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Full Name _____ Grade - 12 Section _____ 4 th Quarter Final mode Exam

Subject – civics **Year: 2012 E.C** **Exam. Room: _____** ***Time allowed : 3hr***

General instruction:- write the letter which corresponds to the correct answer in the space provided to each question on the separate answer sheet .

1. Which one of the following merges private and public sectors?
   A. mixed economy B. Public sector system c. private enterprise D. Free market economy
2. Empowering women means
   A. limiting women role in the overall economic activities D. All of the above
   B. putting them in marginal conditions
   C. enhancing women participation in decision making process
3. In which of the following rebellion was the participation of women most encouraged?
   A. Gojjam uprising B. Bale uprising C. Second Woyane rebellion D. First woyane rebellion.
4. Which of the following was among the problems that influenced the Woyane movement.
   A. Adequate infrastructure. B. Efficient local administration
   C. Wide spread Maladministration D. Absence of social evils.
5. Which one of the following international institutions is a human right organization?
   A. International monetary institution. C. European Union
   B. Amnesty international D. International criminal court.
6. Which of the following is a characteristic feature of unwritten constitution?
   A. It is more stable than the written constitution.
   B. It is less flexible than the written constitution.
   C. It is conservative in character
   D. It can be a plaything for judicial tribunal
7. In which of the following year was the first written constitution of Ethiopia promulgated.
   A.1987 B.1931 C.1955 D .1995
8. Which One of the following is an international institution that follows and exposes high level corruption around the world?
   A. International Anti-Corruption institution C. Transparency International
   B. Amnesty International D. International Court Of Justice
9. The foreign policy of the FDRE is designed primarily to promote:
   A. Interest of the neighboring states C. Charter of the African Union
   B. Principles of the UN organization D. National interest of the country.
10. Who creates and gives power and authority to courts to hear and determine cases?
    A. Regional state Supreme Court. C. Ministry of justice
    B. The Law of the country D. Federal Supreme Court.

11. A remarkable level of dependency on one's power and judgment is known as.....

A. Self-confidence B. Self-awareness C. Self-reliance D. Decision making.

12. An agreement of treaty that is signed by more than two countries is called?
A. Regional treaty B. Bilateral treaty C. Multilateral treaty D. Unilateral treaty.

13. The principle of constitutional law which protects the life and property of a person is known as... A. Civil law B. Criminal law C. Due process of law D. Habeas corpus

14 . Which one of the following methods of conflict resolution is the most formal mechanism?
A. Litigation B. Negotiation C. Arbitration D. Mediation.

15. To whom does the FDRE constitution give the power to ratify international treaties?
A. The President of the federation C. The House of Federation
B. The Executive Branch of the government D. The House of Peoples Representatives

16. Civil disobedience is different from other types of protests because it.
A. Exclude all types of military action C. Aim to overthrow a government by force
B. Utilizes mainly illegal methods of protest D. Follows legally prescribed procedures

17. Which of the following explains the reciprocal relationship between rule of law and democratic system in the country?
A. Prevalence of economic instability C. Prevalence of good governance
B. Prevalence of social instability D. Prevalence of political instability

18.The resistance in Bale was different from the uprising in Gojjam in that:
A. It was led by people who came from the Somalia republic
B. It was easily defeated before gaining wide acceptance
C. It saw itself as a liberation movement of the people of the area
D. It was a protest against an exorbitant taxation system.

19. Who has the highest authority in the national states of the FDRE?
A. The state judiciary B. The state executive C. The state president D The state council.

20. Of the following statement which one is correct about authority?
A. Legitimate power emanates from authority
B. One cannot have power without authority
C. Authority presupposes absence of power
D. Legitimate authority emanates from power

21. Article 19(3) of the FDRE constitution provides that an accused person has aright to:
A. Ask to be judged by foreign judges C. Refuse to follow court procedures
B. Refuse to appear in the court D. Be presumed innocent until proven guilty

22. Which of the following is the cause for the existence of gender inequality in Ethiopia?
A. Unequal access to education for female citizens.
B. Affirmative action of the FDRE.
C. The positive attitude towards the female competency.
D. The growing awareness about sustainable development.

