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ETHIOPIAN SECONDARY SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION (ESSLCE)
CIVICS AND ETHICAL EDUCATION
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Time allowed: 2 Hours

1. What is the justification for the necessity of limiting human and democratic rights?
   A. Cases which are beyond our capacity to control where limiting appears inevitable.
   B. Because states want to exercise their maximum authority.
   C. Because of International impositions from strong nations.
   D. Because of interests of groups to maximize their personal greed.

2. Which one of the following is among commonalities between the empire builders of modern Ethiopia before 1974?
   A. They were parochial partisans of certain groups and failed to develop national unity and territorial integrity.
   B. Most of them played a significant role to bring back and reunite some of the ancient parts, consolidate and expand Ethiopia to its present form.
   C. They lack a sense of patriotism and were derived by their personal egoistic interests that was against the national interests.
   D. They were modernists and they focus on traditional values to protect the country from science and technology.

3. Which one is **wrong** about the different types of laws?
   A. Statute law is a formal written law enacted by the legislative body.
   B. Common law arises from the wills of the people and their traditional values.
   C. Divine law is believed to be an outcome of divine power.
   D. International law includes customary rules, treaties or conventions.

4. Corruption is one of the manifestations of breach in the rule of law. It can assume the form of
   A. access to information by the general public.
   B. accountability and transparency in public positions.
   C. effective distribution of responsibilities and opportunities among citizens.
   D. use of government offices as opportunities to personal development.

5. Which one is **not** a proper remedy for the durable inequalities among males and females?
   A. Women are entitled to affirmative action measures as a positive discrimination to reclaim their equality.
   B. Women are entitled to replace the place of men in social, economic and political positions.
   C. Law enforcement and policy are responses to harmful customs, laws and practices that cause bodily and mental harms to women.
   D. Women and men are considered to enjoy equal opportunities in economic, social, and political affairs of their society.

6. The social media provides us with the opportunity of accessing every information about everything. Sometimes we face difficulties in trusting the conflicting claims about the same thing. To solve this problem one needs to
   A. analysis of information to make decision.
   B. observation to cross check the facts.
   C. ridiculing the sources of information.
   D. data gathering and survey.

7. Every responsibility is attached with democratic and human rights and opportunities. By performing one's obligations, there are reciprocal rights to enjoy and vice versa. But if we fail to perform our obligations
   A. it is our personal affairs, we are free to decide on which duty to perform.
   B. there will be a situation where we may be prohibited to exercise our rights.
   C. it is solely the government who decides which rights are reciprocal to which duties.
   D. since we are human beings, our universal human rights cannot be compromised.

48. *Woizero* Bontu is a civil servant in a governmental organization. She uses her time effectively and gives proper time for her children. Sometimes, she brings her little daughter into office and spend some time with her daughter. We can conclude that *Woizero* Bontu is using her office hours to look after her daughter. From this story, what can we say? *Woizero* Bontu is
A. effective in time management.
B. a responsible mother.
C. not a well fitting public servant.
D. is not economical in using office hours.

49. All are responsibilities of citizens towards their society, **except**
A. staying informed about what is going on
B. practicing tolerance
C. always respecting the law
D. not too much involved in the political life of the society

50. Which one of the following is a principle or opinion that expresses more than what a single fact can express?
A. Generalization
B. Conceptualization
C. Analysis
D. Abstraction

51. The expression "be truthful in dealing with your friends" implies
A. you do not have to reveal the true nature of reality.
B. you do not have to base your claim on scientific facts.
C. you have to tell the actual fact or information about something.
D. you have to tell about what the people generally accepts.

52. The life line of democracy that a democratic system upholds is known as
A. Principles of democracy
B. Democratic stagnation
C. Decay of rule of law
D. Constitutionalism

53. Which one of the following explains best presidential democracy?
A. In a presidential democracy there is a strong checks and balance.
B. In a presidential democracies are led by the president and prime minister respectively.
C. In a presidential system, the president is head of parliament.
D. In a presidential democracy, the people choose twice.

10. From the modern history of the world, Ethiopia played crucial roles in international events. It is known for its victory over colonizers at the battle of Adwa, for its initiatives of Ethiopianism in the anti-colonial wars. Ethiopia also participated as a founding member in the establishment of Continental and International Organizations like the United Nations. All of these indicate that
    A. such role are characteristics of national sovereignty in the history of Ethiopia.
    B. Ethiopia did not benefit from such roles as a founding member.
    C. it was not because of her interest that Ethiopia participated but being forced.
    D. Ethiopia was invisible in the modern global political history.

