual, groups, societies or nations handle conflict

- Assertiveness
- Cooperativeness

- Dominating/Competing
- Compromising
- Collaborating
- Avoiding
- Accommodating

Conflict handling styles are_____, cooperativeness and problem solving
assertiveness

Conflict handling styles are assertiveness, _____ and problem solving
cooperativeness

Conflict handling styles are assertiveness, cooperativeness and _____
problem solving

Conflict handling styles are_____
assertiveness, cooperativeness and problem solving

_____ takes place when an individual is very assertive and not cooperative
Dominating/Competing

_____ is a critical review, interpretation and explanation of what is observed and recorded about the conflict situation
Conflict analysis

_____ is a process by which the root causes, dynamics, issues, and – other – fundamentals of conflict are examined, reviewed and unraveled through the use of various mechanisms for proper and better – understanding of the conflict from several perspectives
Conflict

_____ are those men and women, group or parties who are directly or indirectly involved in the conflict and have a significant stake in the outcome
Stakeholders

The following are categories of stakeholders
- Primary Stakeholders
- Interested Stakeholders
- Secondary Stakeholders

Primary Stakeholders are the direct investors in conflict

_____ are those whose goals are, or are perceived by them to be incompatible and who interact directly in pursuit of their respective goals
Primary stakeholders

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_____ are affected directly by the outcome of conflict but do not feel to be directly involved
Secondary Stakeholders

NB: The difference between interested and secondary stakeholders is that the interested stakeholders suffer no direct impact of the conflict in the short and medium term

The criteria for determining primary stakeholders include these

- Functional
- Representatively
- Moral authority

The following are elements required to structure analysis of stakeholders

- Relationship
- Agenda/Power
- Needs
- Action

According to _____ the first step in intervening to manage a particular conflict is known as conflict mapping
Wehr (1979)

According to Wehr (1979) the first step in intervening to manage a particular conflict is known as _____
conflict mapping

_____ is defined as graphical representation of the conflict in which the conflicting parties are placed in relation to the situation on ground
Conflict mapping

_____ are used to understand conflict situation better, to ascertain where power lies, examine conflict clearly from one viewpoint and way out or new strategies
Maps

_____ is the process, which involves monitoring, observing and recording the trend of change and continuity in the conflict process
Conflict tracking

The process which involves monitoring, observing and recording the trend of change and continuity in the conflict process is called_____
Conflict tracking

CRESNET is an acronym for_____
Conflict Resolution Stakeholders' Network

_____ is a graph that shows events plotted against a particular timescale

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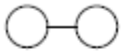
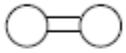
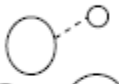
Timeline

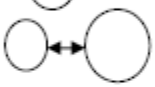
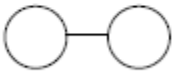
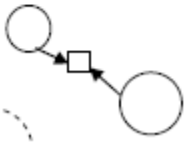
The following are importance of timeline in a conflict situation

- It shows events plotted against a particular timescale
- It shows different views of history in a conflict
- It helps to clarify each side's perception of events
- It lists date and depicts events in chronological order

In a conflict situation, groups of people often have completely different experiences and perceptions

True

1.  The circles indicate parties to the situation. The size of the circle indicates power relations of the parties.
2.  Straight lines indicate direct relationship between the parties when communication is at its best.
3.  Double connecting lines indicate an alliance
4.  Dotted lines indicate informal weak or intermittent relationship

1.  Arrows indicate the predominant direction of influence or activity.
6.  Lines like lightening indicate discord or conflict.
7.  A double line like a wall across lines indicates a broken relationship.
8.  A square or rectangle indicates an issue, topic or some thing other than people.

 Shadows show external parties which have influence but are not directly involved.

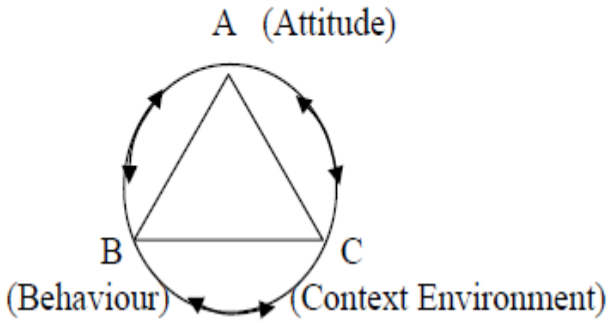
Timeline is not a research tool per say but a way to prompt discussion and learning

True

In conflict situation, _____ is used early in a process along with either analytical tools or later in the process to help in strategy building

Timeline

ABC TRIANGLE METHODS OF ANALYSIS



_____ is a tool which can be used to identify the different forces influencing a conflict
Force Field Analysis

An analytical tool that is based on the premise that any individual or society that is in conflict is sick and therefore they need to see a doctor is called _____
DPT MODEL

DPT MODEL means **D – Diagnosis P – Progress T – Therapy**

There is a direct relationship between conflict and our physical, emotional and spiritual well being
True

Negative conflict expression reduces our overall capacity to build a healthy society
True

_____ is a graphic tool built on the premise that some situations are not really stable, but are being held up by a range of factors or forces (which are the pillars)
Pillars

Conflict can be prevented or resolved
True

_____ involves the transformation of issues, actor, structures and rules
Conflict transformation

_____ is an essentially integrative conflict resolution orientation that aims at positively altering those perceptions, communication and root factors that instigate conflicts
Conflict transformation