23. The federal state structure is chosen over the unitary one for Ethiopia because it:
A. Enable the country to be respected by others nations.
B. provides equal opportunities for people to develop
C. Enables various people to become rich
D. Guarantees equal economic development

24. Which of the following is different from the others?
A.IGAD B.ECOWAS C.UN D.SADC

25. Dual rule implies:
A. Theocracy B. Monarchy C. Oligarchy D. None

26. A parliamentary democracy is led by:

A. Council of ministers C. The House of federation
B. The president D. The prime minister

27. A presidential democracy is led by:
A. The prime minister C. The council of ministers
B. The president D. The House of federation

28. Many parents of disabled children used to hide their children rather than sending them to school primarily because they..
A. Think that their children could not do as well as able bodies children
B. Believed that the children would be gainfully employed at home.
C. Fear the societal stigma caused by ignorance about disability
D. Fear that the children would be exposed to various road accident.

29. All members of the United Nation organizations have agreed to accept all decision passed by the:
A. Security Council C. General Assembly
B. General Secretary D. All

30. Under the federal constitution of Ethiopia which branch of government has the right to decree a state of emergence?
A. The speaker of the house of federation C. The council of ministers
B. The president of the federal government D. The house of federation

31. What is coup d'état means?
A.A political methods by means of which leaders seize power by legal means
B. Communist takeover of political power
C. war of liberation
D. A mechanisms by which political leaders come to power by means of force.

32. Who elect the members of house of federation of FDRE?
A. The Councils of ministers of federation
B. The state councils of the regional state
C. The house people representatives
D. The members of the party that won the election

33.The primary purpose of the petition called Habeas Corpus is?
A. Getting a detainee released from lawful detention
B. Determining the guilty or innocence of a detained person
C. Gaining a fair trail for an accused person
D. Making an unjustly imprisoned person free

34.Which one of the following do not promote self-awareness
A. Listening capacity C. Reading to learn from mistakes
B. Planning and recording activities D. None

35. Self- governance in a democratic society implies:
A. The active involvement of citizens in their own affairs D. All
B. Administration of regional state by different political parties
C. The ruling of a country without a constitution

36. Which Of the following is a crime that is mainly committed for the purpose of gaining personal wealth?
A. Torture B. Homicide C. Treachery D. Corruption

37. Presidential democracy is believed to be better than parliamentary democracy in:
A. Accommodating internationally approved convention.
B. Implementing effective check and balance system.
C. Establishing a fast and fair justice system in citizens.
D. Respecting human and democratic rights of citizens.

38. In the context of developing countries like Ethiopia poverty means?
A. Lack of working man power.
B. Limited access to the products of science and technology.
C. Inability to meet basic needs.
D. Unfair income distribution among citizens.

39. The specific branch of ethics by which the professional action can be judged as right or wrong is known as:
A. Consequential ethics C. Utilitarian ethics
B. Applied ethics D. Professional ethics

40. An employee could choose workers from applicants without abusing the right of others based on the employees.
A. Intellectual ability. C. Social status
B. National origin D. Political Opinion

41. Which of the following group of people were considered inferior to athletes in the traditional Ethiopian society?
A. Priest B. Teachers C. Farmers D. Singers.

42. The most vocal opposition to the regime of Haile Selassie 2nd,particulary during its last stage come from:
A. General officers in the army.
B. Industrial workers and teachers
C. Students and the educated elite
D. dissatisfied ordinary peasants

43. How many seats shall be reserved for all minority nationalities and people in the House of people representatives as provided by the FDRE constitution?
A.20seats B.30seats C.40seats D.50seats

44. Identify a conflict resolution mechanism in which the third party makes decision.
A. Negotiation B. Arbitration C. Mediation D. Litigation

45. The Millennium Development Goals includes all of the following except?
A. Reducing infant mortality by ninety percent
B. Eradicating gender inequality in education
C. Providing primarily education for all children of the world
D. Making the poor rich.

46. The present flag in green, yellow and red probably became the national flag of Ethiopia during the time of:
A. Emperor Menlik II B. Emperor Yohannes IV C.Empress Zewdittu D.Lij Iyasu

47. Which one of the following is NOT among the component of knowledge?
A. Data B. Truth C. Myth D. Evidence

48. Which of the following is NOT true about direct democracy?
A. It is represented today in the form of referendum.
B. It works among communities of small size.
C. It was practiced by ancient Greeks.
D. It allows all participants to pass decisions in their own affairs.

