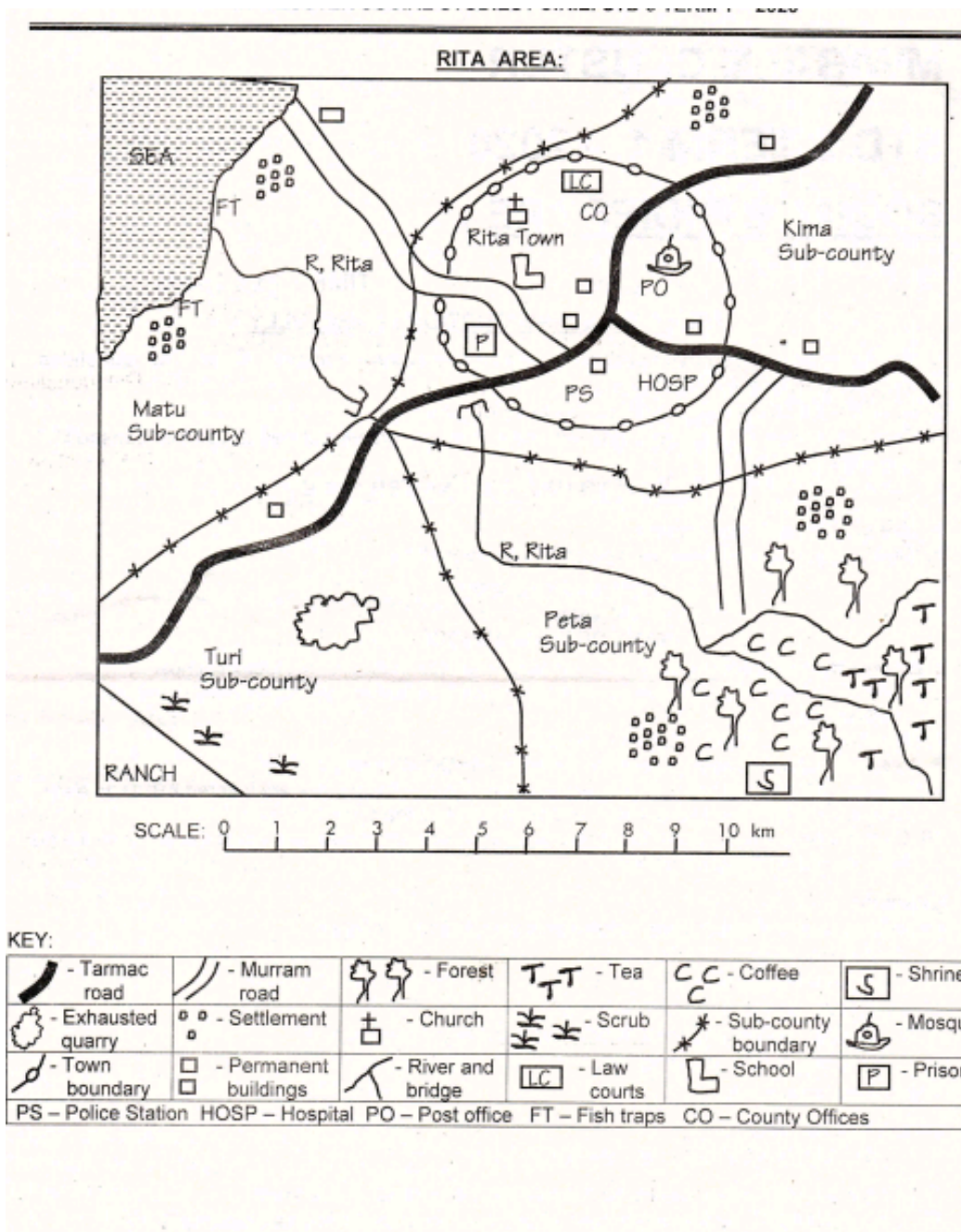


CONTINUOUS TEST 2020

STD7 SOCIAL STUDIES

Use the map of Rita below and answer questions 1-7



Study the map of Rita Area and answer questions 1 – 7.