_____ is defined as an improvement of the whole context of the conflict, a positive change in the disputants' relationships or complete behavioral and attitudinal changes of the disputants
Conflict transformation

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_____ is referred to as a particular approach that takes into cognisance the grievances, needs and issues of all the parties
Conflict transformation

_____ educates and enlightens parties in conflict to see conflict not as necessarily destructive or negative but as a means of tapping into the opportunities embedded in conflict issues for the shared benefits
Conflict transformation

_____ certified that conflict transformation is a prescriptive concept
Lederach

_____ certified that conflict transformation is a prescriptive concept
Lederach

Types of Conflict Transformation
- Issue Transformation
- Rule Transformation
- Structural Transformation

OAU is the acronym for _____
Organization of African Unity

IGADD is the acronym for_____
Inter-Government Agency on Drought and Development

These are characteristics of perception and conflict
- Perception and the Environment
- The perceptual process and meanings
- Transition from Perception to Action
- Perception and Cognition
- Perception and Needs Satisfaction

Which of these factors is probably responsible for the ethnic conflicts we frequently experience in Nigeria?
Transition from Perception to Action

The causes of conflict framework are the following
- Perception and Psychological Needs
- Perception and Values
- Perception and Common Resources

Barriers to social perception included the following
- Selective Perception

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- Stereotyping
- First Impression Error
- Implicit Personality Theories
- Self-fulfilling Prophesies

A generalization about a group of people is called _____
Stereotyping

Pygmalion effect is also known as_____
self-fulfilling prophecy

_____effect is also known as self-fulfilling prophecy
Pygmalion

According to Nelson and Quick, self-fulfilling prophecy is also known as ____
pygmalion effect

Self-fulfilling prophecy in barriers to social perception is also called the _____
pygmalion effect

According to Rao and Narayana (1998) a ____ can improve his perceptual accuracy if he becomes aware of how perceptions are formed and distorted
manager

There are over _____ different languages in used every day in Nigeria
450

The most common language based barriers to communication are
- Bypassing
- Indiscrimination
- Polarization

A situation whereby what is said and what is heard and understood by the listener often differ, such misunderstanding between a sender and a receiver is called _____
bypassing

The following are ways to reduce bypassing
- Be Approachable
- Be Person–Minded, not Word-Minded
- Query and Paraphrase
- Be Sensitive to Contexts

Restating a message in your own words gives you and the other party or the sender a chance to check that you receive a similar message to what was sent

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True

_____ is the neglect of individual differences and the overemphasis of similarities
Indiscrimination

A common language based barriers to communication which is a form of perceptual set in which a person chooses to ignore differences and changes in events, things and people is known as _____
Indiscrimination

_____ plays a significant role in our tendency to see similarities between things even when they do not exist
Language

_____ is categorizing events objects and people without regard to unique individual characteristics
Stereotype

Stereotyping may be_____
negative or positive

_____ is the tendency to view things in terms of extremes – rich or poor, beautiful or ugly, large or small, high or low, good or bad, intelligent or stupid
Polarization

The situation whereby polarization could be destructive, escalating conflict to the point at which two parties simply cannot communicate is referred to as _____
pendulum effect

The _____ represents a person's perception of reality, which includes feelings attitude, opinions and value judgements about the world
pendulum

When the pendulum is hanging in the centre_____
a person's perception is considered to be realistic, virtuous, intelligent, sane, honest and honourable

When two individuals disagree in their perception of reality, their pendulum begins to move in _____ directions
opposite

The distance the pendulum swings represents_____
the differences in opinion or conviction

There is a difference in how men and women use language and converse with one another
True

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English language is structured with an inherent bias in favor of men
True

A _____ is a figure of speech that associated two things or ideas, not commonly linked, as a means of description
metaphor

_____ used in our culture to describe men and women are often sexist
Metaphors

The following are ways to use language for effective communication

- Use Accurate Language
- Use Vivid Language
- Use of Immediate Language
- Use Appropriate Language
- Use Metaphorical Language

NB: Metaphorically language is culture bound, and most metaphors have meanings only within a specific language community

According to social psychologists, vivid language affects us in several ways
True

The goal of _____ is to exchange meaning and understanding in any conflict resolution situation
communication

A warning at an early stage of an event or a set of circumstances that will have negative consequence is called _____
early warning

_____ can be defined as the collection, analysis and communication of the relevant evidence and conclusions to the policymakers to enable them make choices
Early warning

Early warning is the systematic collection and analysis of information coming from areas of crisis for the following purposes:
(a) anticipating the escalation of violent conflict
(b) the development of strategic responses to these crises
(c) the presentation of options to critical actors for purposes of decision-making and preventive action

_____ is a complex system of indicators to predict the probability that a crisis is likely to happen so that preventive action can be taken on time
Early warning

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The following are importance or benefits of Early Warning

- It is a crisis and disaster protection mechanism
- It promotes public-private partnership
- It introduces and supports services at the local level that directly enhance development
- It advances community participation for its own sake
- It reveals the causes of conflict
- Effective early warning promotes improved environmental management and sustainable livelihood

_____ refers to any initiative that occurs in the latent stages of a perceived potential armed conflict, man-made or natural disaster with the aim of reduction, resolution or transformation
Early response

The process of consultation, policy making, planning, and action to reduce or avoid armed conflict, or to guide against, reduce or mitigate the effects of natural or man-made disasters on people or the environment is called_____
Early response

According to the United Nations General Assembly, _____ is the process of using information gathered from early warning systems to design action aimed at preventing violent conflict
early response