11. Almaz is an active member of the Ethiopian Women Lawyers' Association (EWLA) and she advocates and lobbies for
    A. the repeal of provisions with regard to the prosecution of crimes in case of subsequent marriage after rape and abduction
    B. ensuring unequal treatment of women and men
    C. the provision of an open trial for cases that might have psychological impact on the victims, like child rape and domestic violence
    D. legislature that entertains the due attention to the lived experiences of women and addressing gender based pressing problems

12. Which one of the following distinguishes clearly wisdom from knowledge?
    A. Knowledge and wisdom are two different things that have nothing in common.
    B. While wisdom is transformation in science and technology, knowledge is a generalized understanding about basic features of truth, reality, existence and meaning of life.
    C. While wisdom is accumulated knowledge on how to respond to reality, pass decisions and make judgments, knowledge is basically about the descriptive aspects which facilitate communication and good life.
    D. Knowledge and wisdom are synonymous and there is no significant difference between them.

20. Which of the following is correct about Ethiopia's foreign policy?
    A. Relationship with other countries that considers only Ethiopia's benefits.
    B. Ethiopia's foreign policy is based on coexistence and cooperation.
    C. Ethiopia's foreign policy allows interference of foreign countries in the internal affairs of the country.
    D. Ethiopia's foreign policy compromises its national interest and sovereignty.

21. Tenagne and Kia are grade nine students who are members of an HIV/AIDS Club. Upon the completion of their training, they held a meeting with victims of HIV/AIDS. They also organized social events with them. What message does the above story convey?
    A. Discussing HIV/AIDS openly is mutually beneficial for both victims of HIV/AIDS and the rest of the community.
    B. Discrimination of HIV/AIDS patients is necessary.
    C. An HIV/AIDS victim must not disclose his/her living withHIV/AIDS.
    D One of the preventive mechanisms of HIV/AIDS is avoiding patients of HIV/AIDS.

22. The major role of court in the administration of justice is
    A. to make sure the government is legitimate
    B. to protect the authority of the rulers
    C. implementing the law
    D. interpreting the law

23. Abdulkadir, Gebeyehu and Musa are members of the mini-media Club in their school. During their spare time from classes, they made use of different resources including books, newspapers and video clips to produce quality programmes for their audience. The type of work ethic displayed by these students is
    A. maximizing productivity
    B. honesty
    C. punctuality
    D. willingness to learn

24. All of the following are manifestations of self-reliance **except** one. Which one?
    A. Taking care of oneself
    C. Decision making independently
    B. Complete independence
    D. Self-respect

25. Zeru is a resident of Adama. He graduated from Addis Ababa University in sociology. He wanted to establish an NGO and help members of his community who encountered various social problems such as homelessness through his professional expertise. However, his best friend, Angasa, advised him to be employed and earn a monthly salary instead. He followed the advice of his friend and was employed in a governmental organization. Soon, Zeru lost interest in his work and regretted his decision to be employed due to the influence by his friend. These shows
A. the advantage of being influenced by others in decision making.
B. the worth of making decisions independently.
C. the worthlessness of making decisions dependently.
D. the benefit of being dependent on others in decision making.

26. Which one of the following is an indicator of development?
A. A high life expectancy
B. A high rate of mortality
C. A high rate of unemployment
D. A high rate of illiteracy

27. The judiciary protects individual rights through the principle of due process of law. Which of the following is the element of due process of law?
A. The accused person has the right to be presumed guilty until proven innocent.
B. All persons have alienable rights to petition the court to order their physical release.
C. The defendant has the burden of providing evidence for the commission of the crime.
D. Accessibility of court and tribunals is guaranteed to all defendants equally without discrimination.

28. Which one of the following indicates the distinction between individuals, human and group rights?
A. Group rights and human rights are the same as both are universal to all human beings.
B. Group rights are rights held by individuals as a member of a given group.
C. Group rights are instruments to facilitate the realization of inequalities.
D. Both group and individual rights aim at ensuring freedom from discrimination.

59. Identify the statement that explains best the scientific method of collecting and analyzing data.
A. The data collected and analyzed for specific purposes helps to generalize and recommend.
B. It is all about accepting the theory or hypothesis as a fact without undergoing a test.
C. Qualitative data are gathered in the form of statistics from the internet and other sources.
D. The types of methods used to collect data depend on the interest of the researcher.

