Revision of the last day lesson

Last day, we learned about:

- Seasons in Ethiopia. There are 4 seasons like:
- **Autumn**: In autumn the weather is cold and windy, there is some rain and animals get enough food.
- **Winter**: In winter the weather becomes hot and sunny. Most of the tree begin to lose their leaves and they stop growing.
- **Spring:** In spring, the weather is windy and sunny. The leaves change their colours and fall from the trees.
- **Summer:** In summer, the weather is wet and there is a lot of rain and the farmers grow there crops.

Grammar

Objectives of the lesson

❖**At the end of this lesson, you will be able to:**

- use the word **in** before months and seasons of the year.
- use the word **in, is, am** and **are** appropriately;
- Practice asking and answering questions about different seasons of the year.
- Write short sentences about different seasons of the year.

Grammar Spot

- We use the word **in** before talking about months and seasons of the year.

  Examples:

- **In** July, there is a lot of rain.
- It is very hot and sunny **in** winter**.**
- We go back to school **in** September.
- I was born **in** July**.** I celebrate my birthday **in** the summer.
- We celebrate the Victory of Adwa **in** March.

Cont,

- Read the words in the Word Bank. Choose the correct word to fill in the gap in each sentence. A word can be used more than once.

Word Bank

is **are** **am** **in**

- June, July and August (1)_____ rainy months in Ethiopia. People call them summer. Summer (2)_____ a rainy season for us.(3) _____ summer, students do not go to school for regular classes. (4)____ July, I usually go to town to visit my brother. My brother (5)_____ always happy when I visit him. I(6) _____ happy, too. I stay with him until September. I must go back to school (7)_____ September.

Answer

- June, July and August (1) **are** rainy months in Ethiopia. People call them summer. Summer (2) **is** a rainy season for us.(3) **In** summer, students do not go to school for regular classes. (4) **In** July, I usually go to town to visit my brother. My brother (5) **is** always happy when I visit him. I(6) **am** happy, too. I stay with him until September. I must go back to school (7) **in** September.

Vocabulary

- Read the text. Look at how the underlined words are used in the text and guess the meaning of each word.

  Students in Ethiopia begin to go to school in autumn. They are happy because they go to school after celebrating the Ethiopian New Year. They study hard for their first semester's final examination in winter. They take school vacation and resume classes in winter. They continue to study hard for their second semester's examination in spring. They take their final examination and know whether they pass to the next grade at the beginning of summer.

Answer

- **Winter:** is the coldest season of the year, after autumn before spring.
- **Spring**: is a season after winter and before summer in which vegetation begins to appear.
- **Autumn**: is the season after summer before winter.
- **Summer**: is the season after spring and before autumn, when the weather is warmest.

Writing sentences

- Write sentences using these words.
- Example:
- In summer, my father sow teff.
- In spring, we go to school.
- In winter, I play with my friends in the field.
- spring_____
- summer_____
- autumn_____
- winter _____

Speaking

- Practise asking and answering questions about what happens during the different seasons of the year.

Example:

Student 1: What do farmers do in the summer?

Student 2: Farmers grow crops in the summer. What do they do in the autumn?

Student 2: They harvest their crops in autumn.

Cont,

- Practise asking and answering questions about what people in the city and the countryside do in the different seasons of the year.

Example:

Student 1: What do people in the countryside do in the summer?

Student 2: There are farmers in the countryside. They weed their farms in the summer. What do people in the city do in the summer?

Student 1: People in the city plant flowers in the summer.

Reading Fluency

- Read the text, Seasons in Ethiopia out loud to your partner with feelings.

Seasons in Ethiopia

- There are rainy and dry seasons in Ethiopia. In the rainy season, a lot of rain falls. The weather is very cold. The land gets wet. People feel cold in this season. They wear jackets and sweaters. During the rainy season, farmers plough the land, plant trees, sow crops and grow vegetables.

- During the dry season, there is usually water shortage. Some trees lose their leaves. Many plants stop growing. The weather is very warm during the daytime and cold in the evening. It is also sunny and windy. People feel warm and wear light clothes. When the weather is sunny, many people would find it hard to walk. The weather can also be windy. The wind blows strongly in different directions. It moves branches of the trees.

Writing

- Write the seasons of the year in your exercise book with correct spelling.

Examples: summer, _____,_____,

_____.

- B. Write short sentences about what you do during the different seasons of the year.

Examples:

- **I weed my family's garden in the summer.**
- **I _____**
- **I _____**

Summary

Today, generally we learned about:

- the use of the word **in** before months and seasons of the year.
- The use the word **in, is, am and are in** sentences appropriately;
- The practice of asking and answering questions about different seasons of the year.
- Writing short sentences about different seasons of the year.