

MCIE1012: SECTION A
Chapter Four

TEST-3 State, Government & Citizenship

Submissions Disabled

Grade: 47/50



My Submissions

Test/Quiz



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Submission 1



1/1

Question 1

federal system of government may lead to conflicts of jurisdiction

☒ True☐ False

1/1

Question 2

the international view deals with the state's inward-looking face

☐ True☒ False

1/1

Question 3

which one is correct about functionalist approach to the state?

a. it focus on the role or purpose of state institutions

b. sees function of the state as the maintenance of social order

c. adopted by neo-Marxists

☒ d. all of the above

1/1

Question 4

according to capitalist state approach , which of the following incorrect

a. the state cannot be understood separately from the economic structure of society.

b. the state is an instrument of class oppression

☒ c. The state apparatus is therefore thought to conform to the principles of public service and political accountability.

d. all of the above

1/1

Question 5

_____is the attribute of government that prompts the governed to comply willingly

a. Authority

☒ b. Legitimacy

☐ c. Sovereignty

☐ d. Dictatorship

1/1

Question 6

_____ entail the absence of a power in other party to alter the right-holder's normative situation in some way

☒ a. Immunity rights

☐ b. Power rights

☐ c. Liberty rights

☐ d. Claim rights

1/1

Question 7

_____ is a mode whereby a person loses his/her citizenship because of his/her permanent residence or long term residence abroad beyond the number of years permitted by the country in question

☐ a. Renunciation

☐ b. Felony

☒ c. Lapse

☐ d. Legitimation

1/1

Question 8

To ensure economic prosperity, developmental and social-democratic states, brings the entirety of economic life under state control.

☐ True

☒ False

1/1

Question 9

citizenship is a status acquired by becoming a registered member of the state by law.

☒ True

☐ False

1/1

Question 10

which one is incorrect from The Patriarchal view of the State ?

☐ a. view the state intervention as a means of redressing gender inequality and enhancing the role of women

☐ b. tended to accept an essentially pluralist view of the state

☒ c. the state is biased in favor of women

☐ d. all of the above

1/1

Question 11

In contrast to liberty rights, claim rights impose a corresponding duty on others to help respect and protect the bearers

True

False

1/1

Question 12

Whereas social-democratic states practice interventionism in order to stimulate economic progress, developmental states intervene with a view to bringing about broader social restructuring, usually in accordance with principles such as fairness, equality and social justice

True

False

1/1

Question 13

Jus Soli is a principle whereby an individual is permitted to obtain citizenship status of a particular State because he/she was born in the territorial administration of that country, Jus Sanguinis is a norm where citizenship acquired claiming one's parents' citizenship status.

True

False

1/1

Question 14

Which one is not the major purposes and functions of government?

- a. Defense of the country's territory against external attack
- b. Determine whether resources are going to be controlled by the public or private sector
- c. Supervision and resolution of conflicts

d. Undermining human rights and promoting impoverishment

1/1

Question 15

A state in which an emphasis is placed on the maintenance of a close relationship between the state and major economic interests, notably big business and organized labor

- a. Capitalist state
- b. Marxist state

c. Developmental state

d. Welfare state

1/1

Question 16

centralized unitary system of government characterized by the existence of devolution of power

True

False

1/1

Question 17

Which of the following not the critic against liberal theory of citizenship?

- a. Liberalists affirmatively valorize the privatization of personality
- b. it leads to free riders problem
- c. Liberal societies tend to be less egalitarian and tends to ignore public regard

d. it narrows down the gap between the rich and the poor

0/1

Question 18

which of the following is not legal element of the state ?

a. recognition

- b. government
 - c. territory
 - d. sovereignty
-

1/1

Question 19

Citizenship is an eternal essence not a cultural artifact mold by people through time

True

False

1/1

Question 20

basic feature(s) of federal sytem of goverment :

- a. The absence of dual governments – federal and regional governments,
 - b. Supremacy of regional constitution
 - c. Supremacy of the federal government
 - d. the presence of of unilateral amendment of the federal constitution
-

1/1

Question 21

which type of goverment can not fall under aristotle classification of goverment ? (select two correct answers)

- a. democratic
- b. monarchic

c. despotic

d. autocratic

1/1

Question 22

which of the following is not a criteria to be meet to apply for citizenship as Ethiopian citizenship law ?

- a. living for successive four years
- b. to be able to speak one of nationality languages

c. to show that the applicant free from any crime allegation

d. to be able to make a special contribution to the betterment of societal life

1/1

Question 23

in parliamentary systems, effective leadership responsibilities are given to the president.

True

False

1/1

Question 24

_____ Citizenship theory put emphasis on both individual and group rights

a. Communitarian

b. Liberal

c. Republican

d. Modern

1/1

Question 25

Collectivized state can be characterized by the following except

a. orthodox communist countries such as the USSR and throughout Eastern Europe

b. Command economy

c. sought to abolish private enterprise altogether, and set up centrally planned economies

d. Its influence penetrates every aspect of human existence.