60. Which one of the following is true according to the scientific theory of truth?
A. Truth is absolute and not dynamic
B. Truth depends purely on objective facts
C. Truth is measured by its usefulness
D. Truth is relative to space and time

61. Which one of the following contributes to living within the limits of one's income?
A. Planning
B. Extravagance
C. Using public property appropriately
D. Spending beyond the limits of ones resources

62. The mandate given to the House of Federation excludes
A. ratifying the budget distribution formula.
B. appointing member of the council of ministers.
C. representing all the elven regional states of Ethiopia.
D. representing all Nation, Nationalities and people of Ethiopia.

63. Lemi and Rahawa are grade twelve students. Both are 18 years old. They organized a discussion forum in their school which creates awareness about citizens' rights including the right to vote for their class mates. The type of participation which Lemi and Rahawa are advocating in this way is
A. economic participation
B. political participation
C. social participation
D. cultural participation

29. Which one of the following explains the role of affirmative action toward women in Ethiopia?
    A. It enables women to be under represented in the world of work.
    B. It enables women to be considered as a second class citizens.
    C. It enables women to have equal participation with men.
    D. It decreases the number of female students enrolled in schools.

30. The type of crime that involves a deliberate act of endangering the lives of people or property, or denying the freedom of a person or group of persons is known as
    A. terrorism
    B. treason
    C. corruption
    D. drug trafficking

31. Which one of the following statements explains how any work is to be honoured?
    A. We have to develop our own values to respect all types of work.
    B. Societal values always look any work as an honourable work.
    C. Works to be honourable should always give immediate rewards
    D. Works involve manual labour should not be as honourable as works involve mental labour.

32. Which one of the following statements explains how assertiveness can positively change your life?
    A. Assertiveness enables you to lead a peaceful life isolating yourself from the society.
    B. Assertiveness enables you to exercise your rights ignoring the needs of others.
    C. Assertiveness increases your dependency on others and be shy in discussions and debates.
    D. Assertiveness increases your own rational confidence in your ability to handle your own affairs.

33. Dependent nations are subjected to interference from outside, because
    A. they impose protective tariff to encourage the growth of their industries.
    B. they establish balanced economic relations with wealthy nations
    C. there are inevitable financial or technological penetration by wealthy nations.
    D. they agree to be exploited by wealthy nations.

64. The difference between rules and laws is that
A. laws are derived from rules
B. rules and laws are co equals
C. rules give rise to laws
D. rules are derived from laws

65. Which one of the following characterizes truth?
A. Being symbolic narrative
B. Being in accord with fact or reality
C. Unmerited judgments in court of law
D. Verification through unreliable source

66. Which one of the following statements is true about the active role Ethiopia played in the formation of global organizations?
A. Ethiopia played a pioneer role in the establishment of the United Nations.
B. Ethiopia was the founding member states of the League of Nations.
C. Ethiopia was a founding member of non-aligned movement.
D. Addis Ababa is headquarter of the UN Economic Commission for Africa.

67. Which one of the following statements is correct about the differences between the constitutions of the federal and regional states?
A. Only the States' Constitutions state that everyone is subject to the law and jurisdiction of the courts.
B. The States' Constitutions should be enacted according to and in line with the FDRE Constitution.
C. The FDRE Constitution works within the territory of Addis Ababa and not beyond.
D. The states' Constitutions give way to arbitrary rule of individuals.

68. Which action contributes to increase the role of individuals in the fight against corruption?
A. Encouraging whistle-blowers
B. Applying divide and rule between those who govern and the governed
C. Frequently changing government officials
D. Imposing restriction on office holders

Questions 8 and 9 are based on this short story. Read the story carefully and answer the questions accordingly

In a certain private organization, the manager is a well known professional and has academic records of professorship. He is effective in mobilizing the employees for the organization objectives. So as to facilitate such collaborative work culture, he planned, with the human resource officer that workers who can understand the manager should be selected in the recruitment process. Vacancies are designed to fill this intention. In relation to the composition of staffs, some of them are his friends, others his classmates, and the remaining few are selected based on their merits. Since the organization is a privately limited company, significant numbers of staffs are relatives to the owner. Each colleague easily understands the orders of the manager and the organization is profitable.