49. What is the major advantage of federalism?
A. Promoting cultures and language D. Creating regional autonomy.
B. Unifying different people of a country.
C. Creating interregional economic cooperation

50. Identify the country that has combined both parliamentary and presidential systems of democracy together.

A. S.Korea B. S.Africa C. England D. France.

51. In order to be agood citizen that can contribute to the development of your country, you should be:

A. Aggressive B. Authoritative C. Knowledgeable D. Powerful

52. A socialist economy is regulated by the.....

A. Rules of the market C. Principles of supply and demand

B. Will of the state D. Will of the producers

53. Which one of the following organization promotes Globalization?

A. Amnesty international C. World Bank

B. United Nation D. International Criminal Court

54. Which one of the following does not fall within the right of property according to the federal constitution of Ethiopia? The right to:

A. Dispose property B. Share property C. Use property D. Acquire property

55. If the government cannot easily be removed from office by peaceful means, what kind of a government is this? It is

A. Limited government C. Unlimited government

B. parliamentary government D. Presidential government

56. A country is said to be true constitutional democracy if it has:

A. Leaders that observe rule of law C.A written constitution

B. Rules and regulations for conducting election D.A two house parliament

57. A person who is always punctual in everything is said to have.

A. patient B. over-commitment C. Honest D. Self-discipline

58. Civic organizations could be established for all of the following purpose except for:

A. Attaining power C. Solving the problems of the society

B. Protecting the interest of a certain group D. performing humanitarian activities

59. The Derg was able to take power in 1974 because:

A. It was able to get the support of the Soviet Union

B. There was no organized political party in the country

C. The people trusted the army more than the parties

D. It was made up of communist soldiers

60. Mass media could be used to check the accountability of government officials if it is:

A. Truthful and unbiased C. Supported by the ruling party

B. Run by the government D. Owned by private entrepreneurs

61. What are civil societies? They are:

A. Part of the governmental institutions support the government in its administration

B. Voluntary organizations, not part of the government but work to achieve common objective

C. Voluntary organization, whose power is limited but are part of the government to support it

D. Institutions which are not part of government working within the law for political ends

62. Choose the correct statement out of the following ones,

A. Saving is all about money

B. Saving is equal to income minus consumption

C. one's tradition has no bearing on his saving habits

D. Increasing in income and decrease in consumption will decrease saving

63. Citizens who flee their country in order to have better means of income are called.....

A. Social refugees B. Economic refugees C. Trespassers D. Social refugees

64. An autocratic government is characterized by:

A . Accountability of the leader C. Rule of the people

B. A limited government D. Rule of men

65. What happens when a law contradicts a constitution?

A. The constitution will be amended

B. The constitution will be cancelled

C. The law shall be null and void

D. Both the constitution and the law shall be null and void

66. Which of the following is correct about a written constitution?

A. Is inconvenient for quick reference

B. Can easily be amended

C. Enables citizens to monitor the behavior of their government easily

D. Can easily be distorted by political leaders

67. One of the major function of courts of any country is:

A. Making laws that benefit all citizens

B. Help keep domestic peace by solving controversies

C. Forcing people to accept government decisions

D. punishing people who oppose a government in power

68. How many members does the security council of the United Nations Organization have:

A.15 B.10 C.5 D.56

69. One benefits that a student can get from actively participating in school clubs is:

A.Experiencience that would be useful in the real world

B. Lessons on how to become a dominating person

C. The art of winning acceptable by superiors

D. Additional marks from teachers who appreciate his works

70. What does accountability of state mean?

A. Government responsibility of providing efficient service

B. popular power to audit the account of the state

C. Duty of the state to create modern accounting system

D. Popular power to hold government liable fo misdeeds

71. Market economy is said to be benefit consumers. This benefit is a result of:

A. Government control over the price of goods

B. The monopolization of the market by some capitalist

C. The ability of the producers to sell their goods to the consumers

D. The Competition between producers for the market

72. At international level it is compulsory for any government to:

A. Establish diplomatic missions in all countries

B. Create commercial relations within its neighbors

C. Become a member of the United Nation Organization

D. Respect the sovereignty of others countries

73. A rule of accepted standards of behavior is called...

A. Values B. Law C. Psychology D. Norm

74. Of the following statement which one is correct about authority?

A. One cannot have power without authority

B. Authority presupposes absence of power

C. Legitimate power emanates from authority

D. Legitimate authority emanates from power

75. The part of the world most affected by HIV/AIDS pandemic is:

A. Eastern Europe C. South America
B. Centeral Asia D .Sub Saharan Africa

76. Which one of the following is NOT a concurrent function and responsibility between the two levels of states in Ethiopia?
A. Land and resource management C. Foreign policy execution
B. protecting the federal constitution D. Levying taxes and collecting revenues

77. Which one of the following is taken into account by the federal government for the provision of social service?
A. Racial composition C. Territorial extent
B. Low level of development D. Geographical proximity to the center

78. One of the following is NOT among the national responsibilities of a democratic government.
A. Protecting citizens wellbeing and property C. Maintenance of law and order
B. provisions of services to citizens D Adopting a parliamentary system

