NAMBALE A.C.K. DIOCESE
EXAMINATION
MAY, 2019
ENGLISH
101/2
PAPER 2
MARKING SCHEME

QUESTION 1: COMPREHENSION

(a) The effects of global warming are melting ice caps, rising sea levels, species extinction and climatic change.
(4 marks)

(b) The main cause of global warming, according to the passage, is fossil fuel emissions as cited by 75% of Europeans. (2 marks)

(c) Britain encourages people to use renewable electricity by making it very easy for people to switch to renewable sources; it requires little more than a phone call. (2 marks)

(d) An ordinary reader would not be blamed for wondering why he or she has to reduce on driving while industries continue to emit a lot of CO_2. (4 marks)

(e) The writer communicates the message that, while pollution is a life-threatening issue, the approaches to resolving it are ineffective. (4 marks)

(f) (i) fob off — to avoid/make excuses
(ii) Incentive — a thing that motivates or encourages someone to do something
(iii) Calamity — an event that causes great damage
iv) Vast – extremely large/huge/widely spread (4 marks)

QUESTION 2: EXCERPT (25 MARKS)

a) Before the extract;
Nora has spent all the money she was given for shopping.
Her husband Helmer considers her a spendthrift.
However, he promises to add her more money.
Nora requests to be given a chance to buy what she needs most.
After the extract;
Helmer reminds Nora of how she overworked herself prior to the past Christmas to have a homemade Christmas tree.
Nora however says she didn't find it dull/boring.
Helmer praises her of her good intentions.

b) The dramatic irony in the extract is in Nora's denial, that she hasn't been at the confectioner's, yet she is hiding macaroons in her pocket; something we the audience know of but Helmer isn't aware of.

c) The high job security resulting from the promotion she has gotten.

d) Issues on money and gender:
- That women can't save money because they are spendthrifts
- That women have very many expenses unknown to men/their husbands.
- That women are subordinate to men and must do everything not to offend them including obeying their orders.
- That women can only but be compared to children hence the terms skylarks, squirrels, little soul etc.

e) -The names by which Helmer refers to his wife foregrounds **Patriarchy** in the society; the belittled position of women in the society hence the terms such as skylark, squirrel, little soul.
-Helmer also uses language that foregrounds women as **poor financial managers** and spendthrifts. He refers to Nora as Miss Sweet Tooth and complains of Nora wheedling money out of him, visiting the confectioner's and nibbling sweets.

f) Nora is: -**Insincere**-She denies nibbling sweets and being at confectioner's yet she is hiding macaroons in her pocket.

-**Convincing**- She always finds a way of wheedling money out of her husband.

N/B: Award any other well illustrated trait. 1 mk id. & 1 mk ill. For 2 traits = 4 mks

g) Torvald must be: i) **Observant** – He keenly observes the behavior exhibited by Nora and suspects she has macaroons.

ii) **Domineering**- Torvald wants to control Nora without considering her feelings. He even sarcastically says this when Nora claims she saves all she can: "That's very true,- all you can. But you can't save anything!"

N/B: Award any other well illustrated point: 2mks x 1 point= 2 mks.

QUESTION 3: LITERARY APPRECIATION(20 MARKS)

(a) The poem is about the death of a ruler, who is a traitor. The ruler who is assassinated outside a night club, and his body is left to be devoured by vultures. His diary is washed into the sea by rain. and when it is found it reveals who the ruler was and his desire to be buried in a dignified, grand funeral. (3 marks)

(b) The words **stuttering rifles** are onomatopoeic. They describe the sound of bullets flying from the rifles of the assassins. (2 marks)

(c) The tone of the poem is **satirical/sarcastic**. The poem is satirical about the arroganceof the politician who is very selfish and has no regard for other people. The poem satirizes the politicians desire for a lavish funeral but dies in very humiliating conditions.(4 marks)

(d) The central theme of the poem is **betrayal** and **change.** The politician has no regard for the downtrodden and poor people in the country, whose interests he should be serving. He uses his money to buy cheap pleasure instead of engaging in constructive activities. Change is represented by the assassination and at the end of the poem a pupil suggests that

they bring tractors to plough the land; which represents a major change.(3 marks)

(e) (i) Yellow is not a colour of the national flag of Kenya. The poet is asking who could contradict the politician who claimed to be the expert while the common citizens are cursed to brood on books, think about schoolgirls and hunger, and sleep hungry under torn mosquito nets.(2 marks)

(ii) The possible meanings of this line are:

- first, it could literally mean that his diary was a submarine because it was found in the sea;
- secondly, it could mean that the ideas he had written in the diary were highly destructive and irresponsible, to the extent that they could lead to the Third World War.(2 marks)

(f) *This is an open question. Award marks for well thought out alternatives*, for example civic education and electing responsible leaders who have integrity. (2marks)

(g) (i) anchored — secured or held firmly (1mark)

(ii) brood — think or worry about (1mark)

QUESTION 4: GRAMMAR

a)

i. differ with
ii. in accordance with
iii. independent of

b)

i. Under no circumstances would my father allow us to attend night parties.
ii. On no account should strangers be allowed into the compound without the security officer’s permission.
iii. Scarcely had the plane taken off when one of the passengers began to scream.

c)

i. Always be frank and open with your friends.When you are, you will win their trust and confidence.

ii. Help yourself to some oranges. These ones are sweet but those are sweeter.

d)

i. Kasoha, who is very good at grammar, joined our school this term.

ii. The generator, which had been on the whole night, broke down in the morning.

e)

i. They aren’t serious, are they?

ii. He bought a new house last month, didn’the?

iii. Let us go, shall we?

f)

i. have visited

ii. has joined