The following are types of Early Warning

- Conflict early warning
- Disaster early warning
- Hazards assessment

_____ is a type of early warning information or system aimed at preventing an impending conflict that could take any form if not quickly prevented
Conflict early warning

_____ is geared towards preventing or minimising an impending natural disaster that is inevitable or cannot be prevented such as earthquake, hurricane, tsunami, climate change
Disaster early warning

_____ is the collection, analysis, and communication of evidence discovered at the scene of an accident or calamity
Hazards assessment

The following are the various forms of early warning indicators

- Economic indicators
- Environmental indicators
- Social indicators
- Political indicators
- Security indicators

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- Demographic indicators
- Educational indicators
- Rural indicators
- Individual security/safety

_____ are weapons or instruments that can easily be operated by an individual meant to cause harm

Small Arms

_____ are weapons (with anticipated lethal effect) that are operated with a combined support of a crew of two or three

Light Weapons

The following are examples of small arms

- Rifles and carbines
- Sub-machine gun
- Assault rifles
- Light machine guns
- Revolvers and self-loading pistols

Characteristic of small arms and light weapons are

- Simplicity and durability
- Portability and concealebility
- Military/police and civilian uses
- Low cost and wide availability
- Lethality

A situation in which two countries or group of countries are continually trying to get more and better weapons than each other is called _____

Arms race

_____ refers to competition between nations to have the most powerful armaments

Arms race

A race between hostile nations to accumulate or develop weapons is known as _____

Arms race

_____ refers to the easy availability or influx of illicit small arms and light weapons into wrong hands or unauthorized groups of people for use against the individuals or groups meant to be protected

Arms proliferation

A rapid increase or growth in number of deadly weapons is called _____

Arms proliferation

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The following are causes of arms proliferation
• Undemocratic governance
• Undemocratic electoral process
• Weak economic base of most countries engulfed with crisis
• Uneven distribution of basic infrastructure
• Military coups
• Ethnicity
• Weak stockpile and management of national arms and ammunitions
• Post-colonial or Cold War remnants
• Movement of refugees/dominant of refugees camps by armed groups
• Failed state

The following are effects of arms proliferation
• Arms proliferation sustains and exacerbates arm conflicts
• It endangers peacekeepers and humanitarian workers
• It undermines respect for international humanitarian law
• It threatens legitimate but weak government
• It benefits terrorists as well as the perpetrators of organized crime
• It endangers the lives of defenseless individuals or citizens
• It threatens unity and peaceful co-existence of plural states

_____ is an umbrella term for restrictions upon the development, production, stockpiling, proliferation, and usage of weapons especially weapons of mass destruction
Arms control

Arms control is often referred to as _____
gun politics

The following are the aims of Arms Control
- Arms control is meant to break the security dilemma
- It aims at mutual security between partners and overall stability
- Arms control comes with cost reduction and damage limitation

Arms control was developed both in theory and in practice during the _____between the late 1940s and 1991
Cold War

The acronym USSR stands for_____
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

_____ is an applied strategy for executing successful peacekeeping, peacemaking and peace building operations in a conflict zone, state or country
Demilitarization

The following processes or methods may lead to Demilitarization
- Disarmament

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- Demobilisation
- Reinsertion
- Reintegration

Example of Demilitarization is the Armnesty and Post-Amnesty operational activities extended to the Niger –Delta militant groups by the Nigerian government

DDR stands for_____
Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration

The following are prerequisites for DDR
- Security
- Sufficient funding
- Inclusion of all ex-belligerents

Requirements for successful DDR implementation include these
- Reduction of military expenditure
- Reorientation of military research and development
- Conversion of the arms industry
- Demobilization and reintegration
- Redevelopment of troops
- Safe disposal and management of surplus weapons

There are _____aspects to a successful DDR conversion
Six

The word peace is derived from the Latin word_____
pax

A situation or a period of time in which there is no war or violence in a country or an area is often described as_____
peaceful

A state of harmony, absence of hostility or nonviolent way of life is called_____
Peace

_____ can be describe a relationship between any people characterized by respect, justice and goodwill
Peace

The following words signify peace in different languages
- Shalom (Hebrew)
- Salaam (Arabic)
- Alaafia (Yoruba)

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- Udo (Igbo)

_____ is a phenomenon that emerged as late as 10,000 years ago
Violence

Violence is a phenomenon that emerged as late as _____ years ago
10,000

_____ is a process of imparting specific skills, attitude and knowledge on people, thereby solving problems by building consensus, creating cultural awareness and showing empathy expected to build positive attitude about justice and respect for democracy
Peace education

The aims of peace education are the following
- to help understand the nature and origins of violence
- to create frameworks for achieving peaceful creative society
- to sharpen awareness about the existence of unpeaceful relationships between people
- to investigate the causes of conflicts and violence embedded within perceptions

Acronym UNICEF stands for_____
United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund

_____ is based on a philosophy that teaches nonviolence, love, compassion, trust, fairness, cooperation and reverence for the human family and all life on planet earth
Peace education

_____ seek to establish democratic classrooms that teach cooperation and promote positive self esteem among their students
Peace educators

An organization that embodies the world community with its members drawn from independent sovereign states is called_____
International Organization

The International Organization General Assembly meeting is usually held _____in a year in the month of September
once

The International Organization General Assembly meeting is usually held once in a year in the month of _____
September

The _____is the permanent decision-making organ of the UN and all the members are bound to carry out its resolutions
Security Council

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Security Council was incepted in_____
1945