8. According to the above story, one can evaluate the recruitment procedure and vacancy announcement of the organization is
   A. lead by a manager who is an innovative person who strives for the success of the organization.
   B. transparent for the purpose of organizational mission and objectives.
   C. one which lacks transparency and accountability in recruitment procedures.
   D. a process which shows that the organization satisfies its corporate responsibilities.

9. Inspecting on the staff composition of the organization, one can argue that
   A. since it is a private limited company, the manager and owner have rights to choose workers.
   B. as far as its power is concerned, the organization entertains diversity.
   C. it is visible that the organization is tolerant of differences from different backgrounds.
   D. the organizational culture is built on priority basis and failed to entertain diversity.

34. One of the following ideas is related to the new perspective of saving.
A. Avoiding consuming cheaper product
B. Developing the habit of using expensive product
C. Increasing the work load of the family
D. Transforming the way, we think about spending

35. Which one of the following statements is correct about the role played by international monetary institutions in development?
A. International financial institutions may negatively affect the lives and livelihoods of people who live in developing countries.
B. International financial institutions provide financial resources for developing countries without interest.
C. International financial institutions have nothing to do with global politics.
D. International financial institutions are equally serving countries of the world.

36. Which one of the followings is the effect of corruption?
A. Reduction in the capacity of public investment.
B. Protecting public resources from reduction.
C. Reduction in income disparities among citizens of state.
D. Better job opportunity that goes to the most qualified citizens.

37. Amina and Ojulu are young Ethiopians who came from the Somali and Gambela regional states respectively. They met in Addis Ababa when they visited Unity Park with their parents. They were able to see various house hold items, traditional clothes and instruments in the pavilions built for each regional state. They were able to know about different cultures in Ethiopia. What lesson have Amina and Ojulu taken from their visits?
A. Benefit of cultural uniformity
B. Superiority of one culture to the others
C. Respect for all cultures in the country
D. Importance of bringing all people under one culture

38. Which one of the following is a constructive cohtribution of responsible citizens in the operation of justice?
A. Being submissive to all acts of injustice
B. Letting justice go unchecked
C. Opposing injustice only when it comes against one's own self
D. Abiding by the laws of one's nation

54. Which one of the following is true about an effective foreign policy?
A. Promotes investment and investors
B. Diminishes ties among countries
C. Fades the development of a country
D. Leads to confrontations

55. A type of constitution which is drawn from different rules, regulations, laws and declarations passed by parliament and other bodies in the state is
A. Written
B. unwritten
C. documented
D. compiled

56. Work is the only possible way that enhances national development. But many nations including Ethiopia are less developed. What can be root causes of such problems in relation to the work culture?
A. Though hard workers, people may want to develop themselves without regard to social development.
B. The majority of the people of Ethiopian are not hard workers, rather than working they consume what they did not produce.
C. Material benefit is one but not the only gain that people should expect as a reward of their hard work.
D. Accumulative individual development which is an outcome of one's hard work contributes to social development.

57. Which one of the following characterizes best the situation of the Ethiopian economy?
A. It is strictly a command economic system.
B. It is aligned to the free market economy principles.
C. It is an import-led growth.
D. Since it is predominantly government oriented, it is unique.

58. Which one of the following explains best the quality of effective leader to promote public participation? An effective leader is one who
A. gives a reason to do something
B. works in routine functions.
C. positively touches others morally and socially
D. is theoretical and set unrealistic goals

39. Hewan, Dinegde, Abrehet and Ali are members of the young generation who organized a club in order to give awareness about the wrong attitude and unfair treatment of people engaged in pottery in their locality. The type of injustice which these young men and women trying to combat is
   A. gender-based discrimination
   B. religious segregation
   C. occupation-based discrimination
   D. racial discrimination

40. Which one of the following is true about building a positive attitude towards work?
   A. Coming to work place on time is a way of respect for work.
   B. Work is done exclusively to accumulate money.
   C. Since factory workers spend more energy, they must be respected more than office workers.
   D. White collar work is more respectful than blue collar work.

41. Which one of the following is a mechanism of influencing the actions of government by citizens?
   A. Manipulating votes in favor of one's political party
   B. Violent confrontations
   C. Using bribe for political purpose
   D. Peaceful demonstrations

42. "A medical doctor experiences job satisfaction when the patients they treat are cured." Which one of the following best explains the quote? Job satisfaction
   A. comes from the success of performing the job.
   B. comes from material gain only.
   C. does not come from social interactions.
   D. comes without interest in the work.

