

MCIE1012: SECTION A
Chapter Five

TEST-4 constitution, democracy and human rights

Submissions Disabled

Grade: 40/40



My Submissions

Test/Quiz



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Submission 2



1/1

Question 1

which of the following is the correct order in the emergence of human right

- a. The Magna Carta ----> The English Bill Of Right---->The U.S. Bill of Rights----> Declaration of International Rights of Man ----> The French Declaration of the Rights of Man and Of the Citizen
- b. The Magna Carta ---->The U.S. Bill of Rights ----> The English Bill Of Right----> The French Declaration of the Rights of Man and Of the Citizen ----> Declaration of International Rights of Man
- c. The Magna Carta ----> The English Bill Of Right---->The U.S. Bill of Rights----> The French Declaration of the Rights of Man and Of the Citizen ----> Declaration of International Rights of Man
- d. The English Bill Of Right ----> The Magna Carta---->The U.S. Bill of Rights----> The French Declaration of the Rights of Man and Of the Citizen ----> Declaration of International Rights of Man

1/1

Question 2

which of the following not the fundamental principle of democracy?

- a. accountability
- b. transparency
- c. minority rule
- d. rule of law

1/1

Question 3

The transition / interim constitution of Ethiopia was breakthrough because

- a. created administrative units on the basis of ethnic and linguistic criteria
- b. granted self-determination up to secession to all Nations, Nationalities and Peoples of Ethiopia.
- c. allows the creation of several political parties and political pluralism
- d. all of the above

1/1

Question 4

economic and social rights are the first generation rights which uphold the sanctity of the individual before the law and guarantee his or her ability to participate freely in civil, economic, and political society

True

False

1/1

Question 5

according to the 1995 constitution the president and vice president of the Federal Supreme Court

- a. are recommended by the lower chamber of the parliament and approved by the prime minister
- b. are recommended by the Prime Minister and approved by the upper chamber of the legislature
- c. are recommended by the Prime Minister and approved by the lower chamber of the legislature
- d. are elected by popular ballot through universal suffrage

1/1

Question 6

_____ implies that government officials are answerable to the decisions and acts they took.

- a. accountability
- b. transparency
- c. efficiency
- d. good governance

1/1

Question 7

third generation human rights includes, except :-

- a. the right to public goods
- b. the right to development,
- c. the right to conscience
- d. the right to environment and peace

1/1

Question 8

which of the following not the disadvantage of written constitution

- a. can not cope up with changing condition
- b. grows over a short period, it lacks wisdom and maturity
- c. not good for a federal system, as it does not provide for proper distribution of powers between the center and federal units
- d. does not give more importance to public opinion

1/1

Question 9

which pair is incorrect according to the 1995 EFDRE constitution?

- a. human right ----- the right to equal pay for equal work
- b. democratic right ----- the right to association and assembly

c. democratic right ---- the right to property

d. human right ----- the right to non retroactivity and prohibition of double jeopardy

1/1

Question 10

which of the following is **non derogable human right** ?

- a. right to recognition before the law
- b. freedom of thought, conscience and religion
- c. freedom from medical or scientific experimentation without consent
- d. freedom from imprisonment for inability to fulfill a contractual obligation

e. all of the above

1/1

Question 11

The existence of development and economic growth suggests the existence of good governance.

True

False

1/1

Question 12

which of the following is not the purpose or function of constitution?

- a. SET OUT THE STRUCTURE R FRAMEWORK OF THE GOVERNMENT
- b. GRANTING ARBITRARY POWER TO THE GOVERNMENT**
- c. SERVING AS A SUPREME LAW OF E LAND
- d. DETERMINING AUTHORITIES OF PUBLIC OFFICE

1/1

Question 13

_is a complex of ideas, attitudes, and patterns of behavior elaborating the principle that the authority of government derives from and is limited by a body of fundamental law.

Constitutionalism is a complex of ideas, attitudes, and patterns of behavior elaborating the principle that the authority of government derives from and is limited by a body of fundamental law.

1/1

Question 14

traditional constitution of Ethiopia which deals with the customs and etiquette of Ethiopian people and administrative protocols within the government institutions is

a. sirate mengist

b. fitha negest

c. kibra negest

d. yezufan chilot

1/1

Question 15

second generation human right are supposed to include

- a. civil and political right
- b. environmental and cultural right
- ☒ c. economic and social right
- d. all of the above

1/1

Question 16

_ is an institution with the power to investigate constitutional disputes.

☒ Council of constitutional inquiry is an institution with the power to investigate constitutional disputes.