Security Council was incepted in 1945 and had _____ members
11

The number of members of Security Council increased to 15 in _____
1963

United Nations (UN) organization was founded in_____
1945

Iraq pulled out of Kuwait in the year _____
1991

The foremost officer of the United Nations is the_____
Secretary General

The former occupiers of the exalted office from inception of UN Secretary General are the following

- Trygavie Lie
- Dag Hammarskjold
- U Thant
- Boutros Boutros – Ghali
- Kofi Anan
- Ban ki Mon

The current secretary general of United Nations organization is _____
Ban ki Mon

ILO stands for_____
International Labour Organisation

The International Labour Organisation (ILO) has its headquarters in _____
Geneva

FAO stands for_____
Food and Agricultural Organisation

FAO is based in _____
Rome

_____ is the body concerned with world food supplies and agricultural development
FAO

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UNESCO means_____
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation

UNESCO headquarter is located in _____
Paris

International Court of Justice is based in_____
Hague

_____ sees to the judicial settlement of conflicts referred to it by conflict-states
ICJ

United Nations International Children's Educational Fund (UNICEF) was formed in_____
1946

WHO) means_____
World Health Organisation

_____ was founded to see to the health needs of the world
WHO

The acronym EU is_____
European Union

The evolution of European Union (EU) has its roots in the post _____ politics of Western Europe
World War II

The European Union (EU) was formerly known as_____
European Economic Community

EU stands for_____
European Union

African Union was formerly known as_____
Organization of African Unity

The Organization of African Unity (OAU) was born on 25th May, _____in Addis Ababa
1963

The decolonization of Namibia took place in_____
1990

Organization of African Unity (OAU) metamorphosed into the African Union (AU) on July, _____ in South Africa
2002

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The acronym ECOWAS means_____
Economic Community of West African States

The treaty which established the Economic Community of West African States was signed in Lagos on May 28th, _____
1975

The treaty which established the Economic Community of West African States was signed in_____
Lagos

The treaty which established the Economic Community of West African States was signed by _____ states
15

_____ were the major countries behind the foundation of ECOWAS
Togo and Nigeria

The organs of Article 4 of ECOWAS Treaty are the following
(a) The Authority of the Heads of State and Government
(b) The Council of Ministers
(c) The Secretariat
(d) The Tribunal (later called Court of Justice)

The Heads of States and Government which represents the supreme organ of ECOWAS is referred to as _____
The Authority

The basic function of Court of Justice is to ensure that law and justice is observed and settles any dispute referred to it by any ECOWAS member state

The Commonwealth of Nations originated in the _____ century
20th

The following countries are among the earliest members of the Commonwealth Organizations

- Canada
- Australia
- New Zealand
- Ireland
- South Africa

Ireland ceased to be a member of Commonwealth due to racial problem in _____
1949

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South Africa ceased to be a member of Commonwealth as a result of her apartheid policy in _____
1961

A variety of approaches aimed at terminating conflicts through the constructive solving of problems, distinct from management or transformation of conflict is called _____
Conflict Resolution

_____ refers to the process or an act geared towards reducing the negative and destructive capacity of conflict through various means or measures and by working with and through the stakeholder (parties) involved in a conflict
Conflict Management

_____ postulated the term Conflict Transformation in 1995
John Paul Lederach

John Paul Lederach postulated the term Conflict Transformation in _____
1995

A situation whereby the state or government uses its coercive apparatus to suppress opponents or conflicts which cannot be sustained because conflict can still resurface at any time or with little provocation is referred to as _____
Conflict Suppression

John Paul Lederach postulated the term Conflict Transformation in _____
1995

A structured process of dialogue between conflicting parties about issues in which their opinions differ is called_____
Negotiation

There are _____types of negotiation
two

There are two types of negotiation_____ and_____
Positional negotiation/bargaining and principled or collaborative negotiation

Principled negotiation relies on the following basic elements

- People
- Interests
- Options
- Criteria/Legitimacy

An _____ is an examination of issues in order to establish facts that may be in dispute
enquiry

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A hortatory Resolution on Peaceful Settlement of International dispute was adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on_____
12 December 1974

The concept conciliation was defined by the International Law Institute in _____
1961

_____ is a process of formulating proposals of settlement after an investigation of the facts and an effort to reconcile opposing contentions, the parties to the dispute being left free to accept or reject the proposals formulated
Conciliation

_____ is the use of or bringing a third party to intervene with respect to a conflict
Mediation

Mediation is also referred to as_____
facilitated negotiation

_____ is a voluntary, informal, non-binding process undertaken by an external party that fosters the settlement of differences or demands between directly invested parties
Mediation

The use of or bringing a third party to intervene with respect to a conflict is called_____
Mediation

Beer and Stief (1997) defined _____ as any process for resolving disputes in which another person helps the parties negotiate a settlement
mediation

_____ can simply be defined as the use and assistance of a neutral third party in conflict
Arbitration

_____ is defined by the international law commission as a procedure for the settlement of disputes between states by a binding award on the basis of law and as a result of an undertaking voluntarily accepted
International arbitration

The Hague Conference of 1899 on the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes led to the creation of an institution known as the_____
Permanent Court of Arbitration

The Hague Conference of 1899 led to the creation of an institution known as the Permanent Court of Arbitration

International Court of Justice (ICI) is also called _____
The World Court

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International Court of Justice or World Court is situated at The Peace Palace, at_____
The Hague

The _____ is the judicial organ of the six principal organs of the United Nations
International Court of Justice

The International Court of Justice is the judicial organ of the _____ principal organs of the United Nations
Six

