Merion School
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**Name _____2022/23 Academic Year**
**Grade 8**

## I. Choose the best answer from the given alternatives.

_____1. What happens when a weaker nation is controlled by a powerful nation?
A. Freedom B. Colonialism C. Direct rule D. Indirect rule

_____2. Which of the following is credible about colonialism in Africa?
A. All African countries were colonized
B. The system of administration was democratic
C. Ethiopia and Liberia were independent
D. African religious and traditional forms supported colonialism

_____3. When did the African Union officially established?
A. 1963 B. 1958 C.2000 D. 2002

_____4. The slave trade route that connected Africa, America and Europe in called.
A. The Pacific slave trade C. The monopolistic slave trade
B. The triangular slave trade D. The long distance trade

_____5. The ideological struggle between capitalism in the west and communism in the east is _____.
A. Cold war B. Arms C. Warsaw pact D. NATO

_____6. What was the immediate cause of the WWII?
A. German troops invaded Poland C. Nationalism and militarism
B. The assassination of Franz Ferdinand D. The formation of alliance system

_____7. Which of the following is the effect of industrial revolution?
A. The emergence of social classes
B. The decline of democracy
C. The growth of cities and towns
D. The invention of new machines replaced human labour

_____8. The first president of Ghana was _____.
A. Nnamd Azikwe B. Kwame Nkrumah C. Jomo Kenyata D. Ahmed Ben Bela

_____9. _____is racial separation against the non white majority in the republic of South Africa.
A. Apartheid B. Colonial rule C. Partition D. Slavery

_____10. The OAU was formed in _____.
A. Addis Ababa B. Monorovia C. Alexanderia D. Khartoum

_____11. Which conference adopted the AU constitutive act?
A. Lome summit B. Lusaka summit C. Sirte summit D. Durban summit

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_____12. The OAU's main objective was:
A. to promote the unity and solidarity of African states.
B. to achieve a better life for the people of Africa.
C. to safeguard the sovereignty and territorial integrity of member states.
D. to colonize Africa.

_____13. The objective of the A.U are to:-
A. Accelerate the political and socio-economic integration of the continent.
B. Promote sustainable economic, social and cultural development
C. Promote cooperation in all fields of human activity
D. All are correct answers.

_____14. Among the following which one is traditional (native) association?
A. Young Baganda – Uganda C. Central kikuyu – Kenya
B. Young kikuyu – Kenya D. All

_____15. Ethiopianism movement was found in _____.
A. Rwanda B. South Africa C. Congo D. Egypt

_____16. What are the consequences of colonialism?
A. Drained wealth from the colonies.
B. Discouraging colonial manufacturing.
C. Exploited the native workers by requiring long hours for little pay.
D. All are correct answers.

_____17. _____and _____were the only remaining independent states in Africa.
A. Ethiopia and Kenya C. Ethiopia and Liberia
B. Liberia and Libya D. Ethiopia and Libya

_____18. Which of the following countries were the colony of Portugal.
A. Angola B. Mozambique C. Portuguese Guinea D. All

_____19. France dominated _____and _____.
A. Kenya and Mozambique C. Morocco and Madagascar
B. Tanganyika and Togo D. Somalia and Libya

_____20. On 27th Nov. 1852, Kassa defeated Dajjach Goshu Zewude, the lord of Gojjam at the battle of _____.
A. Guramba B. Gorgora Bichen C. Ashal D. Darasge

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Parent's Name_____Signature _____Date_____