43. How does work contributes towards world civilization?
   A. By investing time and energy to come up with a better way of doing things.
   B. By wasting the time for invention and innovation to achieve a goal
   C. By discouraging foreign direct investments that enables to import technologies.
   D. By importing cheaper products which makes a country and its citizens dependent.

44. Assume you are a doctor and you are morally sensitive in your decision about your patients. What kind of person do you think you are?
   A. You make decisions without considering the pros and cons
   B. You care about ethical justifications of your actions and decisions
   C. You make decisions without exploring different moral dimensions
   D. You give priority to the economic benefits of your decisions

45. What should be the role of government in the fight against contraband?
   A. Creating conducive condition for contrabands
   B. Revoking tax from contraband goods
   C. Issuing strong laws and measures to prevent contraband
   D. Cancelling all projects funded by tax levied on contraband

46. Which one of the following characterizes best the manifestation of self-reliance on individuals?
   A. Accept whatever elders say for the sake of respecting them.
   B. Rational self-confidence in supporting or denying the ideas of others.
   C. Develop one's skills for his/her own egoistic personal survival.
   D. Develop a sense of courageousness to force others.

47. The basic component in the decision making ability of self-reliant persons is
   A. denying the ideas of others if they are not knowledgeable persons.
   B. repeatedly changing one's mind if new suggestions come from others.
   C. constructive criticism and self-criticism for improving oneself..
   D. sense of self-respect and self-esteem that is a sole element in making decisions

13. Which one of the following statements explains the difference between myth and truth?
   A. Truth is what people think or accept as good and important
   B. Truth is justified claim based on the actual fact or information
   C. Myth is always untrue and it has no value to understand the society
   D. Myth is a traditional cultural belief based on empirical evidence

14. Which one of the following statements explains a feature of a constitutional democratic system?
   A. It doesn't exist without written constitution
   B. It challenges the existence of constitutionalism as a state ethos
   C. Under parliamentary democracy check and balances are implemented more effectively than in a presidential democracy
   D. It creates the condition for political, economic and cultural equality

15. If a country ruled by a government with power but not by authority, then the government
   A. is a communist
   B. is super power
   C. is parliamentary
   D. is illegitimacy

16. Among the following rights, which one is a democratic right?
   A. Right of nationality
   B. The right to life
   C. Right of privacy
   D. The right to liberty

17. Which one of the following is a result of the failure in earlier times to provide protection for women and children constitutionally in Ethiopia?
   A. Fulfillments of rights
   B. Promotion of rights
   C. Abuse of rights
   D. Development of rights

18. Which one of the following characterizes Ethiopian society today?
   A. Cultural uniformity
   B. Monoculturalism
   C. Cultural segregation
   D. Multiculturalism

19. During the period of Emperor Haile Selassie the Emperor claimed to acquire his power from
   A. popularly elected assembly
   B. the people
   C. all nationalities of the people
   D. supernatural force

69. How can citizens fight corruption within the limit of their capacity?
A. By violently rebelling against corrupt official and illegal merchants
B. Through conducting demonstrations and breaking rule of law
C. Through looting the properties of corrupt citizens
D. By becoming honest and truthful in their day-to-day activities

70. Which of the following statements is correct about the distribution of equality and burdens among the nations, nationalities and peoples of Ethiopia?
A. Burdens should be imposed on some sections of the society in order to revenge past injustice.
B. Since there was historical inequality; the nations, nationalities and peoples of Ethiopia should not be treated alike.
C. Equality refers to equal distribution of national resources regardless of any difference.
D. Burdens and benefits should be fairly distributed among the nations, nationalities and peoples.

71. Which one of the following indicates the role of taxation in the national economy?
A. Maintaining security and enforcing the rule of law
B. Making government services to the public inefficient
C. Building infrastructures
D. Securing grants and aids from international agents

72. Which one of the following is the qualities of a patriot?
A. Mistreating others the way you do not want to be treated.
B. Respecting the human and democratic rights of a person.
C. Hesitating to say "no" when you see something wrong.
D. Being deceitful, erratic, and devious.

73. Thinking as a global citizen, patriots can show their commitment to the international community through
A. refraining from defending national security.
B. promoting your own interest over others.
C. losing your pride in the national flag.
D. taking strong position against terrorism.