The International Court of Justice was first established and called Permanent Court of International Justice (PCIJ) after the First World War in _____
1921

The First World War took place in_____
1921

The Second World War in took place_____
1946

_____ is a phrase used to describe retaliatory action taken by one foreign government against another for the stringent or harsh regulation or treatment of its citizens who are within the geographical boundaries of the foreign country
Retortion in international law

The term _____ refers to the biological characteristics of male and female
Sex

_____ is the term used to denote the social characteristics assigned to men and women
Gender

_____ refers to a strategy to strengthen gender equality through policy and resource allocation that reflect the interests of both men and women
Gender Mainstreaming

_____ is a means of control and oppression that can include emotional, social or economic force, coercion or pressure, as well as physical harm
Violence

The misuse of power through which the perpetrator gains control or advantage of the abused, using and causing physical or psychological harm or inciting fear of the potential to harm called_____
Abuse

_____ prevents persons from making free decisions and forces them to behave against their will

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Abuse

_____ is defined as forcing or attempting to force another person to engage in behaviors against his or her will by using threats, verbal insistence, manipulation, deception, cultural expectations or economic power

Coercion

_____ is when a person makes an informed choice to agree freely and voluntarily to do something

Consent

A _____ is a person, group, or institution that directly inflicts, supports, and condones violence or other abuse against a person or a group of persons

perpetrator

_____ are in a position of real or perceived power, decision-making and or authority and can thus exert control over their victims

Perpetrators

The Fourth World Conference in took place _____

1995

From 1995 to 1998, _____ was the site of the world's largest UN peacekeeping operation

Angola

_____ refers to a state of using military force against another state when the chief publicly declared aim of that military action is ending human rights violations being perpetrated by the state against which it is directed

Humanitarian Intervention

The following are types of Humanitarian Intervention

- UN Authorised Interventions
- Unauthorised Interventions
- Status quo
- Excusable breach
- Customary law
- Codification

_____ may be employed to deter military aggression or to force an aggressor to withdraw its armed forces from a disputed territory.

Economic blockade

_____said "the purpose of sanctions is to modify the behaviour of a party that is threatening international peace and security and not to punish or otherwise exact retribution".

Boutros Ghali

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Security Council Resolution 1325 on Women, Peace and Security was adopted on 31 October _____
2000

A person's common sense and accumulated ____ and knowledge are the primary basis of how he creates, understand and respond to conflict
Experience

Conflict emerges through an ____ process
Interactive

Conflict involving religious belief and ideology are classified as _____ based conflict.
Value

People who are engaged in conflicts are technically called conflict parties or _____
Stakeholders

Conflict over_____ occurs when two or more people members of a religious sect are competing for space
Religion

Stereotyping .may lead to conflict over _____
Misinformation

Robert _____ is the author of ''A Comparative of Civil Strife''
Gurr

Unjust, repressive and oppressive socio-political system leads to _____ conflict
Structural

The inter-personal conflict happens between or among two or more _____
People

Conflict between two social entities like association or family is termed _____ conflict.
Inter-group

The establishment and persistence of interaction tend to depend on emergence and identification of _____ and alter roles
Ego

When a group of people are determined to embark on actions to change their situation they are said to have shown _____
Willingness

Theory of needs is associated with _____
Maslow

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The first phase of conflict when it is dormant is called _____ phase
Latent

_____ suggests that the degree of inequality in the distribution of resources generates inherent conflicts of interest.
Karl Marx

The physical environment of a conflict is the same as the _____
Context

Conflict may have either positive or _____ outcome depending on how it is handled.
Negative

When an intervener tries to clarify which issue is most important in a conflict he is said to have embarked on conflict._____
Analysis

The size of the circle in conflict mapping indicates power relations of the _____
Parties

_____ championed the course of structural-functional theory after the World War II.
Talcott

The organs of ECOWAS are_____
4

The treaty that established ECOWAS was signed in what year ____
1976

The treaty establishing ECOWAS was signed in _____
Lagos

The West African sub region were colonised by_____
Several foreign powers

ECOWAS was established in _____
Accra

Economic Community of West African sub- region were colonised by_____

Britain to advance the development of the Continent by promoting research is not part of the objective of all
False

The organs in the African Union are_____

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The executive council

African union and Pan- African treaty was signed in _____
Nigeria

A treaty recommending the creation of African Union and the Pan-African parliament was signed in the year _____
1991

_____ is defined as that set of activities associated with any given position in an organisation
Role

The objectives of OAU are_____
Promote International war pact

One of these is not a member of Monrovia group_____
Ghana

The Monovoria group charter was signed in _____
None of the above

Casablanca group charter was signed in on January 7th _____
1961

The organisation of African Unity (OAU) was born in _____
1963

The Evolution of European Union has its roots in the post _____ politics of Western Europe
World war 11

United Nations International Children's Educational Fund (UNICEF) set up in _____
1946

The International labour congress(ILO) wIth its head quarters in_____
Geneva

The former occupier of the exalted office of Secretary General was _____
All of the above

One of these is not a stage of conflict _____
Exposure stage

Geneva Conventions prohibited recruitment of children less than 18 years into the armed forces among others
False

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One of these is not an approach to the legitimacy of humanitarian intervention in the absence of Security Council authorization
Unauthorization

_____ is when a person makes an informed choice to agree freely and voluntarily to do something
Consent

_____ prevents person from making free decisions and forces them to behave against their will
Abuse

The term _____ refers to the biological characteristics of male and female
sex

Security Council resolution 1325 on women peace and security was adopted on 31 october_____
2000

