gst202 TMA2 List of Questions

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Q1 At the point when conflicting parties have temporarily exhausted their supply of weaponry, leading to lower intensity is called _____

- Latent Phase
- Resolution phase
- Contained phase
- Mitigated Phase

Q2 At what definte phase will violence breed further violence producing an escalatory momentum

- Mitigated phase
- Contained phase
- De-escalation phase
- Escalation phase

Q3 The phase of conflict that is characterised by direct physical attacks and confrontation leading to spilling of blood and loss of life is known as _____

- Escalation
- Super violent
- Violent
- Hyper-escalation

Q4 At what phase according to Bjon Mollar will conflicting parties express their demands and grieveances openly, but only by legal means

- Escalation phase
- Violent Phase
- Manifest phase
- Resolution phase

Q5 Conflict is related to meaning, meaning to knowledge and knowledge is rooted in _____

- Philosophy
- Culture
- Ideas
- Metaphysics

Q6 The individualism in conflict transformation posited that " A collectivist society is _____ an individual society is _____

- tighthy integrated and loosely integrated
- upwardly transfomed and downwardly transformed
- intrisicly formed and extrinsily formed
- overtly planned and covertly planned

Q7 Ethnicity and nationalism are the creation of elites who draw upon distorted and fabricated materials from culture of the group to gain political and economics advantage. This position is an extracts from

- Krugen, 1933
- Quincy, 1934
- Kriesbarg, 1973
- Laue, 1990

Q8 Going by the assumption on ethnicity and conflict _____ argued that ethnicity and nationalism are not given but are social and political construction

- Thomson
- Bamass
- Toland
- Novak

Q9 The theory which sees conflict as dysfunctional, abnormal and a disease which can be endemic to a society is called _____

- The theory of structural balance
- Structural-functional theory
- Pluralist perspective theory
- Max Weber theory

Q10 Conflict was viewed as having a constructive contribution towards a healthy industrial order. This is according to _____

- Pluralist perspective
- Structural-functional theory
- Theory of structural balance
- Singularist perspective

Q11 Conflict tends to evolve in a _____ patterns

- triangular
- Polygonal
- cyclical
- Rectangular

Q12 Which of these communities do not see conflict as negative in their language

- Russian
- Chinese
- German
- Western

Q13 Some trade actors or network that may involve in causing or exacerbating conflict include those in _____

- aquatic industries
- extractive industries
- constructive industries
- educative industries

Q14 Which of these is not a proposition on roles according to turner

- Roles in relation to psychology

- roles in societal setting
- roles in organizational setting
- roles as an interactive frame work

Q15 Going by the paper on Danida conference on Conflict Prevention and Peace Building in Africa, at what phase can a conflict be easily nipped in the bud

- Latent
- Manifest
- Contained
- Mitigated

Q16 Which of these is not an indicator of impending conflict

- Growing poverty
- Unemployment
- Inequality
- Spiritualism

Q17 At what stage of conflict situation will parties involved begin to experience gradual cessation of hostifity

- Improvement stage
- De-escalation stage
- Esealation stage
- Crisis stage

Q18 Which of these stages is characterized by the formation of enemy images

- Improvement stage
- Escalation stage
- Violent stage
- Transformation

Q19 Which of the following is not a barrier to social perception_____

- selective perception
- first impression error
- cognitive perception
- self fulfilling prophesies

Q20 Some of the tribal conflict in Nigeria can be traced to _____

- ethnic stereotypes
- resource control
- uneven political appointment
- terrorism