1. The land in Rita area rises towards:
A. Matu sub-county B. Kima sub-county
C. Petu sub-county D. Turi sub-county
2. What is the approximate area of the ranch in Rita area?
A. 7.5km² B. 30kmkm²
C. 3.75km² D. 15km²
3. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Rita area EXCEPT:
A. fishing B. crop farming
C. cattle keeping D. mining
4. A thief was arrested for stealing in a supermarket in Ritu town. Which procedure was to be followed for justice to take place?
A. Prison – police station – law court
B. Police station – prison – law court
C. Law court – prison – police station
D. Police station – law court – prison
5. The climate of Turi sub-county is likely to be:
A. hot and dry B. cool and wet
C. hot and wet D. cool and dry
6. Which of the following religions is lacking in Rita area?
A. Islam B. Christianity
C. Hinduism D. Traditionalism
7. The MAIN soils in the south-east of Rita are:
A. volcanic soils B. black cotton soils
C. loamy soils D. sandy soils

8.Which of the following is the capital city of the largest country in Africa

- A.Algiers
- B.Khartoum
- C.Kinshasa
- D.AddisAbaba

9.Which of the following latitudes does not cross Africa

- A.Equator
- B.Arctic circle
- C.tropic of cancerD.tropic of Capricorn

10.Which of the following plants is not found within the semi-desert

- A.Cactus
- B.Baobab
- C.Cypress
- D.Euphorbia

11.Nyamwezi Chiefs were called

- A.Ntemi
- B.Miruka
- C.Oloibon
- D.Orkoiyot

12.The first headquarters of British east Africa company was at

- A.Malindi
- B.Nairobi
- C.Mombasa
- D.Machakos

13.The following are block mountains except

A.Pare

B.Usambara

C.Atlas

D.Danakil Alps

14.The first political party to be formed for the government of Tanzania was

A.CCM

B.TAA

C.TANU

D.KANU

15.The speaker of a county assembly is elected at

A.MPs

B.Senators

C.President

D.MCAs

16.The leading mineral export of Kenya is obtained through

A.Opencast

B.Drilling

C.Scooping

D.Dredging

17.In which of the following areas is sisal grown in Tanzania?

A.Zanzibar

B.Korogwe

C.Mwadui

D.Dar-es-Salaam

18.The headquarters of EAC is found in

- A.Djibouti
- B.Kampala
- C.Nairobi
- D.Arusha

19.The illegal hunting of wild animal's is called

- A.Poaching
- B.Tourism
- C.Conservation
- D.Killing

20.Oloibon Lenana was the leader of

- A.Nandi
- B.Turkana
- C.Maasai
- D.Akamba

21.The main desert found in Ethiopia is known as

- A.Chalbi
- B.Ogaden
- C.Kalahari
- D.Sahara

22.Which colonial power colonized Sudan?

- A.France
- B.Italy
- C.Britain
- D.Germans

23.The official language of modern Ethiopia is

A.English

B.Kiswahili

C.Arabic

D.Amharic

24.The minimum age required for a member of parliament is

A.18years

B.35years

C.21years

D.55years

25.Maize was introduced in Kenya by the Portuguese from the

A.Portugal

B.Britain

C.SouthMexico

D.France

26.Which of these countries has no railway line

A.Tanzania

B.Ethiopia

C.Kenya

D.Somalia

27.Who nominates members of parliament?