Former Secretary-General, _____said that the purpose of sanctions is to modify the behavior of a party that is threatening international peace and security and not to punish or otherwise extract retribution
Ghali

_____ mat be employed to deter military aggression or to force an aggressor to withdraw its armed forces from a disputed territory
Bloakade

_____ is another coercive or forcible legal means of conflict resolution by which a nation may show its disapproval by way of retaliation for the discourteous act of another state
Retortion

_____ can simply be defined as the use and assistance of a neutral third party in conflict, who listen to evidence, put forward by parties in conflict
Arbitration

_____ is a voluntary, informal, non-binding process undertaken by an external party that fosters the settlement of differences or demands beforseen directly invested parties.
Mediation

The concept conciliation was defined by the international law institutes in _____
1961

_____can be defined as a peaceful way of ending a conflict or a situation that may lead to conflict
Negotiation

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_____ refers to the process or an act geared towards reducing the negative and destruction capacity of conflict through various means or measures and by working with and through the stakeholders involved in a conflict
Conflict management

One of these is not part of article 1 of the Untied Nation charter
To wage war against international economy

South Africa ceased to be a member of Commonwealth of Nations because_____
aparthied policy

South Africa ceased to be a member of Commonwealth of Nations in _____
1961

Germany is not a permanent member of Security Council
True

Security Council at its inception in 1945, it had _____ members
11

Decision of General Assembly are normally reached by _____ of the members
two third

The General Assembly meets once in a year usually in _____ and each members state is represented in the morning
September

In traumatic situation, a person is rendered powerless and faces the threat of death and injury
True

The relational dimension of peace building focuses on _____
All of the above

Peace educators seek to establish democratic class rooms that teach cooperation and promote positive self esteem among their student
True

In _____, peace education is narrowly defined as anti- atomic bomb
Japan

In Japan, _____ is narrowly defined as anti- atomic bomb
peace education

In Japan, peace education is narrowly defined as _____
anti- atomic bomb

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There are _____ aspects of a successful of DDR conversion
Six
DDR means _____
Disarmament, De mobilisation and reintegration

Specific objective of the DDR programme is to increase the size of the armed forces and the other natural organisation forces
False

_____ is the assistance offered to an ex combatant during mobilisation but prior to the longer-terms process of re-integration
Re organisation

_____ is an umbrella term for restrictions upon the development, production, stock piling, proliferation and usage of weapons especially weapons of mass destruction
Arm control

Arms control is not meant to break the security dilemma
False

Proliferation of aims threatens legitimate but weak government
True

There are over _____ different languages in use everyday in Nigeria
450

Timeline is not a research tool per say but a way to prompt discussion and learning.
True

_____ is the process, which involve monitoring, observing and recording the trend of change and continuity in the conflict process
Conflict Tracking

When stake holders begin to have a rethink, shift ground and need for dialogue recognised and efforts are made towards attaining relative peace
Improvement stage

The first stage of conflict whereby the problem emerges and acts or things or situation that were **previously ignored and taken for granted now turn to serious issues is called_____**
The formative stage

There are two key propelling variables in conflict cycle: opportunity and willingness
True

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_____ is defined as a community of people who have the conviction that they have a common identity and common fate based on issues on origin and shared language
Ethnicity

_____ in this theory states that ego tends like whom his friend, but dislike whom his enemy like

Helder

_____ introduces to the theory of conflict the view of productive and constructive conflict.
Dahrendof

_____ see conflicts as highly contingent on the emergence of charismatic leaders who could mobilize subordinate
Dahrendof

_____ is the great social philosopher opines that the degree of inequality in the distribution of resources generate inherent conflict of interest.
Karl Marx

Conflict as a term is derived from _____ word and it means "strike together"
Latin

The contradiction that arises from differences in interests, ideas, ideologies, orientations, beliefs, perceptions and tendencies is referred to as _____
Conflict

One of the scholars' definitions for __ ____ suggests it as opposition among social entities directed against one another.
Conflict

Social research is the step by step scientific research activities carried out by social _____
Scientists

Conflict over_____ occurs when two or more people are competing for inadequate resources over a period of
Resources

Conflict involving _____ are the most difficult to understand and resolved because most times people could die for what they believe in
Values

Cold war, suicide bombing, religious conflicts are examples of conflict involving _____
Values

Conflict over information is one of the causes of _____

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Conflict

The conflict that happens within an individual is referred to as _____ personal conflict.
Intra

Conflict between groups like club or family is termed _____ conflict
Inter-group

Conflict between fractions of a group is termed _____ conflict.
Intra-group

_____ Conflict is referred to as conflict within a nation
National

_____ Conflict is referred to as conflict between nations.
International

Karl Marx's theory is one of the conflict theories from _____ perspective.
Sociological

Max Weber's theory is part of the conflict theories from _____ perspective.
Sociological

_____ opinion about conflict suggests that the degree of inequality in the distribution of resources generates inherent conflicts of interest.
Karl Marx's

_____ in his theory opined that the more degree of inequality in the distribution of the available/scarce resources in the society, the greater the basic conflict of interest between its dominant and subordinate segments.
Karl Mark

According to _____ conflict is highly contingent on the emergency of the charismatic leaders who could mobilise subordinates.
Max Weber

Conflict between super ordinates and subordinates becomes more likely when charismatic leaders can mobilize resentment of subordinates in the opinion of _____ in his theory.
Max Weber

Dahrendorf introduced to the theory of conflict the view of _____ and constructive conflict.
Productive

Dahrendorf conflict theory model present that in every imperatively coordinated group, the carriers of positive and the negative dominant roles determined two _____-groups with opposite latent interest.