79. Our natural environment would be protected effectively only if:
A. The government introduces proper environment protection law
B. Everybody strives for its protection actively and willingly
C. There is good will among European leaders to protect it
D. There are numerous environmental protection clubs in the country

80. When the House of peoples Representatives of the FDRE ratifies an international agreement signed by the executive, that agreement becomes.
A. Available for all to read and comment
B. An integral part of the law of the land
C. Ready for domestication and use in the land
D. Organized and written into the constitution

81. According to article 521 of the Ethiopian penal code, person who deliberately transmitted deadly disease to a healthy person could be:
A. Handed lenient imprisonment of not more than ayear
B. Asked to cover the medical expense of the victim
C. Reprimanded for being negligent
D. Accused of committing homicide

82. According to article 20/1of the FDRE constitution, court may hear a case in closed session. Which of the following is NOT sufficient ground for hearing a case in closed session?
A. When the case is considered to be harmful to public moral
B. When the case is believed to jeopardize national security
C. When the presiding judge is afraid of public scrutiny
D. Protecting the privacy of the parties concerned

83. During the initial year of the Dergue regime binding decision on the life, liberty and property of Ethiopian was mostly taken by:
A. Committees at various levels B. Workers party of Ethiopia
C. Chairman of the Dergue D. Various level of courts

84. The Ethiopian penal law, civil law and property law are primarily designed to:
A. Create awareness among the public about rule of law
B. Keep socialist peace and do away with anarchy
C. Establishing a law abiding and honest citizens
D. Making the people obey the desires of a government

85. In a democratic system protection for the right of minorities are guaranteed by:
A. Their own active political participation C. The party that forms the government

B. The laws and institutions of the country D. The goodwill of the majority group

86. Among the following, which one is a minimum standard to make a trail fair? The accused:

A. Has no right to be presumed innocent before proven guilty

B.Is encouraged admitting that he/she is guilty before proved

C. Has the right to use his/her language

87. The habit of spending more money than one can afford is referred to as:

A. Charity B. Extravagance C. Planning D. Generosity

88. Identify the statement that is true of the Ethiopian constitution?

A. It transcends all the other laws that are culture specific

B. It is absolute and untouchable

C. It may be invalidated across cultures

D. It is relative to norms and values

89. The national emblem on the Ethiopian flag reflects the hope of the people of the country to:

A. Live together in equality and unity

B. Live in peace and friendship with their neighbors

C. Advance in science and technology

D. Build a wealthy country

90 .The Legislative branch of the FDRE is accountable to:

A. Peoples of the country C. President of the federation

B. Prime minister D. A and B

91. The term civil servant refers to:

A. All employees of a government in the non-military sector

B. All employees outside those employed by the private sector

C. People of a country that earn their living by being employed

D. All the peoples of the country outside children and pensioners

92. Public officials are expected to have high standard of conduct because all of them are expected to:

A. be morally and intellectually more superior to the people

B. provide service to all citizens in an equal and just manner

C. gain the respect and admiration of the people they lead

D. make no mistake whatsoever in performing their duties

93. Which of the following is a common cause of the peasant rebellion that took place during the regime of Haile Selassie?

A. Inefficient administration C. Absence of social service

B. Unfair taxation system D. Forced incorporation

94. Which of the following is the consequence of the absence of organized political leadership for a popular struggle?

A. Political stability and social harmony

B. Social and economic development

C. Political instability and social disorder

D. Prevalence of peace and security

95. Any act is considered a crime only if it :

A. is considered to be illegal by the leaders of government

B. causes great humanitarian suffering

C. is declared as prohibited by an international law

D. is committed by a person who has knowledge of the law

96. A country is accepted as new member of the United Nations Organization only if,

A. The Security council members fully accepted the application

B. The General Assembly accepts its application by two-third majority

C. The country has won its independence with the help of United Nation

D. The country is recognized as an independent state by some members

97. Which of the following distinguished political organizations from civic societies?

A. Monitoring and influencing public policy

B. Organizing election campaigns

C. Organizing people to discuss on community problems

D. Working to promote the common good

98. Which of the following practices contribute to environmental degradation?

A. Planting trees

B. protection of natural resources

C. Proper utilization of natural resource

D. Irresponsible use of natural resources

99. Which of the following belongs to the roles played by civic societies in the current political system of Ethiopia?

A. Forming public agenda

B. Enacting public policy

C. Changing public policy

D. Formulating public policy

100. An effective leader gets others to perform a job willingly if, above all other traits, he/she has

A. Inventiveness B. Aggressiveness C. Decisiveness Persuasiveness