1/1

Question 26

which is incorrect?

a. a person can become a citizen of more than one country

b. a person can be a national of only one country

c. nationality is innate while citizenship is reversal

d. citizenship is an ethnic concept while nationality is legal one

1/1

Question 27

According to Jus Sanguinis, a child acquires the citizenship of parents irrespective of the place of birth

True

False

1/1

Question 28

_____ refers to way of acquiring citizenship by which an alien can become a citizen after fulfilling certain legal and juristic conditions.

☒ a. naturalization

b. arbitration

c. legitimation

d. specialization

1/1

Question 29

Nominal leadership serves all of the following functions, except :

a. Serving as the symbol of national unity

b. Representing the state in ceremonial conferences and national holidays

c. Receiving guests and awarding prizes

☒ d. none of the above

1/1

Question 30

_____ is the condition of having citizenship of any country and with no government from which to ask protection.

☒ Statelessness is the condition of having citizenship of any country and with no government from which to ask protection.

1/1

Question 31

unitary states are basically characterized by the existence of bicameral parliament.

True

☒ False

1/1

Question 32

_____ view the state as an 'umpire' or 'referee' in society

☒ a. the pluralist approach

b. the capitalist state approach

c. the leviathan state

d. all of the above

1/1

Question 33

_____ is the voluntary way of losing citizenship

☒ Renunciation is the voluntary way of losing citizenship

1/1

Question 34

The aim of _____ is to 'manage' or 'regulate' capitalism with a view to promoting growth and maintaining full employment

☒ a. Keynesian economic policies

☐ b. Marxist Leninist economic policy

☐ c. Laissez-faire

☐ d. All of the above

1/1

Question 35

Which of the following rights different from the other?

☐ a. the right to movement

☐ b. the right to freedom of thought

☐ c. the right to health and education

☒ d. the rights to the ownership of private property

1/1

Question 36

Hobbes stands for legal sovereignty; Locke supports political sovereignty and Rousseau, popular sovereignty.

☒ True

☐ False

0/1

Question 37

which one is the degenerated (perverted form) of aristocracy? (select two correct answers)

☐ a. timocracy

☒ b. democracy

☐ c. mobocracy

☒ d. oligarchy

1/1

Question 38

unitary system of goverment best suits to a society with heterogenous ethnicity, culture, languages and culture.

☐ True

☒ False

0/1

Question 39

In totalitarianism, state brings not only the economy, but also education, culture, religion, family life and so on under direct state control.

☐ True

☒ False

1/1

Question 40

in which system of government we can find fusion of power between the legislative and executive branches ?

- ☒ a. parliamentary
 - b. presidential
 - c. unitary
 - d. confederal
-

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Question 41

the legislative organ of the government is also known as : (select all that is correct)

- ☒ a. Congress
 - ☒ b. Parliament
 - ☒ c. Assembly
 - d. council
-

1/1

Question 42

which of the following is not ways of acquiring nationality ?

- a. birth
 - ☒ b. marriage
 - c. inheritance
 - d. all of the above
-

1/1

Question 43

which is wrong from organizational view of the state

- ☒ a. there is no clear distinction between state and civil society
 - b. The state comprises the various institutions of government
 - c. the state is apparatus of government in its broadest sense
 - d. all of the above
-

1/1

Question 44

All of the following are aim of minimal state, except:

- a. Individuals enjoy the widest possible realm of freedom
 - b. Prevent individuals encroaching on the rights and liberties of others
 - ☒ c. Intervenes in economic life with the specific purpose of promoting industrial growth and economic development
 - d. D. The states function is to provide a framework of peace and social order
-

1/1

Question 45

the Leviathan approach to the state portrays the state as an independent or autonomous entity that pursues its own interests

True

False

1/1

Question 46

Which of the following not the focus of multicultural citizenship

- a. Taking equality of citizenship rights as a starting point
- b. Recognizing that Formal equality of rights does not necessarily lead to equality of respect, resources, and opportunities
- c. Establishing mechanisms for group representation and participation
- d. Equal and similar treatment for people with different characteristics, needs and wants

1/1

Question 47

Which of the following not an example of totalitarian states

- a. Hitler's Germany
- b. Stalin's USSR,
- c. Mussolini's Italy
- d. Imam Khomeini's Iran

1/1

Question 48

_____ is a mode whereby a person loses his/her citizenship because of his/her permanent residence or long term residence abroad beyond the number of years permitted by the country in question

- a. DEPRIVATION
- b. RENUNCIATION
- c. EXPIRATION
- d. SUBSTITUTION
- e. DEPRIVATION AND EXPIRATION
- f. RENUNCIATION AND SUBSTITUTION