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Quasi

Talcott Parson champions the course of _____ functional theory after the World War II.
Structural

The _____ do not see conflict as negative in their language, but as an opportunity or chance for change as well as risk or danger.
Chinese

_____ and willingness are two key propelling variables in conflict cycle.
Opportunity
There are _____ key propelling variables in escalation cycle.
Two

_____ speaks of the available resources at the disposal of a person, group or a country such as money, people, arms, land, minerals, good organization, external support and many more.
Opportunity

_____ is the need to act in the variable of conflict cycle.
Willingness

There _____ various stages of conflicts emerging in different parts of the world.
Six

The first stage of conflict whereby a problem emerges and acts or things, or situations that were previously ignored or taken for granted now turn to serious issues is referred to as _____ stage.
Formation

_____ stage characterized by the formation of enemy images in various stages of conflicts emerging in different parts of the world.
Escalation

_____ stage is the stage in which parties in conflict begin to experience gradual cessation of hostility arising from conflict weariness, hunger, sanctions or external intervention.
De-escalation

The latent phase of the conflict _____ is where a conflict is dormant and barely expressed by the conflicting sides that may not even be conscious of their conflicting interests or values
Cycle

_____ describes the extent to which an individual attempts to satisfy his needs and concern
Assertiveness

_____ explains the extent to which a person attempts to satisfy his needs and concerns as well as the other person's needs.

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Cooperativeness

_____ dimension of conflict handling means that you are both assertive and cooperative.
Collaborating

How many key propelling variables are in escalation cycle?
3

The second model grouped conflict handling style into major classifications.
4

What is the common way of dealing with conflict in such a way to avoid the other party/person or pretend that the conflict does not exist even though we are hurt or angry?
Avoidance
What is an approach whereby the parties in conflict listen with the intent conflict and attack underlying elements in the conflict and attack the _____
Problem solving

What is Conflict analysis?
Critical review, interpretation and explanation of what is observed and recorded about the conflict situation.

What is referred to as those men and women, group or parties who are directly or indirectly involved in the conflict and have a significant stake in the outcome.
Categories of stakeholder

A critical review, interpretation and explanation of what is observed and recorded about the conflict situation. What is this concept?
Conflict analysis

What can history of the conflict suggest as alternative approach to conflict management.
True

What is Timeline?
It is a graph that shows events plotted against a particular timescale.

What is graphical representation of the conflict in which the conflicting parties are placed in relation to the situation on ground?
Conflict mapping

Who states that the more the rate of inequality in the distribution of resources in the society, the greater the conflict of interest between its dominant and subordinate segments?
Karl Marx

The following EXCEPT one are the criteria for determining primary stakeholder in conflict analysis.

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Moral indulgence

The following EXCEPT one are the triangle methods of conflict analysis
Altitude

What does context indicate In the triangle methods of conflict analysis?
background

The onion or doughnut method of analysis consist of the following EXCEPT
Agreement

What is the third layer is (the core cause at the conflict situation) in the onion or doughnut method of analysis?
Needs

Which category of conflict can Boko Haram crisis be grouped?
Values
Recent clash between Cattle Rearers and the host community is _____ conflict.
Inter-Group

What is PPP model?
People, problem, process

The establishment of the present state of success and where it could be in future in the DPT model
Progress

The prescription or treatment in DPT model indicates.
Therapy

The following are the types of transformation in conflict EXCEPT
Logical transformation

What concept has the fundamental objective to transform unfair social interactions
Conflict transformation

What are some of the factors that impinge on conflict transformation?
Issue transformation

When was OAU established?
1963

Societies are based on certain characteristics_____
those based on achievement and those on ascription.

Where was International Court of Justice established?

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Hague

Coercive or forcible legal means of conflict resolution by which a nation may show its disapproval by way of retaliation for the discourteous act of another state. What is it referred to ?
retortion

The imposition of sanction on Iraq at the conclusion of the Gulf War to prevent Iraq from using the revenue from its oil to re-arm and particularly to prevent Iraq from building weapons of mass destruction. What is this kind of sanction?
Economic sanctions

What is called the differential social roles that define women and men in a cultural context- and to power relationships that perpetuate these roles?
Gender

Contradicting value systems are factors responsible for social conflict among the interacting parties.one of these is not a factor
financial resources

What is refers to conflict between groups such as club, class versus class, family versus family?
Inter-Group Conflict

Culture simply means_____
way of life

What is the Importance of Early Warning?
It promotes public-private partnership

What is Timeline?
It is a graph that shows events plotted against a particular timescale.

_____ is described as the process of reintegrating former combatants into civil society, ensuring against the possibility of a resurgence of armed conflict.
Reintegration

What is an umbrella term for restrictions upon the development, production, stockpiling, proliferation, and usage of weapons especially weapons of mass destruction?
Arms control

What are the two key propelling variables in conflict (escalation) cycle?
Opportunity and willingness

How many different languages do we use every day in Nigeria?
450

How do you select and address an issue that is central and reflective in the conflict?