1/1

Question 17

All of the following are advantage of written constitution, except

- ☒ a. it give more relevance for customs, traditions and conventions of the country.
- b. it emphasis on the rule of law and hence the ruler cannot exercise power arbitrarily
- c. it protect the right of individual and minorities.
- d. It is indispensable to federalism. It properly distributes powers between the center and federal units - states or provinces.

1/1

Question 18

in the 1987 constitution of Ethiopia, the National Shengo was actually vested with great lawmaking powers, did have more power than WPE and its politburo.

True

☒ False

1/1

Question 19

which of the following not the peculiar feature of constitution?

- a. GENERALITY
- b. SUPREMACY
- c. PERMANENCY
- ☒ d. TEMPORALITY

1/1

Question 20

which of the following is incorrect about civil and political rights are

- a. they are immediately realizable rights.
 - ☒ b. precondition can be set for their limitation
 - c. they are also called negative rights
 - d. all of the above
-

1/1

Question 21

an organ of the united nation (UN) which currently is not under operation is

- a. the security council
- b. the general assembly
- c. economic and social council

d. the trusteeship council

1/1

Question 22

The 1931 modern constitution of Ethiopia was based on the Meiji Constitution of Japan.

True

False

1/1

Question 23

Accordion to 1995 Ethiopian constitution The president is elected by both legislative chambers for a _____ year term

- a. seven
- b. five

c. six

d. four

1/1

Question 24

lack of written constitution suggests the total absence of constitutional rules and principles in the legal history of the country.

True

False

1/1

Question 25

which of the following not the feature of the 1931 constitution of Ethiopia ?

a. it introduced parliamentary and ministerial system

b. the emperor can appoint and dismiss ministers at his wish

c. All power over central and local government, the legislature, the judiciary, and the military was vested in the emperor

d. the parliament have the right to propose laws and veto laws proposed by the executive.

1/1

Question 26

according to 1987 constitution , _____ consist of 835-member legislature, was the highest organ of state power.

a. workers party of Ethiopia

b. the National Shengo

c. the politburo of the president

d. all of the above

1/1

Question 27

which of the following **not** among the fundamental principles of the 1995 constitution ?

a. Sovereignty of the Peoples

b. state religion for unity and strength

c. accountability and transparent government

d. emphasis for protection human right

1/1

Question 28

based on form/appearance constitutions can be classified as _and _

based on form/appearance constitutions can be classified as Written and Unwritten

1/1

Question 29

which of the following International governmental human rights organisations ?

a. Amnesty International

b. Human Rights Watch

c. UN human right council

d. all of the above

1/1

Question 30

_____ is a way of exercising democracy in which 'all citizens' without the intermediary of elected officials can participate in decision-making process.

a. pure democracy

b. indirect democracy

c. representative democracy

d. modern democracy

1/1

Question 31

_ means a temporary non-application and suspension of rights by the state in abnormal or emergency (natural/artificial) situations.

Derogation means a temporary non-application and suspension of rights by the state in abnormal or emergency (natural/artificial) situations.

1/1

Question 32

based on the kind of state structure constitution can be classified as _ and _

based on the kind of state structure constitution can be classified as Unitary and Federal

1/1

Question 33

On the basis of the degree to which constitution of state observed in practice, or on the basis of the relationship between constitutional rules and laws and principles, we can have _and_ Constitution of State

On the basis of the degree to which constitution of state observed in practice, or on the basis of the relationship between constitutional rules and laws and principles, we can have Effective and Nominal Constitution of State

1/1

Question 34

the 1955 constitution of Ethiopia took a number of ideas from

a. US constitution

b. France constitution

c. UK constitution

d. German constitution

1/1

Question 35

_are acceptable or justifiable limits of human rights during the normal times.

Restrictions are acceptable or justifiable limits of human rights during the normal times.

1/1

Question 36

what does it mean to say human right are "inalienable" ?

a. the same for everyone regardless of their nation, location, language, religion, ethnic origin or any other status

b. no government or institution grants them.

c. can not be taken away except as a result of due process

d. they are derived by virtue of being human

1/1

Question 37

Two major historical factors for the emergence of 1955 constitution are the need to strengthen the monarchical regime and the act of federation of Eritrea with Ethiopia

True

1/1

Question 38

which of the following is **wrong** about social and economic rights

- a. aspirational and programmatic set of rights
- b. they can be achieve through progressive implementation
- c. they are positive rights

d. none of the above

1/1

Question 39

one of the fundamental principle of democracy which suggest that no one is above the law, not even a king or an elected President.

- a. due process of law
- b. free and fair election

c. rule of law

- d. political tolerance

1/1

Question 40

On the basis of the distinction in the process of amendment, constitutions may be classified as _and _.

On the basis of the distinction in the process of amendment, constitutions may be classified as Flexible and

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