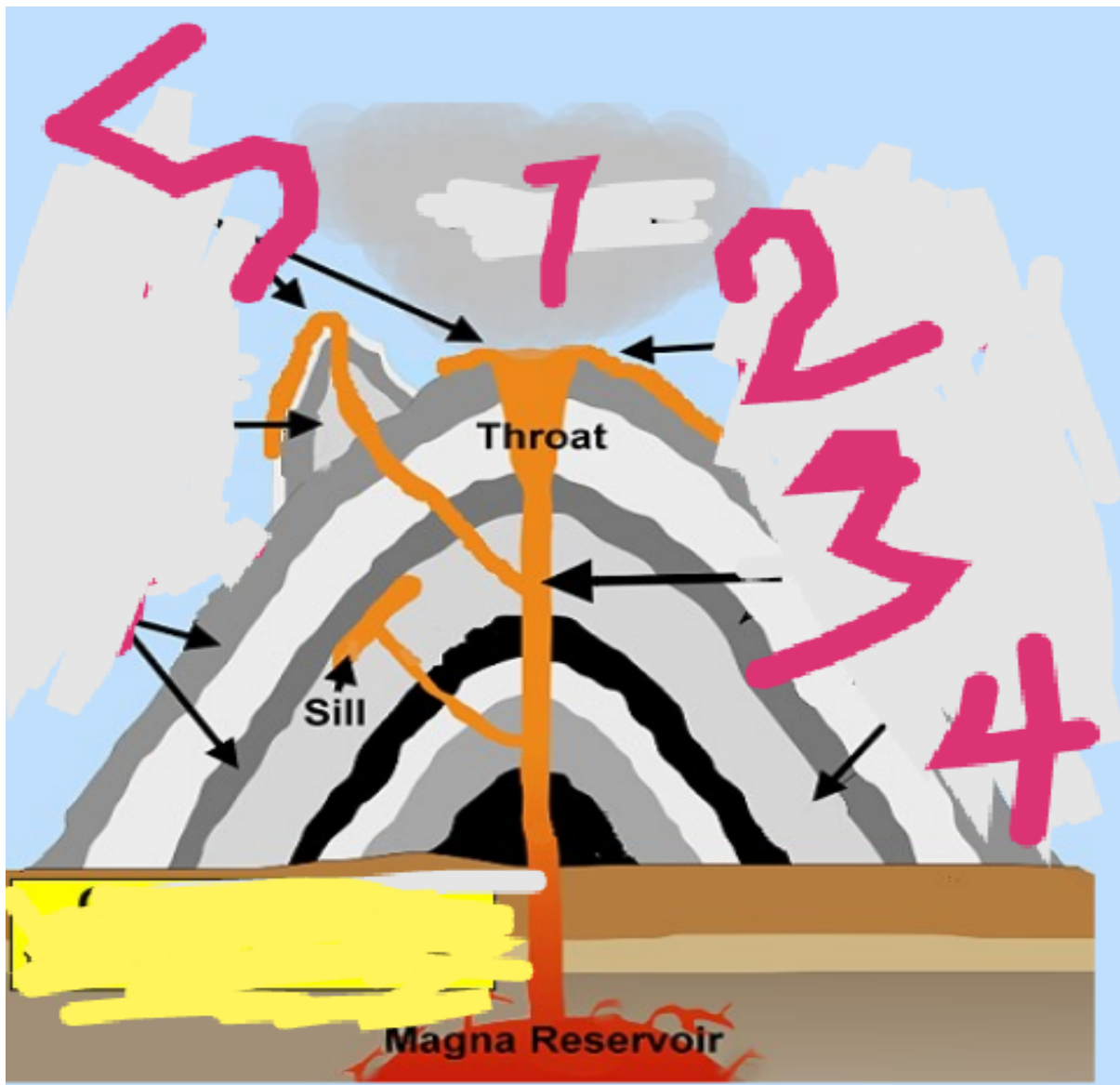
A.President

B.PoliticalParties

C.Citizens

D.Speaker

Use the diagram below to answer questions 28–30



28. The material found at the point marked 1 is called

A. Lava

B. Vent

C. Magma

D.Ash

29.The part marked 3 is known as

A.Crater

B.Dyke

C.Cone

D.Valley

30.Which of the following mountains was formed through the above process

A.Mauranges

B.Pare mountains

C.Nyandarua ranges

D.Mt.Marsabit

31.Which one of the following is not a major import to Eastern Africa

A.CrudeOil

B.Fertiliser

C.Machinery

D.Agricultural produce

32.The first missionary station in Kenya was established at

A.FrereTown

B.Rabai

C.Maseno

D.Taita

33.Which one of the following is not an effect of industries to the environment

A.Afforestation

B.Deforestation

C.Water pollution

D.Air pollution

34.Who among the following founded German east African trading company?