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Confrontation

_____ provides data on the alarming state of unemployment and underemployment in several African countries.
Social indicators

The scholar well known for conflict transformation theory is _____
Lederach

_____ stage is the stage in which parties in conflict begin to experience gradual cessation of hostility arising from conflict weariness, hunger, sanctions or external intervention.
De-escalation

To ensure that the needs and experiences of women, and men, girls and boys are taken into account in all activities of the United Nations it embarks on
Feminism

A critical review, interpretation and explanation of what is observed and recorded about the conflict situation is_____
Conflict analysis

People have hidden interest in a conflict are called_____
Shadow parties

A critical monitoring of events or episodes as they occur in conflict situation is_____
Conflict tracking

Who wrote the popular book titled Mindset?
Glen Fisher

The third stage of conflict is described as_____
Crisis stage

At which phase of conflict has escalation comes to a halt?
Contained phase

What is very important in pre-intervention conflict analysis especially to ascertain the actual and right time of intervention?
Ripening

When one is unassertive and cooperative he is said to be_____
accommodating

Monitoring, observing and recording the trend of militants attack in the Niger Delta is technically called_____
Conflict tracking

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Leadership requires ability to control or influence events or people through_____
Persuasion

Question: Who states that the more the rate of inequality in the distribution of resources in the society, the greater the conflict of interest between its dominant and subordinate segments?
Karl Marx

What has to do with people's actions, emotions, feelings and thought process?
Perception

Question: In the triangle methods of conflict analysis, background information about a conflict is technically called_____
Context

Bypassing is a situation whereby a speaker assumes that a word has what number of meaning(s)
One

In the onion or doughnut method of analysis the first layer indicates_____
Position

The difference forces influencing a conflict can be known through_____
Force- field analysis

The conflict in Southern Kaduna state can be categorised as what type of conflict?
Ethno-religious conflict

Cold war came to an end in the_____
1990s

ECOMOG is the military organisation set up by which regional body to engage in peace operations
ECOWAS

Traditional distinctions in peace education are couched in terms of positive peace and_____
Negative peace

The establishment of the present state of success and where it could be in future in the DPT model indicates
Progress

Empowering people with knowledge, skills, attitudes and values to build a nation is called_____
Peace education

The Security Council of the United Nations consists of how many members?
Fifteen

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Targeting both micro and macro levels of economic opportunities of a population in a post conflict society is
Economic peacebuilding

Conflict suppression by powerful nations led to failure to intervene in the conflicts in Rwanda and Burundi and eventually led to_____
Genocide

European Union was earlier named as_____
European Economic Community

Peace enforcement requires parties in conflict to embrace_____
Ceasefire

_____ was the leader of Uganda In 1976 the Air France aircraft was hijacked in Entebbe Airport
Idi Amin

The organs of ECOWAS are_____
4

The treaty that established ECOWAS was signed in what year _____
1976

The treaty establishing ECOWAS was signed in _____
Lagos

The West African sub region were colonised by_____
Several foreign powers

ECOWAS was established in _____
Accra

Economic Community of West African sub- region were colonised by_____
Britain

To advance the development of the Continent by promoting research is not part of the objective of all
False

The organs in the African Union are_____
The executive council

African union and Pan- African treaty was signed in _____
Nigeria

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A treaty recommending the creation of African Union and the Pan-African parliament was signed in the year _____
1991

_____ is defined as that set of activities associated with any given position in an organization
Role

Casablanca group charter was signed in on January 7th _____
1961

The Organisation of African Unity (OAU) was born in _____
1963

OAU stands for_____
Organisation of African Unity

The Evolution of European Union has its roots in the post _____ politics of Western Europe
World war 11

United Nations International Children's Educational Fund (UNICEF) set up in _____
1946

UNICEF stands for_____
United Nations International Children's Educational Fund

ILO stands for_____
International Labour Congress

The International Labour Congress (ILO) with its head quarters in_____
Geneva

_____ is when a person makes an informed choice to agree freely and voluntarily to do something
Consent

_____ prevents person from making free decisions and forces them to behave against their will
Abuse

Former Secretary-General, _____ said that the purpose of sanctions is to modify the behavior of a party that is threatening international peace and security and not to punish or otherwise extract retribution
Ghali

_____ may be employed to deter military aggression or to force an aggressor to withdraw its armed forces from a disputed territory

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Bloakade

_____ is another coercive or forcible legal means of conflict resolution by which a nation may show its disapproval by way of retaliation for the discourteous act of another state
Retortion

_____ can simply be defined as the use and assistance of a neutral third party in conflict, who listen to evidence, put forward by parties in conflict
Arbitration

_____can be defined as a peaceful way of ending a conflict or a situation that may lead to conflict
Negotiation

_____ refers to the process or an act geared towards reducing the negative and destruction capacity of conflict through various means or measures and by workng with and through the stakeholders involved in a conflict
conflict management

South Africa ceased to be a member of Commonwealth of Nations in _____
1961

_____ is defined as a community of people who have the conviction that they behave a common identity and common fate based on issues on origin and shared language
Ethnicity

_____ in this theory states that ego tends like whom his friend, but dislike whom his enemy like
Helder

_____ introduces to the theory of conflict the view of productive and constructive conflict.
Dahrendof

_____ see conflicts as highly contingent on the emergence of charismatic leaders who could mobilize subordinate
Dahrendof

_____ is the great social philosopher opines that the degree of inequality in the distribution of resources generate inherent conflict of interest.
Karl Marx

Germany is not a permanent member of Security Council
True

The pygmalion effect in barrier to perception is also known as_____
self-fulfilling prophecies

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The assertion that conflict are processes that tend to degenerate from nonviolent to violent and from crisis to full-scale war can be credited to_____
Quicy Wright

The conflict of "fulfillment progression" is related to the theory of_____
Maslow theory of need

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