74. Girma is a respected person in the society because he fulfills his responsibilities as the member of the society. What has the society benefited from Girma's fulfilling his responsibilities?
A. Individual self-interests being fulfilled
B. Living in peace and synchronization
C. Suffering from bad behaviors
D. Benefitting families and friends unfairly

75. Which one of the following demonstrates Ethiopia's contribution to maintain interpational peace?
A. Offering soldiers to peacekeeping forces
B. By producing and importing nuclear weapons
C. Supporting civil wars in other countries
D. By invading neighboring countries

76. Which statement correctly explains the discrimination of women in Ethiopia's past?
A. Women enjoyed the right to own and inherit land and other properties.
B. Ethiopia's past witnessed fair treatment of women as the country was led by some famous queens.
C. Women were marginalized and subordinate to men.
D. Women had the same legal rights as men.

77. Which one is the consequence of failing to acknowledge unity in diversity?
A. Mutual existence of different groups
B. Unnecessary tensions among different groups
C. Big groups would dominate small ones for eternity
D. Existence of peace and stability

78. Which statement explains the distribution of social services and national resources in Ethiopia?
A. The families and friends of the monarchs were not treated differently as to the distribution of social service
B. The distribution of social services was biased towards the ethnic groups of monarchs.
C. There was equal distribution of social services across the country.
D. There was an imbalance in the distribution of social services between the different classes of society.

79. Identify the correct statement about the functions of courts.
   A. Courts should give priority to group rights over individual rights.
   B. Courts should give verdict depend on decisions of government officials.
   C. Courts should determine whether the person charged with criminal activity is guilty or not.
   D. Courts cannot be non-partisan as far as there are societies who were discriminated in the past.

80. Which one of the following statements is correct about the methods of tax assessment in Ethiopia?
   A. People earning a small income to a certain threshold do pay any tax regardless of their capability.
   B. People earning the same amount of income within the scale of taxability should pay the same amount of tax.
   C. All citizens whatever their income should pay tax.
   D. People earning the same amount of income may not pay the same amount of tax.

81. The nature of limited government could be expressed through
   A. limited government is one that cares little to promote the pursuit of happiness for citizens.
   B. limited government is one that gets power through the consent of the majority and free to anything under the sky.
   C. limited government is one that works to please everyone in the society.
   D. limited government is one that functions within the frame work of the provision of the constitution.

82. According to the principle of equity in taxation
   A. those who are poor should not pay tax though they earn certain amount of income.
   B. illicit activities like contraband are non-taxable business approved by law.
   C. sometimes, less income may result in high taxation.
   D. those who generate more money and income should pay more tax.

83. The American civil war of independence, the French revolution, the African wars against colonialism and many peasant rebellions (e.g. Gojam, Bale and Tigray) in Ethiopia are few examples of struggles against injustices. What lessons can we learn from such struggles?
A. Though it is just to fight against injustices, bloody civil wars or wars between nations may result in bad consequences.
B. Since injustice necessarily leads into civil wars, war is the best mechanism to fight against injustice.
C. We cannot think of fighting injustice without the participation in civil wars and armed struggles.
D. If rebellion and struggles are inevitable mechanisms to fight against injustice, they should be for the purpose of prevalence of justice than revenge.

84. In two pastoralist communities adjacent to each other, a conflict broken out over a grazing land. For a long time the community used to solve conflicts using indigenous methods. However, these methods were abandoned of late and were replaced by the modern court system. Accordingly, the case was taken by the police and the court. No sooner had this happened, than the conflict turned seriously violent resulting in damage to properly and loss of lives. At last, government agents held talks with local chiefs and elders of the two communities and solved the problem .The type of justice employed in this case is
A. Predominantly distributive justice is employed.
B. The three categories of justice are employed.
C. Mainly retributive justice.
D. Primarily procedural justice is employed.

85. Which one of the following is **not** among the factors that develop a sense of patriotism?
A. Overlooking some cultural traits by the government.
B. Equal provision of goods and services.
C. Tolerance and accommodation of diversity.
D. Protection of rights and broadening opportunities for citizens.