A.Carl peters

B.William MacKinnon

C.David Livingstone

D.Ludwig kraft

35.The other name for latitude lines is

A.Equator

B.Longitudes

C.Parallels

D.Meridians

36.Which one of the following is mostly shared by members of the same clan?

A.Children

B.Land

C.Houses

D.Food

37.Which one of the following types of family includes distant relatives?

A.Singles parent family

B.Extended family

C.Nuclear family

D.No-parent family

38.Which one of the following is not a drainage feature?

A.Streams

B.Lakes

C.Rivers

D.Highlands

39. One of the following belongs to highland nilotes, which one?

A. Samburu

B. Orma

C. Sukuma

D. Tugen

40. Which one of the following is not a basic need?

A. Housing

B. Food

C. Car

D. Clothing

41. Which weather instrument performs a double role

A. Rain gauge

B. Windsock

C. Windvane

D. Thermometer

42. The head of state in Kenya is the

A. Prime Minister B. President

C. King

D. Emperor

43. The largest swamp in Africa is known as

A. Lorian

B. Lotikipi

C. Okavango

D. Kyoga

44. Most industries in Uganda are found in

A. Kilembe

B.Jinja

C.Kasese

D.Tororo

45.Ministers in Kenya are currently referred to

A.principal secretaries

B.permanent secretaries

C.cabinet ministers

D.cabinet secretaries

46.Law and order in Kenya is maintained by the

A.Armed force's

B.Courts

C.Chiefs

D.Police

47.The main tourist attraction in eastern africa is

A.Wildlife

B.Beaches

C.Culture

D.Sceneries

48.The Maasai community call their God as

A.Enkai

B.Ngai

C.MweneNyaga

D.Mulungu

49.Which one of the following means of communication would reach many people at the same time?

A.Mobile phones

B.Letters

C.Email

D.Radio

50.The prime minister of the baganda was know

A.Kabaka

B.Omwanika

C.Katikiro

D.Ssaza

51.Peace in the society cannot be promoted by

A.Unity

B.Nepotism

C.Discipline

D.Respect

52.Solving conflicts in court is also know as

A.Reconciliation

B.Negotiation

C.Litigation

D.Dialogue

53.River-Lake Nilotes first settled at_____in Uganda

A.Shungwaya

B.Kisumu

C.Pubungu Pakwach

D.Bar-el-Ghazal

54.Bananas are grown under irrigation in the following areas except?

A.Mandera

B.Kisii

C.Somalia

D.Wajir

55.The natural vegetation suitable for salty water among the following Is the

A.Mangrove

B.Woodland

C.Bamboo

D.Grassland

56.which of the following countries is not a member of IGAD?

A.Djibouti

B.Kenya

C.Somalia

D.Tanzania

57.A Kenyan citizen who also belongs to another country is said to be a

A.Working citizen

B.Dual citizen

C.Registered citizen

D.Serious citizen

58.The most important human right to an individual is the right to_____

A.Education

B.Clothing

C.Life

D.Vote

59.The main tourist attraction in Lake Bogoria is

A.Dry valley

B.Crater lake

C.Hot springs

D.Flamingoes

60.In which year did Kenya become a British Colony?

A.1963

B.1985

C.1906

D.1920

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TEACHERS FORUM PLATFORM-KENYA SOCIAL STUDIES DEPARTMENT.