

**Part I: Write 'TRUE' if the statement is correct or 'FALSE' otherwise (1 point each)**

1. The existence of constitutionalism necessarily implies the existence of democratic governance that is guided by rule of law.
2. Whenever there is constitution in a state, there must be constitutionalism as well.
3. Unlike the presidential system, the members of the executive in parliamentary system are usually members of the legislature.
4. Economic Instrument of foreign policy is used for both rewarding and punishing states, in International Relation.
5. States cannot be understood in the absence of citizens, whereas citizenship can be explained without the state.
6. According to the Ethiopian Federal state structure, all recognized national groups are guaranteed representation in the house of People Representatives.
7. A country's alignment behavior cannot vary from time to time, in its history as a response to dynamic circumstances and policy decisions.
8. One of the advantages of the existence of multi-party system is to bring alternatives of ideas and enforcing government to give inefficient services to the citizen.
9. Eritrean federation with Ethiopia by the UN federal act was one of the major reasons for revision of the 1931 constitution in 1955.
10. Dual/multi-citizenship is attributable to variation of laws of citizenship in different states.

**Part II: Choose the BEST answer among the given alternatives (1.5 points each)**

1. All are factors that forced somebody to be "stateless" except:
  - A. When a person's homeland denies his or her citizenship rights for punishment
  - B. When a person's homeland is destroyed by another country
  - C. When a person's give up his citizenship but not acquire another country citizenship
  - D. None
2. According to the 1995 Ethiopian Constitution citizenship can be acquired by the law of:
  - A. Jus Sanguinis
  - B. Jus Soli
  - C. Naturalization
  - D. A and C are answers
  - E. B and C are answers
3. 'It is the practice of influencing the decisions and conduct of foreign governments or organizations through dialogue, negotiation, and other non-violent means.' This statement best signifies the concept of:
  - A. National Interest
  - B. Economic Instrument
  - C. Diplomacy
  - D. All of the above

Which of the following level of analysis is in a desperate need of careful consideration of what kinds of states we are looking for and how they are ordered politically?

- A. State level analysis
- B. Individual level analysis
- C. System level analysis
- D. Group level analysis

5. All of the following are among the functions of diplomats, Except:

- A. Interest representation
- B. Negotiation
- C. Information gathering
- D. Reporting
- E. None of the above

6. Among the following statement, which one is not correct about Liberalism?

- A. Came to prominence in reaction to the carnage of the First World War and in the early years from 1919 to the 1930s.
- B. Its proponents argue that International Organizations give absolute gain through collective action- pooling their resource in pursuits of shared goals.
- C. It is a school of thought that emphasizes the competitive and conflictual side of International Relations.
- D. Its proponents have faith as cooperation is possible and conflict can be resolved peacefully
- E. None of the above

7. One is not always true with respect to parliamentary form of government, identify.

- A. Prime Minister is vested with chief executive power
- B. The one who leads ruling political party is the Head of Government
- C. The Head of Government comes from the law making branch and directly responsible to it
- D. Head of State is held by the president
- E. None

8. The main reason for the introduction of 1931 written constitution is:

- A. To introduce Ethiopian modernity for western world
- B. To announce Ethiopian people as it is emperor's gift for his 25<sup>th</sup> silver jubilee celebration
- C. Guaranteeing continuity to the rule of emperor
- D. All

9. One is not an Applied Ethics issue;

- A. The morality of suicide
- B. The morality of monogamy
- C. The morality of capital punishment
- D. The morality of economic gap between rich and poor



15. Among the following statements, which one is incorrect?
- ☒ A. At present civics and ethics exists everywhere, but the nomenclature and its contents vary greatly
  - B. In a subjective political culture, citizens assume passive relationship to the political system since they perceive themselves as the doer of the actions.
  - ☒ C. As an interdisciplinary subject, civics borrows important contents and methods from different fields of studies
  - D. In a parochial political culture, citizens have no strong linkage with central government since the citizens are obedient only to the nearly local chief.
16. Which one of the following statement is false regarding ethics and its branches?
- ☒ A. The metaphysical component of ethics discusses whether moral values are eternal truths that exist in a spirit or simply human conventions.
  - B. Normative ethics is all about the reasoned search for principles of human conduct so that we can determine precisely what moral standards to follow.
  - C. Ethical Objectivism magnifies the skeptical philosophical tradition and argues that moral values are strictly human invention
  - D. Analytical ethics more or less deals with the origin and meaning of ethical concepts by clarifying the meaning of ethical questions
17. Among the following, which one is correct regarding the evolutionary theory of the state?
- ☒ A. It is a theory that considers the state as natural to organized and settled social life
  - ☒ B. It claims that the state gradually evolved from out of earlier forms of settled human communities
  - C. It is the oldest theory that has lost its ability to explain the complex phenomenon of the rise and function of the state
  - D. All
18. Which one of the following is incorrect regarding government and its forms?
- ☒ A. Government brings the abstract nature of the state into concrete reality
  - B. In a parliamentary forms of government there is fusion and integration between legislature and judiciary
  - ☒ C. In a presidential forms of government there is clear demarcation between almost all organs of government
  - D. In the parliamentary system very crucial executive decisions shall be made by a team so that no members will not escapes liability for faulty decisions



19. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding the competing theories on IR?
- A. In realism what motivates the nation in IR is self-interest whereas as for the Idealists it is just value and principles
  - ☒ B. For the Idealists the source of security in IR is all about facts in law or morality to protect the nation
  - C. Realists perceive that willingness to use power is limited to interest at the time
  - D. In Idealists perception, the source of conflict in the world is competing for the interest rather than competing for ideological wars.
20. Among the following, which one is incorrect regarding Westphalia treaty?
- A. Westphalia is often used as shorthand for a system of equal and sovereign states
  - ☒ B. It is an institutional arrangement for organizing political life that is based on the principles of territoriality and the exclusion of external actors from domestic authority structures.
  - C. Westphalia sovereignty is violated when external actors influence or determine domestic authority structures
  - D. None

**Part III. Matching (1 point each)**

**"A"**

1. Self-Abnegations
2. Liberal Democracy
3. Self-Preservation
4. Social Democracy
5. Self-Extension
6. Modus Operandi
7. Foreign policy
8. Economic Democracy
9. Alignment
10. Developmental Democracy

**"B"**

- A. Maintaining status quo
- ☒ B. Foreign policy dimension
- C. Visible hands of the government to regulate economy
- D. Newly emerging powers status
- E. Neutrality
- F. Failures to defend national interest
- G. Invisible hands of the markets in economy
- H. State as partisan institution to serve interest of the have's
- I. Equal treatment and creating classless society
- J. Set of priorities