86. A person born to Ethiopian parents abroad acquires Ethiopian citizenship by
A. adoption
B. naturalization
C. *jus soil*
D. *jus sanguinis*

87. Which one of the following justifies the importance of writing an objective history of Ethiopia?
A. Writing only about one's own ethnic group
B. Magnifying the role of the rulers
C. Recognizing the contribution of people to their country
D. Giving attention mainly for religious matters

88. *Woizero* Tringo is an entrepreneur who lives in Bonga. Having raised fund from neighborhood, she provided a temporary shelter and work for nine homeless individuals who live in the vicinity of her enterprise. *Woizero* Tringo's act of patriotism for her compatriots
A. is self-esteem
B. serves the common good
C. is chauvinistic
D. promotes private interest

89. *Ato* Doyo is a chairman of Tigat cooperative which has a membership of 15 fisher men on the shore of Lake Chamo. The members of this Enterprise are noted for their hard work. Besides, they pay tax properly. The type of responsibility displayed by Tigat cooperative is
A. custom based
B. legal
C. moral
D. traditional

90. Which of the following body of rules is an ordinary law which governs human relationships regulating the physical properties they owe?
A. Civil law
B. Business law
C. Criminal law
D. Environmental law

91. Among the different mechanism of settling dispute, litigation is different in that, it
A. is a non-peaceful way of settling disputes.
B. makes use of diplomacy as an instrument of settling disputes.
C. is a system of solving disputes through mediators.
D. is a means of settling disputes through a court of law.

92. What attributes of modern day patriots in Ethiopia?
A. To appear on Adwa victory day and other national holydays to celebrate.
B. To pray for war to come to show his/her patriotism.
C. To pray not to see any war in one's own life time.
D. giving special concern for the well-being of the country.

93. Which one of the following associations is **not** under the category of civil societies?
A. Female based political parties that fight for gender equality.
B. Environmental protection associations that work for environmental wellbeing.
C. Professional associations that mobilize contributions of experts.
D. Youth and Women's organizations that work for social justice.

94. Which one of the following statements explains promise in a societal context? It is a
A. benefit what we expect from the society
B. responsibility what we make to fulfill
C. word what one keeps as a secrete
D. promise what we make to improve our lives

95. Which one of the following statements is correct about executing responsibilities?
A. Responsibility should always come with rewards
B. If we are responsible, we are likely to bear the burden of the society
C. If we are responsible, we are likely to be rewarded for our actions
D. Responsibility often leads to a person missing out on future opportunities

96. All of the following are common goods **except** one
A. prevalence of justice and social harmony.
B. national sovereignty and state secrets
C. sustaining the status quo regarding gender issue.
D. equality across genders, and diversified groups.

97. One can effectively practice his/her national responsibility as a citizen by
A. resolving conflicts that arise due to failures of mutual understanding by peaceful ways.
B. participating in armed struggles to overthrow non-democratic governments and their supporters.
C. prioritizing on one's personal capabilities and leaving social responsibility to others.
D. taking one's share in the public property by any convenient means like looting.

98. As a Taxi driver, Mr. Guluma is a well-known public servant. He worked for about 20 years and he rarely committed faults. While he was on the way to his home after a regular work, a drunkard man collided with his car. It was not Guluma's fault and nobody could label him a criminal. But he took the man to a hospital and reported the case to a police officer. What can be said about Guluma's action?
A. He was responsible for his actions.
B. He was irresponsible in connection with his reaction to the drunkard man.
C. There is no special issue in his actions.
D. He was a criminal and should not be free by the court.

99. These days many people are earning good amount of money by participating in online marketing. Ultimately, our purpose of spending our time is to get money. The youth are now rich because of their adoption of an effective modern approach and efficient uses of technology. Evaluating this reality one can say
A. if a significant number of youth can earn money through such short cuts, it may deteriorate the work habit and affects the personal and national self-confidence.
B. if a significant number of youth are participating in such easy ways of getting money, then it adds to the development of the national economy.
C. traditional means of production and income generation can be replaced by modern mechanisms of cost effective income generation.
D. if money can be earned through such time consuming and technologically friendly manners, then the government should give priority to it and collect proper tax from the incomes.

100. Which one of the following clearly puts the pros and cons of economic globalization?

A. Since it is technologically supported, economic globalization is irrelevant for developing nations that depend on traditional farming.

B. While globalization is inevitable, economic influences are normal among states, hence, adopting one economic system may not be useful.

C. Since globalization is manifested in the form of technology and communications, it rarely affects the economic system of nations.

D. With the possibility of certain bad consequences, economic globalization enriches the economic beliefs and ideas of nations.

THE END

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